Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011 (With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

Address: No. 120, Sec. 1, Chongqing South Road, Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C.

LETTER OF DECLARATION

The entities that are required to be included in the combined financial statements of Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, under the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No.7, "Consolidated Financial Statements". In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements is included in the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of combined financial statements.

Truthfully yours,
TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD.
Ву
Teng-Cheng Liu Chairman

March 28, 2013

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors
Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related consolidated statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the financial statements of some investee companies. The Company's investment in those investee companies on December 31, 2012 and 2011, was \$33,305,362 thousand and \$31,481,606 thousand, respectively, constituting 0.75% and 0.74%, respectively, of total consolidated assets, and its equity in earnings of those investee companies was \$1,995,417 thousand and \$2,508,749 thousand, respectively, constituting 25.20% and 54.05%, respectively, of the consolidated income before income tax, for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011. The consolidated financial statements of those investee companies were audited by other auditors, whose reports were furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for those investee companies, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. The details are as described in note (12).

We conducted our audits in accordance with the "Regulations Governing Auditing and Certification of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants" and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Those regulations and standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits and the reports of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of the other auditors, the consolidated financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, in conformity with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies", the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", and accounting principles generally accepted in the Republic of China.

As described in note (3), effective January 1, 2011. Taiwan Financial Holdings and its subsidiaries adopted the third amendment of the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 34 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" revised by the Financial Accounting Standards Committees. In accordance with the SFAS No.34, the recognition, subsequent valuation and impairment losses of loans and receivables shall comply with the new amendment. The amendment also applies to the terms and conditions of restructured and negotiable debts. Please see note (5), (8), (9) and (13) for further descriptions.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company shall be audited by the Ministry of Audit in accordance with the related regulations of the Law of Audit. The 2011 and 2010 consolidated financial statements of the Company were audited by the Ministry of Audit, the results are as described in note 42 (11); the revised items were adjusted in the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

March 28, 2013

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of, the English and Chinese language auditors' report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

December 31, 2012 and 2011 (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011	Percentage change		December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011	Percentage change
Assets				Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity			
Cash and cash equivalents (notes 4 and 37)	\$ 120,604,340	97,988,304	23	Deposits of Central Bank and other banks (notes 18 and 37)	\$ 213,374,465	208,926,475	2
Placement with Central Bank and call loans to banks (notes 5, 9, 37	549,627,869	488,555,403	13	Commercial paper payable, net (note 19)	519,880	499,537	4
and 38)				Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss			
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, net				(notes 20, 35 and 37)	4,508,508	4,274,874	5
(notes 6, 35 and 37)	147,512,761	111,746,984	32	Bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements (note 7)	13,341,805	15,638,050	(15)
Bills and bonds purchased under resell agreements (note 7)	23,106,942	12,402,851	86	Payables (note 21)	69,404,869	69,231,005	-
Receivables, net (notes 8, 9 and 28)	98,341,071	91,084,216	8	Deposits and remittances (notes 22 and 37)	3,277,797,765	3,202,888,078	2
Discounts and loans, net (notes 9, 35 and 37)	2,182,122,142	2,158,327,794	1	Other financial liabilities (notes 25 and 35)	13,185,447	11,246,261	17
Available-for-sale financial assets, net (notes 10, 32, 35 and 38)	777,192,341	802,058,331	(3)	Reserves for operation and liabilities (note 24)	534,299,189	467,108,298	14
Held-to-maturity financial assets, net (notes 11, 32, 35 and 38)	244,048,117	227,724,845	7	Other liabilities (notes 15, 26 and 27)	34,999,248	31,707,537	10
Investments under equity method, net (note 12)	40,936,053	37,544,129	9	Total liabilities	4,161,431,176	4,011,520,115	4
Other financial assets, net (notes 8, 9, 13, 32 and 35)	114,965,947	110,755,243	4	Stockholders' equity (notes 15, 28 and 29):			
Real estate investments, net (notes 14 and 15)	4,773,134	4,057,036	18	Common stock	90,000,000	90,000,000	-
Fixed assets, net (notes 15, 26 and 32)	98,436,106	99,049,681	(1)	Additional paid-in capital	111,632,634	112,095,429	-
Intangible assets (note 16)	1,177,207	830,361	42	Retained earnings:			
Other assets (notes 17, 32 and 38)	16,919,776	19,082,920	(11)	Legal reserve	2,758,570	2,352,676	17
				Special reserve	5,924,552	5,227,896	13
				Unappropriated retained earnings	8,449,361	6,658,934	27
					17,132,483	14,239,506	20
				Equity adjustments:			
				Unrealized gains on revaluation increments	28,112,517	27,175,554	3
				Cumulative translation adjustments	(810,653)	(370,052)	(119)
				Unrealized gains on financial instruments	13,523,945	7,418,299	82
				Net losses not recognized as pension cost	(1,258,296)	(870,753)	(45)
					39,567,513	33,353,048	19
				Total stockholders' equity	258,332,630	249,687,983	3
				Commitments and contingencies (note 39)			
Total Assets	\$ <u>4,419,763,806</u>	4,261,208,098	4	Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ <u>4,419,763,806</u>	4,261,208,098	4

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Income

For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except for earnings per share)

	2012	2011	Percentage change
Interest income	\$ 66,827,124	62,088,506	8
Less: interest expenses	33,186,012	30,701,427	8
Net interest income	33,641,112	31,387,079	7
Non-interest income, net			
Net income on service charges and commissions	3,172,020	3,730,333	(15)
Net insurance business income (note 31)	33,433,548	31,325,073	7
Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (note 6)	14,029,859	(7,452,108)	288
Realized gains on available-for-sale financial assets (note 10)	2,933,880	2,651,465	11
Realized gains on held-to-maturity financial assets	60,083	64,704	(7)
Gains on equity investments recognized under the equity method (note 12)	2,304,262	2,646,724	(13)
Gains on real estate investments	87,898	43,229	103
Foreign exchange (losses) gains	(1,799,868)	4,823,608	(137)
Asset impairment (losses) gains on reversal of impairment (note 32)	(72,267)	37,027	(295)
Other net non-interest (losses) income:			
Self-managed and commissioned sales (note 17)	147,698,592	151,965,102	(3)
Government grant income (note 42)	18,525,118	18,619,038	(1)
Gains on disposal of properties, plant, and equipment (note 15)	812,794	421,670	93
Other miscellaneous income	1,025,516	1,500,024	(32)
Self-managed and commissioned cost of sales (note 17)	(146,867,152)	(151,065,996)	3
Excess interest expenses (notes 8)	(10,288,089)	(10,103,378)	(2)
Other miscellaneous expenses	(817,028)	(869,236)	6
Net revenue	97,880,278	79,724,358	23
Bad debt expenses (note 9)	3,107,905	5,054,016	(39)
Provisions for insurance policy reserves (note 33)	67,635,554	50,751,321	33
Operating expenses:			
Personnel expenses (note 27)	12,705,105	12,785,984	(1)
Depreciation and amortization expenses	1,369,927	1,483,982	(8)
Other business and administrative expenses	5,144,798	5,007,154	3
Total operating expenses	19,219,830	19,277,120	-
Income before income taxes	7,916,989	4,641,901	71
Income tax expense (note 28)	620,628	582,967	6
Consolidated total income	\$ <u>7,296,361</u>	4,058,934	80
Attributable to:			
Parent company shareholders Minority interest	\$ 7,296,361	4,058,934	80
Williothy interest	\$	4,058,934	80
	Before Af income tax incom		After ax income tax
Basic earnings per share (note 30)	\$ <u> </u>	0.81 0.5	52 0.45

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Retained earnings

Equity adjustments

	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Cumulative translation adjustments	Net losses not recognized as pension cost	Unrealized gains on financial instruments	Unrealized gains on revaluation increments	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2011	\$ 90,000,000	111,516,202	1,610,266	4,653,557	9,729,678	(465,473)	(2,183)	28,019,454	15,116,171	260,177,672
Consolidated total income for the year ended December 31,										
2011	-	-	-	-	4,058,934	-	-	-	-	4,058,934
Appropriation of retained earnings:										
Legal reserve	-	-	742,410	-	(742,410)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	2,969,640	(2,969,640)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	(6,017,628)	-	-	-	-	(6,017,628)
Special reserve reversal	-	-	-	(2,600,000)	2,600,000	-	-	-	-	-
Additional paid-in capital from investee company	-	579,227	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	579,227
Change in unrealized gains on revaluation increments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,059,383	12,059,383
Change in unrealized gains of available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(20,601,155)	-	(20,601,155)
Change in cumulative translation adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	95,421	-	-	-	95,421
Special reserve recognized under equity method	-	-	-	66,638	-	-	-	-	-	66,638
Reserves for default losses transferred to special reserve	-	-	-	138,061	-	-	-	-	-	138,061
Net losses not recognized as pension cost							(868,570)			(868,570)
Balance as of December 31, 2011	90,000,000	112,095,429	2,352,676	5,227,896	6,658,934	(370,052)	(870,753)	7,418,299	27,175,554	249,687,983
Consolidated total income for the year ended December 31,										
2012	-	-	-	-	7,296,361	-	-	-	-	7,296,361
Appropriation of retained earnings:										
Legal reserve	-	-	405,894	-	(405,894)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	1,849,656	(1,849,656)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	(4,403,384)	-	-	-	-	(4,403,384)
Special reserve reversal	-	-	-	(1,153,000)	1,153,000	-	-	-	-	-
Additional paid-in capital from investee company	-	(462,795)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(462,795)
Change in unrealized gains on revaluation increments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	936,963	936,963
Change in unrealized gain of available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,105,646	-	6,105,646
Change in cumulative translation adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	(440,601)	-	-	-	(440,601)
Net losses not recognized as pension cost							(387,543)		_	(387,543)
Balance as of December 31, 2012	\$ <u>90,000,000</u>	111,632,634	2,758,570	5,924,552	8,449,361	(810,653)	(1,258,296)	13,523,945	28,112,517	<u>258,332,630</u>

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2012	2011
ash flows from operating activities:		
Consolidated total income	\$ 7,296,361	4,058,934
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	1,374,415	1,488,140
Provisions for bad debt expense	3,074,321	4,744,057
Provisions for reserves	67,191,509	51,325,438
Loses (gains) on disposal of financial assets	13,699,341	(1,716,873
Amortization of financial assets premium (discount)	1,453,843	(3,643,078
Loss on bad debt received	3,217,589	4,102,760
Investments income recognized under equity method	(2,304,262)	(2,646,724
Cash dividend received from investee under equity method	1,029,823	759,148
Gains on disposal of fixed assets	(792,819)	(930,738
(Gains) losses on write-off of printed matter, (recovery) reduction of inventory to market, and fixed asset reclassification	(224,302)	250,465
Unrealized valuation (gains) losses on financial assets and liabilities	(2,793,676)	271,339
Impairment losses on financial assets	12,289	137
Gains on reversal of impairment on financial assets	-	(1,156
Impairment losses on non-financial assets	4,971	4,036
Gains on reversal of impairment on non-financial assets	-	(40,044
Net Change of operating assets and liabilities		
Net change of operating assets		
Increase in receivables	(8,179,879)	(1,137,106
Increase in bills and bonds purchased under resell agreements	(1,909,889)	(2,737,659
(Increase) decrease in deferred income tax assets	(167,639)	236,711
Increase in trading financial assets	(12,630,259)	(11,357,305
Increase in other financial assets	(7,823,492)	(2,950,758
Decrease (increase) in other assets	3,201,193	(5,397,276
Net change of operating liabilities		
Increase (decrease) in payables	511,717	(983,180
Increase in accrued pension liabilities	177,572	444,690
Decrease in trading financial liabilities	(307,909)	(548,280
(Decrease) increase in bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements	(2,296,244)	5,836,839
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	 966,645	(663,763
Net cash provided by operating activities	 63,781,219	38,768,754

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2012	2011
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Acquisition of financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	\$ (7,312,974)	(11,528,078)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	9,122,152	4,056,872
Acquisition of available-for-sale financial assets	(4,094,219,290)	(3,909,983,459)
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	40,249,276	116,433,425
Proceeds received on the maturity of available-for-sale financial assets	4,069,208,516	3,794,300,535
Proceeds received on the maturity of financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	3,584,884	2,320,951
Proceeds received on the maturity of bond investment in non-active market at cost	1,548,161	1,182,195
Acquisition of held-to-maturity financial assets	(188,431,923)	(190,365,893)
Proceeds from disposal of held-to-maturity financial assets	31,452,861	5,305,000
Proceeds from received on the maturity of held-to-maturity financial assets	124,623,430	150,350,882
Proceeds from equity reduction of available-for-sale financial assets	-	3,069
Cash dividend received from available-for-sale financial assets	51,601	330,242
Proceeds from disposal of hedging derivatives instrument	1,169	259
(Increase) decrease in placement with Central Bank and call loans to banks	(11,901,027)	29,738,637
Acquisition of fixed assets	(635,365)	(722,392)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets and non-operating assets	697,829	498,651
Acquisition of bond investment in non-active market	(25,663,316)	(31,400,496)
Proceeds from disposal of bond investment in non-active market at cost	14,147,006	16,176,850
Acquisition of intangible assets	(697,668)	(292,260)
Increase in discounts and loans	(21,953,107)	(84,622,983)
Increase in purchase of real estate investment	(758,449)	(740,349)
Decrease (increase) in other financial assets	320,427	(15,262)
(Increase) decrease in other assets	(8,577,620)	898,05 <u>6</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	(65,143,427)	(108,075,548)
Cash flows from financing activities:	(00,110,127)	(100,075,510)
Decrease in other loans	_	(82,017)
Increase in commercial paper payables	20,343	19,756
Increase in other financial liabilities	2,851,737	4,553,096
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	1,705,697	(171,238)
Cash dividend paid	(4,587,871)	(4,493,370)
Increase in deposits of Central Bank and other banks	4,447,991	1,313,537
Increase in deposits and remittances	74,918,971	35,721,771
Net cash provided by financing activities	79,356,868	36,861,535
Exchange effect	5,947,074	(3,138,460)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	83,941,734	(35,583,719)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	867,511,740	903,095,459
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 951,453,474	867,511,740
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:	ψ <u> </u>	007,511,740
Interest paid	\$43,176,859	39,840,996
Income tax paid	\$ 1,155,300	556,079
Financial and investing activities not affecting cash:	<u> </u>	330,077
Unrealized gains (losses) on financial instruments	\$ 6,105,646	(20,601,155)
Unrealized increments on revaluation	\$\frac{0,103,040}{936,963} =	12,059,383
Cumulative foreign currency translation adjustments	\$ <u>930,503</u> = (440,601)	95,421
Special reserve	<u> </u>	204,699
Change in additional paid-in capital	\$ <u> </u>	579,227
Net losses not recognized as pension costs	\$\frac{(402,795)}{(387,543)} =	(868,570)
rect tosses not recognized as pension costs	φ <u>(307,343</u>) _	(000,370)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011 (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, unless otherwise specified)

(1) Organization and Business

1) Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

On January 1, 2008, Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd. (the Company) was incorporated in accordance with the Act of Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and has three investee companies: "Bank of Taiwan" (BOT), "BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd." (BTLI) and "BankTaiwan Securities Co., Ltd." (BTS). Taiwan Financial Holdings became a public company on November 17, 2009.

The Company engages mainly in investing and managing investee companies. The investing business follows the Financial Holding Company Act.

As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, there were 8,795 and 8,673 employees in the Company and its subsidiaries, respectively.

2) The consolidated subsidiaries' businesses

Bank of Taiwan (BOT) was established on May 20, 1946. BOT became a legal entity in 1985 in accordance with the Banking Act of the Republic of China, and transformed into a corporate entity starting from July 1, 2003. BOT became a public company on September 16, 2004.

BOT merged with the Central Trust of China effective on July 1, 2007. The Central Trust of China was the dissolved company, and BOT was the surviving company. BOT is engaged in the following business:

- 1. all commercial banking operations allowed under the Banking Law;
- 2. international banking operations;
- 3. all kinds of savings and trust business;
- 4. overseas branch operations authorized by the respective foreign governments; and
- 5. other operations authorized by the central government authorities.

BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (BTLI) was the life insurance department of BOT and separated from BOT on January 2, 2008, with net assets \$5 billion yielded by BOT as its owner's equity. Its main businesses are life insurance and related businesses.

BankTaiwan Securities, Co., Ltd. (BTS) was the securities department of BOT and separated from BOT on January 2, 2008, with net assets \$3 billion yielded by BOT as its owner's equity. BTS's main businesses include the following: 1. Securities trading brokerage. 2. Providing margin purchases and short sales for securities transactions. 3. Securities dealing. 4. Operating as futures introducing brokers.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries have been prepared in the local currency and in Chinese. The financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of, the English and Chinese language financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

1) Basis of preparation

The Company and its subsidiaries' consolidated financial statements were prepared in conformity with relevant government customs. The Company prepared the accompanying financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and accounting principles generally accepted in the Republic of China (ROC) when customs are inapplicable.

The Company and its subsidiaries are government-owned enterprises, and their accounting practices mainly follow the Budget Law, Account Settlement Law and Uniform Regulations on Accounting Systems for Banks Governed by the MOF. The annual financial statements are audited by the Ministry of Audit (the MOA) to ensure that the Company and its subsidiaries comply with the budget approved by the Legislative Yuan. The financial statements become final only after such an audit by the MOA. Adjustments are amended in the preparation of consolidated financial statement in accordance to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and accounting principles generally accepted in the Republic of China.

The financial statements of 2011 and 2010 were approved by the MOA, and the beginning balance in 2012 and 2011 were the same as the approved closing balances in 2011 and 2010, respectively.

The differences between the financial statements certified by the MOA and that audited by the independent auditors are described in note (42) 11.

2) Principles of consolidation

The consolidation of financial statements is made in accordance with the requirements of the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies" and ROC Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (ROC SFAS) No. 7 "Consolidated Financial Statements". All material inter-company transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

The following entities have been included in the consolidated financial statements:

			Shareholding	g percentage
Name of the investor	Name of the subsidiary	Business	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
The Company	BOT	Banking	100.00 %	100.00 %
The Company	BTLI	Life Insurance	100.00 %	100.00 %
The Company	BTS	Securities	100.00 %	100.00 %

(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

3) Foreign currency transactions

The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries are presented in New Taiwan Dollar. Non-derivative transactions in foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate on the date of transaction. At each balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the Consolidated Income statement for the period. If the non-monetary assets or liabilities are measured at fair value through profit or loss, the resulting unrealized exchange gains (loss) from such translation is reflected in the accompanying statement of income. If the non-monetary assets or liabilities are measured at fair value through shareholder's equity, the resulting unrealized exchange gains (loss) from such translation are recorded as a separate component of shareholder's equity.

The financial statements of overseas operating entities reported in functional currencies are translated into New Taiwan Dollars at the exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date, with the exception of stockholders' equity, which is translated at historical rates. Translation differences resulting from the translation of these financial statements into New Taiwan Dollars are recorded as cumulative translation adjustment, a separate component of shareholders' equity.

4) Use of estimates

The preparation of the accompanying financial statements requires management of the Company and its subsidiaries to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

5) Accounting basis cash-flow

Cash and cash equivalents are the basis for the preparation of cash flow. Cash comprise of cash on hand, demand deposit, check deposit, timed deposit and NCD that are fully redeemable upon cancellation. Cash equivalents comprise of short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash, and that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Investment normally meets the definition of a cash equivalent when it has a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition, such as short term bills.

6) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents refer to cash on hand, notes and checks for clearing, petty cash, bank deposits and placement with other banks.

7) Financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

- 1. An instrument is classified as at fair value through profit or loss if it is held for trading or is designated as such upon initial recognition.
 - (a) Financial assets and liabilities held for trading purposes are classified as held for trading if it is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term. Derivatives held by the Company and its subsidiaries, other than designated hedging securities, are classified in this category.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- (b) An embedded derivative shall be separated from the master contract, but if the entity is unable to determine reliably the fair value of an embedded derivative separately either at acquisition or at the subsequent balance sheet date, it shall designate the entire hybrid contract as at fair value through profit or loss, either to eliminate or significantly reduce accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise from financial assets.
- (c) Financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, and changes therein are recognized in profit or loss. Financial assets purchased or sold regularly is recognized using either trade date accounting (except for bonds and funds recognized using settlement date accounting).
- 2. Derivative financial instruments refer to transactions such as forward contracts, interest swaps, cross currency swaps, asset swaps and options that are engaged in by the Company and its subsidiaries in foreign exchange, interest rate and capital markets. In addition to their application in hedge accounting, derivative financial instruments are for trading purposes. Derivative financial instruments for trading purposes are involved in creating markets, serving customers and other related arbitrage activities.

Derivative financial instruments for trading purposes are assessed by the fair value method. Any relevant net present value created shall be recognized as current gains or losses. Fair value refers to the formal transaction price fully recognized and agreed by both parties. The fair value generally is the trading price in an active market. If there is no trading price available, the fair value should be estimated by a valuation method or model.

The right of set-off of derivative financial instruments measured by the fair value method is enforceable by law. In net settlement, financial assets are offset with liabilities and disclosed in net amount.

8) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are recorded at fair value, and the change in market value is adjusted against shareholders' equity. Financial assets or liabilities purchased or sold regularly is recognized using either trade date accounting (except for bonds and funds recognized using settlement date accounting). Impairment loss is recognized when there is objective evidence of impairment thereof. If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decrease, then for equity securities, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed to the extent of the decrease and recorded as an adjustment to equity; for debt securities, the amount of the decrease is recognized in profit or loss, provided that the decrease is clearly attributable to an event which occurred after the impairment loss was recognized.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

9) Held-to-maturity financial assets

Held-to-maturity financial assets are debt instruments held by the Company and its subsidiaries with positive intention and ability to hold to maturity, recorded at amortized cost. Held-to-maturity financial assets are measured at fair value upon initial recognition plus transaction costs, and recognized through profit or loss at derecognition, impairment or amortization. Financial assets or liabilities purchased or sold regularly is recognized using either trade date accounting. Impairment loss is recognized when there is objective evidence of impairment. If the impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit and loss. The carrying value after the reversal should not exceed the amortized balance of the assets assuming no impairment loss was recognized

10) Hedge accounting

Financial instruments held by the Company and its subsidiaries which meet all the criteria for applying hedge accounting are treated with fair value hedge accounting. Gains or losses on a hedging instrument resulting from fair-value revaluation or exchange rate variation are recognized through profit or loss in the current year immediately. Gains or losses on a hedged item arising from the exposures to targeted risks is reflected in the face value of that hedged item and recognized through profit or loss in the current year immediately.

11) Financial assets carried at cost

Financial assets measured at costs are unquoted equity instrument whose fair value cannot be reliably measured. Impairment loss is recognized if there is objective evidence of impairment thereof, and this recognized amount is non-reversible.

12) Bond investment in non-active market

Bond investments in non-active market are recorded at amortized cost. The asset is measured at fair value upon initial recognition plus any transaction costs incurred for acquiring such asset. When buying or selling financial assets in a regular way, apply the trade date accounting.

Impairment loss is recognized when there is objective evidence of impairment thereof. If the impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit and loss. The carrying value after the reversal should not exceed amortized balance of the assets assuming no impairment loss was recognized.

13) Notes receivables, account receivables and other receivables

Notes receivable and account receivables result from services provided and goods sold other receivables resulted from non-operating activities.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

14) Loans

Loans are recorded by the amount of outstanding principal, with unearned income excluded. Interest income is recognized revenue on an accrual basis.

Recording of interest receivable of loans would be suspended if either of the following conditions is met:

- 1. Collection of payment of principal or interest accrued is considered highly unlikely; or,
- 2. Payment of principal or interest accrued is over 6 months past due.

Interest revenue is recognized upon receipt of interest for the period when recording of accrued interest is suspended.

The Company first assesses whether any objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, and individually or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is or continues to be recognized are not included in a collective assessment impairment. Impairment loss is recognized and measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset shall be reduced using an allowance account. The amount of the loss shall be recognized in profit or loss. When determining impairment loss, the estimated future cash flows should include collaterals and the recoverable amount from associated insurance contracts.

If in subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss shall be reversed by adjusting the allowance account. The reversal shall not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized at the date when impairment is reversed. The amount of the reversal shall be recognized in profit or loss.

The asset valuation of subsidiary, BOT, complies with the "Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/Non-accrual Loans" for certain loans with uncollectible risks. The subsidiary, BOT, shall allocate sufficient loan loss provision. Uncollectible loans are written off upon approval of Board of Directors and notify the internal audit committee. The recovery of written-off loans is accounted for under the reversal of the allowance of doubtful accounts .

Effective July 1st, 1999, the subsidiary, BOT, adopted the interpretation letter of Tai Chai Rong No. 88733168 issued on June 30, 1999 by reserving 3% of sales as loan loss provision to accelerate the recovery of over-dued loans. Additionally, the subsidiary, BOT, also adopted interpretation letter No. 09200114870 issued on June 25, 2003 by extending the content from the previous interpretation letter, 3% reserve from the sales shall be terminated when over-dued loan falls below 1%. Adopting the aforementioned rules, loan loss provision shall be accounted for under "bad debt expense" and "provision for bad debt".

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Subsidiary BTLI conforms to "Regulations Governing the Procedures for Insurance institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/Non-accrual Loans" for loan provisions, taking into the characteristics and nature of the loans and its collectability into consideration. From January 1st, 2011, 0.5% of loan loss provision will be recognized from normal loans from the first category less life insurance loan and prepaid insurance fee.

The allowance of doubtful accounts is decided by the higher result of note (9) or the method described above.

Subsidiary BTLI adopted the interpretation letter of Tai Chia Bao No. 0920750506 on April 30, 2003 and No. 0920751057 on July 22, 2003, the insurance subsidiary will decrease the allowance for doubtful accounts, which resulted from three percent of sales tax which are not yet written off. While the NPL ratio is less than one percent for three months, the decreased allowance for doubtful accounts will be recognized as special reserve, and the next month is allowed not to prepare the allowance for doubtful accounts and special reserves.

15) Pecuniary and securities financing and refinancing

Pecuniary finance represents loans to investors for the purchase of securities and is recorded as receivables from pecuniary finance. Such loans are secured by the securities purchased by the investors. These securities are not reflected in the financial statements of the subsidiary BTS. The investors may redeem the collateral securities upon repayment of the loans.

Securities finance represents securities lent to investors and is affected by lending to securities investors securities in custody that are received from pecuniary finance or borrowed from securities finance companies when necessary. Such securities finance is not reflected in the financial statements of the subsidiary BTS. The investors' deposits for borrowing securities are held by the subsidiary BTS as collateral and recorded under securities finance margin deposits received. In addition, investors are required to deposit the proceeds from sales of borrowed securities. Such deposits are accounted for as payables for securities financing.

Pecuniary refinancing represents loans from securities finance companies when the subsidiary BTS lacks sufficient funds to perform pecuniary financing. These loans are recorded as refinance borrowings.

Securities refinancing represents securities borrowed from securities finance companies when the subsidiary BTS does not have sufficient securities to perform securities financing. For securities refinancing, the subsidiary BTS pays margin deposits to securities finance companies. These margin deposits are recorded as refinance margin deposits. The subsidiary BTS also provides securities investors' proceeds from selling borrowed securities to securities finance companies as collateral and records them under receivables from securities refinance.

The allowance of doubtful accounts is decided by the higher result of note (9) or the method described above.

16) Repo and reverse repo transactions involving bill and bond investment or debt

Repo and reverse repo bond transactions are the sale or purchase of a bond coupled with an agreement to repurchase or resell the same or substantially identical bond at a stated price. Such transactions are treated as collateral for financing transactions and not as the sale or purchase of trading securities. The related interest revenue or expenses are recorded on an accrual basis.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

17) Non-financial asset impairment

The Company and its subsidiaries adopted SFAS No.35 "Accounting for Asset Impairment". In accordance with standard, the Company and its subsidiaries identified indications that asset is impaired on balance sheet date (besides cash-generating units and goodwill), and should estimate the recoverable amount for the asset, which if it's lower than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset should be reduced to is recoverable amount, and the reduction should be recognized as impairment loss. The accumulated impairment loss of an asset (other than goodwill) recognized in prior years should be reversed if, subsequently, there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount so as to increase the recoverable amount, Then, the asset's carrying amount should be increased to its recoverable amount but should not exceed the carrying amount of an asset that would have been determined net of depreciation or amortization had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

18) Investment under equity method

Long-term investments in which the Company and its subsidiaries have more than 20% of the investee's voting shares or are able to exercise significant influence over the investee's operating and financial policies are accounted for by the equity method. The difference between net equity value of long-term investments based on percentage of voting rights and investment cost is as follows:

- 1. The original difference between investment cost and underlying equity in net assets, if it had originally be analyzed the causes of the difference, should continue the same way as the previous analysis has indicated. However, the goodwill in the difference should not be amortized anymore, and the goodwill that had been amortized shall not be reversed.
- 2. If the total difference had be chosen to be amortized over certain period, then the unamortized difference of investment cost over underlying equity in net assets shall follow the same treatment as goodwill (where difference should not be amortized anymore, and the amortized amount shall not be reversed).
- 3. The deferred credit in the difference shall continue to be amortized over the remaining amortization period.

Goodwill shall be evaluated on an annual basis or when there is any indication that good will may be impaired, the recoverable amount less than book value is recognized as impairment loss.

Gains or losses on disposal of long-term equity investment are calculated based on the difference between selling price and book value. The capital surplus arising from long-term equity investment is adjusted to profit and loss based on the percentage sold.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

19) Real estate investments

Real estate investments are recorded at cost and necessary expenditure at acquisition, the value on balance sheet date is determined by the lower value between the book value and fair value. If a decline in the investment's value is validated along with minor probability of recovering, the investment is written down to reflect such a decline, and the resulting loss is recognized as current gains or losses when such decline occurs. The major renewals and improvements, which result in the prolonged service life or the increased value of real estate, are capitalized. Repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The cost of an investment in real estate, its corresponding revaluation surplus, and accumulated depreciation are written off upon retirement or disposal. The gains or losses resulting from disposal of an investment in real estate are recognized as an operating gains or losses respectively.

20) Fixed assets

Land is stated at acquisition cost, which can be revaluated in accordance with related laws. Reserve for land appreciation tax is allocated and recorded as other liabilities. During a land transfer, both land revaluation increments and the reserves for land revaluation increment tax should be transferred with the acquisition cost of such land.

Fixed assets other than land are assessed based on acquisition cost, including capitalization of any interest accrued in obtaining such assets before reaching usable condition. Major additions, improvements and renewals are capitalized, whereas maintenance and repairs are expensed when occurred. Fixed assets without use value or left unused should be reclassified as idle assets, where the cost, cumulative depreciation and cumulative impairment of such assets are all transferred to depreciation and impairment of idle assets.

Depreciation of fixed assets is by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. The useful lives of leasehold improvements are the shorter of the lease period or service life. Upon reaching its useful life, if it is still in use, a depreciable asset can have its remaining useful life re-estimated and depreciation expense can continue to be allocated over its residual value.

In compliance with Accounting Research and Development Foundation Interpretation letter number 340, the Company and its subsidiaries have recorded the estimated dismantlement or restoration obligation for a fixed asset while it is not used for producing inventory as the cost of such asset since November 20, 2008. Every single part of the fixed asset that is significant should be depreciated individually.

The Company and its subsidiaries re-evaluate the remaining useful life, depreciation method and residual value of each fixed asset at the end of each accounting period. Changes in those elements are accounted for as changes in accounting estimate.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The estimated useful lives of fixed assets are as follows:

Land improvements	5 to 55 years
Buildings	8 to 55 years
Machinery and equipment	2 to 20 years
Transportation equipment	2 to 12 years
Miscellaneous equipment	3 to 10 years
Leasehold improvements	5 years

Gains or losses on the disposal of fixed assets are recorded as non-operating income or loss.

21) Intangible assets

The Company and its subsidiaries adopted SFAS No. 37 "Intangible Assets". In accordance with SFAS No. 37, intangible assets are recorded at cost, which is measured at fair value. Subsequent to their initial recognition, their book values are their cost plus their incremental value that resulted from revaluation minus accumulated amortization and impairment loss.

Amortization is computed using the straight-line method. The Company and its subsidiaries should revaluate the residual value, estimated useful lives, and amortization method at least once every year. Changes in the above factors will be regarded as changes in accounting estimate. The estimated useful lives of major intangible assets are as follows:

Computer software

3 to 5 years

At the end of each accounting period, the Company and its subsidiaries evaluate the residual value, the useful life and the method of amortization. Changes in those elements are considered changes in accounting estimate.

22) Deferred expense

Deferred expense is mainly telephone installation and subsidy for electrical wires that are deferred from 3-5 years.

23) Separate accounts—insurance instruments

The insurance subsidiary is engaged in selling investment-type insurance commodities. The payment of premiums (net of administrative expenses) is recorded in a separate account which should only be used in a way agreed to by the proposer. The assets of separate accounts are valued at market price on the valuation date, and the Company follows the related rules and financial accounting standards in the ROC to determine the net asset value. In accordance with Insurance Financial Reporting Standards, the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses are recorded as "separate account—insurance instrument assets", "separate account—insurance instrument liabilities", "separate account—insurance instrument revenue" and "separate account—insurance instrument expenses", respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

24) Collateral assumed

Collateral assumed are stated at the net realizable value: the amount the Company and its subsidiaries receive when debtors cannot meet their obligations and the collateral and residuals are auctioned off. Any discrepancy from the initial claim will be reflected as credit loss. Gains or losses on disposition are included in current earnings. The Company and its subsidiaries recognize impairment loss on collateral on the balance sheet date if the book value of collateral exceeds net fair value.

25) Other assets

1. Statutory deposits

In accordance with the ROC Insurance Law, the insurance subsidiary should deposit in the National Treasury an amount equal to 15% of its issued capital as guarantee for its insurance business. The insurance subsidiary made these deposits in the form of government bonds and financial bills, and such deposits were allowed by the Ministry of Finance.

2. Non-operating assets

The cost of inactively and useless assets are stated at the lower of net realizable value or book value. The cumulative depreciation and impairment of those non-operating assets are also transferred to non-operating assets. Depreciation expense would continue to be incurred over the remaining estimated useful lives of the non-operating assets.

26) Due from representative organization

According to Military Insurance Act, the insurance subsidiary engages in the Military insurance business and the related transactions are recorded in due from representative organization based on Military insurance accounting requirement. Charges from military insurance business are recorded as fee income, and the agent fee from other institutions are recorded as expenses. Moreover, funding for military insurance is keeped by the subsidiary and the interest is paid and recorded as interest expense.

27) Reserve for operations and liabilities

The Company and its subsidiaries comply in accordance with the regulations of the respective authorities which include the provision for operating loss, insurance, unearned premiums, outstanding losses, special reserve, reserve for breach of contract, loss on sales of securities purchased and premium deficiency, recognized as expenses for the period. Effective January 1, 2011, in accordance with Jing Guan Securities No. 0990073857, reserves for breach of contract and loss on sales of securities shall be transferred to special reserves for the purpose of covering company losses. Only when special reserve reaches 50% of the capital, it can be used for additional investment in capital.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Life insurance industry should recognized foreign exchange volatility reserve for foreign investment assets since March 1, 2012. They can transfer part of the special reserves-significant incidents and the special reserves risk volatility to be the preliminary balance of foreign exchange volatility reserve. However, the amount should less than half of the special reserves-significant incidents and the special reserves risk volatility on December 31, 2011. Special reserves should be recognized the same as the preliminary balance of foreign exchange volatility reserve in three years. The recognized amount of special reserves for the first year can't lower than one-third of the after tax preliminary balance, and the accumulated amount of special reserves for the first two years can't lower than two-thirds of the after tax preliminary balance.

The insurance subsidiary conduct the liability adequacy test base on the commodity types (or the entire company contract), and apply the Actuarial Standards of Practice NO.40-contract catology and liability adequancy test issued by the Actuarial institute of the Republic of China. This test compares the net carrying amount of insurance liabilities deducted deferred cost and related intangible assets with the estimated amount of the future cash flow from the insurance contract, and recognizes the difference as the expense if the net carrying amount is less than the other.

28) Pension

Retirement, relief and severance of employees of the subsidiaries BOT, LBOT, BTS and BTLI were calculated based on service years until December 31, 1981. From January 1, 1982, to April 30, 1997, they were dealt with according to "The Regulations on Employee's Retirement, Relief and Severance for State-run Financial and Insurance Enterprises Owned by the Ministry of Finance". The Company and its subsidiaries contributed 4% to 8.5% of salaries as prior service cost; in addition, employees contributed 3% of total monthly salaries to a pension fund each month. After May 1, 1997, when the Labor Standards Law was implemented, the length of service with the Company and its subsidiaries is calculated in accordance with the formula for benefit payments set forth in the Labor Standards Law. For cleaning and maintenance workers, service costs equivalent to 8% to 15% of total monthly salaries are accrued over the workers' careers based on plan benefit formulas. The workers' pension fund is deposited in an account with the Company and its subsidiaries for the purpose of paying pension benefits to the workers when retiring.

The Labor Pension Act of the R.O.C. ("the Act"), which adopts a defined contribution scheme, is effective from July 1, 2005. In accordance with the Act, employees of the Company and its subsidiaries may elect to be subject to either the Act, and maintain their service years before the enforcement of the Act, or the pension mechanism of the Labor Standards Law. For employees subject to the Act, the Company and its subsidiaries shall make monthly contributions to the employees' individual pension accounts of 6% of the employees' monthly wages. The related net pension cost is recorded in current income based on the actual contribution made to the pension funds.

The defined benefit pension plan has used the balance sheet date as the measurement date to complete an actuarial valuation of accumulated payment obligation is excess of pension fund assets at fair value. At the balance sheet date, the Company and its subsidiaries recognize minimum pension liabilities and, based on the pension plan's actuarial liabilities, record net pension cost, including current service cost and transitional net assets, prior service cost, and pension profit or loss, amortized over the average remaining length of service of employees by the straight-line method.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

29) Income tax

The income tax of the Company and its subsidiaries is calculated in accordance with SFAS No. 22 "Income Taxes". Deferred income tax is determined based on differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities, using enacted tax rates in effect during the years in which the differences are expected to be reversed. The income tax effects due to taxable temporary differences are recognized as deferred income tax liabilities. The income tax effects due to deductible temporary differences, utilization of loss carryforwards and income tax assets is evaluated, and a valuation allowance is recognized accordingly.

The adjustments of income tax for the prior year are recorded as income tax expenses in the current year.

Since the Company and its subsidiaries are a government-owned enterprise, income tax should be determined by the Ministry of Audit.

In accordance with the Financial Holding Company Act, Article 49, the Company has adopted the Company as the taxpayer to file a consolidated corporate income tax return starting from 2008. Other tax matters should be handled by each entity of the Company and its subsidiaries. When preparing its financial statements, the Company accounts for its income tax in conformity with SFAS No. 22 "Income Taxes". However, the Company also adjusts the related income tax balance in a reasonable and systematic way to reflect the differences computed for purposes of filing a consolidated corporate income tax return with the Company as the taxpayer. The adjustments resulting from using the Company as the taxpayer to file a consolidated corporate income tax return is recorded under receivable from (payable to) affiliated parties.

30) Revenue recognition

Interest income from the Company's banking loans is accrued on the unpaid principal balance
in accordance with the terms of the loans. No interest revenue is recognized on loans and other
credits that are classified as nonperforming loans until the interest is collected. Interest income
from bailout and loan extension in recorded as deferred income in accordance with the
government authorities' provision and it will be recognized until collected. Service income is
recognized on an accrual basis.

A cash dividend is recognized as revenue on the ex-dividend date, while a stock dividend can only be booked as an increase in shares rather than as revenue in accordance with ROC generally accepted accounting principles. The Company should estimate dividend revenue with its issue condition when they invests in cumulative non-participating preference shares.

In accordance with the regulation of "Insurance Act for Government employees', the losses and underlying debt accrued by May 30, 1999 has been replenished by MOF and recognized as revenue by the Company. The losses occurred after the aforementioned date is replenished by an adjustment of the insurance premium.

2. In terms of the insurance contracts and the financial products with discretionary participation feature for BTLI, the premium of the first and the subsequent period is recognized as revenue when the insurance process is completed and the due date comes. The policy acquisition costs such as commission expenses, is recognized as current expenses when the insurance contracts become effective.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The premiums of insurance contracts not belong to investment-linked insurance and classified as financial products without discretionary participation feature are recognized as "provision for insurance contracts with financial product features". The acquisition costs are used to write off "provision for insurance contracts with financial product features" when the insurance contracts become effective.

The premiums of insurance contracts belong to investment-linked insurance and classified as financial products without discretionary participation feature are all recognized as "Liabilities on Insurance Product – Separated Account" after deducting the expenses such as the front-end load and investment administrative service charge. The acquisition costs of investment administrative service, including the commission expenses and the additional charges related to the issue of new contracts, are recognized as "deferred acquisition costs".

The service charges which BTLI collects from the policyholder of insurance contracts not belong to investment-linked insurance and classified as financial products without discretionary participation feature include contract administrative charge, investment administrative charge, rescinding charge and others. The service charge is recognized as revenue when it is collected. When BTLI collects certain service charge which makes it obligated to provide future service (ex: Front-end load), then the service charge deferred to recognize as revenue when the service is provided.

3. For the subsidiary BTS, brokerage commissions, profit or loss from trading securities, and relevant brokerage securities transaction charges are recognized on the dealing date. Interest income or expenses of margin loans, securities financing and refinancing, bonds purchased under agreement to resell and sold under agreement to repurchase, and brokerage commission for introducing futures contracts are recognized during the transaction periods on an accrual basis. Underwriting commissions are recognized when collected, and underwriting transaction fees are recognized when the contract becomes effective.

31) Contingent liability and commitment

If commitment and contingent liabilities are highly probable, and the amount can be measured reliably, the provision shall be recognized accordingly. If the contingent liability is highly probably but cannot be measured reliably, it shall be disclosed in the notes in the financial statements.

32) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of an entity that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the same entity). The operating results from operating segments are regularly review by the Company and its subsidiaries' chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

33) Others

1. Insurance contract classification

An insurance contract is a contract under which one party (the insurer) accepts significant insurance risk from another party (the policyholder) by agreeing to compensate the policyholder if a specified uncertain future event (the insured event) adversely affects the policyholder. The Company identifies the significant insurance risk if, and only if, an insured event could cause an insurer to pay significant additional benefits in any scenario.

An insurance contract with financial Instrument features means the contract is able to transfer significant insurance risk. Financial risk refers to the risk resulting from possible changes in one or more specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variable in the future. If the previously stated variables are non-financial variables, then the variables do not belong to any specific side of the contract.

A contract that qualifies as an "insurance contract" remains an "insurance contract" until all rights and obligations are extinguished or expired even if the insurance risk significantly mitigated. However, if an insurance contract with financial instrument feature transfers significant risk to the Company in subsequent periods, it will be reclassified as "insurance contract.

Insurance contracts and insurance contracts with financial instrument features can be further divided into 2 categories, which are insurance with discretionary participation feature or without discretionary participation feature.

A discretionary participation feature is a contractual right to receive both the guaranteed benefits and also the additional benefits:

- (a) that are likely to be a significant portion of the total contractual benefits;
- (b) whose amount or timing of distribution of additional benefits is contractually at the discretion of the company; and
- (c) the additional benefits are contractually based on:
 - a) the performance of a specified pool of contracts or a specified type of contract;
 - b) the rate of return of a specific asset portfolio, or
 - c) the profit or loss of the company, fund or other entity that issues the contract.

If the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract, it is required to be separated from the host contract and the value of the embedded derivative shall be measured at fair value through profit or loss, and the change shall be recognized as current gains or losses. If the embedded derivative is itself an insurance contract or in the case of an insurer need not separate it and is able to measure it at fair value through profit or loss, the company does not need to separate the embedded derivative and the insurance contract in terms of recognition.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Reinsurance

To limit the potential damage of the exposure events, the insurance subsidiaries follows Insurance Act to process reinsurance contract. Even the reinsurer not perform obligation, the insurance subsidiaries can't reject to fulfill the contract obligation for the insured.

The insurance subsidiaries have the following rights over reinsurer: reinsurance reserve assets, claims and benefits recoverable from reinsurers, reinsurance premiums receivable /payable. The insurance subsidiaries shall regularly perform tests to determine whether the rights are impaired or unrecoverable.

If there is evidence, as a result of an event that occurred after initial recognition of the reinsurance asset, that the insurance subsidiaries may not receive all amounts regulated under the terms of the contract, and that event has a measurable amounts in terms of the influence of the event, the insurance subsidiaries shall recognize the difference between the recoverable amount and the book value of the previously stated right as impairment loss.

For the reinsurance contract, the insurance subsidiaries will not only evaluate whether it will transfer significant insurance risk, but it also evaluate whether it will transfer underwriting risk (the probability of significant loss) and time risk (variance of the occurrence of cash flow) to reinsurer.

If the reinsurance contract only transfers insurance risk, but not underwriting risk and time risk, then the insurance subsidiaries will recognize and measure it as deposit accounting. The consideration received or paid by the Insurance subsidiaries deducted by the retained reinsurance premium or handling charge of the outward insurance is recognized as deposit asset or liability.

The change of deposit amount is recognized as current gains or losses. The interest generated from the deposit without transferring any risk or the deposit only transfers time risk is calculated per effective interest method. The effective interest rate is calculated from the estimate of the future cash flow and the interest is recognized as interest revenue or expense.

3. Other assets- Inventory

The costs of inventories are necessary expenditures and charges for bringing the inventory to the salable and useable condition and location. Inventories shall be measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of inventories are prepared using weighted average cost formula and net realizable value as the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

4. Earnings per share

Earnings per share are calculated by dividing net income after tax by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding in each period.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(3) Reasons for and Effects of Accounting Changes

- 1) Effective January 1, 2011, the Company and its subsidiaries adopted the third amendment of SFAS No. 34 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" revised by the Financial Accounting Standards Committees. In accordance with SFAS No. 34, the recognition, subsequent valuation and impairment losses of loans and receivables shall comply with the new amendment. The amendment also applies to the debt restructuring and debt negotiation. Please see Note 5, 8, 9 and 13 for further descriptions.
- 2) Effective January 1, 2011, the Company and its subsidiaries adopted SFAS No. 41 "Operating Segments." In accordance with SFAS No. 41, an entity shall disclose information to enable users of its financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial impact of the business activities in which it engages and the economic environments in which it operates. The Company and its subsidiaries determine and present the operating segments based on the information that is internally provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Standard also supersedes SFAS No. 20 "Segment Reporting." Such changes in accounting principle did not have any significant impact for the year ended December 31, 2011.
- 3) Effective January 1, 2011, the Company and its subsidiaries adopted interpretation letter Jing Guan No. 0990073857 to transfer reserve for breach of contract and loss on sales of securities to special reserves.
- 4) Effective from January 1, 2011, the Company's insurance subsidiaries adopted Republic of China Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No.40 "Insurance Contract", such changes in accounting principle did not have significant impact for the year ended December 31, 2011.
- 5) BTLI adopted interpretation letter Jing-Guan No. 10102501561 published on February 7, 2012 to revise recording method of special reserves for life insurance firms. The influence for 2012 annual report are as follows:

			2012	
Item		Before	After	Difference
Income before tax	\$	7,843,229	7,916,989	73,760
Income after tax	φ	7,235,140	7,296,361	61,221
EPS before tax		0.88	0.88	-
EPS		0.81	0.81	-
Foreign-exchange volatility reserves (Debit for every recorded special insurance reserves)		-	73,760	73,760 (note)
Special reserves-significant incidents (Recorded reserve for operating and liabilities)		203,856	101,928	(101,928) (note)
Special reserves-risk volatility (Recorded reserve for operating and liabilities)		137,584	68,792	(68,792) (note)
Foreign-exchange volatility reserves (Recorded reserve for operation and liabilities)		-	96,960	96,960 (note)
Shareholders' equity		258,372,351	258,433,572	61,221

Note: Foreign-exchange volatility reserves \$96,960 on December 31, 2012 is transferred from special reserves-significant incidents \$101,928 and special reserves-risk volatility \$68,792 on March 1, 2012 and reduced reclaimed of foreign-exchange volatility reserves by \$73,760 this year.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

reserves

Total

Cash and Cash Equivalents			
		ne year ended ecember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Cash on hand and petty cash	\$	11,959,498	10,483,673
Foreign currency on hand		5,453,671	5,845,726
Bank deposits		47,789,573	21,562,098
Notes and checks for clearing		11,768,506	8,904,406
Placement with banks		43,633,092	51,192,401
	\$_	120,604,340	97,988,304
The balances of cash and cash equivalents presented in the state.	ment	s of cash flows v	were as follows:
		ne year ended ecember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Cash on hand	\$	120,604,340	97,988,304
Call loans to banks and bank overdraft		140,411,653	72,374,442

27,954,705

614,518,774

47,964,002

951,453,474

(5)	Placement with	Central Bank and	Call Loans to Banks
(-)			

Negotiable certificates of deposit (NCDs)

Placement with Central Bank, including reserve checking

account and foreign—currency—denominated deposit

Investment in bills and securities maturing within 90 days

Placement with Central Bank and Call Loans to Banks						
	The year ended December 31, 2012		The year ended December 31, 2011			
Call loans to banks	\$	140,442,053	72,379,420			
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts—call loans to banks		(30,400)	(4,978)			
Reserves for deposits — A account and reserves for deposits — foreign-currency, etc.		27,954,705	46,820,477			
Reserves for deposits – B account		62,743,516	60,077,287			
Deposits in Central Bank		318,517,995	309,283,197			
	\$_	549,627,869	488,555,403			

46,820,477

631,220,453

19,108,064

867,511,740

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 1) The reserves for deposits is required by the Banking Law and is determined by applying the reserve ratios by the Central Bank to the monthly average balance of each type of deposit. The reserve amount is deposited in the reserve deposit account at the Central Bank. According to the regulations, such reserve for deposits—B account cannot be withdrawn except for monthly adjustments of the reserve for deposits.
- 2) As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, 60% of the deposits collected by BOT on behalf of government institutions from government organizations amounting to \$4,345,419 and \$5,077,052, respectively, were deposited in the Central Bank and cannot be withdrawn, according to the regulations.

(6) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss, Net

	The year ended December 31, 2012		The year ended December 31, 2011	
Financial assets held for trading				
Commercial paper	\$	31,909,877	7,477,954	
Government bonds		704,084	966,154	
Listed stocks, beneficiary certificates and monetary instruments		78,407,882	74,355,186	
Domestic convertible bonds		996,918	193,006	
Corporate and financial bonds		24,782	12,708	
Foreign government bonds		2,213,812	2,254,871	
Trading securities		552,835	432,883	
		114,810,190	85,692,762	
Derivative financial instruments		7,642,686	17,253	
Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss:				
Foreign government and financial bonds		20,581,246	24,189,751	
Add: adjustment valuation	_	4,478,639	1,847,218	
Total	\$	147,512,761	111,746,984	

Financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss, net:

		e year ended ecember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Cash dividend of financial assets	\$	2,079,929	2,434,829
Gains from disposal of financial assets, net		40,386,865	81,412,686
Valuation (losses) gains of financial assets, net		7,899,239	(8,298,202)
Losses from disposal of financial liabilities, net		(36,811,829)	(75,616,575)
Valuation gain (losses) gains of financial liabilities		475,655	(7,384,846)
Total	\$	14,029,859	<u>(7,452,108)</u>

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For details of the valuation of financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, please see note 35, "Information on Financial Instruments".

(7) Bills and Bonds Purchased / Sold under and Resell / Repurchase Agreements

The details of bonds and bills purchased / sold under agreements to resell (repurchase) were as follows:

		The year ended December 31, 2012		The year ended December 31, 2011	
	Bills and bonds purchased under resell agreements:				
	Government bonds	\$	389,073	2,459,465	
	Negotiable certificates of deposit		5,648,155	1,403,553	
	Commercial paper		17,069,714	8,539,833	
	Total	\$	23,106,942	12,402,851	
	Bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements:				
	Government bonds	\$	12,992,332	12,931,846	
	Commercial paper		349,473	2,706,204	
	Total	\$	13,341,805	15,638,050	
(8)	Receivables, Net				
			e year ended ecember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011	
	Accounts receivable	\$	1,331,020	1,310,990	
	Long-term receivable – payment on behalf of government		28,875,801	34,821,221	
	Accrued revenue		815,486	528,263	
	Interest receivable		13,753,832	12,596,122	
	Insurance receivable		1,669,649	205,333	
	Refundable income tax		2,911,681	2,433,731	
	Notes receivable and acceptance notes receivable		3,064,890	2,827,244	
	Factoring receivable — without recourse		17,657,859	10,054,670	
	Margin loans receivable		2,028,144	1,770,825	
	Others—shall be replenished by state treasury		21,620,758	22,572,919	
	Others—undelivered spot exchange		2,344	1,906	
	Others—collection and payment transfer by ATM (Net)		1,455,277	1,329,159	
	Others – foreign exchange accounting transfer		2,070,823	-	
	Others		1,908,070	864,485	
	Subtotal		99,165,634	91,316,868	
	Less: allowance for doubtful accounts		824,563	232,652	
	Total	\$	98,341,071	91,084,216	

(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

In accordance with Executive Yuan Tai-79-JEN-Cheng-SZU-tsu No. 14225, in 2012 and 2011, the BOT paid a premium savings account interest rate in excess of the regular rate of 1.8005% and 1.7868%, respectively, and the resulting interest expenses were \$7,996,175 and \$7,907,574, respectively, due to executing the government premium savings policy.

As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, BOT, instead of the government, had paid premium savings interest expenses amounting to \$75,812,742 (booked in long-term receivable \$28,875,801 and other financial asset – temporary advances of \$46,936,941 and \$81,737,714 (booked in long-term receivable of \$34,821,221 and other financial assets – temporary advances of \$46,916,493), respectively. Please refer to note (13) "Other financial assets – net" for further descriptions.

(9) Discounts and loans—Net

		he year ended December 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Discounts and import-export negotiations	\$	5,490,786	4,415,954
Short-term loans and overdrafts	Ψ	270,251,830	374,970,679
Short-term secured loans and secured overdrafts		82,499,396	83,050,582
Insurance loans		5,969,738	6,037,958
Accounts receivable financing		265,346	142,685
Medium-term loans		688,781,695	600,661,125
Medium-term secured loans		278,913,744	288,495,159
Long-term loans		185,874,999	182,011,229
Long-term secured loans		672,052,225	628,352,806
Non-performing loans	_	10,032,163	8,276,652
Subtotal		2,200,131,922	2,176,414,829
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	_	18,009,780	18,087,035
Total	\$_	2,182,122,142	2,158,327,794

Estimation tables of allowance for doubtful accounts of loans and receivables are as follows:

Loans

	Total Loans			Allowance for accord	
Ite	Item		December 31, December 31, 2012 2011		December 31, 2011
There is objective evidence of impairment on individual	Individual assessment of impairment	34,275,894	20,824,187	4,492,298	6,805,532
asset	Combined assessment of impairment	14,137,972	15,188,305	4,483,970	3,473,720
There is no objective evidence of impairment on individual asset	Combined assessment of impairment	2,151,718,056	2,140,402,337	9,033,512	7,807,783
Subtotal	_	2,200,131,922	2,176,414,829	18,009,780	18,087,035

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Receivables (including other financial assets)

Total

		Total Loans		Allowance for doubtful accounts		
Ite	m	December 31, 2012	<i>′</i>		December 31, 2011	
There is objective evidence of impairment on individual	Individual assessment of impairment	1,033,607	134,421	613,279	65,584	
asset	Combined assessment of impairment	251,711	289,347	151,243	89,405	
There is no objective evidence of impairment on individual asset	Combined assessment of impairment	294,615,712	220,444,111	223,753	120,587	
Subtotal		295,901,030	220,867,879	988,275	275,576	
Total		2,496,032,952	2,397,282,708	18,998,055	18,362,611	

Changes of allowance for doubtful accounts of loans and receivables are as follows:

	The year ended December 31, 2012		The year ended December 31, 2011	
Loan:				
Opening balance	\$	18,087,036	11,670,326	
Provision for doubtful accounts		2,826,703	4,773,893	
Write-off		(5,949,262)	(2,518,860)	
Recovery of written-off		3,198,212	4,076,296	
Effects of exchange rate changes and others		(152,909)	85,380	
Ending balance	\$	18,009,780	18,087,035	
Receivables (including other financial assets):		_	_	
Opening balance	\$	275,576	288,782	
Reversal of doubtful accounts		247,618	(29,836)	
Write-off		(12,085)	(12,589)	
Recovery of written-off		24,954	28,537	
Effects of exchange rate changes and others		452,212	682	
Ending balance	\$	988,275	275,576	
Details of allowance for doubtful accounts were as follows:				
		e year ended mber 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011	
Call loans to bank	\$	30,400	4,978	
Receivables		824,563	232,652	
Discounts and loans		18,009,780	18,087,035	
Other financial assets		133,312	37,946	

18,362,611

18,998,055

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Details of bad debt expense were as follows:

	year ended cember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011	
Bad debt	\$ 3,074,321	4,744,057	
Reserve for guarantee liability	 33,584	309,959	
Total	\$ 3,107,905	5,054,016	

As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, the amount of loans where interest accruals had been ceased of the Company and its subsidiaries which are Bank of Taiwan and Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd. were \$10,146,246 and \$8,326,113, respectively, which was booked in discounts and loans—nonperforming loans and other financial assets—overdue receivables.

Effective January 1, 2011, the Company and its subsidiaries adopted the third amendment of SFAS No. 34 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" revised by the Financial Accounting Standards Committees. In accordance with SFAS No. 34, the recognition, subsequent valuation and impairment losses of loans and receivables shall comply with the new amendment from the beginning of 2011. Financial Accounting Standards Committees also amended "Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/Non-accrual Loans" and "Regulations Governing the Procedures for Insurance institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/Non-accrual Loans". Effective January 1, 2011, the subsidiary Bank will reserve 0.5% of allowance for bad debt and reserve for guarantees from loans in the first category less the loans of government debt. Similarly, the insurance subsidiary shall reserve 0.5% of allowance for bad debt based on loans from the first category less life insurance liability and prepaid insurance. The Company and its subsidiaries conformed to the aforementioned regulations for reserving allowance for bad debt and reserve for guarantees.

Please see note (35), "Information on Financial Instruments", for the valuation of loans granted by the Company and its subsidiaries.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(10) Available-for-sale Financial Assets, Net

	e year ended ecember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Domestic:		
Negotiable certificates of deposit	\$ 607,100,000	622,500,000
Government bonds	24,967,487	27,329,372
Corporate bonds	21,497,197	17,252,068
Financial bonds	18,816,727	10,448,549
Real estate securitization	-	10,000
Financial asset securitization	995,505	995,505
Listed stocks and beneficiary certificates	48,650,638	53,309,854
Preferred stocks	22,502	1,430,356
Real estate Investment Trust	 515,340	2,061,434
	 722,565,396	735,337,138
Foreign:		
Foreign bonds	35,941,605	55,253,521
Beneficiary certificates	 5,355,770	2,800,261
	 41,297,375	58,053,782
Less: accumulated impairment	1,140,920	1,296,432
Add: valuation adjustment	 14,470,490	9,963,843
Total	\$ 777,192,341	802,058,331

- 1) Please see note (35), "Information on Financial Instruments", for valuation of available-for-sale financial assets.
- 2) The subsidiary BOT recognized reversed impairment gain of \$1,156 as a result of individual asset impairment valuation on March 17, 2011.
- 3) Realized profit or loss from available-for-sale financial assets

		ne year ended December 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011	
Cash dividend	\$	1,137,469	1,104,667	
Gains (losses) on disposal, net	_	1,796,411	1,546,798	
Total	\$ <u></u>	2,933,880	2,651,465	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(11) Held-to-maturity Financial Assets, Net

	The year ended December 31, 2012		The year ended December 31, 2011
Domestic:			
Financial bonds	\$	45,200,212	30,684,106
Corporate bonds		45,295,914	48,433,030
Negotiable certificates of deposits		8,793,255	8,720,452
Commercial paper		16,054,125	11,630,110
Government bonds		44,386,334	39,758,516
Treasury bonds		-	1,487,480
Real estate securitization		-	30,381
Preferred stocks		-	291,090
Structured deposit		800,000	800,000
		160,529,840	141,835,165
Foreign:			
Foreign bonds		83,589,251	86,095,915
Less: accumulated impairment		70,974	206,235
		83,518,277	85,889,680
Total	\$	244,048,117	227,724,845

Please see note (35), "Information on Financial Instruments", for valuation of held-to-maturity investment.

(12) Investments under Equity Method, Net

	The year ended December 31, 2012		The year December		
	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Amount	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Amount	
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	25.07 \$	33,287,676	25.07	31,466,383	
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	21.59	3,601,027	21.59	1,987,762	
Kaohsiung Ammonium Sulfate Co., Ltd.	91.86	2,393,485	91.86	2,420,898	
Tang Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	21.37	1,636,179	21.37	1,653,863	
Tai Yi Real-Estate Management Co., Ltd.	30.00	17,686	30.00	15,223	
Total	\$ _	40,936,053	:	37,544,129	

(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1) The initial costs of long-term equity investment under the equity method were as follows:

Name of Investee	The year ended December 31, 2012		The year ended December 31, 2011	
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$	8,105,279	8,105,279	
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.		812,325	812,325	
Kaohsiung Ammonium Sulfate Co., Ltd.		1,377,872	1,377,872	
Tang Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.		1,451,074	1,451,074	
Tai Yi Real Estate Management Co., Ltd.		3,793	3,793	
	\$	11,750,343	11,750,343	

2) The gains or losses on long-term investments under the equity method were as follows:

Name of Investee	e year ended ecember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$ 1,992,954	2,503,775
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	437,561	62,708
Kaohsiung Ammonium Sulfate Co., Ltd.	(27,413)	(28,212)
Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	(101,303)	103,479
Tai Yi Real-Estate Management Co., Ltd.	 2,463	4,974
	\$ 2,304,262	2,646,724

- 1. The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries' investee companies—Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd. and Tai Yi Real-Estate Management Co., Ltd. under equity method were audited by other auditors, and the related equity in earnings has \$1,995,417 and \$2,508,749 for the year ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.
- 2. The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries' investee company—Kaohsiung Amonium Sulfate Co., Ltd. under equity method was not audited by auditors, and the related equity in losses were \$27,413 and \$28,212 for the year ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.
- 3. Since Kaohsiung Ammonium Sulfate Co., Ltd. was in the process of liquidation and the liquidators and supervisors were appointed by the Ministry of Economic Affairs, the Company and its subsidiaries have no control power over such investee.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

3) Details of the Company and its subsidiaries' recognition of unrealized increments on revaluation and cumulative translation adjustments under stockholders' equity were as follows:

		Unrealized increments on revaluation		Cumulative translation adjustments	
Name of investee		2012	2011	2012	2011
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$	901,150	441,814	(27,447)	35,587
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.		29,450	21,880	(1,748)	4,538
Tang Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	_	83,762			
	\$_	1,014,362	463,694	(29,195)	40,125

4) Details of the Company and its subsidiaries' recognition of additional paid-in capital and unrealized losses or gains on financial instruments under stockholders' equity were as follows:

	Additional paid-in capital			Unrealized losses and gains of financial instruments		
Name of investee		2012	2011	2012	2011	
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$	(463,083)	463,082	459,664	(919,726)	
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.		288	116,144	1,154,805	(755,166)	
Tang Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	_			(142)	434	
	\$_	(462,795)	579,226	1,614,327	(1,674,458)	

5) Details of the net loss not recognized as pension costs in 2012 and 2011 were as follows:

Name of investee	2012	2011	
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	\$ <u>6,521</u> _		<u>74</u>

6) Details of the special reserve recognized under equity method in 2012 and 2011 were as follows:

Name of investee	2012	2011	
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$	66,638	

7) Details of the Bank's cash dividends received from its long-term equity investments under the equity method in 2012 and 2011 were as follows:

Name of investee	2012	2011
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$ 1,029,823	582,919
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	 	176,229
	\$ 1,029,823	759,148

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 8) The Company and its subsidiaries' investee, Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd., increased its share capital by cash on December 27, 2011. The Company and its subsidiaries' shareholding percentage decreased from 29.36% to 25.07% as the Company and its subsidiaries do not hold the shares of the investee by percentage.
- 9) The Company and its subsidiaries investee, Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd., increased its share capital by cash on November 2, 2011. The Company and its subsidiaries shareholding percentage decreased from 23.76% to 21.59% as the Company and its subsidiaries do not hold the shares of the investee by percentage.

(13) Other Financial Assets, Net

	e year ended ecember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Temporary advances	\$ 56,159,008	57,100,344
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts—temporary advance	(42,250)	(10,691)
Financial assets carried at cost	11,092,326	11,092,326
Less: accumulated impairment financial assets carried at cost	(12,426)	(137)
Bond investments with no active market	43,012,877	37,326,838
Less: accumulated impairment — bond investment with no active market	-	(317,888)
Overdue receivables	114,083	49,458
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts - overdue receivables	(91,062)	(27,255)
Hedging derivative financial assets	3,543	3,074
Separate account insurance product assets	4,686,044	5,490,078
Bills purchased	20,252	21,789
Others	 23,552	27,307
Total	\$ 114,965,947	110,755,243

- 1) Please see note (35), "Information on Financial Instruments", for valuation of hedging derivative financial assets and bond investments with no active market.
- 2) Please see note (8), "Receivables", for description of temporary advance of excess interest expense on behalf of the government.
- 3) Convertible bond \$436,875 of Promos technologies matured on February 14, 2012, so its relative accumulated loss \$305,813 were transferred to other receivables and allowance for doubtfully accounts.
- 4) On December 31, 2012, BOT assessed individually asset and recognized an impairment loss amounting to \$12,426.
- 5) As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, BOT, instead of the government, had paid premium savings interest expenses amounting to \$75,812,742 and \$81,737,714, and the overdone amount are \$46,936,941 and \$46,916,493 (booked under temporary advances).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(14) Real Estate Investments, Net

(11) Real Estate Investments, 1vet		
	e year ended cember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Real estate investments	\$ 5,096,020	4,337,660
Less: accumulated depreciation	 322,886	280,624
Total	\$ 4,773,134	4,057,036
(15) Fixed Assets, Net		
	e year ended ecember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Cost:		
Land	\$ 4,913,018	4,913,030
Land revaluation increments	81,567,575	81,736,647
Land improvements	14,964	14,964
Buildings (including revaluation increments)	15,337,939	14,998,570
Machinery and equipment	6,177,275	5,887,734
Transportation equipment	1,108,570	1,106,261
Miscellaneous equipment	1,044,910	1,053,853
Leasehold improvements	692,163	662,910
Construction in progress and order parts	 348,118	665,260
Subtotal	 111,204,532	111,039,229
Accumulated depreciation:		
Land improvement	13,337	12,975
Buildings	5,926,526	5,609,947
Machinery and equipment	4,461,985	4,148,434
Transportation equipment	883,404	853,743
Miscellaneous equipment	824,767	811,957
Leasehold improvements	 591,338	552,492
Subtotal	 12,701,357	11,989,548
Accumulated impairment	 67,069	
Net	\$ 98,436,106	99,049,681

On May 31, 2012 and March 11, 2011, the Company and its subsidiaries assessed individually asset and recognized an impairment loss amounting to \$59,978 and \$4,036, a reversal on impairment loss amounting to \$0 and \$23,282; (decrease) increase unrealized increments on revaluation by \$(12,061) and \$119,733, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company and its subsidiaries have conducted revaluations of lands and buildings many times over past years. As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, revaluation increments of lands were \$81,567,575 and \$81,736,647, respectively, and estimated tax payables on land increments were \$18,290,593 and \$18,367,918 (recorded in other liabilities), respectively.

To comply with government policy, the Company and its subsidiaries sold land, buildings and equipments and recognized gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment of \$812,794 and \$421,670 recorded in the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, BTS pledged fixed assets as collateral.

As of December 31, 2012, the part of the land and buildings (including real estate investment) of the Company and its subsidiaries were leased out. The book value (including revaluation increments) of the rental land was \$35,759,957. Most of the rental buildings have been fully depreciated over their useful lives. The estimated future lease revenue was as follows:

Period	Amount	
2013.01.01~2013.12.31	\$	264,047
2014.01.01~2014.12.31		181,068
2015.01.01~2015.12.31		93,827
2016.01.01~2016.12.31		29,372
2017.01.01~2017.12.31		98,779
	\$	667,093

(16) Intangible Assets

As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, the details of intangible assets were as follows:

	year ended cember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Original cost:		
Computer software	\$ 842,351	990,838
Add: acquisition	570,125	292,260
Less: accumulated amortization	 235,269	452,737
Ending balance	\$ 1,177,207	830,361

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(17) Other Assets – Net

			e year ended ecember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Pre	payments	\$	7,350,312	6,074,917
_	undable deposits		2,634,926	1,862,710
	erating guarantee deposits and settlement and clearing funds		107,452	93,097
Ten	nporary advance and amount being transferred		203,627	202,079
Def	Perred income tax assets, net		2,138,917	2,018,960
Nor	n-operating assets (including revaluation increments)		1,029,873	1,044,568
Bro	kering transaction debit balance, net		9,447	38,738
Col	lateral assumed, net		1,076,959	1,076,959
Def	Perred pension cost		259,529	622,896
Inve	entory		1,812,216	5,994,550
Oth	ers		296,518	53,446
Tota	al	\$	16,919,776	19,082,920
1)	Prepayments			
			e year ended ecember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
	Prepaid expense	\$	714,243	866,995
	Prepaid tax	•	31,395	34,817
	Prepaid stock dividends and bonus		4,275,737	4,120,249
	Other prepayments		2,328,937	1,052,856
		\$	7,350,312	6,074,917
2)	Non-operating assets, net			
			e year ended ecember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
	Land	\$	1,006,941	1,015,351
	Buildings		53,185	53,185
	Miscellaneous equipment		92	92
	Less: accumulated depreciation—buildings		24,892	23,578
	accumulated impairment		5,453	482
		\$	1,029,873	1,044,568

(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company and subsidiaries recognized gains on reversal on impairment loss of \$16,762 and unrealized increments on revaluation of \$199 based on the result of impairment assessment of individual asset on Mach 11, 2011.

3) Collateral assumed, net

				year ended ember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
	Collateral assumed	\$		1,093,456	1,093,456
	Less: accumulated impairment	_		16,497	16,497
		\$ _		1,076,959	1,076,959
4)	Inventory				
				year ended ember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
	Inventory	\$		1,837,838	6,244,475
	Less: allowance for inventory devaluation	_		(25,622)	(249,925)
		\$ _		1,812,216	5,994,550
	Changes of allowances for inventory devaluation were as for	llov	vs:		
				year ended ember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
	Opening balance	\$		249,925	3,575
	Provision (reversal) for the current period	_		(224,303)	246,350
	Closing balance	\$_		25,622	249,925

The inventory (gains) losses recognized for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 were \$(224,303) and \$246,350; write-down of inventories to realizable value in the amount of \$246,350 in 2011. The increase in net realizable value recognized reduced operating costs amount to \$224,303, because previously caused inventories to net realizable value below costs factors have disappeared in 2012.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(18) Deposits of Central Bank and Other Banks

	The year ended December 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Call loans from bank	\$ 171,051,568	167,538,254
Postal deposits transferred	3,205,362	3,404,645
Deposits from Central Bank	9,676,169	12,005,704
Deposits from other banks	27,351,993	25,282,765
Bank overdrafts	2,089,373	695,107
	\$ <u>213,374,465</u>	208,926,475
(19) Commercial Paper Payable—Net		
	The year ended December 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Commercial paper	\$ 520,000	500,000
Less: commercial paper discount	120	463
Total	\$ 519,880	499,537

For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, the annual interest rates ranged from 0.938%~1.028% and 0.928%~0.958%, respectively. As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, unissued commercial paper facilities amounted to approximately \$2,980,000 and \$2,500,000 thousand. There were no assets pledged as collateral for issuing commercial paper for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011.

(20) Financial Liabilities Measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

	The year ended December 31, 2012		The year ended December 31, 2011	
Held-for-trading financial liabilities				
Foreign exchange options premium	\$	126,688	22,440	
Stock warrants		5,180	-	
Valuation adjustment-foreign exchange options		(49,671)	(13,327)	
Valuation adjustment-stock warrants		(4,047)	-	
Valuation adjustment-FX swaps and cross currency swaps		3,081,190	3,042,673	
Valuation adjustment-interest rate swaps		754,810	906,650	
Valuation adjustment-forward foreign exchange		542,135	316,438	
Valuation adjustment-asset-Swaps		52,223		
	\$	4,508,508	4,274,874	

(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For valuation of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, please refer to note (35).

(21) Payables

	e year ended ecember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Accounts payable	\$ 12,590,057	10,941,024
Receipts under custody	1,293,343	1,181,647
Accrued expense	2,817,914	2,832,186
Interest payable	13,093,002	12,713,800
Bank acceptances	3,080,210	2,724,821
Due from representative organization	26,083,290	28,822,442
Other payables – ATM temporary receipts, payments and interbranch differences	1,476,089	1,259,252
Other payables — collection and payment transfer by ATM (net)	1,713	-
Other payables – collection bills	979,490	1,410,373
Other payables – payments awaiting transfer	5,066,383	4,545,731
Other payables – foreign exchange awaiting transfer	470,141	-
Other payables – non-recourse factoring	464,073	-
Other payables – others	 1,989,164	2,799,729
	\$ 69,404,869	69,231,005

(22) Deposits and Remittances

	The year ended December 31, 2012		The year ended December 31, 2011
Checking account deposits	\$	37,723,315	34,873,580
Government deposits		217,407,712	227,242,671
Demand deposits		272,041,563	246,371,660
Time deposits		453,470,593	468,871,243
Savings account deposits		2,296,652,586	2,224,960,904
Remittances	_	501,996	568,020
	\$ _	3,277,797,765	3,202,888,078

(23) Other loans

As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, the unused limit of the Company and its subsidiaries' short-term loans were \$7,000,000 and \$8,250,000, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(24) Reserves for Operation and Liabilities

	The year ended December 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Reserves for unearned premium	\$ 363,574	367,649
Reserves for life insurance liability	337,063,756	286,036,341
Special reserves for life insurance	407,601	589,071
Reserves for claim outstanding	88,188	67,281
Reserves for operating loss	26,800	26,800
Reserves for guarantees	624,406	591,441
Reserves for labor insurance liability	194,662,096	178,024,493
Reserve for insufficient premiums	965,808	1,405,222
Foreign exchange volatility reserve	96,960	
Total	\$ <u>534,299,189</u>	467,108,298
(25) Other Financial Liabilities		
	The year ended December 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Appropriated loan funds	\$ 376,265	671,370
Separate account – insurance liabilities	4,686,044	5,490,078
Hedging derivative financial liabilities	301,390	409,907
Principal from structured products	7,821,748	4,674,906
	\$ <u>13,185,447</u>	11,246,261

Commencing from January 1, 2011, the Financial Supervisory Commission issued the "Regulations for the accounting principle for principal received from structured products". In accordance with the regulation, principal received from structured products shall be booked under other financial liabilities under the corresponding account name. Such changes will not be reclassified as principal received from structured products that were booked under savings in December 31, 2010 approved by the Natinoal Audit Office. For details of hedging derivative financial liabilities on December 31, 2012 and 2011, please refer to note (35).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(26) Other Liabilities

	year ended cember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Advance collections	\$ 1,790,748	1,209,755
Guarantee deposits received	4,578,212	4,651,029
Estimated tax payable on land increments	18,290,593	18,367,918
Temporary receipt awaiting transfer	80,415	43,485
Accrued pension liabilities	5,508,214	5,044,448
Others	 4,751,066	2,390,902
	\$ 34,999,248	31,707,537

(27) Pension

The reconciliation of the plan's funded status and accrued pension liabilities was as follows:

	The year ended			The year ended		
		December 3	31, 2012	December 31, 2011		
		Regular	Regular	Regular	Regular	
		Employees	Labor	Employees	Labor	
Benefit obligation:						
Vested benefit obligation	\$	(6,099,963)	(537,478)	(5,443,850)	(434,375)	
Non-vested benefit obligation		(4,564,028)	(570,540)	(4,676,163)	(583,898)	
Accumulated benefit obligation		(10,663,991)	(1,108,018)	(10,120,013)	(1,018,273)	
Additional benefits based on future salaries		(2,750,308)	(307,158)	(2,851,357)	(324,624)	
Projected benefit obligation (PBO)		(13,414,299)	(1,415,176)	(12,971,370)	(1,342,897)	
Fair value of plan assets		5,462,419	1,078,121	5,368,377	1,033,255	
Funding status		(7,951,880)	(337,055)	(7,602,993)	(309,642)	
Unrecognized transitional net benefit obligation (assets)		272,616	192,302	344,000	226,596	
Unrecognized prior service cost		133,116	(9,123)	153,595	(12,771)	
Unrecognized pension loss (gain)		3,971,476	(22,972)	3,652,682	(65,690)	
Accrued minimum pension liability recognized		(1,626,900)	(129,794)	(1,298,920)	(131,305)	
Accrued pension liabilities	\$	(5,201,572)	(306,642)	(4,751,636)	(292,812)	
Vested benefit	\$	(6,448,480)	(578,811)	(6,476,656)	(511,530)	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The components of net pension costs for the year 2012 and 2011 were as follows:

		2012		2011	
		Regular nployees	Regular Labor	Regular Employees	Regular Labor
Service cost	\$	580,455	49,588	858,191	59,395
Interest cost		201,881	21,905	213,575	22,064
Expected return on plan assets		(82,667)	(17,309)	(101,777)	(19,999)
Amortization and deferred cost		221,764	30,950	202,037	20,265
Settlement gain or loss		3,275			
Net pension costs	\$	924,708	85,134	1,172,026	81,725
The details of pension expenses for 20)12 an	d 2011 as foll		2012	2011
Pension expenses:					
Defined benefit pension plan			\$	1,009,842	1,253,751
Defined contribution pension plan				113,773	147,705
Actuarial assumptions:					
			2	2012	2011

Pension expense in December 31, 2012 and 2011 were \$1,123,615 and \$1,401,456, and accrued pension liabilities in December 31, 2012 and 2011 were \$5,508,214 and \$5,044,448 (recorded in other liabilities).

1.65%, 1.75%, 1.50% and 2%

1.65%, 1.75%,

2.00% and 2.20%

2.00 %

(28) Income Tax

Discount rate

The income tax expenses are summarized below:

Rate of increase in future compensation Rate of expected return on plan assets

	year ended cember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Current income tax	\$ 928,256	453,200
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	 (307,628)	129,767
Income tax expense	\$ 620,628	582,967

2.00 %

2.00 %

1.5% and 2.00%

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The maximum income tax rate was lowered to 17% beginning 2010 according to the amendment of the "Income Tax Act" issued on June 15, 2010. Hence, the Company was subject to a maximum income tax rate of 17% in 2011 and 2010, and the Company adopted the "Income Basic Tax Act".

For the year ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, the differences between the "expected" income tax at the statutory income tax rate and the income tax expense in the accompanying financial statements were as follows:

	e year ended cember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Expected income tax expenses	\$ 1,345,888	789,123
Gains on securities transactions exempt from tax	(111,148)	(56,902)
Valuation losses (gains) on domestic financial instruments	250,681	(13,634)
Tax-free earnings from OBU	(333,129)	(122,838)
Investment gains recognized under the equity method	(391,725)	(449,943)
Gain on disposal of land	(136,489)	(70,029)
Available-for-sale financial assets	2,089	-
(Reversal gains) impairment losses of assets	10,196	(6,121)
Tax-free dividends	(702,478)	(743,207)
High speed railway and cost reversal	457,598	549,205
Allowance for deferred income tax assets	(333,917)	426,091
Income tax expenses of overseas branches	456,327	362,539
Income basic tax	117,694	45,758
Adjustment of combined corporate income tax filing	(11,175)	(127,526)
Adjustment of income taxes estimated in prior years	-	118
Others	 216	333
Income tax expenses	\$ 620,628	582,967

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The major components of deferred income tax expense (benefit) were as follows:

	year ended cember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Pension costs in excess of tax limits	\$ (6,240)	503,936
Gains (losses) on valuation of foreign and derivative financial instruments	255,296	(673,471)
Unrealized gains (losses) on foreign currency exchange	(707,445)	357,182
Impairment loss on financial assets	22,994	88,448
Loss carryforward	172,022	(60,788)
Adjustment of combined corporate income tax filing	(48,433)	(127,526)
Deferred tax expense of overseas branches	4,226	-
Excess of allowance for doubtful account	45	-
Others	(93)	41,986
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	\$ (307,628)	129,767

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The temporary differences, loss carryforward, and tax effects relating to deferred income tax assets were as follows:

	The year ended December 31, 2012 Income tax Amount effect		The year ended December 31, 2011 Income tax Amount effect		
Deferred income tax assets:					
Pension costs in excess of tax limits	\$ 3,531,306	600,322	3,402,765	578,470	
Loss carryforward	4,396,416	747,391	5,153,400	876,078	
Excess of allowance for doubtful accounts	14,071	2,392	-	-	
Accumulated impairment loss of collateral assumed	16,494	2,804	16,494	2,804	
Unrealized losses on foreign currency exchange	7,837,076	1,332,303	4,427,271	752,636	
Impairment losses on financial assets	216,394	36,787	206,235	35,060	
Unrealized gains or losses on foreign and derivative financial instruments	(925,794)	(157,385)	716,259	121,764	
Allowance for inventory devaluation	25,622	4,356	-	-	
Foreign deferred income tax assets—loss carryforward and exchange effect	1,020,806	173,537	-	372,665	
Others	165,341 _	28,108	713,006	121,211	
Subtotal		2,770,615		2,860,688	
Allowance for deferred income tax assets	_	(474,139)		(808,056)	
	\$_	2,296,476		2,052,632	
Deferred income tax liabilities:	_				
Unrealized exchange gain	\$ 730,353	124,160	-	-	
Foreign deferred income tax liabilities—changes in exchange	196,465	33,399	-	33,672	
	\$ _	157,559		33,672	
Deferred income tax assets—net	\$_	2,138,917		2,018,960	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

According to income tax law, loss of a company could be used to offset taxable income in next ten years. On December 31, 2012, the amount of loss which could be used to offset taxable income was as follows:

Fiscal years	e year ended cember 31, 2012	Last year offsetable
2008, applied amount	\$ 32,856	2018
2009, assessed amount	1,993,914	2019
2010, applied amount	1,865,725	2020
2011, applied amount	357,576	2021
2012, estimated amount	 146,345	2022
	\$ 4,396,416	

The Company and its subsidiaries' income tax returns for all years through 2011 were audited by the MOA. Except for 2009, the income tax returns for the years from 2008 to 2011 are not assessed by the National Tax Administration.

Beginning 2008, the Company and its subsidiary BOT adopted a combined income tax declaration to report their tax. The subsidiaries BTLI and BTS join in adoption in 2009. As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, the details of receivables and payables resulting from income tax were as follows:

	The year ended December 31, 2012						
Fiscal years	fro par ii	receivables m affiliated ties (booked 1 accounts eceivable)	Tax payables to affiliated parties	Income tax receivables from National Tax Administration (booked in accounts receivable)	Income tax payables to National Tax Administration (booked in accounts payable)		
2008	\$	-	740,542	740,551	1,295		
2010		24,061	430,221	430,272	-		
2011		21,549	797,990	806,181	-		
2012		-	521,996	525,710			
	\$	45,610	2,490,749	2,502,714	1,295		

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Fiscal years	fro par iı	receivables m affiliated ties (booked accounts eceivable)	Tax payables to affiliated parties	ecember 31, 2011 Income tax receivables from National Tax Administration (booked in accounts receivable)	Income tax payables to National Tax Administration (booked in accounts payable)
2008	\$	-	740,542	740,551	1,295
2010		24,061	430,221	430,272	-
2011		21,549	797,990	806,181	
	\$	45,610	1,968,753	1,977,004	1,295

The reconciliation of the balances of current income tax expense, deferred income tax expense, deferred income tax assets, and income tax receivables under the provisions of SFAS No. 22 "Income Taxes" to the related balances computed for filing combined corporate income tax returns with the Company as the taxpayer was as follows:

the taxpayer was as follows:	ing cc	momed corp	orace meome ta	A Teturns with t	ne company as
		The	e year ended De	cember 31, 201	2
	in	Current come tax expense benefit)	Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	Deferred income tax assets, net	Affiliated Company receivable
Amount computed under SFAS No. 22	\$	928,256	(307,628)	2,138,917	2,278,484
Difference adjustments		-			
Amount computed for filing combined corporate income tax return	\$	928,256	(307,628)	2,138,917	2,278,484
		Current	e year ended De Deferred		
	(come tax expense benefit)	income tax expense (benefit)	Deferred income tax asset, net	Affiliated Company receivable
Amount computed under SFAS No. 22	\$	453,200	129,767	2,018,960	1,977,004
Difference adjustments					
Amount computed for filling combined corporate income tax returns	\$	453,200	129,767	2,018,960	1,977,004

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, unappropriated retained earnings were as follows:

	Fiscal years	year ended cember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
1998 and after		\$ 8,449,361	6,658,934

(29) Stockholders' Equity

1) Common stock

On January 1, 2008, the Company was incorporated through switch of shares and issued 9,000,000 thousand shares of common stock with a par value of \$10. As of December 31, 2012, the Company had authorized and issued \$90,000,000 thousand dollars of common stock.

2) Additional paid-in capital

The change in additional paid-in capital for the six-month periods ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 were as follows:

	Capital surplus			
		ne year ended ecember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011	
Beginning balance	\$	112,095,429	111,516,202	
Recognition of change in the subsidiaries' additional paid- in capital under equity method		(462,795)	579,227	
Closing balance	\$	111,632,634	112,095,429	

3) Distribution of unappropriated earnings

The articles of incorporation of the Company stipulate that net income should be distributed as follows:

- 1. to offset prior years' deficit;
- 2. to appropriate 10% as legal reserve;
- 3. to appropriate 40~60% and the same amount of unrealized loss on financial instruments under stockholders' equity as special reserve;
- 4. to appropriate dividends.

The remaining balance plus prior year's accumulated unappropriated earnings will be distributed under the applicable laws and regulations.

According to the Company's articles of incorporation, cash dividend cannot be distributed in excess of 15% of total capital unless the legal reserve reaches the total amount of capital.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

4) Special reserves

The board of directors agreed to distribute unappropriated earning using special reserve of \$1.153 billion and \$2.6 billion on December 8, 2011 and December 28, 2012, respectively.

(30) Earnings per Share

]	The year ended December 31, 2012		The year ended December 31, 2011	
	P	retax	After tax	Pretax	After tax
Net income (for common stockholders)	\$ <u>7</u>	<u>,916,989</u>	<u>7,296,361</u>	4,641,901	4,080,591
Weighted average outstanding shares (shares in thousands)	9	0,000,000	9,000,000	9,000,000	9,000,000
Primary earnings per share (in Dollars)	\$	0.88	<u>0.81</u>	0.52	0.45

(31) Net Insurance Business Income

The year ended December 31, 2012

	Em	over innent iployee School aff Insurance	BTLI	Total
Gross written premiums	\$	17,992,149	56,702,546	74,694,695
Reinsurance claims recovery		-	26,537	26,537
Investment-type insurance policy revenue	_		1,632,268	1,632,268
Insurance business revenue	_	17,992,149	58,361,351	76,353,500
Re-insurance expense		-	78,105	78,105
Direct business expense		-	24,076	24,076
Insurance payments		28,267,159	12,861,647	41,128,806
Stability fund		-	56,697	56,697
Investment-type insurance policy expense	_		1,632,268	1,632,268
Insurance business expense	_	28,267,159	14,652,793	42,919,952
Net insurance income (loss)	\$	(10,275,010)	43,708,558	33,433,548

Government

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

		The year (ended	December 3	1, 2011
	Em	ployee School aff Insurance]	BTLI	Total
Gross written premiums	\$	17,695,580		50,896,340	68,591,920
Reinsurance claims recovery		-		24,898	24,898
Investment-type insurance policy revenue				2,297,029	2,297,029
Insurance business revenue		17,695,580		53,218,267	70,913,847
Re-insurance expense		-		81,882	81,882
Direct business expense		-		41,477	41,477
Insurance payments		26,971,342		10,146,153	37,117,495
Stability fund		-		50,891	50,891
Investment-type insurance policy expense				2,297,029	2,297,029
Insurance business expense		26,971,342		12,617,432	39,588,774
Net insurance income	\$	(9,275,762)		40,600,835	31,325,073
(32) Assets impairment					
				2012	2011
Opening balance		9	\$	1,837,671	4,445,866
Loss recognized on assets impairment				72,267	4,173
Loss reversed				-	(41,200)
Unrealized gain on revaluation increments				(92,306)	(119,932)
Offset				(175,017)	(2,450,481)
Reclassification				(166,262)	-
Exchange difference				(163,014)	(755)
Ending balance		9	\$	1,313,339	1,837,671
The components of accumulated impairmen	t loss a	are as the follow	/s:	_	
			Dece	ear ended ember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Available-for-sale financial assets		9	\$	1,140,920	1,296,432
Held-to-maturity financial assets				70,974	206,235
Other financial assets				12,426	318,025
Other assets				21,950	16,979
Fixed assets				67,069	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Loss) gain on impairment was composed as the follows:

		e year ended ecember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Available-for-sale financial assets	\$	-	1,156
Other financial assets		-	(137)
Fixed assets		(59,978)	19,246
Other assets		(12,289)	16,762
	\$	(72,267)	37,027
) Provisions (Recoveries) for Insurance Policy Reserves			
		year ended ecember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Policyholders' reserve	\$	68,114,663	51,178,295
Special reserve		12,856	46,970
Claim reserve		21,209	(5,528)

(34) Disclosure in insurance contracts

Insufficient premium reserve

Foreign exchange volatility reserve

(33)

- 1) Description for insurance contract recognition
 - 1. Insurance contract and financial products with discretionary participation feature

Information on insurance contract and financial product with the discretionary participation feature of the subsidiary, BTLI, for the year ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 were as follows:

(a) Details of liability reserve

The year ended December 31, 2012

(439,414)

(73,760)

67,635,554

	Ins	surance Contract	Financial products with discretionary participation feature	Total
Life insurance	\$	203,722,095	122,545,691	326,267,786
Health insurance		4,146,548	-	4,146,548
Annuity insurance		24,638	6,619,698	6,644,336
Investment-linked insurance	_	5,086		5,086
Total	\$ _	207,898,367	129,165,389	337,063,756

(Continued)

(468,416)

50,751,321

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The year ended December 31, 2011

	Ins	surance Contract	Financial products with discretionary participation feature	Total
Life insurance	\$	177,172,272	98,952,526	276,124,798
Health insurance		3,694,575	-	3,694,575
Annuity insurance		23,678	6,183,037	6,206,715
Investment-linked insurance	_	10,253	<u> </u>	10,253
Total	\$	180,900,778	105,135,563	286,036,341

The reconciliation of the above mentioned changes in liability reserve is listed below:

The year ended December 31, 2012

	Ins	urance Contract	with discretionary participation feature	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2012	\$	180,900,778	105,135,563	286,036,341
Provision		37,925,322	25,789,664	63,714,986
Reclaim		(10,454,675)	(1,740,977)	(12,195,652)
Exchange rate effect		(449,907)	-	(449,907)
Others		(23,151)	(18,861)	(42,012)
Total	\$	207,898,367	129,165,389	337,063,756

The year ended December 31, 2011

	In	surance Contract	Financial products with discretionary participation feature	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2011	\$	153,492,502	84,636,298	238,128,800
Provision		34,728,135	22,522,137	57,250,272
Reclaim		(7,561,928)	(2,003,926)	(9,565,854)
Exchange rate effect		261,790	-	261,790
Others	_	(19,721)	(18,946)	(38,667)
Total	\$ _	180,900,778	105,135,563	286,036,341

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Details of provision for unearned premium

The year ended December 31, 2012

	Financial products with discretionary participation					
	Insu	rance Contract	feature	Total		
Personal life insurance	\$	5,221	10,59	2 15,813		
Personal injury insurance		83,272	-	83,272		
Personal health insurance		117,590	-	117,590		
Group insurance		146,862	-	146,862		
Investment-linked insurance		37		37		
Subtotal		352,982	10,59	2 363,574		
Deduction of provision for unearned premium-outward:						
Personal life insurance		487	11	5 602		
Personal injury insurance		9,236	-	9,236		
Group insurance		6,308		6,308		
Subtotal		16,031	11	5 16,146		
Total	\$	336,951	10,47	<u>7</u> <u>347,428</u>		

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The year ended December 31, 2011 Financial products

	Insuran	ce Contract	Financial products with discretionary participation feature	
Personal life insurance	\$	4,860	8,399	9 13,259
Personal injury insurance		83,698	-	83,698
Personal health insurance		117,850	-	117,850
Group insurance		152,811	-	152,811
Investment-linked insurance		31		31
Subtotal		359,250	8,399	9 367,649
Deduction of provision for unearned premiumoutward:				
Personal life insurance		638	8:	5 723
Personal injury insurance		10,419	-	10,419
Group insurance		8,817	-	8,817
Investment-linked insurance		1	-	1
Subtotal		19,875	8	5 19,960
Total	\$	339,375	8,314	4 347,689

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The reconciliation of the abovementioned changes in unearned premium is listed below:

		•	•			
	The year ended December 31, 2012 Financial products with discretionary participation					
	Insu	rance Contract	feature	Total		
January 1, 2012	\$	359,250	8,399	367,649		
Provision		352,978	10,591	363,569		
Reclaim		(359,244)	(8,399)	(367,643)		
Other		(1)		(1)		
December 31, 2012		352,983	10,591	363,574		
Deduction of provision for unearned premiumoutward:						
January 1, 2012		19,875	85	19,960		
Provision		16,032	114	16,146		
Reclaim		(19,875)	(85)	(19,960)		
December 31, 2012		16,032	114	16,146		
Total	\$	336,951	10,477	347,428		
	Insu	·	ended December 31 Financial products with discretionary participation feature	1, 2011		
January 1, 2011	\$	354,057	8,296	362,353		
Provision		359,250	8,399	367,649		
Reclaim		(354,056)	(8,297)	(362,353)		
December 31, 2011		359,251	8,398	367,649		
Deduction of provision for unearned premium-outward:						
January 1, 2011		20,273	55	20,328		
Provision		19,875	85	19,960		
Reclaim		(20,273)	(55)	(20,328)		
		400==		400		

December 31, 2011

Total

8,313

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(c) Details of provision for claims

The vear	ended	December	31,	2012
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	Financial products with discretionary participation Insurance Contract feature Total			
Personal life Insurance				
Reported but unpaid	\$	5,627	20,726	26,353
 Unreported and unpaid 	•	1,878	899	2,777
Personal injury insurance		,		,
Reported but unpaid		2	-	2
 Unreported and unpaid 		9,207	-	9,207
Personal health insurance		ŕ		•
 Reported but unpaid 		1,142	-	1,142
 Unreported and unpaid 		15,969	-	15,969
Group insurance				
 Reported but unpaid 		1,392	-	1,392
 Unreported and unpaid 		31,346		31,346
		66,563	21,625	88,188
Deduction of provision for claims-outward:				
Personal life Insurance		120	57	177
Personal injury insurance		322	-	322
Personal health insurance		7	-	7
Group insurance		1,933		1,933
Total		2,382	57	2,439
Net	\$	64,181	21,568	85,749

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The year ended December 31, 2011 Financial products

Personal life Insurance - Reported but unpaid \$ 4,888 518 5,406 - Unreported and unpaid 167 1,715 1,882 Personal injury insurance - Reported but unpaid 1,136 - 1,136 - Unreported and unpaid 6,911 - 6,911 Personal health insurance - Reported but unpaid 4,040 - 4,040 - Unreported and unpaid 13,535 - 13,535 Group insurance - Reported but unpaid 2,511 - 2,511 - Unreported and unpaid 30,725 - 30,725 Unitlinked insurance 1,135 - 1,135 Unreported and unpaid 1,135 - 1,135 Deduction of provision for claims-outward: - 1 1 Personal life Insurance - 1 1 Personal health insurance 587 - 587 Personal health insurance 4 - 4 4 Group insurance 2,149 - 2,149 Total 2,740 1 2,741 Net 8 62,308 2,232 64,540		Insurance Contract	Financial products with discretionary participation feature	Total
- Unreported and unpaid 167 1,715 1,882 Personal injury insurance - Reported but unpaid 1,136 - 1,136 - Unreported and unpaid 6,911 - 6,911 Personal health insurance - Reported but unpaid 4,040 - 4,040 - Unreported and unpaid 13,535 - 13,535 Group insurance - Reported but unpaid 2,511 - 2,511 - Unreported and unpaid 30,725 - 30,725 Unitlinked insurance 1,135 - 1,135 Unreported and unpaid 1,135 - 1,135 Deduction of provision for claims-outward: - 1 1 Personal life Insurance - 1 1 Personal health insurance 4 - 4 4 Personal health insurance 4 - 4 4 Group insurance 2,149 - 2,149 Total 2,740 1 2,741	Personal life Insurance			
Personal injury insurance - Reported but unpaid 1,136 - 1,136 - Unreported and unpaid 6,911 - 6,911 Personal health insurance - Reported but unpaid 4,040 - 4,040 - Unreported and unpaid 13,535 - 13,535 Group insurance - Reported but unpaid 2,511 - 2,511 - Unreported and unpaid 30,725 - 30,725 Unitlinked insurance - 1,135 - 1,135 Unreported and unpaid 1,135 - 1,135 Deduction of provision for claims-outward: - 1 1 Personal life Insurance - 1 1 Personal health insurance 4 - 5 587 Personal health insurance 4 - 4 4 Group insurance 2,149 - 2,149 Total 2,740 1 2,741	 Reported but unpaid 	\$ 4,888	518	5,406
- Reported but unpaid 1,136 - 1,136 - Unreported and unpaid 6,911 - 6,911 Personal health insurance - 4,040 - 4,040 - Reported but unpaid 13,535 - 13,535 Group insurance - 2,511 - 2,511 - Unreported but unpaid 30,725 - 30,725 Unitlinked insurance - 30,725 - 30,725 Unitlinked insurance - 1,135 - 1,135 Deduction of provision for claims-outward: - 1 1 1 Personal life Insurance - 1 1 1 Personal health insurance 587 - 587 Personal health insurance 4 - 4 Group insurance 2,149 - 2,149 Total 2,740 1 2,741	 Unreported and unpaid 	167	1,715	1,882
- Unreported and unpaid 6,911 - 6,911 Personal health insurance - 4,040 - 4,040 - Reported but unpaid 13,535 - 13,535 Group insurance - - 2,511 - Reported but unpaid 2,511 - 2,511 - Unreported and unpaid 30,725 - 30,725 Unitlinked insurance - 1,135 - 1,135 Unreported and unpaid 1,135 - 1,135 Deduction of provision for claims-outward: - 1 1 Personal life Insurance - 1 1 Personal health insurance 587 - 587 Personal health insurance 4 - 4 Group insurance 2,149 - 2,149 Total 2,740 1 2,741	Personal injury insurance			
Personal health insurance 4,040 - 4,040 - Reported but unpaid 13,535 - 13,535 Group insurance - 2,511 - 2,511 - Reported but unpaid 30,725 - 30,725 - Unreported and unpaid 1,135 - 1,135 Unreported and unpaid 1,135 - 1,135 Deduction of provision for claims-outward: - 1 1 Personal life Insurance - 1 1 Personal health insurance 4 - 587 Personal health insurance 4 - 4 Group insurance 2,149 - 2,149 Total 2,740 1 2,741	 Reported but unpaid 	1,136	-	1,136
- Reported but unpaid 4,040 - 4,040 - Unreported and unpaid 13,535 - 13,535 Group insurance - 2,511 - 2,511 - Reported but unpaid 30,725 - 30,725 Unitlinked insurance - 30,725 - 30,725 Unreported and unpaid 1,135 - 1,135 65,048 2,233 67,281 Deduction of provision for claims-outward: - 1 1 Personal life Insurance - 1 1 Personal injury insurance 587 - 587 Personal health insurance 4 - 4 Group insurance 2,149 - 2,149 Total 2,740 1 2,741	 Unreported and unpaid 	6,911	-	6,911
- Unreported and unpaid 13,535 - 13,535 Group insurance - 2,511 - 2,511 - Unreported and unpaid 30,725 - 30,725 Unitlinked insurance - 1,135 - 1,135 Unreported and unpaid 1,135 - 1,135 65,048 2,233 67,281 Deduction of provision for claims-outward: - 1 1 Personal life Insurance - 1 1 Personal injury insurance 587 - 587 Personal health insurance 4 - 4 Group insurance 2,149 - 2,149 Total 2,740 1 2,741	Personal health insurance			
Group insurance 2,511 - 2,511 - Reported but unpaid 30,725 - 30,725 Unitlinked insurance 1,135 - 1,135 Unreported and unpaid 1,135 - 1,135 65,048 2,233 67,281 Deduction of provision for claims-outward: - 1 1 Personal life Insurance - 1 1 Personal injury insurance 587 - 587 Personal health insurance 4 - 4 Group insurance 2,149 - 2,149 Total 2,740 1 2,741	 Reported but unpaid 	4,040	-	4,040
- Reported but unpaid 2,511 - 2,511 - Unreported and unpaid 30,725 - 30,725 Unitlinked insurance - 1,135 - 1,135 Unreported and unpaid 1,135 - 1,135 - 67,281 Deduction of provision for claims-outward: - 1 1 1 Personal life Insurance - 1 1 1 Personal injury insurance 587 - 587 Personal health insurance 4 - 4 Group insurance 2,149 - 2,149 Total 2,740 1 2,741	 Unreported and unpaid 	13,535	-	13,535
- Unreported and unpaid 30,725 - 30,725 Unitlinked insurance 1,135 - 1,135 Unreported and unpaid 1,135 - 1,135 65,048 2,233 67,281 Deduction of provision for claims-outward: - 1 1 Personal life Insurance - 1 1 Personal injury insurance 587 - 587 Personal health insurance 4 - 4 Group insurance 2,149 - 2,149 Total 2,740 1 2,741	Group insurance			
Unitlinked insurance 1,135 - 1,135 Unreported and unpaid 1,135 - 1,135 65,048 2,233 67,281 Deduction of provision for claims-outward: Personal life Insurance - 1 1 Personal injury insurance 587 - 587 Personal health insurance 4 - 4 Group insurance 2,149 - 2,149 Total 2,740 1 2,741	 Reported but unpaid 	2,511	-	2,511
Unreported and unpaid 1,135 - 1,135 65,048 2,233 67,281 Deduction of provision for claims-outward: Personal life Insurance - 1 1 Personal injury insurance 587 - 587 Personal health insurance 4 - 4 Group insurance 2,149 - 2,149 Total 2,740 1 2,741	 Unreported and unpaid 	30,725	-	30,725
Deduction of provision for claims-outward: 4 2,233 67,281 Personal life Insurance - 1 1 Personal injury insurance 587 - 587 Personal health insurance 4 - 4 Group insurance 2,149 - 2,149 Total 2,740 1 2,741	Unitlinked insurance			
Deduction of provision for claims-outward: Personal life Insurance - 1 1 Personal injury insurance 587 - 587 Personal health insurance 4 - 4 Group insurance 2,149 - 2,149 Total 2,740 1 2,741	Unreported and unpaid	1,135		1,135
claims-outward: Personal life Insurance - 1 1 Personal injury insurance 587 - 587 Personal health insurance 4 - 4 Group insurance 2,149 - 2,149 Total 2,740 1 2,741		65,048	2,233	67,281
Personal injury insurance 587 - 587 Personal health insurance 4 - 4 Group insurance 2,149 - 2,149 Total 2,740 1 2,741				
Personal health insurance 4 - 4 Group insurance 2,149 - 2,149 Total 2,740 1 2,741	Personal life Insurance	-	1	1
Group insurance 2,149 - 2,149 Total 2,740 1 2,741	Personal injury insurance	587	-	587
Total 2,740 1 2,741	Personal health insurance	4	-	4
	Group insurance	2,149		2,149
Net \$ <u>62,308</u> <u>2,232</u> <u>64,540</u>	Total	2,740	1	2,741
	Net	\$ <u>62,308</u>	2,232	64,540

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The reconciliation of the abovementioned changes in provision for claims is listed below:

	The year ended December 31, 2012 Financial products with discretionary			
	Insu	rance Contract	participation feature	Total
January 1, 2012	\$	65,048	2,233	67,281
Provision		221,092	26,223	247,315
Reclaim		(219,577)	(6,831)	(226,408)
December 31, 2012		66,563	21,625	88,188
Deduction of provision for claims-outward				
January 1, 2012		2,740	1	2,741
Provision		9,287	160	9,447
Reclaim		(9,645)	(104)	(9,749)
December 31, 2012		2,382	57	2,439
Closing Balance	\$	64,181	21,568	85,749
	Insu	The year o	ended December 3 Financial products with discretionary participation feature	51, 2011 Total
January 1, 2011	\$	68,799	1,269	70,068
Provision		188,013	4,848	192,861
Reclaim		(191,764)	(3,884)	(195,648)
December 31, 2011		65,048	2,233	67,281
Deduction of provision for claims-outward January 1, 2011		_	_	_
Provision		10,906	1	10,907
Reclaim		(8,166)	-	(8,166)
December 31, 2011		2,740	1	2,741
Closing Balance	\$	62,308	2,232	64,540

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(d) Details of special reserve for life insurance

THE YEAR CHUCU DECEMBER 31, 201	The vear	ended	December	31,	2012
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	Financial products with discretionary participation Insurance Contract feature Total				
Legal reserve					
Personal life insurance	\$	3,882	1,854	5,736	
Personal injury insurance		28,896	-	28,896	
Personal health insurance		61,241	-	61,241	
Group insurance	-	70,916	<u> </u>	70,916	
•		164,935	1,854	166,789	
Provision for bonus risk		240,812	<u> </u>	240,812	
Total	\$	405,747	1,854	407,601	
	- <u>-</u>	The year o	ndad Dagambar 31	2011	

The year ended December 31, 2011

Financial products with discretionary participation **Insurance Contract** Total feature Legal reserve Personal life Insurance \$ 8,261 3,709 11,970 Personal injury insurance 60,097 60,097 123,711 123,711 Personal health insurance Group insurance 145,662 145,662 337,731 3,709 341,440 247,631 247,631 Provision for bonus risk Total 585,362 3,709 589,071

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The reconciliation of the abovementioned changes in special reserve is listed below:

		The year ended December 31, 2012 Financial products with discretionary participation					
		Insurance Contract	feature	Other	Total		
January 1, 2012	\$	585,362	3,709	-	589,071		
Provision of special reserve-significant incident over 15 years		(2,429)	-	-	(2,429)		
The amount of actual indemnity minus provision of special reserve-significant incident exceeds expected indemnity		(1,503)	-	-	(1,503)		
Provision of bonus risk reserve		58,680	-	-	58,680		
Reclaim of bonus risk reserve		(41,892)	-	-	(41,892)		
Other	_	(192,471)	(1,855)		(194,326)		
Closing Balance	\$_	405,747	1,854		407,601		

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The year	ended	Decem	ber 3	31,	2011
Financial	produc	ets			
with dicor	otiona	***			

			with discretionary participation		
		Insurance Contract	feature	Other	Total
January 1, 2011	\$	534,031	8,070	-	542,101
Provision of special reserve-significant incident over 15 years		(4,857)	-	-	(4,857)
The amount of actual indemnity minus provision of special reserve-significant incident exceeds expected indemnity		(570)	-	-	(570)
Contingent special reserve-risk volatility exceeds 30% of retained premium		(42,811)	(4,361)	-	(47,172)
Provision of bonus risk reserve		123,909	-	-	123,909
Reclaim of bonus risk reserve		(24,340)	-	-	(24,340)
Closing Balance	\$_	585,362	3,709	-	589,071

(e) Premium deficiency reserve

The year ended December 31, 2012 Financial products

	with discretionary participation Insurance Contract feature Total				
Personal life insurance	\$	949,521	-	949,521	
Group insurance		16,287		16,287	
Total	\$	965,808		965,808	

The year ended December 31, 2011

	Financial products with discretionary participation Insurance Contract feature Total				
Personal life insurance	\$	1,399,586	-	1,399,586	
Personal injury insurance		629	-	629	
Group insurance		5,007		5,007	
Total	\$	1,405,222		1,405,222	

(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The reconciliation of the above change as in premium deficiency reserve is listed below:

The year en	nded Decem	ber 31	l, 2012
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	Insu	rance Contract	Financial products with discretionary participation feature	Total
January 1, 2012	\$	1,405,222	-	1,405,222
Provision		37,720	-	37,720
Reclaim		(477,134)		(477,134)
Closing Balance	\$	965,808		965,808
	Insu	The year	ended December 3 Financial products with discretionary participation feature	1, 2011 Total
January 1, 2011	\$	1,873,638	-	1,873,638
Provision		10,545	-	10,545
Reclaim		(478,961)		(478,961)

(f) Special reserve-significant incidents and special reserve-risk volatility detail:

Closing Balance

The year ended December 31, 2012

1,405,222 ______

	Insur	ance Contract	Financial products with discretionary participation feature	Total
Personal life insurance	\$	2,052	4,768	6,820
Personal injury insurance		28,119	-	28,119
Personal health insurance		51,035	-	51,035
Group insurance		67,155		67,155
Total	\$	148,361	4,768	153,129

1,405,222

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The year ended December 31, 2011

	Insura	ance Contract	rinancial products with discretionary participation feature	Total
Personal life insurance	\$	718	1,925	2,643
Personal injury insurance		10,925	-	10,925
Personal health insurance		17,651	-	17,651
Group insurance		24,143		24,143
Total	\$	53,437	1,925	55,362

(g) Details of provision for liability adequacy

Financial contract and financial products with discretionary participation feature

	with discretionary participation leatu		
		he year ended becember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Unearned premium reserve	\$	10,629	-
Liability reserve		336,933,043	285,895,331
Premium deficiency reserve		949,521	1,399,587
Special reserve of life insurance		240,812	
Book value of insurance liability	\$	338,134,005	287,294,918
Estimate of present cash flow	\$	335,674,601	247,430,606
Provision for liability adequacy balance	\$	-	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Short term insurance: All short term insurance are tested.

The year ended December 31, 2012

	Loss %	Fee %	Expense %	Combined %
short term insurance	40.5 %	12.8 %	23.3 %	76.5 %
	T	he year ended Dec	cember 31, 2011	
	Loss %	Fee %	Expense %	Combined %
short term insurance	38.6 %	12.9 %	17.2 %	69.0 %
Reinsurance:				
	7	The year ended De	cember 31, 2012	
	Reinsurance	Agency and transaction fee	Reinsurance paid	Combined %
Short term	5,104	2,447	1,978	86.7 %
	Т	The year ended De	cember 31, 2011	
	Reinsurance	Agency and transaction fee	Reinsurance paid	Combined %
Short term	5,651	2,388	1,740	73.0 %

The liability adequacy test method of the Company is listed below:

	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Test Method	Long term insurance : gross premium evaluation method: Short term insurance (reinsurance) : loss evaluation method	Long term insurance : gross premium evaluation method: Short term insurance (reinsurance) : loss evaluation method
Group	Test long and short term insurance separately	Test long and short term insurance separately
Significant assumption	Discount rates are calculated using the best estimated scenario investment return based on Assumption actuary report of 2011, with unchanged assumption for discount rates after 30 year	Set up the assumed discount rate of future years based on the assets allocation of the company and the weighted daverage investments reward ratio

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- (h) Foreign exchange volatility reserve
 - a) Hedge strategy and exposure of foreign exchange volatility

Up to the end of 2012, the whole hedge rate was 75%. We should adjust the hedge rate regarding to future foreign exchange and hedge cost in order to ease foreign exchange volatility risk.

b) Adjust meant of foreign exchange volatility reserve is as follows:

	Financial products with discretionary participation featur	
		year ended cember 31, 2012
January 1, 2012	\$	170,720
Fixed provision		94,730
Incremental provision		322,699
Reclaim		<u>(491,189</u>)
December 31, 2012	\$	96,960

2. Revenue of matured retention premium

The year ended December 31, 2012

	Inst	urance Contract	Financial products with discretionary participation feature	Total
Written premium revenue	\$	32,569,689	24,127,753	56,697,442
Reinsurance premium revenue		5,104		5,104
Premium revenue		32,574,793	24,127,753	56,702,546
Deduct: Reinsurance premium expenses		77,876	229	78,105
Provision of net unearned	_	(2,424)	2,163	(261)
		75,452	2,392	77,844
Revenue of matured retention premium	\$	32,499,341	24,125,361	56,624,702

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The year ended December 31, 2011

	Insi	ırance Contract	Financial products with discretionary participation feature	Total
Written premium revenue	\$	29,524,131	21,366,558	50,890,689
Reinsurance premium revenue		5,651		5,651
Premium revenue		29,529,782	21,366,558	50,896,340
Deduct: Reinsurance premium expenses		81,712	170	81,882
Provision of net unearned premium		5,591	73	5,664
-		87,303	243	87,546
Revenue of matured retention	\$	29,442,479	21,366,315	50,808,794

3. Retained insurance claims and benefits

The year ended December 31, 2012

	Insu	rance Contract	with discretionary participation feature	Total
Claims of directly written insurance contracts	\$	10,882,825	1,976,844	12,859,669
Claims of reinsurance		1,978		1,978
Insurance claims and benefits		10,884,803	1,976,844	12,861,647
Deduct: Amortized reinsurance claims and benefits		(26,379)	(158)	(26,537)
Retained insurance claims and benefits	\$	10,858,424	1,976,686	12,835,110

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The year ended December 31, 2011

	Insurance Contract	with discretionary participation feature	Total
Claims of directly written insurance contracts	\$ 7,938,805	2,205,608	10,144,413
Claims of reinsurance	1,740		1,740
Insurance claims and benefits	7,940,545	2,205,608	10,146,153
Deduct: Amortized reinsurance claims and benefits	(24,898)	-	(24,898)
Retained insurance claims and benefits	\$	2,205,608	10,121,255

- 2) Subsidiary, BTLI The property and scope regarding the risk of insurance contracts
 - 1. The target, policy, procedure and method of risk management for insurance contract
 - (a) The system, organization and the range of responsibilities of risk management

The risk management structure of the Bank includes the Board of Directors, risk management committee, internal audit department and authorities in charge of all business units. Their responsibilities are as follows:

- a) Board of Directors
 - a. The Board of Director holds the highest responsibility in maintaining the risk management of the subsidiary
 - b. The Board of Directors shall formulate operating strategies according to the operating condition of the subsidiary, establishing effective risk management policy, ensuring the consistency of the risk managing system and the condition of the subsidiary as well as the capital adequacy in response of all risks.
- b) Risk management Committee
 - a. Executing and implementing the risk management strategy and integrating risk-related issues between various units across the subsidiary.
 - b. Formulate risk management policies, structure, organize function, and assemble qualified and quantified management standards. To report to the Board of Directors on a timely basis as well as reflecting the conditions of risk management along with compulsory suggestions for improvements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

c) Risk management department

- a. Responsible of the overall risk management of the subsidiary.
- b. Implement, monitor and measure the subsequent conditions of the policies and procedures approved by the Board of Directors or the risk management committee and report back to them. If any risk exposures exceeding the capacity of the subsidiary is discovered, the department has the responsibility to take reasonable actions and report to the Board of Directors.
- c. Assist the Board of Directors in the implementation and formulation of risk management policies.
- d. Establish the subsidiary's primary risk management standards and procedures as a reference for all units and to report to the Parent company for back additional investigation.
- e. Report to the Board of Directors and risk management committee on a regular basis regarding all operational risk management conditions as means of control and understanding the subsidiary's risk tolerance for decision making. Monthly reports on risk management shall be reported to the Parent Company.

d) All operational units

Every department shall identify, evaluate, and control the risks of any new products or operations and establish the risk management process accordingly.

e) Auditing office of the Board of Directors

The auditing office shall audit the subsidiary, BTLI's condition of risk management in accordance with applicable regulations and legislations.

(b) Risk management procedures and protocols

- a) Risk management procedures and protocols include risk identification, measurement, and response to risk, monitoring, and data communication. Moreover, to integrate risk management procedures to an operational level, in order to reflect the impact of risk from various operations.
- b) Establish relevant risk indicators for all risks for operations concerning the procedures, period and frequency of identification, measurement and evaluation of risk as means of decision making. It also includes evaluating performances and allocating resources.
- c) After the evaluation and compilation of risk, the appropriate responding procedure from BTLI shall include the following:
 - a. Risk averse: to exclude any participation or terminate operations and activities
 - b. Risk transfer: to reinsure or transfer all risks or partial risks to a third party.
 - c. Risk control: to adopt risk controlling procedures in order to minimize any impact.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- d. Risk tolerance: to tolerate any possible impact of risk by not initiating procedures as means of changing the probabilities of outcome.
- d) Establish a risk monitoring system, timely scrutinize and monitor all risks. If risks are in excess, it should report and respond accordingly.
- e) The aforementioned risk monitoring and reporting system shall change with the adjustment of operating objectives, risk exposure and external conditions of the subsidiary, including the effectiveness of the risk management system and the appropriateness of risk elements.

2. Information of insurance risk

(a) Sensitivity of insurance risk – Insurance contracts and financial products with discretionary feature:

The year ended December 31, 2012

	Rate	Rate	Rate
Death rate	X1.1	(13,812)	(11,464)
Morbidity	X1.1	(17,531)	(14,550)
Contract default rate	X0.9	(28,149)	(23,363)
Expense	X1.1	(280,597)	(232,896)
Ratio of Return on Investment	(0.25)%	(759,940)	(630,750)

The year ended December 31, 2011

	Rate	Rate	Rate
Death rate	X1.1	(12,744)	(10,577)
Morbidity	X1.1	(21,089)	(17,504)
Contract default rate	X0.9	(14,764)	(12,254)
Expense	X1.1	(259,194)	(215,131)
Ratio of Return on Investment	(0.25)%	(639,071)	(530,409)

(b) The statement of insurance risk concentration

BTLI does not target its insurance product at any group, age or gender. Insurance service area includes the whole Taiwan. In order to increase subsidiary's management in insurance risk, BTLI established "BTLI reinsurance management plan" to further implement all sorts of risk managing strategies. As a result, BTLI does not have concerns in high risk concentration.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(c) Claim development trend

a) Development trend of direct business loss

Life insurance

Occurrence				Developm	ent year				Claim
year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	provision
<=92	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
93	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
94	19,029	27,915	28,250	28,310	28,310	28,311	28,308	28,313	-
95	28,076	36,415	37,486	37,546	37,605	37,896	37,896	-	7
96	23,431	30,238	30,314	30,337	30,346	30,346	-	-	4
97	22,730	29,165	29,225	34,651	34,651	-	-	-	110
98	29,207	35,332	35,355	35,355	-	_	-	-	130
99	15,701	19,978	20,025	-	-	-	-	-	771
100	18,332	22,984		-	-	-	-	-	1,099
101	28,407	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,017

Provision for unreported and unpaid claims

12,138 (1,000)

Less: reported and unpaid claims Unreported provision for claims

(1,000) 11,138

Injury insurance

Occurrence		Development year									
year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	provision		
<=92	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
93	-	-	-	-			-	20,227	-		
94	75,837	113,480	114,324	119,720	119,904	120,170	120,227	-	-		
95	61,402	78,349	83,850	84,379	84,391	84,401	84,404	-	-		
96	328,882	412,974	427,079	428,696	429,778	429,781	-	-	128		
97	65,499	90,685	92,741	92,763	92,793	-	-	-	68		
98	50,763	68,954	73,277	74,543	-	-	-	-	189		
99	59,149	87,759	93,667	-	-	-	-	-	1,286		
100	57,707	76,399	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,024		
101	52,147	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,753		

Provision for unreported and unpaid claims

26,448 (161)

Less: reported and unpaid claims Unreported provision for claims

26,287

Health insurance

Occurrence		Development year									
year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	provision		
<=92	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
93	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
94	88,099	104,375	105,542	105,625	105,625	105,665	105,665	105,665	-		
95	79,512	95,289	96,086	96,146	96,169	96,169	96,219	-	-		
96	73,363	89,548	90,485	90,521	90,521	90,521	-	-	22		
97	77,081	93,683	94,387	94,427	94,434	-	-	-	36		
98	80,722	98,054	98,697	98,749	-	-	-	-	46		
99	75,685	92,546	93,689	-	-	-	-	-	96		
100	82,324	103,408	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,078		
101	93,290	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,309		

Provision for unreported and unpaid claims

22,587

Less: reported and unpaid claims

(713)

Unreported provision for claims

21,874

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

b) Development trend of retained business loss

Life insurance

Occurrence			Development year							
year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	provision	
<=92	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
93	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
94	16,649	25,013	25,348	25,408	25,408	25,409	25,406	25,411	-	
95	23,116	31,085	32,156	32,216	32,274	32,566	32,566	-	6	
96	21,589	27,846	27,922	27,945	27,954	27,954	-	i	3	
97	20,586	26,572	26,632	31,557	31,557	-	-	-	100	
98	26,735	32,460	32,483	32,483	-	-	-	-	120	
99	14,579	18,556	18,602	-	-	-	-	1	716	
100	17,044	21,246	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,016	
101	27,153	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,575	

Provision for unreported and unpaid claims Less: reported and unpaid claims

11,536 (1,000) 10,536

Unreported provision for claims

Injury insurance

Occurrence				Developn	nent year				Claim
year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	provision
<=92	-		-	-		-	-	-	-
93	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
94	67,186	99,922	100,749	104,686	104,870	105,135	105,192	105,192	-
95	56,994	72,341	77,378	77,864	77,876	77,886	77,890	-	-
96	186,425	238,051	246,126	247,043	247,954	247,957	-	-	73
97	54,149	75,927	77,889	77,910	77,941	-	-	-	57
98	46,207	63,048	67,051	68,196	-	-	-	-	173
99	52,837	78,304	83,945	-	-	-	-	-	1,153
100	53,385	70,902	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,735
101	49,116	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,547

Provision for unreported and unpaid claims Less: reported and unpaid claims

24,738 (161)

Unreported provision for claims

24,577

Health insurance

Occurrence	Development year									
year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	provision	
<=92	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
93	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
94	88,099	104,375	105,542	105,625	105,625	105,665	105,665	105,665	-	
95	79,512	95,289	96,086	96,146	96,169	96,169	96,219	-	-	
96	73,363	89,548	90,485	90,521	90,521	90,521	-	-	22	
97	77,081	93,683	94,387	94,427	94,434	-	-	-	36	
98	80,722	98,054	98,697	98,749	-	-	-	-	46	
99	75,685	92,546	93,689	-	-	-	-		96	
100	82,324	103,408	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,078	
101	93,290	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,309	

Provision for unreported and unpaid claims Less: reported and unpaid claims

(713)

Unreported provision for claims

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Subsidiary, BTLI, provides claim reserve based on the expected future payments and relevant compensation process cost of reported and unreported claims. Such provision operation involves vast uncertainty, estimates and judgments, and is highly complicated. Any change of estimation or judgment is regarded as changes in accounting estimates and the amount of changes is recognized as current gains and losses. Some claims may be delayed to inform BTLI. In addition, when estimating the potential compensation amount of unreported claims, it involves vast past compensation experience and subjective judgment, therefore, it is not able to confirm that the estimated reserve for claims on the balance sheet date will equal to the final compensation amount. The estimate of reserve for claims is based on the information currently available, however, the final result may deviate the original estimate due to the subsequent development.

The above table demonstrates the development trend of claims (excluding the claims which will confirm the compensation amount and time in one year). The vertical shaft represents the year which the claim event occurred, and the horizontal shaft represents the development years. Every slash represents the accumulated compensation amount at the end of each year. The compensation amount refers to the claims whether they are ruled or not. It explains how BTLI estimates the compensation amount of each year as time passes by. The scenario and trend which affect the amount of reserve for claims may not be the same as they will be in the future; therefore, the estimated future compensation amount is not able to be determined by the claim development trend revealed by the above table.

3. Information of insurance risk

(a) Credit risk

The credit risk of insurance contract mainly comes from the inability of reinsurers to fulfill the obligation of reinsurance contracts and caused the subsidiary, BTLI, to encounter financial losses. The credit rating of the counter-party for the subsidiary, BTLI, for the years ended December 31, 2012 are all above S&P A-. The details were as follows:

The year ended December 31, 2012										
Name	Credit rating agent	Credit rating	Date of rating							
Central Re	S&P	A-	10.20.2006							
Munich Re	S&P	AA-	12.22.2006							
Swiss Re	S&P	AA-	10.28.2011							
Cologne Re	S&P	AA+	02.04.2010							
Gibraltar Re	S&P	AA-	02.26.2009							
Dai-ichi Mutual Life	S&P	A	03.23.2006							

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Liquidity risk

The subsidiary, BTLI, estimates its future insurance liability cash flow based on the effective premiums from traditional insurance, life insurance, interest-linked annuity and foreign currency insurance for the year ended December 31, 2012, as well as the subsidiary's actual experience in associated actuarial assumptions (such as death rate, contract defaults, expenses, agent fee, compulsory bonus dividend, mortality rate and announced interest rate). The liability cash flow is greater than, the actual cash flow in the long term (10 years from now); however, taking subsidiary's cash and cash equivalents and future insurance premiums into account, the cash flow gap shall be closed in the long term.

(c) Market risk

Market risk in insurance contracts refers to the adverse changes in the market resulting in the returns on investment lower than the assumed interest rate for the insurance designed. As a result, insurers are subject to financial losses. Considering the subsidiary, BTLI's assumed interest with the return on investment for the year ended December 31, 2012, the risk taken by BTLI is within the acceptable level after evaluation.

4. Information regarding risk exposure for embedded insurance contract not measured using fair value: None.

(35) Information on Financial Instruments

1) Information on fair value of financial instruments

	The year December		The year ended December 31, 2011		
	Book Value	Fair Value	Book Value	Fair Value	
Financial Assets:					
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 147,512,761	147,512,761	111,746,984	111,746,984	
Discounts and loans,net	2,182,122,142	2,182,122,142	2,158,327,794	2,158,327,794	
Available-for-sale financial assets	777,192,341	777,192,341	802,058,331	802,058,331	
Held-to-maturity financial assets	244,048,117	248,320,864	227,724,845	222,699,405	
Other financial assets	114,965,947	114,965,947	110,755,243	110,755,243	
Financial Liabilities:					
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	4,508,508	4,508,508	4,274,874	4,274,874	
Other financial liabilities	13,185,447	13,185,447	11,246,261	11,246,261	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2) The derivative financial instruments hold by the Company and the subsidiaries were as follows:

		The year		The year		
		December 3		December		
	_		Notional		Notional	
	В	ook value	amount	Book value	amount	
Derivative financial assets:						
Buy side foreign exchange option	\$	66,487	10,205,222	8,938	5,049,048	
Structured products		7,542,327	7,533,514	-	-	
Fx Swaps and Cross currency swaps		3,730,860	440,867,610	9,058,832	547,123,559	
Interest rate swaps		3,069	490,127	409,929	9,031,487	
Foreign exchange forward transaction		543,839	62,693,851	1,163,071	56,492,748	
Assets-Swaps		61,856	2,032,450	-	-	
Commercial paper with fixed rate		(3,874)	1,200,000	(3,679)	1,700,000	
Derivative financial liabilities:						
Stock warrants		1,133	4,047	-	-	
Sell side foreign exchange option		77,017	10,273,357	9,113	4,949,172	
Fx Swaps and Cross currency swaps		3,081,190	402,059,661	3,042,673	309,667,710	
Interest rate swaps		754,810	15,073,803	906,650	15,668,237	
Foreign exchange forward transaction		542,135	57,426,372	316,438	37,951,077	
Assets-Swaps		52,223	2,235,695	-	-	

- 3) Methods and assumptions used by the Company and its subsidiaries for fair value evaluation of financial instruments were as follows:
 - 1. Since these instruments have short-term maturities, the book value is a reasonable basis to estimate the fair value. This method is applied to cash and cash equivalents, placement with Central Bank and call loans to banks, bills and bonds purchased under resell agreements, receivables, other financial assets, deposits of Central Bank and other banks, bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements, payables, deposits and other liabilities.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 2. When the financial assets have a public quotation from an active market, the market price is considered the fair value. If a quoted market price is unavailable, then the fair value is determined based on a valuation model. The estimates and assumptions of the valuation model adopted by the Company and its subsidiaries are identical to those adopted by other market participants.
- 3. The interest on discounts and loans is calculated by a floating rate; therefore, the book value is the fair value.
- 4. Most deposits mature within one year. If it matures in more than one year, the interest is calculated by a floating rate. Thus the book value is the fair value.
- 5. The fair value of each forward contract is determined by the discounted cash flow using Reuters forward rate upon maturity. The fair value of interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps is calculated either by the quotation from the counterparty or by the price from Bloomberg, while the Black Scholes model is applied to evaluate the fair value of options.
- 4) The fair values of the financial instruments of the Company and its subsidiaries which were based on the quoted market price or a valuation model were as follows:

	The year ended December 31, 2012 Quoted market			The year ended December 31, 2011 Quoted market		
	V.	price	Valuation model	-	Valuation model	
Financial assets:						
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$	79,336,672	68,176,089	66,847,255	44,899,729	
Discounts and loans,net		-	2,182,122,142	-	2,158,327,794	
Available-for-sale financial assets		82,967,811	694,224,530	91,697,334	710,360,997	
Held-to-maturity financial assets		46,102,859	202,218,005	42,399,402	180,300,003	
Other financial assets		-	114,965,947	-	110,755,243	
Financial liabilities:						
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		-	4,508,508	-	4,274,874	
Other financial liabilities		-	13,185,447	-	11,246,261	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, the Company and its subsidiaries recognized (losses) gains on valuation of \$(4,684,206) and \$11,452,185, respectively, based on a valuation model. The details were as follows:

	D	The year ended December 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011	
Financial assets:	L	eccinoci 51, 2012	December 51, 2011	
Valuation (losses) gains for assets held for trading	\$	(6,457,709)	836,962	
Valuation (losses) gains for assets designated at fair value		1,200,424	(410,753)	
(Losses) gains on impairment for available-for-sale financial assets		155,512	129,463	
Valuation (losses) gains for hedging derivatives		1,638	(3,139,414)	
(Losses) gains on impairment for bond investment in non-active		317,888	(8,138)	
(Losses) gains on impairment for assets are carried at cost		(12,289)	(137)	
market	_			
Subtotal	_	(4,794,536)	(2,592,017)	
Financial liabilities:				
Valuation (losses) gains for liabilities held for trading	3	1,813	14,198,760	
Valuation (losses) gains for derivatives	_	108,517	(154,558)	
Subtotal	_	110,330	14,044,202	
Total	\$_	(4,684,206)	11,452,185	

5) Financial risk information

1. Market risk

(a) BOT

Market risk (also called "price risk") means changes such as in interest rates, exchange rates, and the prices of equity securities and instruments which may result in a loss for BOT, either on or off the balance sheet.

In order to establish and effectively operate the Market Risk Control Mechanism, all subsidiaries, in accordance with their cash capital and operating condition, implement appropriate market risk control in daily operations and management procedures, such as

- a) Identifying, evaluating and analyzing (qualification/non-qualification) risks and adopting appropriate methods (including risk hedging, risk sharing, risk reduction, and risk bearing).
- b) Each unit following the Market Risk Management Guidelines for position management, actively monitoring various limits, and reporting to the responsible unit or the risk management department.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

c) Verifying the position data and profit or loss status with the accounting department to ensure the consistency and completeness of data, and setting up a separate risk management unit to help control BOT's overall market risk.

BOT utilizes the standard method (IMA) for calculating market risk capital to meet the requirement of the competent authority. In the future, the Bank will adopt a market risk management system and use VAR to enhance risk gain or loss analysis and overall reporting ability. Furthermore, BOT will amend relevant policies and standards in accordance with the request of regulators.

(b) BTI

Fair value of the domestic and foreign bonds held by the Company varies according to the fluctuation of market interest or exchange rate. In order to prevent the risk of exchange rate, the Company signed foreign exchange forward contracts to hedge.

The investments held by BTI are classified as trading security financial assets and available-for-sale financial assets. Due to the value of the assets are measured in fair value, BTI shall be exposed to the risk of changing price of market.

(c) BTS

Market risk is the risk that the Company will suffer losses due to market interest rate or exchange rate fluctuation. If the transaction purpose is to hedge, market risk will be eliminated by the hedged items. If the transaction purpose is trading, the Company will set a stop-loss point in the beginning. Therefore, the Company can confine the losses within an expected range.

BTS can manage its risk through the following:

- a) The content, range of transaction, and authorization of levels should be clearly defined.
- b) Risk should be identified, measured, supervised, and controlled while operating financial instrument, the risk undertaken should be within the capacity of BTS.
- c) Establishing risk target of market, precaution system, overrunning handling, and communication system to take proper policy of market risk, in order to accomplish fully supervising and prevention.
- d) Establishing market risk information management system, including transaction system, operating system, and risk management system to define the responsibility, ensure the independence of the system, and keep the system proper and in balance.
- e) Create a model of market risk to assess and express the exposure of BTS, furthermore, to systematically manage the risk exposed.
- f) Assessing market risk and preparing paper work before creating financial instrument, changing operating process, or developing information system and explore new financial services and products.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

g) Enforcing the professional knowledge and training, and harness risk sensitivity within the corporation culture.

Credit risk

(a) The possibility of a loss occurring due to the failure of a counterparty or third party to meet contractual debt obligations

Commodities owned and issued by the Company and its subsidiaries may cause a loss when the contractual debt obligations are not met. Therefore, the Company and its subsidiaries always conduct credit evaluations in accordance with the Credit Policy and Regulation in handling credit business such as loans, commitments and guarantees. The details were as follows:

(In millions of NTD)

The year	habna	December	31	2012	
i ne vear	enaea	December	JI.	ZUIZ	

Item	Sec	cured amount	Total amount	Percentage of total amount	
Loan (note 1)	\$	1,286,840	2,208,132	58.49	
Acceptances		455	3,059	14.87	
Guarantees on loans		11,410	73,600	15.50	

The year ended December 31, 2011

Item	Seci	ired amount	Total amount	Percentage of total amount
Loan (note 1)	\$	1,123,076	2,176,415	51.60
Acceptances		155	2,715	3.63
Guarantees on loans		9,967	71,487	20.85

Note 1: Amounts of loans exclude advances and off-balance-sheet items.

Collateral which the Company and its subsidiaries requires may include a deposit receipt, inventories, machinery and equipment, marketable securities, other property, and guarantees. If the customers default, the Company and its subsidiaries will, as required by circumstances, foreclose the collateral or execute other rights arising out of the guarantees given. Since most of the commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash demands. The maximum potential amount of future payments represents the notional amounts that could be lost under the guarantees if there were a total default by the guaranteed parties, without consideration of possible recoveries under recourse provisions or from collateral held or pledged.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Credit risk—disclosure of the maximum credit exposure

The book value and the maximum credit exposure of various commodities owned by the Company are disclosed below:

	(In millions of NTD)					
	The year ended December 31, 2012					
Items	1	Book value	Maximum credit exposure (notes 2 and 3)			
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$	147,513	145,866			
Available-for-sale financial assets		777,192	145,077			
Held-to-maturity financial assets		244,048	243,392			
Loans and advances (note 1)		2,256,291	2,001,284			
Hedging derivatives		4	4			
Debt investments without quoted price in active markets		43,013	43,013			
Financial assets carried at cost		11,080	11,080			

- Note 1: The aforementioned "loans and advances" refer to the outstanding amounts of discounts; overdrafts; treasury overdrafts; guarantee overdrafts; short-term, medium-term and long-term secured/unsecured loans; import bill advances/export bill purchases; short-term loans and nonperforming loans.
- Note 2: In the amounts of maximum credit exposure, held-for-trading financial assets exclude treasury bonds \$995 million, and government bonds amounting to \$652 million; available-for-sale financial assets exclude government bonds amounting to \$24,948 million and negotiable certificates of deposit amounting to \$607,167 million; held-to-maturity financial assets exclude government bonds amounting to \$656 million; loans and advances exclude Central Government loans amounting to \$223,338 million; Bureau of National Health Insurance loans to \$18,000 million and Central Government short-term advance amounting to \$13,669 million.
- Note 3: The amount of maximum credit exposure is positive at the balance sheet date.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The year ended December 31, 2011 Maximum credit exposure Book value (notes 2 and 3) Items Financial assets measured at fair value through \$ 111,747 110,865 profit or loss Available-for-sale financial assets 802,058 151,397 Held-to-maturity financial assets 227,725 187,966 2,233,515 1,933,223 Loans and advances (note 1) Hedging derivatives 37.009 Debt investments without quoted price in active 37,009 markets Financial assets carried at cost 11,092 11,092

- Note 1: The aforementioned "loans and advances" refer to the outstanding amounts of discounts; overdrafts; treasury overdrafts; guarantee overdrafts; short-term, medium-term and long-term secured/unsecured loans; import bill advances/export bill purchases; short-term loans and nonperforming loans.
- Note 2: In the amounts of maximum credit exposure, held-for-trading financial assets exclude government bonds amounting to \$882 million; available-for-sale financial assets exclude government bonds amounting to \$28,051 million and negotiable certificates of deposit amounting to \$622,610 million; held-to-maturity financial assets exclude government bonds amounting to \$39,759 million; loans and advances exclude Central Government loans amounting to \$258,642 million; Bureau of National Health Insurance loans to \$28,100 million and Central Government short-term advance amounting to \$13,550 million.
- Note 3: The amount of maximum credit exposure is positive at the balance sheet date.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(c) Disclosure of obvious concentration of credit risk

When transactions involving a commodity are concentrated in a single industry or location, the ability to fulfill the contract may be affected by economic or other factors; thus, concentration of credit risk occurs. The concentration of credit risk of the Company and its subsidiaries is disclosed below:

a) The details of loans to various industries and the greatest credit exposure for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 were as follows:

(In millions of NTD)

	The year ended December 31, 2012							
Industry type		Book value (note 1)	Percentage of total loans (%)	Maximum credit exposure (note 2)				
Individuals	\$	727,834	33.08	727,834				
Government agencies		423,364	19.24	182,026				
Manufacturing		391,723	17.81	391,723				
Transportation and storage		128,872	5.86	128,872				
Utilities		114,902	5.22	114,902				
Others	_	413,437	18.79	395,437				
Total	\$_	2,200,132	100.00	1,940,794				

Note 1: The book value means the outstanding amounts (NT\$10,027 million exclude overdue credit card fee receivables and overdue security deposit) of discounts; overdrafts; treasury overdrafts; guarantee overdrafts; short-term, medium-term and long-term secured/unsecured loans; import bill advances/export bill purchases and nonperforming loans.

Note 2: The greatest credit exposure is the remaining amount when loans amounting to \$223,338 million to the Central Government and \$18,000 million to the Bureau of National Health Insurance loans are deducted from book value.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The year ended December 31, 2011

Industry type		Book value (note 1)	Percentage of total loans (%)	Maximum credit exposure (note 2)
Individuals	\$	693,596	31.87	693,596
Government agencies		452,601	20.80	165,859
Manufacturing		384,217	17.65	384,217
Transportation and storage		127,593	5.86	127,593
Utilities		123,856	5.69	123,856
Others	_	394,552	18.13	394,552
Total	\$_	2,176,415	100.00	1,889,673

- Note 1: The book value means the outstanding amounts (NT\$1 million exclude overdue credit card fee receivables and overdue security deposit) of discounts; overdrafts; treasury overdrafts; guarantee overdrafts; short-term, medium-term and long-term secured/unsecured loans; import bill advances/export bill purchases and nonperforming loans.
- Note 2: The maximum credit exposure is the remaining amount when loans amounting to \$258,642 million to the Central Government and \$28,100 million to the Bureau of National Health Insurance loans are deducted from book value.
- b) The details of loans to various areas and the maximum credit exposure for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 were as follows:

(In millions of NTD)

The year ended December 31, 2012

Areas type		Book value (note 1)	Percentage of total loans (%)	Maximum credit exposure (note 2)
Domestic	\$	2,037,767	92.62	1,796,429
Foreign	_	162,365	7.38	162,365
Total	\$_	2,200,132	100.00	1,958,794

Note 1: The book value means the outstanding amounts (NT\$10,027 million exclude overdue credit card fee receivables and overdue security deposit) of discounts; overdrafts; treasury overdrafts; guarantee overdrafts; short-term, medium-term and long-term secured/unsecured loans; import bill advances/export bill purchases and nonperforming loans.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 2: The maximum credit exposure is the remaining amount when loans amounting to \$223,338 million to the Central Government and \$18,000 million to the Bureau of National Health Insurance loans are deducted from book value.

The year ended December 31, 2011

Areas type		Book value (note 1)	Percentage of total loans (%)	Maximum credit exposure (note 2)
Domestic	\$	2,029,091	93.23	1,742,349
Foreign	_	147,324	6.77	147,324
Total	\$_	2,176,415	100.00	1,889,673

- Note 1: The book value means the outstanding amounts (NT\$1 million exclude overdue credit card fee receivables and overdue security deposit) of discounts; overdrafts; treasury overdrafts; guarantee overdrafts; short-term, medium-term and long-term secured/unsecured loans; import bill advances/export bill purchases and nonperforming loans.
- Note 2: The maximum credit exposure is the remaining amount when loans amounting to \$258,642 million to the Central Government and \$28,100 million to the Bureau of National Health Insurance are deducted from book value.
- (d) Off-balance sheet credit risk (including loan commitments, net settlement, and offset rights)

The Company and its subsidiaries, when offering services of loan commitments, net settlement, and offset rights, always assesses credibility carefully. Collateral acquired by the Company and its subsidiaries, due to loans, loan commitments, net settlement, and guarantee, could be disposed on the basis of a notice of ownership transfer in order to protect the rights and decrease the credit risk of the Company and its subsidiaries. The fair value of collaterals would not be considered when the greatest credit exposure is disclosed.

Item	Unit: million dollars Amount of disclosure of the maximum credit exposure The year ended December 31, 2012 December 31, 2011					
Irrevocable loan commitments (loan commitments)	\$523,383	390,357				
Account receivable under the letter of credit	\$	43,112				
Guarantees receivable	\$ 73,486	71,390				
Acceptance receivable	\$ 3,059	2,715				

(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note: The amount of greatest credit exposure only considers the positive account at balance sheet date. The Company and its subsidiaries assess the counterparty with off balance sheet commitment and guarantee without considering its type.

3. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk includes market liquidity risk and capital liquidity risk (financial risk). Market liquidity risk is the risk of facing market price movement in processing or offsetting assets caused by a low-volume market. Capital liquidity risk, on the other hand, is the risk of default at the maturity due to inability to sell assets or obtain sufficient capital. The Company and its subsidiaries have different policies in accordance with capital demands for different kinds of business aiming to effectively monitor market liquidity risk. The finance department is in charge of the overview of capital and conducts a daily review to respond to system risk and capital demand in abnormal conditions.

In addition to all of the above, the attention and support from senior management are important to the success of the risk management system. Under the authorization of the senior management, the Company and its subsidiaries are gradually implementing the risk management system.

The Company and its subsidiaries control the trading risk of commodities by means of the aforementioned position limits, setting stop-loss points and operation guidelines at the management level. In addition, the Company and its subsidiaries utilize financial tools of the money market and foreign exchange market, together with appropriate liquid assets to plan for future cash demand.

Capital and working capital of The Company and its subsidiaries are sufficient to perform all contract obligations, so there is no liquidity risk.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The analysis of maturity of the subsidiary BOT as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, is as follows:

	The year ended December 31, 2012					
				91 days~	Over one	
		1~30 days	31~90 days	one year	year	Total
Asset						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	29,179,310	-	-	-	29,179,310
Placement with Central Bank and call loans to banks		73,188,463	263,106,664	124,386,149	110,129,177	570,810,453
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, net		29,729,707	7,991,169	4,383,704	18,725,844	60,830,424
Bills and bonds purchased under resell agreements		4,980,621	-	-	-	4,980,621
Available-for-sale financial assets, net		456,701,305	111,463,724	70,127,883	96,577,839	734,870,751
Held-to-maturity financial assets, net		1,500,506	3,140,753	1,829,860	584,984	7,056,103
Hedging derivative assets		3,543	-	-	-	3,543
Financial assets carried at cost		-	-	-	11,079,900	11,079,900
Debt investments without quoted price in active markets		-	-	290,350	2,115,636	2,405,986
Investments under equity method, net		-	-	-	35,393,882	35,393,882
Receivables, net		17,711,691	1,145,081	382,798	21,387,480	40,627,050
Discounts and loans, net		140,232,617	171,976,142	519,326,707	1,347,950,933	2,179,486,399
Non-performing loans	_	669,591			9,471,083	10,140,674
Total assets	\$_	753,897,354	558,823,533	720,727,451	1,653,416,758	3,686,865,096
Liabilities	_					
Deposits of Central Bank and other banks	\$	111,935,915	60,531,563	20,718,369	20,188,618	213,374,465
Payables		15,060,761	14,612	144,130	26,315,483	41,534,986
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		458,839	41,108	-	4,376,963	4,876,910
Bonds and bills sold under repurchase agreements		6,900,462	4,659,274	438,662	-	11,998,398
Hedging derivative liabilities		301,390	-	-	-	301,390
Other financial liabilities		-	-	-	376,265	376,265
Deposits and remittances	_	261,389,677	358,340,428	1,108,256,327	1,566,917,287	3,294,903,719
Total liabilities	\$_	396,047,044	423,586,985	1,129,557,488	1,618,174,616	3,567,366,133
Gaps	\$_	357,850,310	135,236,548	(408,830,037)	35,242,142	119,498,963

Note: The table contains the amounts for the bank departments of BOT only.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

	The year ended December 31, 2011					
		1~30 days	31~90 days	91 days∼ one year	Over one year	Total
		1~30 days	31~90 days	one year	year	Total
Asset						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25,233,775	-	-	-	25,233,775
Placement with Central Bank and call loans to banks		38,702,180	221,480,349	127,314,375	126,319,259	513,816,163
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, net		5,501,626	6,714,417	2,905,636	30,018,005	45,139,684
Bills and bonds purchased under resell agreements		3,231,949	-	-	-	3,231,949
Available-for-sale financial assets, net		315,920,821	266,954,423	77,090,954	97,407,267	757,373,465
Held-to-maturity financial assets, net		2,001	-	89,528	529,338	620,867
Hedging derivative assets		3,074	-	-	-	3,074
Financial assets carried at cost		-	-	-	11,092,189	11,092,189
Debt investments without quoted price in active markets		-	605,500	454,110	2,891,537	3,951,147
Investments under equity method, net		-	-	-	32,479,598	32,479,598
Receivables, net		9,990,711	1,108,127	646,911	16,547,065	28,292,814
Discounts and loans, net		202,617,269	175,031,865	412,495,247	1,368,715,956	2,158,860,337
Non-performing loans	_	253,196			8,059,436	8,312,632
Total assets	\$_	601,456,602	671,894,681	620,996,761	1,694,059,650	3,588,407,694
Liabilities	_					
Deposits of Central Bank and other banks	\$	102,494,969	63,188,499	17,567,343	25,675,664	208,926,475
Payables		11,869,584	11,302	148,956	25,282,175	37,312,017
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		553,783	64,551	-	3,279,298	3,897,632
Bonds and bills sold under repurchase agreements		9,715,429	4,715,540	475,196	-	14,906,165
Hedging derivative liabilities		409,907	-	-	-	409,907
Other financial liabilities		-	-	-	671,369	671,369
Deposits and remittances		305,811,927	338,382,799	1,092,169,729	1,481,646,232	3,218,010,687
Total liabilities	\$_	430,855,599	406,362,691	1,110,361,224	1,536,554,738	3,484,134,252
Gaps	\$	170,601,003	265,531,990	(489,364,463)	157,504,912	104,273,442

Note: The table contains the amounts for the bank departments of BOT only.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

4. Cash flow risk and fair value risk of interest rate change

Floating assets and floating liabilities of the Company and its subsidiaries may change due to movement in future cash flow caused by movement of market rate, and hence create risk.

(a) Information on expected final maturity and expected reprising date

As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, the expected reprising date and expected final maturity would not be affected by the contract effective date. The following table shows the interest risk of the Company and its subsidiaries. Non-derivative assets and liabilities are listed at book value without deducting any allowance or adjustment. Derivative assets and liabilities are listed at book value. The book value is further categorized by the earlier of the maturity date or reprising date. The book values of commodities owned or issued by BOT, categorized by different maturity or reprising dates (the earlier date of the two dates), were as follows:

(In millions of NTD)

		,				
	91 days Over one 1~30 days 31~90 days one year year					Total
				,	•	
Assets						
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$	29,729	7,991	4,384	18,726	60,830
Bills and bonds purchased under resell agreements		4,981	-	-	-	4,981
Available-for-sale financial assets		456,701	111,464	70,128	96,578	734,871
Held-to-maturity financial assets		1,501	3,141	1,830	585	7,057
Hedging through derivative assets		4	-	-	-	4
Financial assets carried at cost		-	=	-	11,080	11,080
Debt investment without quoted price in active market		-	-	290	2,116	2,406
Placement with Central Bank and call loans to banks		73,188	263,107	124,386	110,129	570,810
Discounts and loans, net		140,233	171,976	519,327	1,347,950	2,179,486
Investment under equity method		-	=	-	35,393	35,393
Other assets		27,904	11,623	1,178	214,576	255,281
Total assets	\$	734,241	569,302	721,523	1,837,133	3,862,199
Liabilities						
Deposits of Central Bank and other banks	\$	111,936	60,532	20,718	20,189	213,375
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		458	41	-	4,377	4,876
Bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements		6,900	4,659	439	-	11,998
Hedging derivative liabilities		301	-	-	-	301
Other financial liabilities— appropriation for loans		-	-	-	376	376
Deposits		260,888	358,340	1,108,256	1,566,918	3,294,402
Long-term liabilities		-	-	-	24,428	24,428
Other liabilities		14,803	7	207	49,360	64,377
Total liabilities	\$	395,286	423,579	1,129,620	1,665,648	3,614,133
Stockholders' equity	\$	338,955	145,723	(408,097)	171,485	248,066

(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note: The table contains the amounts for the bank departments of BOT only.

	The year ended December 31, 2011							
	_							
	1	~30 days	31~90 days	one year	year	Total		
Assets								
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$	5,501	6,714	2,906	30,018	45,139		
Bills and bonds purchased under resell agreements		3,232	-	-	-	3,232		
Available-for-sale financial assets		315,921	266,954	77,091	97,407	757,373		
Held-to-maturity financial assets		2	-	90	529	621		
Hedging through derivative assets		3	-	-	-	3		
Financial assets carried at cost		-	-	-	11,092	11,092		
Debt investment without quoted price in active market		-	606	453	2,892	3,951		
Placement with Central Bank and call loans to banks		38,702	221,480	127,314	126,320	513,816		
Discounts and loans, net		202,608	175,032	412,495	1,368,716	2,158,851		
Investment under equity method		-	-	-	32,479	32,479		
Other assets		18,980	4,708	1,516	222,458	247,662		
Total assets	\$	584,949	675,494	621,865	1,891,911	3,774,219		
Liabilities	_							
Deposits of Central Bank and other banks	\$	102,495	63,188	17,567	25,676	208,926		
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		603	65	-	3,279	3,947		
Bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements		9,715	4,716	475	-	14,906		
Hedging derivative liabilities		410	-	-	-	410		
Other financial liabilities— appropriation for loans		-	-	-	671	671		
Deposits		305,244	338,383	1,092,170	1,481,646	3,217,443		
Long-term liabilities		-	-	-	24,112	24,112		
Other liabilities	_	8,207	26,945	2,416	20,789	58,357		
Total liabilities	\$	426,674	433,297	1,112,628	1,556,173	3,528,772		
Stockholders' equity	\$	158,275	242,197	(490,763)	335,738	245,447		

Note: The table contains the amounts for the bank departments of BOT only.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Effective interest rate (excluding financial assets for trading purposes)

The effective interest rates, classified by currencies, of the commodities owned or issued by the BOT as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, were as follows:

The year ended December 31, 2012								
Item	NTD	USD						
Available-for-sale financial assets:								
Government bonds	0.7800%~6.2602%	0.7500%~5.7500%						
Financial bonds	1.2300%~2.3000%	0.4355%~7.3000%						
Corporate bonds	1.2000%~3.0500%	1.0000%~6.5000%						
Negotiable certificates of deposit of Central Bank	0.8700%~1.0500%	-						
Taipei City Government bonds	1.2000%	-						
Beneficiary certificates — financial assets securitization	2.4600%	-						
Beneficiary certificates—real estate investment trust	-	5.7500%						
Held-to-maturity financial assets:								
Government bonds	0.95000%~4.084344%	-						
Financial bonds	-	0.65125%~3.5000%						
Corporate bonds	-	3.1590%						
Debt investment without quoted price in active markets:								
Beneficiary certificates—real estate investment trust	-	0.44900%~1.25900%						
Loans and discounts:								
Short-term loans	0.50211%~14.5000%	0.4500%~6.8100%						
Medium-term loans	$0.84200\% \sim 18.0000\%$	0.4045%~6.8500%						
Long-term loans	$0.84200\%\sim10.0000\%$	0.66525%~3.56000%						
Liabilities:								
Short-term loans	-	0.2600%~1.1400%						
Hedging derivative instrument:								
IRS	-	0.75850%~3.72400%						

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The year ended December 31, 2011								
Item	NTD	USD						
Available-for-sale financial assets:								
Government bonds	0.7909%~6.9000%	1.2200%~7.3750%						
Financial bonds	1.2300%~2.3000%	0.5056%~7.3000%						
Corporate bonds	1.0002%~3.0500%	0.5456%~6.5000%						
Negotiable certificates of deposit of Central Bank	0.8700%~1.0500%	-						
Taipei City Government bonds	1.2000%	-						
Beneficiary certificates — financial assets securitization	2.4600%	-						
Beneficiary certificates—real estate investment trust	2.6800%	5.7500%~0.0000%						
Held-to-maturity financial assets:								
Government bonds	1.3930%~6.0664%	-						
Beneficiary certificates—real estate investment trust	2.4000%	-						
Debt investment without quoted price in active markets:								
Beneficiary certificates—real estate investment trust	-	0.51830%~1.79360%						
Loans and discounts:								
Short-term loans	0.5021%~18.0000%	0.4500%~6.1500%						
Medium-term loans	0.10530%~18.0000%	0.4411%~6.8500%						
Long-term loans	0.01530%~10.0000%	0.69022%~2.25000%						
Liabilities:								
Short-term loans	-	$0.2000\% \sim 2.0000\%$						
Hedging derivative instrument:								
IRS	-	0.77211%~4.57375%						

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

5. Fair-value hedge

Financial instruments held by the Company and Subsidiaries are applicable to hedge accounting. The Company and Subsidiaries adopted fair value hedge accounting and should disclose the following:

(a) Fair value hedge

Gains (losses) due to re-measuring with fair value of hedge instrument, or change of exchange rate, should be recognized as gains (losses) of the period; gains (losses) due to hedging are the adjustment of the hedged target and should be recognized as gains (losses) of the period.

(b) Fair value hedge should disclose the following:

a) Description of hedging:

Currently the Tokyo, and Singapore branches of BOT adopt fair value hedge accounting and hold IRSs as designated hedging instruments to hedge the exposure to interest risk on investment in fixed-rate bonds.

b) Description and balance sheet fair value of financial commodities designated as hedging instruments:

		The year ended December 31, 2012			
Hedged item	Designated hedging instruments	Original amount	Fair value		
Foreign bonds	IRS	\$ 290,909	3,137		
Foreign bonds	Assets swap contract	145,454	406		
Foreign bonds	IRS	5,380,874	(290,849)		
Foreign bonds	Assets swap contract	378,181	(10,541)		
		The year December 3			
Hedged item	Designated hedging instruments	Original amount	Fair value		
Foreign bonds	IRS	\$ 149,333	3,074		
Foreign bonds	IRS	6,160,551	(409,907)		

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

c) Nature of hedged risk:

The hedged items of the hedge accounting adopted by the Company and its subsidiaries are fixed-rate bond investments. Thus, IRSs are used to hedge interest risk (adopting interest fair value hedging—swapping a fixed rate for a floating rate).

6. Levels of the fair value hierarchy of financial instruments

	The year ended December 31, 2012							
Financial instrument item measured		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3				
at fair value	Total	(note 1)	(note 2)	(note 3)				
Non-derivative financial instruments								
Assets:								
Financial assets measured at fair value								
	\$ 135,568,196	82,338,296	52,083,511	1,146,389				
Held-for-sale financial assets								
Investment in stocks	45,704,323	45,704,323	-	-				
Investment in bonds	3,715,620	3,038,176	677,444	-				
Others	64,848,141	31,743,156	33,104,985	-				
Original recognized at fair value	21,300,112	1,852,641	18,301,082	1,146,389				
Available-for-sale financial assets								
Investments in stocks	51,953,835	51,953,835	-	-				
Investment in bonds	100,759,908	6,268,824	94,491,084	-				
Others	624,478,598	15,294,901	608,980,797	202,900				
Other financial assets								
Debt securities investment in non-active	43,012,877	465,390	42,547,487	-				
market								
Liabilities:								
Financial liabilities measured at fair value								
through profit or loss	1,133	1,133	-	-				
Derivative financial instruments								
Assets:								
Financial assets measured at fair value								
through profit or loss	11,944,565	686	11,943,879	_				
Other financial assets	11,711,505	000	11,715,077					
Hedging derivative financial assets	3,543	_	3,543	_				
Liabilities:	5,515		5,515					
Financial liabilities measured at fair value								
through profit or loss	4,507,375	92,490	4,414,885	_				
Other financial liabilities	., , , , , , ,	, <u>-,</u> ., ., o	.,,					
Hedging derivative financial liabilities	301,390	_	301,390	_				
110001116 delitative illianetai ilabilities	501,570		501,570					

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

	The year ended December 31, 2011							
Financial instrument item measured at fair value	Total		Level 1 (note 1)	Level 2 (note 2)	Level 3 (note 3)			
Non-derivative financial instruments								
Assets:								
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$	101,110,582	73,010,279	28,100,303	-			
Held-for-sale financial assets								
Investment in stocks		43,058,398	43,058,398	-	-			
Investment in bonds		3,635,272	3,622,583	12,689	-			
Others		30,494,957	23,018,149	7,476,808	-			
Original recognized at fair value		23,921,956	3,311,150	20,610,806	-			
Available-for-sale financial assets								
Investments in stocks		61,111,520	61,111,520	-	-			
Investment in bonds		108,861,862	31,887,704	76,974,158	-			
Others		632,084,949	9,437,298	622,647,651	-			
Other financial assets								
Debt securities investment in non-active market Derivative financial instruments		37,008,950	-	37,008,950	-			
Assets:								
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss		10,636,402	-	10,636,402	-			
Other financial assets								
Hedging derivative financial assets		3,074	-	3,074	-			
Liabilities:								
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		4,274,874	212	4,274,662	-			
Other financial liabilities								
Hedging derivative financial liabilities		409,907	-	409,907	-			

Note1: Level inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Company have the ability to access. In accordance with section 5, of SFAS No.34 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", an active market satisfies all of the following conditions:

- (a) The products traded in the market are homogeneous in nature.
- (b) Parties willing to trade are readily available in the market.
- (c)Price information is publicly available.

Note2: Level 2 inputs are fair value of the financial instruments that are observable but not considered level 1 quotes price, including the observable input parameters that are obtained directly (i.e., prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices) from an active market. For instance.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- (a) The quoted prices of similar financial instruments in active market. The fair value of financial instruments owned by the Company is inferred from the recent trading price of similar financial instruments. The similar financial instrument is judged according to the characteristic and trading conditions. Fair value of financial instruments should be priced using observable trading prices adjusted over time, trading conditions and the impact of related parties and its observable trading prices and associated nature of the product.
- (b)Quoted prices of similar or identical financial instruments in non-active markets.
- (c)Fair value price using valuation models. The input parameters of the valuation models (i.e., interest rates, yield curve, volatility...etc.) is based on available data in the market, such as input parameters, which is an estimated figure derived from public data. The price of financial instruments is estimated by using the parameters which could reflect the expectation from market participants.
- (d)The majority of the input parameters are derived from, or corroborated by, observable market data.

Note 3: Level 3 means input parameters are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs such as: option pricing model using historical volatility index, as historical volatility does not represent the expected future volatility from market participants).

			Valuation gain or loss	Increase		Decrease foreign exchange			
Name		Opening balance	booked on net income for current period or shareholders' equity	Buy issue or discount	Transferred to Level 3	Sale, disposal or settle at premium	Transferred out from Level 3	Change	Ending balance
Financial Assets measured at Fair value through profit or loss Financial assets designated as fair value through profit or loss	\$	-	(15,011)	-	1,533,508	372,108	-	-	1,146,389
Available-for-sale financial	_	-	16	211,553				(8,669)	202,900
assets Total	\$_	-	(14,995)	211,553	1,533,508	372,108		(8,669)	1,349,289

(36) Disclosure of Risk Management Policy

1) The Company

The risk management organization of the Company includes the board of directors, risk management committee, and risk administrative office.

The responsibility of each risk management level is as follows:

- 1. The board of directors is the highest decision-making unit, and it has the final responsibility for the Company's overall risk. According to the overall operating strategies and management environments, the board of directors approves the risk management policies, supervises the operating effectiveness of the risk management system, fully controls the risk situation, and ensures having sufficient capital for dealing with all risks.
- 2. The Company set up the risk management committee under the board of directors to execute the risk management policies approved by the board of directors and coordinate the related risk management matters within the group.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

3. The risk administrative office is the independent risk management unit and is responsible for the implementation of overall risk management. For all risk management decisions and assignments of the board of directors and risk management committee, the risk administrative office must supervise and follow up the execution by the related units, and present the risk management report to the board of directors and risk management committee. If it finds significant exposure that endangers the financial situation, operations, or legal compliance, the risk administrative office should report to the board of directors immediately.

2) BOT

- 1. Risk management structure and protocols
 - (a) Risk management structure

The risk management structure of the Bank includes the Board of Directors, risk management committee, risk management department, authorities in charge all business units.

- a) The Board of Director holds the highest responsibility in maintaining the risk management of the Bank, which includes formulating strategies accordingly, establishing the risk management policy, ensuring the consistency of the risk managing system, identifying all the risk matures and retain all the resources available for encountering all sorts of unexpected risks.
- b) The role of risk management committee established by the Board of Directors includes implementing the risk management strategy and integrating risk-related issues between various units across the bank.
- c) The role of the risk management department includes monitoring all risk management issues independently and on an operational level. The risk management department is also in charge in investigating into any relevant departments and reports directly to the Board of Directors. Similarly, if any risk exposures exceeding the capacity of the Bank is discovered, the department has the responsibility to take reasonable actions and report to the Board of Directors.
- d) Every department shall identify, evaluate, and control the risks of any new products or operations and establish the risk management process accordingly. In addition, to monitor the relevant risks in compliance with the risk management policy of the Bank.
- e) All operational units shall comply with internal regulations for risk management.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Risk management policies

Every operations engaged by the Bank, including off-balance sheet operations, are included within the risk management system of the Bank, which contains credit risk, market risk, operational risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, national risk, legal risk and so forth. The brief risk management policy is as follows:

- a) Monitor the settlement ratio of the Bank in relevance to the operational size, credit risk, market risk, operational risk and the future prospects.
- b) Establish a risk measuring and monitoring procedure system in order to measure and monitor risks effectively.
- c) Taking in the risk capacity, capital reserve, nature of debts, performance and rewards into consideration, the Bank shall manage the risks of operating across all units.
- d) Establish a valuation system for the quality and classification of assets to consistently monitor excess risk exposures with large concentration, and to accrue allowance for losses.
- e) Establish information safety system and emergency system concerning banking operations, transactions and data sharing. Additionally, to establish an independent and effective risk management system through means of appropriate policies, procedures and tools in order to increase the efficiency of the risk managing across all operations.

(c) The management mechanism of risk is as follows:

- a) The bank should effectively identify, measure, monitor and control risks when engages in various businesses, and control risks in the affordable range to achieve the goal of rationalization between risk management and remuneration.
- b) Establish risk indicators and early warning mechanism to adopt appropriate risk monitoring.
- c) Establish a risk communication mechanism, which can regular or timely report complete risk messages up and down to agencies and communicate between departments. The bank also discloses the information of risk accordance with regulations.
- d) When develops new kinds of businesses, changes the operating procedures and develops or runs new information system, the Bank should estimate the risk and prepare appropriate written operating procedures and management rules.
- e) Strengthen the training of professional risk management staff, and education and training general employees' about risk management to base on the Bank's risk management culture.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Method of measuring and controlling risk and exposure quantitative information

A financial commodity refers to a contract in which a financial asset is created for one party and a financial liability is created for the other. The major financial assets of the Bank are loans, receivables, and negotiable security investments. The related risk and management policy are as follows:

- (a) Credit risk management:
 - a) New Basel Capital Accord

According to the requirements of the New Basel Capital Accord, the Bank adopt standard method in the calculation of the minimum capital requirements of the first pillar of credit risk assets and capital, and each type of exposure risk weighting applies to the competent authority as required with the tax credit method to measure the assessment should be provision of capital.

- b) For the overall management of the Bank's credit risk, the Bank formulate rules and regulations, specifications, operating manuals to effectively identify, measure, monitor and control credit risk in the full line of policy, organization, business, information and processes.
 - a. As policy and strategy, the Bank has established policies and guidelines, such as the specification of the credit policy, credit risk management criteria, credit criteria, credit information criteria.
 - b. As organization and structure, set of hierarchical authority approach and functionality commission and set various permissions and management mechanism by the degree of risk and the amount.
 - c. Set the practices for each business and goods, such as "consumer loans", "general working capital" and "corporate credit rating," credit related approaches to follow.
- c) Implement hierarchical authority system

Approved permission of credit extension cases and cleared up non-performing loans, the Bank use hierarchical authority, each stratification has different quota. Each approved level has a credit review panel or committee, collection review panel or committee, and indeed perform within the competence of the cases are under consideration, in order to ensure the quality of loan assets.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- d) Management of large exposure and excessive concentration
 - a. In accordance with the Banking Law, loans to the Bank's responsible person, Bank employees, and persons having material interest with the Bank are controlled in accordance with stipulated quotas. The Bank has established rules for credit risk management of loans to enterprise groups and ratios for loan risk exposure to different industries, and it controls credit quotas for trading partners, issuers, and guarantors in accordance with their external credit ratings.
 - b. The Bank's Treasury Department, OBU, and foreign branches set up policies based on external credit evaluation for loan quota management in money market, foreign exchange, and negotiable security trading.
 - c. Each year, to reinforce the control of credit risk in regard to individual countries, the national risk quota, in accordance with the placing in Euro money Magazine, is allocated to the Financing Department, OBU, and foreign branches. The business recorded by the Bank includes loan assets, transaction assets, and off-balance sheet positions.
- e) As a valid measure of assessing the quality of loan assets, the Bank has not only doing credit operating before extending loans but also strengthen post-loan management, the method is as follows:
 - a. When handling credit business, the Bank collect detailed review of credit information management and fully understand the counterparty like their credit status, funds using, the source of repayment, to ensure claims and borrower's future prospects.
 - b. The Bank has a provision about "Credit review and Follow-up evaluations" which can credit review and follow-up evaluations. According to this provision, the bank set an independent organization for handling credit review, monitoring borrowers' current situation. In the credit period, the Bank doing credit review by each borrower's credit rates, also, the Bank handles follow-up evaluations to the important borrowers, and timing of return.
 - c. The Bank has a provision about "Credit warning mechanism", which can warn the risk early and take some necessary response measures to safeguard the quality of loan assets.
 - d. In accordance with the provision about "Provision of asset evaluate loss and bad debt of nonperforming loans approach", the bank regularly assesses and monitors the quality of various types of assets, strengthen the abnormal credit management and book allowance for doubtful accounts. The Bank also establishes a management mechanism for loan cases and nonperforming loans cleaning.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Market risk management

Market risk is also called "pricing risk." It means changes such as in interest rates, exchange rates, and the prices of equity securities and instruments which may result in a loss for the Bank, either on or off the balance sheet.

The Bank controls all probable loss from unfavorable market price changes when engaged in financial instruments trading positions.

- a) The bank sets the rule about permitting financial instruments' content, the range and the authorization of each department. When transactions each financial instrument, the Bank required to effectively identify, measure, supervise and control its risks. When faced with exposure to market risks, taking into consideration the Bank's risk appetite and cost-effectiveness, to take appropriate countermeasures market risk management, including risk aversion, risk transfer, risk control and risk undertake.
- b) For the effective control of the profit and loss about holding financial instruments', a daily evaluation of the trading book site and a monthly evaluation of the banking book. The prices are from exchanges, electronic screen, independent broker and custodian's quotes, and counterparty reference price.
- c) The Bank has a comprehensive risk monitoring process, ongoing by day-to-day business activities. The contents which the Bank is monitoring includes each trading unit, the whole of the financial instruments and the process of individual transactions, such as parts of movements, profit and loss, changes in trading patterns, the subject of the transaction. The above should be the limit of the Bank, stop-loss, overrun processing requirements and the scope of authorization within.

The Bank utilizes the standard VAR method for calculating market risk capital to meet the requirement of the Basel Accord. In the future, the Bank will adopt a market risk management system and use to enhance risk gain or loss analysis and overall reporting ability. Furthermore, the Bank will amend relevant policies and standards in accordance with the request of management agencies.

(c) Operational risk management

In order to reduce operational risk, and the implementation of operational risk management in various businesses, the Bank has the relevant regulations and operating manuals and standard operating process (SOP) to develop various businesses, which is built on a World Wide Web site and employees can refer it to do business. The bank also set computer connection operations, information and network security management, internal audit and self-audits, data processing outsourcing operating rules, and follow-up evaluations regularly, to facilitate compliance and control operational risk.

For evaluating of the Bank's operational risk loss effective, the bank follows the rules" operational risk loss event collection guidelines" and "Taiwan bank operational risk loss events recorded table", each departments full and accurate record all units of each loss event, inform and keep track of and process until the case concluded. The Bank use these date to establish database and use it to analysis the frequency of risk and how severity of the money loss.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- (d) Interest rate and liquidity risk management
 - a) The Bank has set up an Assets and Liabilities Management Committee to strengthen the structure of assets and liabilities. Under the leadership of the president, the Committee is divided into Management, Finance, and Capital subcommittees; and this Committee is responsible for setting guidelines for assets and liabilities management, liquidity position management, management of interest rate risk, and the review of the deposit and loan structure.
 - b) Setting up management policy for liquidity and interest rate risk; setting up guidelines for liquidity risk management
 - a. Management of interest-rate sensitive gap: The ratio of New Taiwan Dollar interest-rate sensitive assets to liabilities shall fall between 80% and 140%. The ratio of New Taiwan Dollar capital gap to owner's equity shall be maintained between positive/negative 100%. The difference in re-pricing the foreign interest rate shall not exceed total assets of all currencies by 35%.
 - b. Management of liquidity risk
 - (i) Maintain liquid ratio: According to the Central Bank's "Liquidity Guidelines for Financial Institutions," the Bank shall maintain the liquidity ratio of all deposits greater than 10%.
 - (ii) Management of loan-to-deposit ration: the loan-to-deposit ratio should be in between 65%~87%, where the alarm rate is between 68%~86% as an indicator for future liquidity management.
 - (iii) Short-term gap analysis: 1-10 day and 11-30 day gaps are calculated; and the period gap is greater than zero.
 - (iv) Foreign currency gap management: Make sure the ratio of accumulated capital liquidity gap to each currency assets of the four major foreign currencies of the Bank (U.S. Dollar, HK dollar, JP yen, and Euro) measured for every month and every term under one year between ±50% and ±40%.
 - (v) Capital management: Full use is made of the Assets and Liabilities Management Information System on a regular basis to analyze maturity gaps of assets and liabilities and changes in maturity structure. The appropriate allocation and utilization of funds, and the adjustment of the capital structure are carried out in accordance with the capital situation. In the management of New Taiwan Dollar funds, in addition to maintaining an appropriate level of cash on hand and of securities that can be converted quickly into cash, the Bank has set policies for the reporting of New Taiwan Dollar funds to provide for the timely reporting of receipts or disbursements of large amounts of funds. The Bank also carries out gap analysis of the maturity amount of purchased bills, bonds, and call loans so as to lower liquidity risk. In the management of foreign currencies, the Bank uses the maturity method to carry out funds gap analysis of the actual funds to be received or paid out within the next year.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(vi) Establish "Bank of Taiwan operational crisis management plan" for prevention and preparation when crisis occurs. To minimize the damage effect, protect and maintain the stability of operation.

3. Risk Management system is following:

- (a) The bank was do many business activities, it should be identify, measure, supervise and control the any risk, we need control the any risk be have that under the bearable range then achieve to the goal of risk management and reasonable of return.
- (b) Build up risk index and warning system, for taking suitable risk supervise.
- (c) Build up risk-communication system. These concludes to report upside, to delivery downside, or communicate parallel in administration periodically or in due time, and disclose in according to related laws.
- (d) Before developing the new activities and goods, change the system of process and developing or starting the new information system. It should to estimate the risk and to issue the system of process and control method with risk management.
- (e) For keeping the bank risk management culture, should train its employees the risk management, and the professional risk manager is the most be.

4. The policy of reduction of credit risk in terms of pledges and guarantees

In its consideration of credit control and business promotion, the Bank attempted to decrease the burden of credit risk by increasing collateral or strengthening the guarantee, based on the Bank's credit and pledge policy. Collateral and guarantees include mortgages on real estate or property (i.e., land, building, machinery, car, ship, aircraft, etc.), pledges of securities or other rights (i.e., certificates of deposit; various bonds, stocks, or other securities), guarantees provided by government agencies, banks, or credit-guarantee institutions authorized by the government, and any other guarantee or collateral approved by the Bank.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

3) BTLI

1. Financial risk information

(a) Market Risk

The fair value of the domestic and overseas bond investments fluctuate with market interest rates and exchange rates. For overseas investment, BTLI reduces the market risk using forward exchange rate contracts.

BTLI's security investment can be categorized as trading financial assets and available-for-sale financial assets. As such assets are measured at fair value; BTLI is subject to the risk of security price fluctuations.

(b) Credit Risk

BTLI identifies cash and cash equivalents, security investment and bond investment as its principal source of underlying credit risk. In terms of the credit risk arising from various investments made and with counter-parties, limits are set against the agreed credit scoring along with complimenting trading policies to diversify credit risk. Thus, the financial assets acquired are not exposed to material credit risk.

(c) Liquidity Risk

BTLI's liquidity position, including its capital and operational fund, are adequate for additional increase in assets, paying for maturing liabilities and comply with all agreements. Therefore, liquidity risk concerning contractual compliance is non-existent.

BTLI's derivative products related to forward contacts operate in highly liquid market; as a result, liquidity risks are minimal as products are likely sold at reasonable prices. Due to the continuous renewal of forward contracts and other paid derivatives, funding risks are effectively reduced.

Liquidity risks are expected from partial security and bond investment that are categorized as investments from non-active market, similarly, investments in active markets are assumed to be sold promptly at similar prices to that of fair value.

(d) Cash flow risk from change in interest rates

Cash flow is influenced by the change in interest rates which may affect the effective interest rate of bonds. Consequently, as floating interest rates are adopted in parts of BTLI's bond investment, cash flow are subject to interest rate risks.

2. Risk control and hedging policies

The various risk associated in BTLI's operations are all included in the area for risk management, such as embedding systematic risk measurement and monitoring system that allows operations to be tolerated within an acceptable level. Communication system for risk is designed to deliver timely and punctual risk-related data. Taking initial capital, characteristics of liability, performance and reward into consideration, BTLI effectively allocates and manages their assets and risk.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

All operations conducted by BTLI are effectively identified, measured, monitored and controlled. Risk is controlled within a tolerated level as an approach to meet reasonable performance targets. The Board retains the highest responsibility for the overall risk management of BTLI, where the risk management committee is responsible for implementing approved risk management decisions and the negotiation and collaboration of risk-associated matters.

4) BTS

For the requirements of business, BTS has set up an overall risk management system to effectively control all kinds of risk. The system can assure the achievement of BTS's long-term and steady management, profit growth, and strategy. At the same time, it formed a department with sole responsibility for risk control under the secretary unit of the risk management committee to handle these affairs and to exercise authority independently except over the operating unit and trade activities. The formation of the risk management organization by BTS includes the board of directors, the risk management committee, the administrative office, and all business units to execute the risk management decisions made by the board of directors and coordinate the related risk management matters across departments.

All risks of the business on or off the balance sheet should be subsumed under risk management, including market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, operating risk, and other risk (for example legal risk, strategy risk, and reputation risk).

The related management systems of all kinds of risk are as follows:

- 1. BTS should effectively identify, measure, supervise, and control all risks when engaging in business. BTS should control the risk to a tolerable degree to reach the target of risk management and compensation rationalization.
- 2. Establish a risk indicator and warning system to implement the appropriate risk monitoring.
- 3. Establish a communication system. The complete risk information should be periodically given to senior management, conveyed to subordinates, and communicated across departments, and be available to the public according to the regulations.
- 4. Before developing new business or merchandise, changing the operating procedure, or developing the information system or operation, BTS should estimate the risk in advance and prepare the appropriate operating procedure and control method for the related risk.
- 5. Educate the professional risk management staff and provide education and training in risk management to the personnel of the operating unit to strengthen BTS's risk management culture.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(37) Related-Party Transactions

2)

1) Name of related party and relationship

Name of related-party		Relationship with the Company				
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co.,		Investee company of BOT and BTLI under the equity method				
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.		Investee method		OT and BTLI und	der the equity	
Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.		Investee	company of Bo	OT under the equ	ity method	
Kaohsiung Ammonium Sulfate C	o., Ltd.	Investee	company of Bo	OT under the equ	ity method	
Other related parties		Director relative		managers, their s	pouses and	
Significant related-party transacti	ons					
1. Bank deposits						
	D	ecember 3	•	December		
			Percentage of account		Percentage of account	
	Am	nount	balance	Amount	balance	
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$	35,755	<u> </u>	105,445	<u>0.02</u>	
2. Placement with banks						
	D	ecember 3	Percentage	December	Percentage	
	Am	nount	of account balance	Amount	of account balance	
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$	30,217	<u>0.01</u>	23,301	<u>0.01</u>	
3. Deposits of banks						
	D	ecember 3	31, 2012 Percentage	December	31, 2011 Percentage	
	Am	ount	of account balance	Amount	of account balance	
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$	268,592	<u> </u>	728,860	<u>0.15</u>	

Interest rates of related-party transactions are the same as those with non-related parties.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

4. Call loans to banks

	The year ended December 31, 2012 Annual				
	Highest balance	Ending balance	interest rate (%)	Interest expense	
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$ 6,574,565	391,973	0.15~0.75	739	
	The	e year ended De	ecember 31, 2011 Annual		
	Highest	Ending	interest rate	Interest	

Interest rates of related-party transactions are the same as those with non-related parties.

5. Deposits

		December 3 Amount	Percentage of account balance	December	31, 2011 Percentage of account balance
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$	44,535	-	47,659	-
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.		6,223	-	11,168	-
Kaohsiung Ammonium Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Sulfate Co., Ltd.		141,462 21	-	101,734 357	0.01
Total	\$ _	192,241		160,918	0.01

The interest rates applied are computed by the basic rates displayed, thus, the interest rate for deposits is similar as those between the related parties and other general non-related parties.

6. Receivable

		December 3	1, 2012	December 31, 2011		
		Amount	Percentage of deposits of banks	Amount	Percentage of deposits of banks	
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$ _	1,587		1,589		

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

7.	Finamca; assets ,easired at faor valu	e though profit or	loss –	-Current	
	Name	Summary		For the year ended 2012	For the year ended 2011
	Hun Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	Securities Underwriting	\$_		335,142
8.	Band purchased under resell agreen	nents			
				For the year	ended 2012
				Amount	ending balance
	Hun Nan Financial Holdings Co., L	td.	\$	400,475	
	The interest revenue of bond purch translation in 2011.	ased under resell a	green	nent in 2012 is \$	178. There was no
9.	Available-for-sale financial asset—	Current			
	Name	Summary		For the year ended 2012	For the year ended 2011
	Name Hun Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	Summary Equity underwriting	\$		
10.	Hun Nan Financial Holdings Co.,	Equity underwriting	\$	ended 2012	ended 2011
10.	Hun Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	Equity underwriting (secounts and loans) the Company and it	\$	ended 2012 168,000 sidiaries' director	ended 2011 327,000 rs, supervisors, and
10.	Hun Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd. Mortgage loans for real estate (in di Mortgage loans for real estate for the staff and their spouses and close re	Equity underwriting (secounts and loans) the Company and it	\$_ s subs 's per	ended 2012 168,000 sidiaries' director	ended 2011 327,000 rs, supervisors, and
10.	Hun Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd. Mortgage loans for real estate (in di Mortgage loans for real estate for the staff and their spouses and close re	Equity underwriting (secounts and loans) the Company and it	\$_ s subs 's per	ended 2012 168,000 sidiaries' director iods ended December 31,	ended 2011 327,000 rs, supervisors, and ember 31, 2012 and The year ended December 31,

d December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

11. Loans

	December 31, 2012									
Category	House holder amount or name of related party	Highest balance		Status of po	Non-	Type of collateral	Differences in transaction terms between related and non- related parties			
Consumer loans	40	19,348	12,584	12,584	-	None	None			
House mortgages	103	521,012	41,317	41,317	-	Land and buildings	None			
Call loans to banks	Hua Nan Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	5,500,000	-	-	-	None	None			
"	Taiwan business bank Co., Ltd.	6,000,000	-	-	-	"	None			
Secured overdrafts loans	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	608,315	84,270	84,270	-	Land and factory	None			
Short-term secured loans	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	121,569	95,028	95,028	-	"	None			
Long-term secured loans	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	900,000	741,000	741,000	-	"	None			

	December 31, 2011									
	House holder			Status of po	Non-		Differences in transaction terms between			
Category	amount or name of	Highest balance in current period		Performing loans		Type of collateral	related and non- related parties			
Consumer loans	36	19,559	12,857	12,857	-	None	None			
House mortgages	99	545,136	442,658	442,658	-	Land and building	None			
Other loans	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	104,566	-	-	-	Land and building	None			
"	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	266,141	266,141	266,141	-	Land and building	None			
"	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	1,500,000	900,000	900,000	-	Land and building	None			
Call loans to banks	Hua Nan Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	23,711,368	1,060	1,060	-	None	None			

Note 1: The consumer loans to staff and mortgage loans to staff can be lumped together for disclosure of other loans is sorted by interested parties.

Note 2: Collateral is classified by real estate, short-term notes, government bonds, secured or non-secured bonds, TSEC and OTC stocks, non-TSEC and non-OTC stocks, and others.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

12. Derivative instruments:

		De	cember 31, 20	012		
NI C	Title of			Current	D.I.	1 42
Name of	derivative	Contract	Nominal	valuation	ļ	heet item
related party		period	amount	adjustment	Item	Amount
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	AEBH410927 forward	2004.11.30~ 2013.01.28	136,967		Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss— current—held- for-trading— forward	(1,194)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	AEBH411027 forward	2004.12.31~ 2013.01.28	135,502	(1,181)	"	(1,181)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	AEBH510877 forward	2005.11.25~ 2013.01.28	140,375	(1,224)		(1,224)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010121 swap	2010.05.07~ 2013.01.16	145,100		Valuation adjustment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss— current—held for trading— swap	68
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010122 swap	2010.05.07~ 2013.01.16	435,300	203	"	203
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010141 swap	2010.06.25~ 2013.03.18	2,617,821		Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss— current—held- for-trading— swap	(5,477)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010205 swap	2010.10.15~ 2013.01.09	583,882	(3,199)	"	(3,199)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW110252 swap	2011.09.22~ 2013.02.22	436,290	(843)	"	(843)

		De	cember 31, 20	012		
Name of	Title of derivative	Contract	Nominal	Current valuation	Balance s	heet item
related party	instruments	period	amount	adjustment	Item	Amount
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW210038 swap	2012.02.03~ 2013.02.07	293,180	(2,861)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss— current—held for trading— swap	(2,861)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW210095 swap	2012.03.21~ 2013.02.26	872,610	(1,730)	"	(1,730)
Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW210118 swap	2012.05.17~ 2013.01.22	583,840	(3,178)	"	(3,178)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW21021 swap	2012.05.21~ 2012.08.09	292,685	(2,354)	"	(2,354)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW210158 swap	2012.08.09~ 2013.02.21	579,726		Valuation adjustment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss— current—held for trading— swap	870
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW210273 swap	2012.12.11~ 2013.03.20	290,870		Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss— current—held for trading— swap	(613)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW810239 swap	1998.11.06~ 2013.02.22	145,430	(281)	"	(281)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910020 swap	1999.02.07~ 2013.02.22	136,369	(263)	"	(263)

	December 31, 2012										
Name of related party	Title of derivative instruments	Contract period	Nominal amount	Current valuation adjustment	Balance s	sheet item Amount					
Taiwan Life	BHSW910022 swap	1999.02.18~ 2013.02.21	232,688	(449)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss— current—held for trading— swap	(449)					
_	BHSW910064 swap	1999.04.09~ 2013.02.22	290,860	(562)	"	(562)					
Ingurance	BHSW910339 swap	1999.12.17~ 2013.01.16	1,160,800		Valuation adjustment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss— current—held for trading— swap	541					

	December 31, 2011								
Name of	Title of derivative	Contract	Nominal	Current valuation	Balance sheet item				
related party		period	amount	adjustment	Item	Amount			
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	AEBH410927 forward	2004.11.30~ 2012.01.12	141,326		Valuation adjustment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss— current—held- for-trading— forward	237			
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	AEBH411027 forward	2004.12.31~ 2012.01.12	139,814	234	"	234			
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	AEBH510877 forward	2005.11.25~ 2012.01.12	144,842	243	"	243			
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010121 swap	2010.05.07~ 2012.02.16	150,148	ŕ	Valuation adjustment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss— current—held for trading— swap	1,085			
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010122 swap	2010.05.07~ 2012.02.16	450,443	3,256	"	3,256			
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010141 swap	2010.06.25~ 2011.02.14	2,714,535	7,733	"	7,733			
Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010205 swap	2010.10.15~ 2012.02.07	603,310	1,691	"	1,691			
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW110252 swap	2011.09.22~ 2012.01.13	453,447	601	"	601			
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW810239 swap	2008.11.06~ 2012.01.13	151,149	200	"	200			

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

	December 31, 2011										
Name of	Title of Name of derivative		Nominal	Current valuation	Balance sheet item						
related party	instruments	period	amount	adjustment	Item	Amount					
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910020 swap	2009.02.09~ 2012.01.13	141,732		Valuation adjustment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss— current—held for trading— swap	188					
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910022 swap	2009.02.18~ 2012.01.13	241,838	321	"	321					
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910064 swap	2009.04.09~ 2012.01.13	302,298	401	"	401					
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910339 swap	2009.12.17~ 2012.02.16	110,080	8,682	"	8,682					

- Note 1: The disclosure of the derivative instruments is by related party.
- Note 2: Derivative financial instruments are assessed by the fair value method. Any relevant net present value created shall be recognized as current valuation adjustment.
- Note 3: The ending balances of financial assets / liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and hedging derivative assets / liabilities are shown in the balance sheet item amount column.

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 3) Information on related party transactions amounting to more than \$100,000 thousand
 - 1. BOT

Since the related-party transactions had been offset when the Company prepared the consolidated financial statements, only one of the consolidated parties needs to disclose its related-party information.

(a) Name of related-party and relationship

	Name of related party				Relationship with Bank of Taiwan			
		wan Financial Holdin ompany)	g Co	., Ltd.(the	Parent Company			
	BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (BTLI)			Subsidiary hel	ld completely b	by the Company		
	Bar	nkTaiwan Securities C	Co., I	Ltd. (BTS)	Subsidiary hel	ld completely b	by the Company	
	Hua	a Nan Financial Holdi	ings	Co., Ltd	Investee comp method	oany of BOT u	nder the equity	
	Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.			Investee comp method	oany of BOT u	nder the equity		
	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.		Investee comp method	oany of BOT u	nder the equity			
	Kaohsiung Ammonium Sulfate Co., Ltd.			te Co., Ltd.	Investee company of BOT under the equity method			
	Oth	ners			Directors, supervisors, managers, their spouses and relatives			
(b)	Sig	nificant related-party	trans	sactions				
	a)	Deposits of banks						
						ember 31, 2012	December 31, 2011	
		Hua Nan Financial H	Ioldi	ngs Co., Ltd.	\$	268,592	728,860	
	b) Call loans from banks (included in due		e to banks)					
			201	12				
				Highest balance	Ending balance	Interest rate (%)	Interest expense	
		Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$	6,574,565	391,973	0.15~0.75	739	

			20	011	
		Highest balance	Ending balance	Interest rat (%)	e Interest expense
	Hua Nan Financial \$ Holdings Co., Ltd.	8,572,450		= 0.2~0.8	2,035
	Interest rates of relate parties.	d-party transact	tions are the	same as those	e with non-related
c)	Other assets-prepaid di	vidends			
				year ended cember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
	The Company		\$	4,594,012	4,371,752
d)	Deposits				
				year ended cember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
	The Company		\$	309,735	171,328
	BTLI			16,504,966	14,707,240
	BTS			319,947	300,697
	Taiwan Life Insurance	Co., Ltd.		6,223	11,168
	Kaohsiung Ammonium	Sulfate Co., Ltd	d .	141,462	101,734
	Hua Nan Financial Hol	dings Co., Ltd.		44,535	47,659
	Tang-Eng Iron Works (Co., Ltd.		21	357
	Total		\$	17,326,889	15,340,183
	Interest rates of related-	-party transactio	ns are the san	ne as general a	ccounts.
e)	Fee revenue				
				year ended cember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
	BTLI		\$	1,054,299	842,883

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

f) Loans

	December 31, 2012										
Category	Amount or name of related party	Highest balance in current period	Ending balance	Status of performing loans	Non-	Type of collateral	Differences in transaction terms between related and non-related parties				
Consumer loans	40	19,348	12,584	12,584	-	None	None				
House mortgages	103	521,012	41,317	41,317	-	Land and buildings	None				
Call loans to banks	Hua Nan Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	5,500,000	-	-	-	None	None				
"	Taiwan business bank Co., Ltd.	6,000,000	-	-	-	"	None				
Secured overdrafts loans	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	608,315	84,270	84,270	-	Land and factory	None				
Short-term secured loans	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	121,569	95,028	95,028	-	"	None				
Long-term secured loans	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	900,000	741,000	741,000	-	"	None				

December 31, 2011										
				Status of per	rformance		Differences in			
Category	Amount or name of related party	Highest balance in current period	Ending balance	Performing loans	Non- performing loans	Type of collateral	transaction terms between related and nonrelated parties			
Consumer loans	36	19,559	12,857	12,857	-	None	None			
House mortgages	99	545,136	442,658	442,658		Land, building and negotiable securities	None			
Other loans	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	104,566	-	-		Land, building and negotiable securities	None			
"	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	266,141	266,141	266,141		Land, building and negotiable securities	None			
"	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	1,500,000	900,000	900,000		Land, building and negotiable securities	None			
Call loans to banks	Hua Nan Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	23,711,368	1,060	1,060	-	None	None			

Note 1: The consumer loans to staff and mortgage loans to staff can be lumped together for disclosure. The disclosure of other loan is sorted by interested parties.

Note 2: Collateral is classified by real estate, short-term notes, government bonds, secured or non-secured bonds, TSEC and OTC stocks, and others.

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

g) Derivative instruments

	December 31, 2012									
Name of	Name of	Contract	Original	Current valuation	Balance she	eet item				
related party	derivative	period	amount	adjustment	Item	Amount				
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	AEBH410927 forward	2004.11.30~ 2013.01.28	136,967	(1,194)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss—held-for- trading—forward	(1,194)				
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	AEBH411027 forward	2004.12.31~ 2013.01.28	135,502	(1,181)	"	(1,181)				
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	AEBH510877 forward	2005.11.25~ 2013.01.28	140,375	(1,224)	"	(1,224)				
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010121 swap	2010.05.07~ 2013.01.16	145,100	68	Valuation adjustment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading – swap	68				
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010122 swap	2010.05.07~ 2013.01.16	435,300	203	"	203				
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010141 swap	2010.06.25~ 2013.03.18	2,617,821	(5,477)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading – swap	(5,477)				
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010205 swap	2010.10.15~ 2013.01.09	583,882	(3,199)		(3,199)				
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW110252 swap	2011.09.22~ 2013.02.22	436,290	(843)	"	(843)				
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW210038 swap	2012.02.03~ 2013.02.07	293,180	(2,861)	"	(2,861)				
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW210095 swap	2012.03.21~ 2013.02.26	872,610	(1,730)	"	(1,730)				
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW210118 swap	2012.05.17~ 2013.01.22	583,840	(3,178)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading – swap	(3,178)				
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW21021 swap	2011.05.21~ 2013.01.23	292,685	(2,354)		(2,354)				

	December 31, 2012									
Name of related party	Name of derivative	Contract period	Original amount	Current valuation adjustment	Balance she	et item Amount				
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW210158 swap	2012.08.09~ 2013.02.21	579,726		Valuation adjustment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading – swap	870				
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW210273 swap	2012.12.11~ 2013.03.20	290,870	(613)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading – swap	(613)				
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW810239 swap	1998.11.06~ 2013.02.22	145,430	(281)	"	(281)				
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910020 swap	1999.02.09~ 2013.02.22	136,369	(263)	"	(263)				
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910022 swap	1999.02.18~ 2013.02.22	232,688	(449)	"	(449)				
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910064 swap	1999.04.09~ 2013.02.22	290,860	(562)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading – swap	(562)				
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910339 swap	1999.12.17~ 2013.01.16	1,160,800	541	Valuation adjustment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading – swap	541				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010081 swap	2010.03.11~ 2013.05.20	1,161,080		Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading – swap	(787)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010111 swap	2010.04.19~ 2013.06.24	1,160,100	(278)	"	(278)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010117 swap	2010.05.04~ 2013.02.19	894,780	(23,850)	"	(23,850)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010168 swap	2010.08.20~ 2013.01.30	1,954,615	(67,469)	"	(67,469)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010181 swap	2010.09.13~ 2013.05.20	580,540	(394)	"	(394)				

	December 31, 2012									
Name of related party	Name of derivative	Contract period	Original amount	Current valuation adjustment	Balance she	et item Amount				
		•		_						
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010184 swap	2010.09.17~ 2013.06.24	870,075	(209)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading – swap	(209)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance	CLSW010235 swap	2010.11.22~ 2013.02.27	1,192,040	(30,835)		(30,835)				
Co., Ltd.	Swap	2013.02.27								
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010238 swap	2010.12.06~ 2013.03.11	1,487,300	(35,881)	n.	(35,881)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW110005 swap	2011.01.10~ 2013.06.13	1,160,000	(32)	"	(32)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW110028 swap	2011.01.20~ 2013.01.30	1,804,260	(62,279)	"	(62,279)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW110068 swap	2011.02.22~ 2013.02.27	1,490,050	(38,543)	"	(38,543)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW110179 swap	2011.05.27~ 2013.03.29	19,872	(10,968)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading – swap	(10,968)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810104 swap	2008.04.30~ 2013.02.25	596,500	(15,893)		(15,893)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810225 swap	2008.10.16~ 2013.02.25	2,684,250	(71,516)	"	(71,516)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810247 swap	2008.11.20~ 2013.04.24	1,169,440	(8,777)	"	(8,777)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810273 swap	2008.12.22~ 2013.04.24	146,180	(1,097)	"	(1,097)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910009 swap	2009.01.23~ 2013.07.31	291,658	(1,857)	"	(1,857)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910010 swap	2009.01.23~ 2013.07.31	291,658	(1,857)	"	(1,857)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910011 swap	2009.01.23~ 2013.07.31	291,658	(1,857)	"	(1,857)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910012 swap	2009.01.23~ 2013.07.31	291,658	(1,857)	"	(1,857)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910014 swap	2009.01.23~ 2013.07.31	583,316	(3,715)	"	(3,715)				

	December 31, 2012									
Name of	Name of	Contract	Original	Current valuation	Balance she	et item				
related party	derivative	period	amount	adjustment	Item	Amount				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910017 swap	2009.02.04~ 2013.03.11	475,936	(11,482)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading – swap	(11,482)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910033 swap	2009.03.18~ 2013.04.24	292,360	(2,194)		(2,194)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910117 swap	2009.05.14~ 2013.02.25	596,500	(15,893)	"	(15,893)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910155 swap	2009.06.08~ 2013.01.16	2,232,180	881	Valuation adjustment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading – swap	881				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910158 swap	2009.06.11~ 2013.05.20	1,741,620	(1,181)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading – swap	(1,181)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910201 swap	2009.07.29~ 2013.07.31	174,995	(1,114)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading – swap	(1,114)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910228 swap	2009.08.26~ 2013.09.30	1,447,550	(77)		(77)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910259 swap	2009.09.28~ 2013.09.30	1,158,040	(61)	"	(61)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910267 swap	2009.10.13~ 2013.05.20	290,270	(197)	"	(197)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910287 swap	2009.10.19~ 2013.06.24	290,025	(70)	"	(70)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910315 swap	2009.11.05~ 2013.05.13	583,190	(2,988)	n .	(2,988)				

		Dec	ember 31, 201	11		
Name of	Name of	Contract	Original	Current valuation	Balance she	eet item
related party	derivative	period	amount	adjustment	Item	Amount
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	AEBH410927 forward	2004.11.30~ 2012.01.12	141,326	237	Valuation adjustment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss—current— held-for-trading— forward	237
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	AEBH411027 forward	2004.12.31~ 2012.01.12	139,814	234	"	234
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	AEBH510877 forward	2005.11.25~ 2012.01.12	144,842	243	"	243
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010121 swap	2010.05.07~ 2012.02.16	150,148	1,085	Valuation adjustment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current – held for trading – swap	1,085
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010122 swap	2010.05.07~ 2012.02.16	450,443	3,256	"	3,256
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010141 swap	2010.06.25~ 2011.02.14	2,714,535	7,733	"	7,733
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010205 swap	2010.10.15~ 2012.02.07	603,310	1,691	"	1,691
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW110252 swap	2011.09.22~ 2012.01.13	453,447	601	"	601
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW810239 swap	2008.11.06~ 2012.01.13	151,149	200	"	200
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910020 swap	2009.02.09~ 2012.01.13	141,732	188	"	188
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910022 swap	2009.02.18~ 2012.01.13	241,838	321	"	321
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910064 swap	2009.04.09~ 2012.01.13	302,298	401	"	401
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910339 swap	2009.12.17~ 2012.02.16	110,080	8,682	"	8,682
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010067 swap	2010.03.04~ 2012.03.08	603,060	1,668	"	1,668
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010081 swap	2010.03.11~ 2012.02.17	1,207,040	2,812	"	2,812

	December 31, 2011									
Name of related party	Name of derivative	Contract period	Original amount	Current valuation adjustment	Balance she	et item Amount				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010111 swap	2010.04.19~ 2012.03.22	1,211,040	(2,226)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current – held for trading – swap	(2,226)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010117 swap	2010.05.04~ 2012.02.09	1,051,085	,	Valuation adjustment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current – held for trading – swap	7,637				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010164 swap	2010.08.16~ 2012.01.18	1,440,325	72,943	"	72,943				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010168 swap	2010.08.20~ 2012.01.30	1,871,870	94,724	"	94,724				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010181 swap	2010.09.13~ 2012.02.17	603,520	1,406	"	1,406				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010184 swap	2010.09.17~ 2012.03.22	908,280		Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current – held for trading – swap	(1,669)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010196 swap	2010.09.28~ 2012.06.29	603,540	(1,210)		(1,210)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010223 swap	2010.11.10~ 2012.06.15	1,202,680	ŕ	Valuation adjustment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current – held for trading – swap	2,535				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010235 swap	2010.11.22~ 2012.02.29	1,204,960	4,709	"	4,709				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010238 swap	2010.12.06~ 2012.03.08	1,507,650	4,170	"	4,170				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW110005 swap	2011.01.10~ 2012.01.12	1,149,920	60,895	"	60,895				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW110028 swap	2011.01.20~ 2012.01.30	1,727,880	87,438	"	87,438				

	December 31, 2011									
Name of	Name of	Contract	Original	Current valuation	Balance she					
related party	derivative	period	amount	adjustment	Item	Amount				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW110068 swap	2011.02.22~ 2012.02.29	1,506,200	5,886	Valuation adjustment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current – held for trading – swap	5,886				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW110079 swap	2011.05.27~ 2012.03.30	1,848,056		Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current – held for trading – swap	(5,176)				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810104 swap	2008.04.30~ 2012.02.23	603,500	1,381	Valuation adjustment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current – held for trading – swap	1,381				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810225 swap	2008.10.16~ 2012.02.23	2,715,750	6,214	"	6,214				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810247 swap	2008.11.20~ 2012.04.24	1,198,480	8,871	"	8,871				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810273 swap	2008.12.22~ 2012.04.24	149,810	1,109	"	1,109				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910009 swap	2009.01.23~ 2012.01.31	287,260	15,284	"	15,284				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910010 swap	2009.01.23~ 2012.01.31	287,260	15,284	"	15,284				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910011 swap	2009.01.23~ 2012.01.31	287,260	15,284	"	15,284				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910012 swap	2009.01.23~ 2012.01.31	287,260	15,284	"	15,284				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910014 swap	2009.01.23~ 2012.01.31	574,520	30,568	"	30,568				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910017 swap	2009.02.04~ 2012.03.08	482,448	1,334	//	1,334				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910033 swap	2009.03.18~ 2012.04.24	299,620	2,218	"	2,218				
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910101 swap	2009.05.04~ 2012.02.09	150,155	1,091	//	1,091				

		Dec	ember 31, 201	1		
				Current		
Name of	Name of	Contract	Original	valuation	Balance she	eet item
related party	derivative	period	amount	adjustment	Item	Amount
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910117 swap	2009.05.14~ 2012.02.23	603,500	1,381	Valuation adjustment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current – held for trading – swap	1,381
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910155 swap	2009.06.08~ 2012.02.13	2,438,440		Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current – held for trading – swap	(18,593)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910158 swap	2009.06.11~ 2012.02.17	1,810,560	4,218	Valuation adjustment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current – held for trading – swap	4,218
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910201 swap	2009.07.29~ 2012.01.31	172,356	9,170	"	9,170
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910207 swap	2009.08.04~ 2012.02.09	300,310	2,182	"	2,182
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910228 swap	2009.08.26~ 2012.06.29	1,508,850	(3,025)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current – held for trading – swap	(3,025)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910259 swap	2009.09.28~ 2012.06.29	1,207,080	(2,420)	"	(2,420)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910267 swap	2009.10.13~ 2012.02.17	301,760		Valuation adjustment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current – held for trading – swap	703
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910287 swap	2009.10.19~ 2012.03.22	302,760		Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss — current — held for trading — swap	(556)

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

	December 31, 2011								
Name of	Name of	Contract	Original	Current valuation	Balance sh	eet item			
related party	derivative	period	amount	adjustment	Item	Amount			
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910313 swap	2009.11.04~ 2012.02.09	300,310	, ,	Valuation adjustment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current – held for trading – swap	2,182			
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910315 swap	2009.11.05~ 2012.02.10	577,060	27,897	"	27,897			

Note 1: The disclosure of the derivative instruments is by related party.

Note 2: Derivative financial instruments are assessed by the fair value method. Any relevant net present value created shall be recognized as current valuation adjustment.

Note 3: The ending balance of financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and hedging derivative assets/liabilities are shown in the balance sheet item amount column.

h) The expense of shared assets was allocated to BOT, BTLI, BTS, and the Company as follows:

The Company	2012		2011	
	\$	9,395	7,468	
BTLI		42,929	45,341	
BTS		42,222	53,394	
Total	\$	94,546	106,203	

(c) Total amount of the major management's salaries and bonus

The related information about the salaries and bonus for BOT's major management in 2012 and 2011 is as follows:

Salaries	2012	
	\$ 21,790	21,689
Bonus	11,621	11,471
Business expenses	2,375	2,455

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2. BTLI

(a) Name of related party and relationship

Name of related-party

Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd.(the Company) BOT 100%-owned subsidiary of the Company under the equity method 100%-owned subsidiary of the Company under the equity method 100%-owned subsidiary of the Company under the equity method Investee company of BOT and BTLI under the equity method Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd. Investee company of BOT and BTLI under the equity method

Relationship with BTLI

Directors, supervisors, managers, their

spouses and relatives

(b) Significant related-party transactions

Other

a) Non-derivative financial instrument

Name of related parties	Summary	Content	Dec	cember 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	Financial bonds (recorded	Cost revaluation adjustment	\$	900,000	900,000
	as Available- for-sale financial assets)			(11)	(12)
			\$	899,989	899,988
		Interest revenue	\$	14,850	14,850

b) Commission expense

Name of related parties	Summary		December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
ВОТ	Passage cost for bank	\$	1,020,236	805,985
Hun Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	Agent Fee	_	5,500	8,815
-		\$	1,025,736	814,800

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

c) Exchange less

Name of related parties	Summary	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011	
BOT	Forward and Swap \$	752,570	(926,796)	

(c) Total amount of the major management's salaries and bonuses

The related information about the salaries and bonuses for BTLI's major management in 2012 and 2011 is as follows:

	2012	
Salaries	\$ 10,298	9,405
Bonuses	6,812	5,324
Business expenses	1,296	570

3. BTS

(a) Name of related party and relationship

Name of related party

Relationship with TBS

Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd.(the Company)	Parent Company
BOT	100%-owned subsidiary of the Company under the equity method
BTLI	100%-owned subsidiary of the Company under the equity method
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	Investee company of BOT and BTLI under the equity method
Others	Directors, supervisors, managers, their spouses and relatives

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- (b) Significant related-party transactions
 - a) Deposits of banks

List of BOT deposits on December 31, 2012 and 2011 is as follows:

	December 31, 2012		December 31, 2011	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	38,446	35,237	
Operating deposits-time deposit		280,000	265,000	
Cash and cash equivalents-settlement price		1,501	430	
	\$	319,947	300,667	

b) Financial Assets measured at fair value throng profit or loss

Name of related parties	Summary	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Hun Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	Securities underwriting	\$	335,142

c) Bonds purchased under resell agreements

2012

Name of related parties		Amount	Ending balance
Hun Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$	400,475	

d) Available-for-sale financial assets - Current

Name of related parties	Summary	De	ecember 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Hun Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	Equity underwriting	\$	168,000	327,000

(c) Total amount of the major management's salaries and bonuses

The related information about the salaries and bonuses for BTS's major management in 2012 and 2011 is as follows:

	2012	2011
Salaries	\$ 7,786	7,763
Bonuses	4,473	4,226
Business expenses	1,039	410

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

4) Total amount of the major management's salaries and bonuses

The related information about the salaries and bonuses for the Company and its subsidiaries' major management in 2012 and 2011 is as follows:

	2012	2011
Salaries	\$ 43,989	43,965
Bonuses	24,455	24,421
Business expenses	9,505	9,265

(38) Pledged Assets

		Book	value
Pledged assets	Purpose of pledge	The year ended December 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Available-for-sale financial assets — bonds	Guarantee deposit for provisional attachments	\$ 225,000	224,000
Available-for-sale financial assets — bonds	Operating deposit for securities trading	150,000	150,000
Available-for-sale financial assets — bonds	Guarantee deposit for trust business compensation reserve	100,000	100,000
Placement with central bank and call loans to banks—deposit transfered to Central Bank	Payment and settlement systems of Central Bank	25,000,000	25,000,000
Held-to-maturity financial assets — Government bonds	Guarantee deposit for trust business compensation reserve	300,000	300,000
Held-to-maturity financial assets — bonds	Guarantee deposit for provisional attachments or taxation appeals	10,200	12,200
Other assets — refundable deposit	Operating guarantee deposit	2,464,392	1,701,112
Other assets—refundable	Lease and future guarantee deposit	53,385	52,491
Fix assets—Land	Short-term loans	210,727	210,727
Fix assets—Building	Short-term loans	42,860	44,500
Rented assets — Land	Short-term loans	168,582	168,582
Rented assets — Building deposits	Short-term loans	28,136	29,440
Total		\$28,753,282	27,993,052

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note: BTS's operating guarantee deposit pledged with time deposit of BOT amounting to \$280,000 has been offset due to related party transaction.

(39) Commitments and Contingencies

1) As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, the significant commitments of the Company and its subsidiaries were as follows:

	Dece	ear ended ember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011
Contract guarantee on behalf of counter-parties	\$	3,782,935	5,395,979
Traveler's checks held on consignment		1,173,028	1,087,707
Accrued securities held as custodian	1,5	552,906,874	1,613,920,171
Letters of credit		46,718,813	43,112,360
Goods held in custody		12,696,949	10,797,009
Issuance of New Taiwan Dollars	1,4	139,592,396	1,322,680,282
Guarantee notes payable		214,900	240,200
Registered government bonds for sale	4	100,317,500	331,884,300
Registered short-term bills for sale	2	220,823,700	265,095,673
Consigned sales of goods		2,316,501	1,947,495
Trust liabilities	5	512,856,940	505,848,030
Guarantees		73,486,171	71,389,619
Total	\$ <u>4,2</u>	266,886,707	4,173,398,825

2) Construction in progress and significant purchase agreements:

The construction of Yi Lan Branch and Don Gang Branch was completed on June 9 and July 28, 2011, respectively.

3) Operating leases

All subsidiaries have entered into operating leases for their branches. As of December 31, 2012, the minimum payments on lease contract commitments for the next five years were as follows:

Period	A	Amount
2013.01.01~2013.12.31	\$	365,493
2014.01.01~2014.12.31		209,386
2015.01.01~2015.12.31		113,737
2016.01.01~2016.12.31		77,462
2017.01.01~2017.12.31		43,744
	\$	809,822

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

4) BTS had several proxy delivery agreements with certain securities companies. In accordance with these agreements, the companies have agreed to be BTS's first and second proxy. If BTS is unable to fulfill its obligations to the TSE, the proxies must then act pursuant to said obligations and responsibilities.

(40) Significant Disaster Loss: None.

(41) Significant Subsequent Events

BOT was authorized to establish BankTaiwan Insurance Broker, held completely by BOT on January 23, 2013.

(42) Others

1) A summary of personnel costs and depreciation, depletion, and amortization expenses, categorized by function, for the six-month periods ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, is as follows:

	2012		2011			
Function Nature	Cost of goods sold	Operating expenses	Total	Cost of goods sold	Operating expenses	Total
Personnel costs						
Salaries	-	10,912,909	10,912,909	-	10,825,711	10,825,711
Labor and health insurance	-	611,457	611,457	-	589,987	589,987
Pension	-	1,123,615	1,123,615	-	1,401,456	1,401,456
Other employment	-	218,885	218,885	-	196,563	196,563
Depreciation	39,917	981,529	1,021,446	32,941	1,008,895	1,041,836
Amortization	-	352,969	352,969	-	446,304	446,304

2) Cross-selling with subsidiaries

1. Cross-selling:

Please see Note (37) "Related Parties" for further descriptions.

2. Integrate business activities:

From June 2009, the Company established marketing plans consolidating subsidiaries' distribution of channels and products to allocate resources more efficiently. Moreover, to promote sales of insurance, securities and wealth management. By promoting sales cooperation aggressively, the Company is excepting to make it more effective and efficient.

3. Cross utilization of information:

In accordance to the amendment of "Financial Holding Company Act" on January 21, 2009 and Regulations governing mutual marketing in subsidiaries" on October 21, 2009, the Company and its subsidiaries concluded and signed "Agreement of Privacy Exchange" on December 16, 2009, to cope with the change of duties in the company and to enhance the protection of privacy. The Company and its subsidiaries also signed "Agreement of Customer Privacy" on February 25, 2010 to further protect and limit inappropriate use of private details.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

4. Locations and business utilities:

The company applied to government for "Location set up for operating other business" and had been approved. By December 2012, the company had 150 branches, providing securities services; 159 branches and 5 simple-functioned branches, providing insurance services. They provide securities and insurances services in banks.

5. Allocation on revenues, costs, expenses, profits and losses:

Allocation of Revenue, Cost and Expense is calculated based on the proportion of actual sales among subsidiaries.

3) Capital adequacy ratios

Unit: Thousand NTD, %

December 31, 2012				
Item Entity	Ownership interest	Eligible capital	Legal capital	
The Company	100.00	258,228,581	264,131,769	
Bank of Taiwan	100.00	191,839,471	140,519,580	
BankTaiwan Life Insurance	100.00	10,152,895	9,056,288	
BankTaiwan Securities	100.00	2,010,497	641,957	
Less: deductible item		(264,080,713)	(264,080,713)	
Subtotal		198,150,731	150,268,881	
Consolidated capital adequacy ratio	131.86			

Unit: Thousand NTD, %

December 31, 2011				
Item Entity	Ownership interest	Eligible capital	Legal capital	
The Company	-	249,627,602	255,426,564	
Bank of Taiwan	100.00	187,365,815	131,687,943	
BankTaiwan Life Insurance	100.00	10,448,676	7,850,196	
BankTaiwan Securities	100.00	1,846,923	658,278	
Less: deductible item		(255,373,942)	(255,373,942)	
Subtotal		193,915,074	140,249,039	
Consolidated capital adequacy ratio	138.26			

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

4) Eligible capital

Unit: Thousand NTD

December 31, 2012		
Item	Amount	
Common stock	90,000,000	
Additional paid-in capital	111,632,634	
Legal reserve	2,758,570	
Special reserve	5,924,552	
Accumulated profit	8,449,361	
Equity adjustments	39,567,513	
Less: goodwill	-	
Less: deferred assets	104,049	
Less: treasury stock	-	
Consolidated eligible capital	258,228,581	

Unit: Thousand NTD

December 31, 2011		
Item	Amount	
Common stock	90,000,000	
Additional paid-in capital	112,095,429	
Legal reserve	2,352,676	
Special reserve	5,227,896	
Accumulated profit	6,658,934	
Equity adjustments	33,353,048	
Less: goodwill	-	
Less: deferred assets	82,038	
Less: treasury stock	-	
Consolidated eligible capital	249,605,945	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

5) Disclosures of total amounts or ratios with respect to credit extensions, endorsements, or other transactions undertaken by a financial holding Company and its subsidiaries for the same individual, the same related individual, or the same affiliated enterprises in accordance with Article 46 of the "Financial Holding Company Act":

Unit: Million NTD, %

December 31, 2012	Oli	it. Willion NTD, %
Name	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements or other transactions	% of net asset value
The same individual		
Central Bank of the Republic of China (Taiwan)	607,722	235.15
National Treasury Agency, Ministry of Finance, R.O.C.	268,201	103.82
Taiwan Power Company	149,891	58.00
Taiwan High Speed Rail Corporation	74,925	29.00
CPC Corporation, Taiwan	40,181	15.55
New Taipei City Government	35,341	13.68
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd	33,388	12.92
Taiwan Railway Administration	29,778	11.52
Formosa Petrochemical Corporation	28,878	11.17
Yunlin county Government	20,634	7.99
Chi Mei Optoelectronics Corporation	19,596	7.59
Bureau of National Health Insurance	18,000	6.96
Tainan City Government	17,344	6.71
China Steel Corporation	17,241	6.67
AU Optronics Corp.	15,324	5.93
Yang Ming Marine Transport Corp	15,208	5.88
Taichung City Government	14,079	5.45
Miaoli County Government	14,048	5.44
Yilan County Government	13,633	5.28
The general political warfare bureau of Ministry of National Defense	13,400	5.19
Dragon Steel Corporation	12,973	5.02
Chiayi County Government	12,933	5.00
Hsinchu County Government	12,634	4.89
Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.	11,769	4.56
First Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	11,694	4.53
Kaohsiung City Government	11,578	4.48

December 31, 2012			
Name	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements or other transactions	% of net asset value	
Nan Ya Plastics Corporation	11,233	4.35	
EVA Airways Corporation	11,195	4.33	
Taiwan Business Bank	10,474	4.05	
R.S.E.A. Engineering Corporation	9,643	3.73	
Changhua County Government	9,366	3.63	
Foxconn Technology Group	9,209	3.56	
China Airlines Ltd.	9,155	3.54	
Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	8,348	3.23	
Formos Plastics Corporation	7,921	3.06	
Anz Banking Group Ltd.	7,302	2.83	
Prince Housing and Development Corp.	7,098	2.75	
Apple Inc.	7,103	2.75	
Nantou County Government	6,781	2.62	
Mega Financial Holding Company	6,485	2.51	
Pingtung County Government	6,296	2.44	
Hsinchu City Government	6,089	2.36	
WESTPAC BANK ING CORP.	6,056	2.34	
Taoyuan County Government	5,850	2.26	
Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	5,800	2.24	
Hualien County government	5,740	2.22	
China Development Bank	5,748	2.22	
National Australia Bank	5,584	2.16	
COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA	5,546	2.15	
Hiwin Technology Co., Ltd.	5,544	2.15	
The Shang hai commercial and saving Bank Ltd.	5,448	2.11	
Mega International Commercial Bank	5,421	2.10	
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development	5,368	2.08	
Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	5,263	2.04	
RABOBANK	5,207	2.02	
Wan-bao development Co., Ltd.	5,082	1.97	
ASE Group	4,989	1.93	
ROYAL BANK OF CANADA	4,966	1.92	

December 31, 2012			
Name	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements or other transactions	% of net asset value	
Fubon Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	4,966	1.92	
Ginnie Mae	4,839	1.87	
Evergreen Marine Corporation	4,777	1.85	
Walsin Lihwa Corp.	4,794	1.85	
Yuanta Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	4,651	1.80	
Chi Nei Corp.	4,643	1.80	
Land Bank	4,651	1.80	
SAC PEI TAIWAN HOLDING	4,583	1.77	
Nederlandse Waterschapsbank	4,410	1.71	
First Commercial Bank	4,377	1.69	
Export Processing Zone Administrant	4,348	1.68	
China Network Systems	4,311	1.67	
Chunghwa Picture Tubes Co., Ltd.	4,209	1.63	
C.S. Aluminium Corp.	4,209	1.63	
Linyuan Investment Co., Ltd.	4,151	1.61	
Development Bank of Singapore	3,709	1.60	
Taitung County Government	4,079	1.58	
KFW Bankengruppe	3,979	1.54	
Cathay Commercial Bank	3,815	1.48	
Mega Bills Financial Holding Company	3,775	1.46	
Visa	3,711	1.44	
Run-Cheng Investment Co., Ltd.	3,679	1.42	
Deutsche Bank	3,667	1.42	
Quanta Computer Co., Ltd.	3,634	1.41	
Keelung City Government	3,650	1.41	
Chinatrust Commercial Bank	3,593	1.39	
Kaohsiung Rapid Transit Corp.	3,561	1.38	
Yuanta Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	3,501	1.36	
Far Eastern Departement Stores Co., Ltd.	3,508	1.36	
Tatung Company	3,499	1.35	
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	3,407	1.32	
CITIGROUP INC	3,386	1.31	

December 31, 2012		
Name	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements or other transactions	% of net asset value
Ever Fortune Energy Co., Ltd.	3,373	1.31
Highwealth Construction Co., Ltd.	3,376	1.31
Chung Hung Steel Co., Ltd.	3,544	1.31
Nordic Investment Bank	3,244	1.30
Shin Kong Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	3,370	1.30
Export Import Bank of Korea	3,360	1.30
Chailease Finance Co., Ltd.	3,321	1.29
Uni-President Enterprises Corp.	3,329	1.29
HSBC Holdings plc	3,303	1.28
E.SUN Commerical Bank	3,243	1.26
China Bills Finance Corp.	3,097	1.20
The Svensk Exportkredit AB	3,049	1.18
Far Easter New Centruy	3,031	1.17
The same related individual		
Mr./Ms. Kong and related individual	35,429	13.71
Mr./Ms. Wu and related individual	5,990	2.32
Mr./Ms. Cheng and related individual	5,453	2.11
Mr./Ms. Wu and related individual	4,716	1.83
Mr./Ms. Wang and related individual	4,293	1.66
Mr./Ms. Chen and related individual	3,723	1.44
Mr./Ms. Wu and related individual	3,346	1.30
Mr./Ms. Liao and related individual	3,006	1.16
The same affiliated enterprise		
Taiwan Power Company	152,961	59.19
Simosa Group and its affiliates	78,283	30.29
China Steel Corporation Group	43,925	17.00
China Petroleum Corporation Group	42,431	16.42
Huanan Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	34,604	13.39
BenQ-AID Group and its affiliates	23,251	9.00
Linyuan Investment Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	23,208	8.98
Chi Mei Technology and its affiliates	21,792	8.43
Ever green Group	21,323	8.25

December 31, 2012		
Name	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements or other transactions	% of net asset value
Mega Financial Holding Company and its affiliates	17,696	6.85
Yang Ming Marine Transport Corp. and its affiliates	17,077	6.61
First Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	16,389	6.34
Far Eastern Group and its affiliates	13,937	5.39
Fubon Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	12,852	4.97
Tatung Company and its affiliates	11,510	4.46
Yuanta Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	10,292	3.98
Uni-President Enterprises Corp. and its affiliates	10,205	3.95
China Network System Group	9,715	3.76
Shin Kong Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	9,455	3.66
Foxconn Technology Group	9,405	3.64
China Airlines Group	9,155	3.54
Tainan Spinning Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	8,906	3.45
Chi Mei Corporation and its afiliates	8,796	3.40
YFY Group and its affiliates	8,643	3.34
Chinatrusta and its affiliates	8,315	3.22
Ruentex Group and its affiliates	8,136	3.15
High Wealth Construction and its affiliates	7,686	2.98
Walsin Lihwa Corp. andits affiliates	7,634	2.95
Baotai development Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	7,038	2.72
ASE Group and its affiliates	7,010	2.71
UMC and its affiliates	6,978	2.70
Hiwin Technology Group	6,251	2.42
E United Group and its affiliates	6,030	2.33
ASUS and its affiliates	5,975	2.31
Taishin Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	5,890	2.28
Chailease Group	5,731	2.22
Big Rich Media and its affiliates	5,353	2.07
Lealea Group	5,254	2.03
HSBC	5,083	1.97
CITI	4,731	1.83
Taiwan Cement Corporation and its affiliates	4,534	1.76

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TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

December 31, 2012		
	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements or other	% of net asset
Name	transactions	value
E.SUN Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	4,499	1.74
Chang Chung Group	4,330	1.68
Quanta Computer Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	4,178	1.62
Tang Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	4,043	1.56
Fong-Yi Group	3,971	1.54
De-Chan Motors Group	3,893	1.51
Long Bon International Co., Ltd.	3,487	1.35
Wintek Technology Group	3,446	1.33
Baofeng Group	3,296	1.28
Waterland Finance Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	3,283	1.27
Unitech Printed Circuit Board Corp.	3,260	1.26
China Development Financial Holding Corporation and its affiliates	3,113	1.21
Industial Bank of Taiwan	3,105	1.20
Total	2,751,715	

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TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

December 31, 2011		
Name	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements or other transactions	% of net asset value
The same individual		
Central Bank of the Republic of China (Taiwan)	622,903	241.12
National Treasury Agency, Ministry of Finance, R.O.C.	292,407	113.19
Taiwan Power Company	163,802	63.41
Taiwan High Speed Rail Corporation	74,681	28.91
Taichung City Government	39,785	15.40
CPC Corporation, Taiwan	31,765	12.30
Hua Nan Financial Holding Co., Ltd	30,900	11.96
Taiwan Railway Administration	28,472	11.02
Bureua of National Health Insurance	28,100	10.88
Chi Mei Optoelectronics Corporation	20,811	8.06
Yunlin county Government	19,898	7.70
Formosa Petrochemical Corporation	19,574	7.58
China Steel Corporation	19,458	7.53
Tainan City Government	18,095	7.00
AU Optronics Corp.	17,236	6.67
New Taipei City Government	15,541	6.02
Miaoli County Government	15,184	5.88
Dragon Steel Corporation	15,144	5.86
Hsinchu County Government	13,272	5.14
Chiayi County Government	12,427	4.81
Yilan County Government	12,320	4.77
Ginnie Mae	12,252	4.74
High speed railway associated construction funds	11,636	4.50
Formos Plastics Corporation	11,285	4.37
First Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	11,067	4.28
Foxconn Technology Group	10,952	4.24
EVA Airways Corporation	10,896	4.22
Taiwan Business Bank	10,670	4.13
China Airlines Ltd.	10,211	3.95
Yang Ming Marine Transport Corp	10,198	3.95
R.S.E.A. Engineering Corporation	10,157	3.93

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TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

December 31, 2011		
Name	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements or other transactions	% of net asset value
Nan Ya Plastics Corporation	9,986	3.87
Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.	9,539	3.69
Pingtung County Government	8,641	3.34
Changhua County Government	7,864	3.04
Promos Technologies Inc.	7,780	3.01
Nantou County Government	7,726	2.99
Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	7,608	2.95
Taiwan Area National Freeway Bureau, MOTC	7,100	2.75
Evergreen Marine Corporation	6,901	2.67
Prince Housing and Development Corp.	6,883	2.66
Hsinchu City Government	6,707	2.60
Mega Bills Financial Holding Company	6,498	2.52
Shin Kong Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	5,800	2.25
Mega Financial Holding Company	5,711	2.21
Kommunalbanken	5,684	2.20
Fubon Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	5,678	2.20
Wan-bao development Co., Ltd.	5,400	2.09
Export Import Bank of Korea	5,383	2.08
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development	5,318	2.06
Anz Banking Group Ltd.	5,295	2.05
Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	5,216	2.02
Deutsche Bank	5,171	2.00
Apple Inc.	5,028	1.95
COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA	4,840	1.87
Far Eastern Departement Stores Co., Ltd.	4,808	1.86
Hualien County government	4,755	1.84
SAC PEI TAIWAN HOLDINGS	4,725	1.83
Export Processing Zone Administration, MOEA	4,638	1.80
Staatsbank fur Baden Wurttemberg	4,636	1.79
Yuanta Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	4,566	1.77
Linyuan Investment Co., Ltd.	4,500	1.74
Ever Fortune Fnergy Co., Ltd.	4,293	1.66

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TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

December			
Name	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements or other transactions	% of net asset value	
European Investment Bank	4,260	1.65	
Taishin Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	4,173	1.62	
CITIGROUP INC	4,162	1.61	
ASE Group	4,091	1.58	
Uni-President Enterprises Corp.	4,078	1.58	
Run-Cheng Investment Co., Ltd.	4,000	1.55	
Development Bank of Singapore	3,988	1.54	
Kaohsiung Rapid Transit Corp.	3,961	1.53	
Taoyuan County Government	3,950	1.53	
Cathay Commercial Bank	3,927	1.52	
China Development Bank	3,910	1.51	
Freddie Mac	3,883	1.50	
International Financial Corporation	3,861	1.49	
KFW Bankengruppe	3,772	1.46	
Pegatrgon	3,724	1.44	
Tatung Company	3,715	1.44	
Quanta Computer Co., Ltd.	3,671	1.42	
North Rhine-Westphalian Bank	3,632	1.41	
Nanya Technology Corporation	3,595	1.39	
BNP PARIBAS	3,592	1.39	
Inotera Memories, Inc.	3,567	1.38	
ROYAL BANK OF CANADA	3,511	1.36	
Land Bank	3,487	1.35	
HSBC Holdings plc	3,433	1.33	
Fannie mae	3,386	1.31	
Kaohsiung City Government	3,319	1.28	
Inter-American Development Bank	3,312	1.28	
Science Park Administration	3,262	1.26	
Nordic Investment Bank	3,255	1.26	
Keelung City Government	3,217	1.25	
Hiwin Technology Co., Ltd.	3,188	1.23	
Export Development Canada	3,148	1.22	

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TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

December 31, 2011					
Name	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements or other transactions	% of net asset value			
Inventec Co., Ltd.	3,117	1.21			
Shin Kong Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	3,117	1.21			
Taipei 101 Mall	3,114	1.21			
International Bills finance Corporation	3,114	1.21			
Rich Development Construction Co., Ltd.	3,056	1.18			
E.SUN Commerical Bank	3,055	1.18			
The same related individual					
Mr./Ms. Lin and related individual	8,218	3.18			
Mr./Ms. Cheng and related individual	4,442	1.72			
Mr./Ms. Kuo and related individual	4,208	1.63			
Mr./Ms. Chen and related individual	3,723	1.44			
Mr./Ms. Wu and related individual	3,646	1.41			
The same affiliated enterprise					
Taiwan Power Company	167,082	64.68			
Simosa Group and its affiliates	73,329	28.39			
China Steel Corporation Group	42,108	16.30			
China Petroleum Corporation Group	35,521	13.75			
Huanan Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	31,810	12.31			
AU Optronics Corp. and its affiliates	23,992	9.29			
Linyuan Investment Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	23,911	9.26			
Ever green Group	23,412	9.06			
Chi Mei Technology and its affiliates	21,794	8.44			
Mega Financial Holding Company and its affiliates	16,246	6.29			
First Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	14,003	5.42			
Shin Kong Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	13,976	5.41			
Fubon Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	13,606	5.27			
Far Eastern Group and its affiliates	13,150	5.09			
Foxconn Technology Group	12,840	4.97			
Yang Ming Marine Transport Corp. and its affiliates	10,347	4.01			
China Airlines Group	10,215	3.95			
Uni-President Enterprises Corp. and its affiliates	9,676	3.75			
Tatung Company and its affiliates	9,462	3.66			

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TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

December 31, 2011					
	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements or other	% of net asset			
Name	transactions	value			
Chi Mei Corporation and its afiliates	9,115	3.53			
Tainan Spinning Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	8,556	3.31			
Ruentex Group and its affiliates	8,300	3.21			
Promos Technologies Inc.	7,780	3.01			
UMC and its affiliates	7,266	2.81			
YFY Group and its affiliates	7,024	2.72			
ASUS and its affiliates	6,932	2.68			
Chinatrusta and its affiliates	6,926	2.68			
Lealea Group	6,269	2.43			
Taishin Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	5,860	2.27			
E United Group and its affiliates	5,689	2.20			
ASE Group and its affiliates	5,659	2.19			
Big Rich Media and its affiliates	5,558	2.15			
HSBC	5,262	2.04			
Yuanta Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	5,027	1.95			
High Wealth Construction and its affiliates	4,595	1.78			
Baotai development Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	4,558	1.76			
Tang Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	4,529	1.75			
Wells Fargo	4,510	1.75			
E.SUN Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	4,385	1.70			
Chailease Group	4,309	1.67			
De-Chan Motors Group	4,293	1.66			
CITI	4,254	1.65			
Quanta Computer Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	4,239	1.64			
China Development Financial Holding Corporation and its affiliates	3,836	1.48			
Waterland Finance Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	3,709	1.44			
Wintek Technology Group	3,611	1.40			
Taiwan Cement Corporation and its affiliates	3,409	1.32			

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2011						
Nama	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements or other	% of net asset				
Name	transactions	value				
Hiwin Technology Group	3,383	1.31				
Inventec Corporation and its affiliates	3,250	1.26				
Barclays	3,069	1.19				
Total	2,708,259					

Note 1: Taiwan High Speed Rail Corporation is included.

- 2. This form discloses total amounts which reach the lower of 5% of net worth or \$3 billion with respect to credit extensions, endorsements, or other transactions undertaken by a financial holding Company and its subsidiaries for the same individual, the same related individual, or the same affiliated enterprises.
- 3. Credit extensions mean loans, discounts, overdrafts, acceptances, guarantees, and other business items designated by the central competent authority-in-charge.
- 4. Endorsements mean endorsements and guarantees of bills corporations.
- 5. Other transactions mean the following transactions with the same individual, the same related individual, or the same affiliated enterprises:
 - (1) Invest or purchase securities whose issuers are these related parties.
 - (2) Purchase these related parties' real estate or other assets.
 - (3) Sell securities, real estate, or other assets to these related parties.
 - (4) Sign contracts to give money or supply labor.
 - (5) Act as an agent or broker of the financial holding company or its subsidiaries, or supply services on a commission or expenses basis.
 - (6) Conducting the above transactions with third parties that are stakeholders in these related parties, or transactions in which these related parties participate with third parties.
 - (7) The amounts of negotiable certificates issued by a bank subsidiary are not included in the calculation.
 - (8) The amounts of financial institutions' repurchase agreements are not included in the calculation.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 6) The disclosures according to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No 28:
 - 1. Loan quality, concentration of credit risk, and policies on allowance for bad debts arising from loans and advances to customers

(a) Loan quality

		-		December 31, 2012					
			Amount of	Total amount of		Allowance for bad			
Type / Item		overdue loans	loans	Ratio	debt	Coverage ratio			
Enterprise Secured		5,290,816	530,827,381	1.00 %	6,278,407	118.67 %			
	Non-secu	ıred	2,076,615	994,440,253	0.21 %	6,537,303	314.81 %		
	House m	ortgage	2,393,503	436,301,977	0.55 %	2,742,327	114.57 %		
	Cash car	d	-	-	-	-	-		
Consumer	Micro cro	edit	83,822	6,576,139	1.27 %	122,993	146.73 %		
finance	Others	Secured	417,130	72,704,772	0.57 %	443,303	106.27 %		
		Non-secured	1,229,017	154,148,720	0.80 %	1,741,649	141.71 %		
Total		•	11,490,903	2,194,999,242	0.52 %	17,865,982	155.48 %		
			Overdue	Account		Allowance bad			
			receivables	receivable	Ratio	debt	Cover ratio		
Credit card	business		4,222	969,820	0.44 %	12,447	294.81 %		
Factoring re	eceivables	non-recourse	-	17,657,859	- %	152,286	-		

	·	-	December 31, 2011					
			Amount of	Total amount of		Allowance for bad	ad	
Type / Item		overdue loans	loans	Ratio	debt	Coverage ratio		
Enterprise	Secured		3,063,664	529,151,229	0.58 %	9,553,203	311.82 %	
	Non-secu	ired	1,792,161	1,006,480,293	0.18 %	4,104,641	229.03 %	
	Househo	ld mortgage	2,883,236	408,856,119	0.71 %	2,385,189	82.73 %	
	Cash care	d	-	-	-	-	-	
Consumer	Micro cre	edit	114,067	8,860,282	1.29 %	87,705	76.89 %	
finance	Others	Secured	491,008	68,705,528	0.71 %	305,373	62.19 %	
		Non-secured	1,316,419	149,486,023	0.88 %	1,458,131	110.76 %	
Total		•	9,660,555	2,171,539,474	0.44 %	17,894,242	185.23 %	
			Overdue	Account		Allowance bad		
			receivables	receivable	Ratio	debt	Cover ratio	
Credit card	business		4,273	1,039,246	0.41 %	12,012	281.11 %	
Factoring re	eceivables	non-recourse	-	10,054,670	- %	86,714	-	

- Note 1: For loan business: Overdue loans represent the amounts of reported overdue loans pursuant to the "Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/Non-accrual Loans" issued by the FSC. For credit card business: Overdue receivables are regulated by the Banking Bureau letter dated July 6, 2005 (Ref. No. 0944000378).
- Note 2: For loan business: NPL Ratio = NPL/Total Loans. For credit card business: Delinquency Ratio = Overdue receivables/Accounts receivable.
- Note 3: For loan business: Coverage Ratio = LLR/NPL. For credit card business: Coverage Ratio = Allowance for credit losses/Overdue receivables.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- Note 4: Household mortgage means the purpose of financing is to purchase, build, or fix up a dwelling, and the dwelling owned by the borrower, spouse, or children fully secures the loan.
- Note 5: Micro credit is regulated by the Banking Bureau letter dated December 19, 2005 (Ref. No. 09440010950)
- Note 6: Others in consumer finance refer to secured or non-secured loans excluding mortgage, cash card, micro credit, and credit card.
- Note 7: Account receivables—factoring without recourse: As required by the Banking Bureau letter dated July 19, 2005 (Ref. No. 094000494), provision for bad debt is recognized once no compensation is received from the factoring or insurance company.
- Note 8: Account receivable of credit card business in including overdue receivable, account receivable and other receivable.
- (b) The amounts of excluded NPL and excluded overdue receivables

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	December	r 31, 2012	December 31, 2011		
	Excluded NPL	Excluded overdue receivables	Excluded NPL	Excluded overdue receivables	
As a result of debt negotiation and loans agreement	3,065	-	5,309	-	
As a result of debt solvency and restart plan	101,433	20,232	121,013	18,902	
Total	104,498	20,232	126,322	18,902	

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(c) Concentration of credit extensions

Unit: Million, %

	December 31, 2012						
Rank (Note 1)	Group Name (Note 2)	Credit Extensions Balance (Note 3)	% of Net Asset Value				
1	A Company—electricity and gas supply	136,693	52.91				
2	B Company—transportation and storage	72,425	28.04				
3	C Company — plastic products manufacturing	60,425	23.39				
4	D Company — basic metal manufacturing	34,270	13.27				
5	E Company — optoelectronic materials and components manufacturing	22,246	8.61				
6	F Company—optoelectronic materials and components manufacturing	21,571	8.35				
7	G Company – transportation and storage	19,694	7.62				
8	H Company – transportation and storage	15,786	6.11 %				
9	I Company — financial holdings and insurance	11,570	4.58				
10	J Company – textiles mills	9,733	3.85				

	December 31, 2011						
Rank (Note 1)	Group Name (Note 2)	Credit Extensions Balance (Note 3)	% of Net Asset Value				
1	A Company—transportation and storage	72,181	28.91 %				
2	B Company — plastic products manufacturing	49,320	19.75 %				
3	C Company—basic metal manufacturing	37,224	14.91 %				
4	D Company — optoelectronic materials and components manufacturing	23,166	9.28 %				
5	E Company—optoelectronic materials and components manufacturing	22,704	9.09 %				
6	F Company – transporation and storage	21,353	8.55 %				
7	G Company — optoelectronic materials and components manufacturing	10,400	4.16 %				
8	H Company — other financial intermediation	9,848	3.94 %				
9	I Company — monitor and terminal manufacturing	9,461	3.79 %				
10	J Company – financial holdings	9,060	3.63 %				

- Note 1: Top ten borrowers (excluding government or state-owned utilities) according to total credit extensions. Arrange according to the total amount of credit extensions, please list the name of top ten corporations, and not belong to government or public ones. If the creditor belongs to a group corporation, show the subtotaled amount of the group corporation, and disclose by using "Code" plus "Industry category"; if the creditor is a group corporation, disclose the category that expose most. The rule of disclosing industry category should follow Directorate-General of Budget, Accounting and Statistics' standard.
- Note 2: Groups are regulated in the Supplementary Provisions to the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation Criteria for Review of Securities Listings, Article 6.
- Note 3: Total credit extensions comprise loans (including import bills negotiated, export bills negotiated, overdrafts, short-term loans, short-term secured loans, receivables from pecuniary finance, medium-term loans, medium-term secured loans, long-term loans, long-term secured loans, and overdue receivables), exchange bills negotiated, factoring receivable without recourse, acceptances receivable, and guarantees issued.
- 2. Information on concentration of credit risk of assets, liabilities, and off-balance-sheet items: Please see note (35).

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

3. The average amount of assets and liabilities, as well as the current rate, is disclosed as follows: Subsidiary—BOT

	December 31, 2012 (Bank of Taiwan)		December 31, 2011	
	Average	Average interest rate (%)	Average	Average interest rate (%)
Interest-earnings assets:				
Call loans and placement with banks	\$ 136,317,368	0.84	79,446,442	0.89
Placement with Central Bank	440,315,997	0.93	427,424,964	0.88
Financial assets	707,049,105	1.26	760,840,638	1.23
Negotiation, discounts and total loans	2,188,000,987	1.87	2,104,126,925	1.77
Interest-bearing liabilities:				
Deposit of Central Bank	13,892,548	-	14,907,629	-
Deposits and call loans from banks	199,105,438	0.62	169,216,584	0.66
Demand deposit	267,612,590	0.14	249,427,075	0.12
Demand savings	644,720,774	0.74	619,970,857	0.72
Time savings	1,604,141,748	1.86	1,577,427,974	1.78
Time deposits	456,604,102	1.12	459,641,375	1.02
Government deposits	213,139,982	0.35	216,911,936	0.32
Structured products	7,084,433	0.90	13,159,542	0.62

- Note 1: Average is calculated by daily average of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities from January to current month.
- Note 2: The calculation disclosed is from the banking department.
- Note 3: Excess interest is included in the saving interest rate for demand and timed deposit.
- 4. Ratios of interest rate-sensitive assets to liabilities and of interest-rate-sensitive spread to net equity

Interest rate-sensitive balance sheet – for NTD

Subsidiary - BOT

December 31, 2012

Unit: Thousand NTD, %

	1~90 days	91~180 days	181 days to one year	Over one year	Total
Interest rate-sensitive assets	\$ 1,584,552,712	1,323,790,947	57,238,684	117,818,450	3,083,400,793
Interest rate-sensitive liabilities	648,671,866	2,054,125,689	279,726,015	90,375,107	3,072,898,677
Interest rate-sensitive gap	935,880,846	(730,334,742)	(222,487,331)	27,443,343	10,502,116
Net worth					249,708,732
Ratio of interest rate-sensi	100.34				
Ratio of interest rate-sensi	tive gap to net wort	h			4.21

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2011

	1~90 days	91~180 days	181 days to one year	Over one year	Total		
Interest rate-sensitive assets	\$ 1,485,212,568	1,282,755,366	180,120,032	109,927,282	3,058,015,248		
Interest rate-sensitive liabilities	192,636,073	2,433,759,573	244,811,305	180,838,799	3,052,045,750		
Interest rate-sensitive gap	1,292,576,495	(1,151,004,207)	(64,691,273)	(70,911,517)	5,969,498		
Net worth	Net worth						
Ratio of interest rate-sensi	100.20						
Ratio of interest rate-sensi	itive gap to net wort	h			2.42		

- Note 1: The above amounts include only New Taiwan Dollar amounts held by the Bank subsidiary's onshore branches (i.e., excluding foreign currency).
- Note 2: Interest rate-sensitive assets and liabilities refer to the revenues or costs of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities which are affected by interest rate changes.
- Note 3: Interest rate-sensitive gap = Interest rate-sensitive assets Interest rate-sensitive liabilities.
- Note 4: Ratio of interest rate-sensitive assets to liabilities = Interest rate-sensitive assets/Interest rate-sensitive liabilities (only interest-rate-sensitive assets and liabilities within one year, in New Taiwan Dollars).
- Note 5: Ratio of interest rate-sensitive gap to net value = Interest rate-sensitive gap / net value.

Interest rate-sensitive balance sheet—for USD

Subsidiary-BOT

December 31, 2012

Unit: Thousand USD, %

	1~90 days	91~180 days	181 days to one year	Over one year	Total
Interest rate-sensitive assets	\$ 22,111,962	4,156,013	1,880,869	1,272,292	29,421,136
Interest rate-sensitive liabilities	22,510,858	5,229,725	1,495,166	143,912	29,379,661
Interest rate-sensitive gap	(398,896)	(1,073,712)	385,703	1,128,380	41,475
Net worth	(58,931)				
Ratio of interest rate-sensi	100.14				
Ratio of interest rate-sensi	tive gap to net worth				(70.38)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2011

	1~90 days	91~180 days	181 days to one year	Over one year	Total
Interest rate-sensitive assets	\$ 20,320,716	4,229,999	1,778,879	1,116,053	27,445,647
Interest rate-sensitive liabilities	21,722,210	3,934,428	1,364,888	206,973	27,228,499
Interest rate-sensitive gap	(1,401,494)	295,571	413,991	909,080	217,148
Net worth	(41,843)				
Ratio of interest rate-sensi	100.80				
Ratio of interest rate-sensi	tive gap to net worth	ı	•		(518.96)

- Note 1: The above amounts include only U.S. Dollar amounts held by the onshore branches, OBU, and offshore branches of the Bank and exclude contingent assets and contingent liabilities.
- Note 2: Interest rate-sensitive assets and liabilities refer to the revenues or costs of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities which are affected by interest rate changes.
- Note 3: Interest rate-sensitive gap = Interest rate-sensitive assets Interest rate-sensitive liabilities.
- Note 4: Ratio of interest rate-sensitive assets to liabilities = Interest rate-sensitive assets/Interest rate-sensitive liabilities (only interest rate-sensitive assets and liabilities within 180 days, in U.S. Dollars).
- Note 5: Ratio of interest rate-sensitive gap to net value = interest rate-sensitive gap / net value.

5. Profitability

(a) The Company

Unit: %

Ite	m	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Return on total assets (%)	Before income tax	5.74	4.44
(Note 6)	After income tax	5.76	4.50
Return on net worth (%)	Before income tax	6.00	4.63
(Note 8)	After income tax	6.02	4.69
Profit margin (%)	-	98.52	100.47

(b) The company and subsidiaries

Unit: %

Ite	m	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Return on total assets (%)	Before income tax	0.39	0.31
(Note 7)	After income tax	0.37	0.30
Return on net worth (%)	Before income tax	6.26	4.92
(Note 8)	After income tax	6.02	4.69
Profit margin (%)		7.45	5.09

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(c) Subsidiary-BOT

Unit: %

Ite	m	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Return on total assets (%)	Before income tax	0.43	0.33
(Note 7)	After income tax	0.40	0.31
Return on net worth (%)	Before income tax	6.45	4.96
(Note 8)	After income tax	6.10	4.65
Profit margin (%)		24.77	18.94

(d) Subsidiary-BTLI

Unit: %

Ite	m	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Return on total assets (%)	Before income tax	-	0.09
	After income tax	0.06	0.11
Return on net worth (%)	Before income tax	0.26	3.46
	After income tax	3.09	4.28
Profit margin (%)		0.41	0.73

(e) Subsidiary—BTS

Unit: %

Iter	n	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Return on total assets (%)	Before income tax	0.48	2.03
	After income tax	0.44	1.52
Return on net worth (%)	Before income tax	0.77	2.99
	After income tax	0.70	2.23
Profit margin (%)		5.68	15.32

- Note 1: Return on total assets = Income before (after) income tax/Average total assets.
- Note 2: Return on net worth = Income before (after) income tax/Average net worth.
- Note 3: Profit margin = Income after income tax/Total operating revenues.
- Note 4: Income before (after) income tax is the income in the first months accumulated to the current quarter.
- Note 5: Return on total assets and net worth has been annualized.
- Note 6: Return on total assets is calculated by the before or after tax earnings plus excess favorable interest expense.

(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 7: The return on total assets of the Company and subsidiaries is calculated by the assets which are deducted the temporary advances and public servants and teachers department's asset and the before or after tax earnings plus the excess favorable interest expense.

Note 8: Return on net worth is calculated by before or after tax earnings plus excess favorable interest expense.

6. Major foreign currency position, net

Subsidiary - BOT

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

De	ecember 31, 20	12	December 31, 2011				
Currency	Amount in functional currency	Amount in New Taiwan Dollars	New Taiwan Currency		Amount in New Taiwan Dollars		
USD	86,291	2,505,459	USD	28,276	1,319,924		
GBP	29,834	1,395,635	JPY	9,406	284,767		
SGD	12,143	288,275	GBP	11,289	263,034		
CNY	31,093	144,831	CNY	35,211	168,907		
HKD	10,313	38,632	SGD	6,270	23,262		

Note 1: The major foreign currencies are the top five amounts after all functional currencies are converted to New Taiwan Dollars.

Note 2: The major foreign currency net position is the absolute value of each foreign currency net position.

7. Duration analysis of assets and liabilities

Term Structure Analysis of NTD-denominated Assets and Liabilities

 $Subsidiary\!-\!BOT$

December 31, 2012

Unit: Thousand NTD

			Amount for each remaining period to maturity				
	Total	Less than 30 days	31~90 days	91~180 days	181~365 days	Over 1 year	
Main capital inflow on maturity	\$ 3,998,398,279	1,035,701,188	519,430,197	425,992,939	439,593,611	1,577,680,344	
Main capital outflow on maturity	4,362,009,529	466,517,604	587,441,948	511,283,536		1,782,778,852	
Interval gap	(363,611,250	569,183,584	(68,011,751)	(85,290,597)	(574,393,978)	(205,098,508)	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2011

			Amount for each remaining period to maturity					
	Total	Less than 30 days	31~90 days	91~180 days	181~365 days	Over 1 year		
Main capital inflow on maturity	\$ 3,822,254,738	802,311,389	678,469,732	385,900,252	373,328,997	1,582,244,368		
Main capital outflow on maturity	4,176,475,777	478,582,783	556,460,135	508,071,726	915,866,757	1,717,494,376		
Interval gap	(354,221,039)	323,728,606	122,009,597	(122,171,474)	(542,537,760)	(135,250,008)		

Note: The table includes only assets and liabilities denominated in NTD held in head office and domestic and overseas branches; assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are excluded.

Term Structure Analysis of USD-denominated Assets and Liabilities

Subsidiary – BOT

December 31, 2012

Unit: Thousand USD

		Amount for each remaining period to maturity				
	Total	Less than 30 days	31~90 days	91~180 days	181~365 days	Over 1 year
Main capital inflow on maturity	\$ 25,739,974	8,960,164	9,730,974	3,798,624	1,551,565	1,698,647
Main capital outflow on maturity	25,075,322	13,179,430	7,096,890	2,636,286	1,421,480	741,236
Interval gap	664,652	(4,219,266)	2,634,084	1,162,338	130,085	957,411

December 31, 2011

		Amount for each remaining period to maturity				
	Total	Less than 30 days	31~90 days	91~180 days	181~365 days	Over 1 year
Main capital inflow on maturity	\$ 23,314,824	6,889,263	9,450,063	3,625,532	1,574,075	1,775,891
Main capital outflow on maturity	22,818,079	11,880,343	6,980,792	2,006,354	1,343,291	607,299
Interval gap	496,745	(4,991,080)	2,469,271	1,619,178	230,784	1,168,592

Note 1: The above amounts are book values of the assets and liabilities of the onshore branches and offshore banking unit of the subsidiary BOT in U.S. dollars, without off-balance-sheet amounts (for example, the issuance of negotiable certificates of deposits, bonds or stocks).

Note 2: If the overseas assets are at least 10% of the total assets, there should be additional disclosures.

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 8. The trade information about stakeholders who are borrowers, guarantors or collateral providers
 - (a) Name and relationship of the related party: Please see note 5. The credit part shows the stakeholders in accordance with "The Banking Act of the Republic of China", Article 33-1.
 - (b) Significant transactions with related party:
 - a) Loans: Please see note (37).
 - b) Guarantee payment: none.
 - c) Transactions involving derivative financial instruments: Please see note (37).
 - d) Transactions involving selling non-performing loans: none.
- 7) Financial information classified by business type

For the year ended December 31, 2012

Unit: thousand NTD

Dugin	Danking	Ingunana-	Committee	Government		nt. mousand ivil
Businesses Items	Banking business	Insurance business	Securities business	Insurance	Other operations	Total
Net interest income	23,246,298	8,862,295	87,678	1,444,841	-	33,641,112
Net non-interest income	4,360,467	44,306,190	326,558	15,323,853	(4,142)	64,312,926
Net revenues	27,606,765	53,168,485	414,236	16,768,694	(4,142)	97,954,038
Loan loss	3,107,865	(464)	504	-	-	3,107,905
Provision for insurance reserves	-	51,071,712	-	16,637,602	-	67,709,314
Operating expense	17,824,863	796,630	335,591	131,092	131,654	19,219,830
Net income before cumulative effect of changes in accounting principle and income tax	6,674,037	1,300,607	78,141	-	(135,796)	7,916,989
Income tax expense	861,112	(194,389)	2,338	-	(48,433)	620,628
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principle	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net income	5,812,925	1,494,996	75,803	-	(87,363)	7,296,361

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2011

Unit: thousand NTD

1		_				
Businesses Items	Banking business	Insurance business	Securities business	Government Insurance	Other operations	Total
Net interest income	22,197,716	8,047,261	108,848	1,033,254	-	31,387,079
Net non-interest income	11,510,225	38,288,675	367,672	(1,772,167)	(57,126)	48,337,279
Net revenues	33,707,941	46,335,936	476,520	(738,913)	(57,126)	79,724,358
Loan loss	5,044,908	8,285	252	566	5	5,054,016
Provision for insurance reserves	4,363,935	47,224,441	-	(837,055)	-	50,751,321
Operating expense	17,977,928	824,807	313,176	97,576	63,633	19,277,120
Net income before cumulative effect of changes in accounting principle and income tax	6,321,170	(1,721,597)	163,092	-	(120,764)	4,641,901
Income tax expense	785,160	(67,076)	24,720	-	(159,837)	582,967
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principle	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net income	5,536,010	(1,654,521)	138,372	-	39,073	4,058,934

- 8) The balance sheets and statements of income of government employee's insurance department of BOT
 - 1. Balance sheets

	Government employees insurance department				
	D	ecember 31, 2012	December 31, 2011		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	21,373,048	24,911,164		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		85,703,614	65,802,579		
Receivables, net		22,497,581	23,330,050		
Held-to-maturity financial assets, net		54,942,943	50,321,722		
Fixed assets, net		13,902	6,832		
Intangible assets, net		4,791	442		
Other assets, net	_	10,162,144	13,690,111		
Total assets	\$	194,698,023	178,062,900		
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	\$	43	5,254		
Payables		35,883	33,146		
Other liabilities	_	194,662,097	178,024,500		
Total liabilities	_	194,698,023	178,062,900		
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$	194,698,023	178,062,900		
			(Continued)		

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Statements of income

		Government employees insurance department 2012 2011			
Net interest income	\$	1,444,841	1,396,332		
Non-interest income, net					
Service fee expenses		88,678	114,692		
Gain (loss) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		8,636,730	(8,021,468)		
Foreign exchange gain (loss)		(1,651,528)	838,664		
Other non-interest income					
Premium income		17,992,149	17,695,580		
Government grant income (Note)		18,525,118	18,619,038		
Insurance payments		(28,267,159)	(26,971,342)		
Provision for insurance premium reserve		(16,637,602)	(3,526,880)		
Miscellaneous expense		(597,034)	(7,221)		
Miscellaneous revenue		596,899			
Net revenue		131,092	137,395		
Bad debt expense		<u> </u>	566		
Operating expense					
Personnel expense		114,866	120,411		
Depreciation and amortization expense		2,340	3,295		
Other business and administrative expense		13,886	13,123		
		131,092	136,829		
Net income	\$				

Note: Government subsidy meash that losses incurred by Government employee's insurance department prior to May 30, 1999 are audited and subsidized by the ministry of finance in accordance with "Civil Servant and Teacher Insurance Act" 5. Losses incurred after May 31, 1999 shall be covered by adjusting insurance rate. According to the same Act, the related expense will be paid by Ministry of Civil service.

9) Financial statements of Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD.

Balance Sheet

December 31, 2012 and (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	December 31, 2012		December 31, 2011	Percentage change (%)
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	309,775	171,358	81
Receivables, net		2,590,262	73,774	3,411
Investments under equity method, net		264,080,731	255,285,059	3
Fixed assets, net		7,026	7,644	(8)
Intangible assets, net		125	31	303
Other assets, net	_	4,511,342	4,305,803	5
Total Assets	\$_	271,499,261	259,843,669	4
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity				
Short term loans	\$	5,800,000	5,700,000	2
Payables		2,511,577	19,616	12,704
Accrued pension liabilities		71,364	56,288	27
Other liabilities	_	4,783,690	4,379,782	9
Total liabilities	_	13,166,631	10,155,686	30
Stockholders' equity				
Common stock	_	90,000,000	90,000,000	-
Additional paid-in capital	_	111,632,634	112,095,429	-
Retained earnings:				
Legal reserve		2,758,570	2,352,676	17
Special reserve		5,924,552	5,227,896	13
Unappropriated earnings	_	8,449,361	6,658,934	27
	_	17,132,483	14,239,506	20
Equity adjustments:				
Unrealized gains on revaluation increments		28,112,517	27,175,554	3
Cumulative translation adjustments		(810,653)	(370,052)	119
Unrealized gains on financial instruments		13,523,945	7,418,299	82
Net loss not recognized as pension cost	_	(1,258,296)	(870,753)	45
	_	39,567,513	33,353,048	19
Total stockholders' equity	_	258,332,630	249,687,983	3
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ _	271,499,261	<u>259,843,669</u>	4

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TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD.

Statement of Income

For the years December 31, 2012 and (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2012		2011	Percentage change (%)
Revenues:				
Income from equity investments under equity method	\$	7,467,092	4,089,157	83
Other gains	_	2,626	2,821	(7)
	_	7,469,718	4,091,978	83
Expenses:				
Operating expenses		158,209	140,732	12
Other expenses and losses		63,581	52,148	22
	_	221,790	192,880	15
Income before income tax		7,247,928	3,899,098	86
Income tax benefits	_	(48,433)	(159,836)	70
Net income	\$	7,296,361	4,058,934	80

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD.

Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

For the years December 31, 2012 and (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Cumulative translation adjustments	Net loss not recognized as pension cost	Unrealized gain on financial instruments	Unrealized gains on revaluation increments	Total
Balance as of January 1,	\$ 90,000,000	111,516,202	1,610,266	4,653,557	9,729,678	(465,473)	(2,183)	28,019,454	15,116,171	260,177,672
Net income for the year December 31, 2011	-	-	-	-	4,058,934	-	-	-	-	4,058,934
Appropriation of retained earnings:										
Legal reserve	-	-	742,410	-	(742,410)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	2,969,640	(2,969,640)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends for government	-	-	-	-	(6,017,628)	-	-	-	-	(6,017,628)
Special reserve reversal	-	-	-	(2,600,000)	2,600,000	-	-	-	-	-
Additional paid-in capital from investee company	-	579,227	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	579,227
Change in unrealized increments on revaluation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,059,383	12,059,383
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(20,601,155)	-	(20,601,155)
Change in cumulative translation adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	95,421	-	-	-	95,421
Special reserve recognized under equity method	-	-	-	204,699	-	-	-	-	-	204,699
Net loss not recognized as pension cost							(868,570)			(868,570)
Balance as of December 31,	90,000,000	112,095,429	2,352,676	5,227,896	6,658,934	(370,052)	(870,753)	7,418,299	27,175,554	249,687,983
Net income for the year December 31, 2012	-	-	-	-	7,296,361	-	-	-	-	7,296,361
Appropriation of retained earnings:										
Legal reserve	-	-	405,894	-	(405,894)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	1,849,656	(1,849,656)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends for government	-	-	-	-	(4,403,384)	-	-	-	-	(4,403,384)
Special reserve reversal	-	-	-	(1,153,000)	1,153,000	-	-	-	-	-
Additional paid-in capital from investee company	-	(462,795)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(462,795)
Change in unrealized increments on revaluation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	936,963	936,963
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,105,646	-	6,105,646
Change in cumulative translation adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	(440,601)	-	-	-	(440,601)
Net loss not recognized as pension cost							(387,543)			(387,543)
Balance as of December 31, 2012	\$ <u>90,000,000</u>	111,632,634	2,758,570	5,924,552	8,449,361	(810,653)	(1,258,296)	13,523,945	28,112,517	258,332,630

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Statement of Cash Flows

For the years December 31, 2012 and (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2012	2011
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	\$	7,296,361	4,058,934
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization		1,979	2,011
Cash dividends received in excess of gains on equity investments recognized under the			
equity method		(3,044,002)	538,679
Increase in receivables		(2,516,488)	(48,152)
Increase in deferred tax assets		(23,292)	(32,310)
Increase in other assets		2,404	(6)
Increase (decrease) in payables		2,491,961	3,743
Decrease in accrued pension liabilities		15,076	6,470
Increase in other liabilities	_	403,890	
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	4,627,889	4,529,369
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of fixed assets		(1,330)	(1,787)
Increase in refundable deposits		(164)	-
Increase in intangible assets		(125)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,619)	(1,787)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Increase in short-term loans		100,000	100,000
Increase in guarantee deposits received		18	32
Cash dividends		(4,587,871)	(4,493,370)
Net cash used in financing activities		(4,487,853)	(4,393,338)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		138,417	134,244
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		171,358	37,114
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	309,775	171,358
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:			
Interest paid	\$	59,550	50,951
Financial and investing activities not affecting cash:			
Unrealized increments on revaluation	\$	936,963	12,059,383
Cumulative foreign currency translation adjustments	\$	(440,601)	95,421
Unrealized loss on financial instruments	\$	6,105,646	(20,601,154)
Net loss not recognized as pension cost	\$	(387,543)	(868,570)
Additional paid-in capital from investee company	\$	(412,795)	579,227
Special reserve	\$	<u> </u>	204,699

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

10) Subsidiaries' condensed consolidated balance sheets and statements of income

1. Condensed balance sheets

	ВОТ				
	The year en December 2012		he year ended December 31, 2011		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 72,81	2,404	76,426,176		
Placement with Central Bank and call loans to banks	549,62	7,869	488,555,403		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	146,53	4,038	110,886,008		
Bonds and bills purchased under resell agreements	4,98	0,621	3,231,949		
Receivables, net	91,26	8,044	86,439,780		
Discounts and loans, net	2,177,13	3,260	2,153,591,118		
Available-for-sale financial assets, net	734,87	0,751	757,373,465		
Held-to-maturity financial assets, net	61,99	9,046	50,942,589		
Investments under equity method, net	35,39	3,882	32,479,598		
Other financial assets, net	69,67	2,866	72,207,332		
Fixed assets, net	97,25	3,348	97,864,904		
Intangible assets,net	1,16	4,105	821,057		
Other assets, net	11,95	1,655	15,119,109		
Total assets	\$ <u>4,054,66</u>	1,889	3,945,938,488		
Deposits of Central Bank and other banks	\$ 213,37	4,465	208,926,475		
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	4,87	6,954	3,902,885		
Bonds and bills sold under repurchase agreements	11,99	8,398	14,906,165		
Payables	42,15	6,062	39,471,580		
Deposits and remittances	3,294,90	3,719	3,218,010,687		
Accrued pension liability	4,95	9,970	4,566,752		
Other financial liabilities	8,49	9,403	5,756,183		
Other liabilities	221,15	<u>8,900</u>	204,028,632		
Total liabilities	3,801,92	<u>7,871</u> _	3,699,569,359		
Common stock	70,00	0,000	70,000,000		
Additional paid-in capital	105,68	2,871	106,077,872		
Retained earnings	33,70	1,906	30,901,653		
Other shareholder's equity	43,34	9,241	39,389,604		
Total shareholders' equity	252,73	4,018	246,369,129		
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$ <u>4,054,66</u>	1,889	3,945,938,488		

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TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

	BTLI			
	The year ended December 31, 2012		The year ended December 31, 2011	
Current assets	\$	137,652,352	39,081,370	
Loans		10,788,882	10,436,679	
Funds and investments		224,085,062	272,198,966	
Fixed assets,net		893,222	891,852	
Intangible assets,net		11,674	236,786	
Other assets, net		9,288,471	8,875,541	
Total assets	\$	382,719,663	331,721,194	
Current liabilities	\$	27,079,292	30,533,072	
Long-term liabilities		397,351	359,877	
Reserve for operations and other liabilities		339,012,687	288,493,364	
Other liabilities	_	8,202,032	6,657,642	
Total liabilities	_	374,691,362	326,043,955	
Common stock		11,000,000	11,000,000	
Additional paid-in capital		377,580	445,373	
Retained earnings		485,497	273,573	
Other shareholders' equity	_	(3,834,776)	(6,040,707)	
Total shareholders' equity	_	8,028,301	5,678,239	
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$	382,719,663	331,722,194	

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TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

	BTS				
	The year ended December 31, 2012		The year ended December 31, 2011		
Current assets	\$	4,773,019	4,023,383		
Fixed assets,net		282,510	285,281		
Intangible assets,net		1,303	1,522		
Other assets, net		577,408	548,454		
Net brokering accounts—debit		9,447	38,738		
Total assets	\$	5,643,687	4,897,378		
Current liabilities	\$	2,152,743	1,453,604		
Other liabilities		172,533	155,175		
Total liabilities		2,325,276	1,608,779		
Common stock		3,000,000	3,000,000		
Non-appropriated surplus		256,553	284,449		
Unrealized incremental value from revaluation		145,232	145,232		
Unrealized net loss not recognized as pension cost		(76,562)	(61,314)		
Unrealized gains on financial instruments		(6,812)	(79,768)		
Total shareholders' equity		3,318,411	3,288,599		
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$	5,643,687	4,897,378		

2. Condensed income statements

	ВОТ			
	The year ended December 31, 2012		The year ended December 31, 2011	
Net interest income	\$	24,675,639	23,186,559	
Non-interest income, net		4,519,424	4,422,055	
Net revenue		29,195,063	27,608,614	
Bad debt expenses		3,107,865	5,045,474	
Operating expenses		17,993,929	18,114,175	
Income before tax		8,093,269	4,448,965	
Income after tax		7,232,157	3,663,805	
EPS—before tax (NTD)		1.16	0.64	
EPS—after tax (NTD)		1.03	0.52	

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TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

		BTLI		
		e year ended ecember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011	
Operating revenues	\$	68,642,099	62,771,485	
Operating costs		67,820,712	61,619,108	
Gross Profit		821,387	1,152,377	
Operating expenses		840,423	871,158	
Operating income		(19,036)	281,219	
Non-operating revenue		57,781	24,879	
Non-operating expenses		21,208	20,546	
Income before tax		17,535	285,552	
Income after tax		211,924	352,628	
EPS—before tax (dollars)		0.02	0.26	
EPS—after tax (dollars)		0.19	0.32	
	BTS			
		e year ended ecember 31, 2012	The year ended December 31, 2011	
Revenue	\$	482,009	568,072	
Expenses		456,660	470,628	
Income before tax		25,349	97,444	
Income after tax		23,011	72,724	
EPS—before tax (dollars)		0.08	0.32	
EPS—after tax (dollars)		0.08	0.24	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

11) Government audit adjustments for fiscal years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010

The Company and its subsidiaries' accounting records as of and for the years ended 2011 and 2010, has been audited by the MOA, and the resulting adjustments are summarized are as follows:

December 31, 2011

Balance sheet	•	audited by nuditors cember 31, 2011	Adjustments —Increase (decrease)	As audited by the MOA, December 31, 2011
Assets				
Receivable, net	\$	91,051,049	33,167	91,084,216
Loans and Discounts, net	2	2,158,381,911	(54,117)	2,158,327,794
Liabilities				
Payable		69,230,298	707	69,231,005
Stockholders' equity				
Unappropriated retained earnings		6,680,591	(21,657)	6,658,934
Income statement		audited by litors, 2011	Adjustments —Increase (decrease)	As audited by the MOA, 2011
Net revenue of service charges and commissions	\$	3,778,928	(48,595)	3,730,333
Other non-interest income, net		10,462,563	4,661	10,467,224
Bad debt expense		4,999,902	54,114	5,054,016
Operating expense		19,333,759	(56,639)	19,277,120
Income before income taxes		4,683,310	(41,409)	4,641,901
I 4				
Income tax expense		602,719	(19,752)	582,967
Net income		602,719 4,080,591	(19,752) (21,657)	582,967 4,058,934

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TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

December 31, 2010

Balance sheet	As audited by auditors December 31, 2010		Adjustments —Increase (decrease)	As audited by the MOA, December 31, 2010
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	60,551,598	1,152	60,552,750
Receivables, net		90,593,396	440	90,593,836
Liabilities				
Payables		70,926,682	(329)	70,926,353
Other liabilities		28,288,062	1,624	28,289,686
Stockholders' equity				
Unappropriated retained earnings		9,729,697	(19)	9,729,678
Income statement		s audited by ditors, 2010	Adjustments —Increase (decrease)	As audited by the MOA, 2010
Interest revenue	\$	53,578,753	637	53,579,390
Net revenue of service charges and commissions		3,805,135	1,244	3,806,379
Realized gains or losses on available- for-sale financial assets		5,076,259	(1,776)	5,074,483
Foreign exchange gains (losses)		(3,600,578)	(23)	(3,600,601)
Other non-interest income		9,684,862	41	9,684,903
Income before taxes		7,882,998	121	7,883,119
Income tax benefits		458,878	141	459,019

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TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

12) Significant effect of foreign currency assets and liabilities is summarized as follows:

1. BOT

Currence (thousan Financial assets: Monetary items USD 9,601	,837 29.0	nge NT e (thousar	Currency	ecember 31, 20 Exchange rate	NT (thousand)
Monetary items USD 9,601					
Monetary items USD 9,601					
USD 9,601					
		0350 278,789	9,019,870	30.2750	273,076,564
HKD 13,339		7460 49,970			48,410,346
-		-	,890 3,989		38,039
		7800 22,638			20,052,561
		1250 22,197			17,844,306
		1900 1,019			1,273,288
SGD 1,499		7400 35,602			36,564,457
	-		5,017		161,472
JPY 149,668		3360 50,288			43,304,047
ZAR 2,102		4300 7,213			6,002,461
			,692 6,255		27,459
			,861 6,725		157,432
THB 222	,762 0.9		,203 218,376	0.9583	209,270
PHP 29	,701 0.′	7063 20	,978 32,161	0.6906	22,210
IDR 3,449	,610 0.0	0030 10	,349 3,491,497	0.0034	11,871
EUR 342	2,287 38.4	4500 13,160	,935 364,612	39.2200	14,300,083
KRW 6,697	,963 0.0	0271 181	,515 7,128,657	0.0262	186,771
CNY 791	,922 4.0	3,688	3,773 366,597	4.7970	1,758,566
VND 7,999	,070 0.0	0014 11	,199 8,005,820	0.0015	12,009
Non-monetary items					
USD 783	,178 29.0	0350 22,739	,573 486,948	30.2750	14,742,351
GBP 14	,682 46.	7800 686	5,824 11,870	46.6800	554,092
JPY 10	,546 0.3	3360 3	,543 7,889	0.3897	3,074
EUR 115	,615 38.4	4,445	,397 116,978	39.2200	4,587,877
Financial liabilities:					
Monetary items					
USD 12,492	,792 29.0	0350 362,728	,216 11,446,050	30.2750	346,529,164
HKD 12,918	3,450 3.7	7460 48,392	,514 12,187,584	3.8970	47,495,015
MYR	5 9.4	4850	47 6	9.5360	57
GBP 521	,897 46.	7800 24,414	,342 492,548	46.6800	22,992,141
AUD 711	,520 30.	1250 21,434	,540 654,621	30.7450	20,126,323
CAD 120	,814 29.	1900 3,526	5,561 123,792	2 29.6700	3,672,909
SGD 1,406	5,782 23.	7400 33,397	1,334,091	23.3000	31,084,320
CHF 15	,584 31.8	3050 495	,649 19,240	32.1850	619,239
JPY 54,186	5,395 0	3360 18,206	5,629 87,527,135	0.3897	34,109,325
ZAR 11,359),551 3.4	1300 38,963	,260 9,577,014	3.7100	35,530,722

(Continued)

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TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

December 31, 2012			Dec	ember 31, 201	1
Currency	Exchange	NT	Currency	Exchange	NT
(thousand)	rate	(thousand)	(thousand)	rate	(thousand)
19,825	4.4700	88,618	34,305	4.3900	150,599
273,340	23.8100	6,508,225	364,478	23.4100	8,532,430
3,013	0.9526	2,870	254	0.9583	243
301,366	38.4500	11,587,523	320,918	39.2200	12,586,404
578,023	4.6580	2,692,431	145,223	4.7970	696,635
13,578	29.0350	394,237	11,193	30.2750	338,868
55,395	3.7460	207,510	54,490	3.8970	212,348
1,737	46.7800	81,257	2,397	46.6800	111,892
11,072	23.7400	262,849	13,041	23.3000	303,855
946,097	0.3360	31,889	962,268	0.3897	374,996
1,315	3.4300	4,510	15,892	3.7100	58,959
	Currency (thousand) 19,825 273,340 3,013 301,366 578,023 13,578 55,395 1,737 11,072 946,097	Currency (thousand) Exchange rate 19,825 4.4700 273,340 23.8100 3,013 0.9526 301,366 38.4500 578,023 4.6580 13,578 29.0350 55,395 3.7460 1,737 46.7800 11,072 23.7400 946,097 0.3360	Currency (thousand) Exchange rate NT (thousand) 19,825 4.4700 88,618 273,340 23.8100 6,508,225 3,013 0.9526 2,870 301,366 38.4500 11,587,523 578,023 4.6580 2,692,431 13,578 29.0350 394,237 55,395 3.7460 207,510 1,737 46.7800 81,257 11,072 23.7400 262,849 946,097 0.3360 31,889	Currency (thousand)Exchange rateNT (thousand)Currency (thousand)19,8254.470088,61834,305273,34023.81006,508,225364,4783,0130.95262,870254301,36638.450011,587,523320,918578,0234.65802,692,431145,22313,57829.0350394,23711,19355,3953.7460207,51054,4901,73746.780081,2572,39711,07223.7400262,84913,041946,0970.336031,889962,268	Currency (thousand)Exchange rateNT (thousand)Currency (thousand)Exchange rate19,8254.470088,61834,3054.3900273,34023.81006,508,225364,47823.41003,0130.95262,8702540.9583301,36638.450011,587,523320,91839.2200578,0234.65802,692,431145,2234.797013,57829.0350394,23711,19330.275055,3953.7460207,51054,4903.89701,73746.780081,2572,39746.680011,07223.7400262,84913,04123.3000946,0970.336031,889962,2680.3897

2. BTLI

	December 31, 2012		Dec	1		
	Currency (thousand)	Exchange rate	NT	Currency (thousand)	Exchange rate	NT
Financial assets:						
Monetary items						
AUD	319,249	30.1250	9,617,380	259,694	30.7450	7,984,304
CAD	77,573	29.1900	2,264,350	42,044	29.6700	1,247,436
EUR	0.107	38.4500	4.12	59,439	39.2200	2,331,204
HKD	283,673	3.7460	1,062,640	182,302	3.8970	710,430
JPY	0.056	0.3360	0.019	300	0.3897	117
NZD	206	23.8100	4,895	298	23.4100	6,966
USD	3,584,098	29.0350	104,064,282	3,557,058	30.2750	107,689,929
CNY	2,727,777	4.6580	12,705,987	462,041	4.7970	2,216,409
Financial liabilities:						
Monetary items						
USD	509,172	29.0350	14,783,823	282,089	30.2750	8,540,243

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 13) Disclosure on adopting IFRSs for the year ended 2011:
 - 1. Under the order No. 10000073410 issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission on April 7, 2011, starting from 2013, financial holding company is required to disclose the financial report in conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRSs), interpreted and issued by Accounting Research and Development Foundation. To assist the adjustment. The Company and its subsidiaries has formed a special task force and established an IFRSs adoption plan. General Manager (or vice general manager) is responsible for the conversion plan. Significant plan contents, expected schedules and completion status are summarized as follows:
 - (a) The Company

Plan Content	Responsible Department (or Responsible Person)	Status
Phase 1 - Evaluation: (2009.10.01 ~ 2010.06.30):		
©Form a special task force for IFRS conversion	Accounting Department	Completed
◎Initial understanding towards IFRS	Accounting Department	Completed
©Establish a conversion plan and timeline and report to the Board of Directors	Accounting Department	Completed
©Evaluate the need for assistance from external expert	Accounting Department	Completed
©Establish task team for IFRS conversion	All Departments	Completed
©Establish IFRS site in the Company's intranet	I.T, legal and accounting departments	Completed
©Establish IFRS studying group	Accounting Department	Completed
©Compare and analyze the differences between the current Accounting Policies and IFRS	Accounting Department	Completed
©Evaluate all unit's daily potential operational influence	All Departments	Completed
©Evaluate the adoption of IFRS 1 - "First-time Adoption of IFRS"	Accounting Department	Completed
©Perform internal training for employees	Human Resources (the support of all units)	Completed

(Continued)

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

	Responsible Department (or Responsible	
Plan Content	Person)	Status
Phase 2 - Preparation: (2010.07.01 ~ 2011.12.31):		
ODevise a complete conversion plan	Accounting Department	Completed
©Complete the comparison and evaluation between the ROC GAAP and IFRS	Accounting Department	Completed
ODetermine relevant IFRS policies	Accounting Department	Completed
Obetermine how to revise the current Accounting Policies to comply with IFRS	All Departments	Completed
Adjust and review the standard operational procedure, information technology and financial reporting of all units	All Departments	Completed
©Continue internal training for employees	Human Resources (support from all units)	Completed
Phase 3 - Implementation: $(2012.01.01 \sim 2012.03.31)$:		
Prepare balance sheet on IFRS conversion date in accordance with IFRS 1 in parallel with the ROC GAAP	Accounting Department	Completed
OPrepare the first financial statements accordance in with IFRS	Accounting Department	Completed
Oldentify and prepare process analysis for areas of improvement regarding the preparation of first IFRS financial report	All Departments	Completed
©Establishment for performance evaluation standard	Financial Department	In Progress
Measure and Adjust relative internal control system	All Departments	Completed
	Accounting Department	Completed
OPrepare 2012 Compared Financial information accordance with IFRS	Accounting Department	Completed
©Continue internal training for employees	Human Resources	Completed
		(Continued)

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Plan Content	Responsible Department (or Responsible Person)	Status
Phase 4 - Implementation and adjustment: (2013.04.01 \sim 2013.12.31)		
OIntegrate management information	All Departments	In Progress
OProcess analysis and improvement procedures for IFRS conversion	All Departments	In Progress
©Ensure the disclosure and preparation of financial statements in compliance with the requirements of IFRS and formulate necessary response to changes	Accounting Department	In Progress
(b) BOT		
Plan Content	Responsible Department (or Responsible Person)	Status
Phase 1 - Evaluation: (2009.09.30 ~ 2010.06.30):		
©Form a special task force for IFRS conversion	All operational units and accounting Department	Completed
◎Initial understanding towards IFRS	Accounting Department	Completed
©Establish a conversion plan and timeline and report to the Board of Directors	Accounting Department	Completed
©Evaluate he need for assistance from external expert	Accounting Department	Completed
©Establish task team for IFRS conversion	All operational units and accounting Department	Completed
©Establish IFRS site in the Company's intranet	I.T, legal and accounting department	Completed
©Compare and analyze the differences between the current Accounting Policies and IFRS	All operational units, I.T and accounting Department	Completed
		(Continued)

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Responsible Department (or Responsible	S
Person)	Status
All operational units, I.T and accounting Department	Completed
All operational units, I.T and accounting Department	Completed
Human Resources (the support of all units)	Completed
All operational units and accounting Department	Completed
All operational units and accounting Department	Completed
All operational units and accounting Department	Completed
All operational units and accounting Department	Completed
All operational units and accounting Department	Completed
All operational units, IT and accounting Department	In Progress
	Department (or Responsible Person) All operational units, I.T and accounting Department All operational units, I.T and accounting Department Human Resources (the support of all units) All operational units and accounting Department All operational units, IT and accounting

(Continued)

Responsible Department (or Responsible Person)	Status
All operational units, IT and accounting	Completed
All operational units, IT and accounting Department	Completed
All operational units, IT and accounting Department	Completed
Human Resources (support from all units)	Completed
All operational units, IT and accounting Department	Completed
All operational units, IT and accounting Department	Completed
All operational units	Completed
All operational units, IT and accounting Department	Completed
All operational units, IT and accounting Department	Completed
	Department (or Responsible Person) All operational units, IT and accounting Department All operational units, IT and accounting Department All operational units, IT and accounting Department Human Resources (support from all units) All operational units, IT and accounting Department All operational units, IT and accounting Department

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Plan Content	Responsible Department (or Responsible Person)	Status
©Establishment for performance evaluation standard	International, domestic operations and planning Department	In Progress
Awareness towards the continuous impact of IFRS on preparation of financial statements	All operational units and accounting Department	Completed
©Continue internal training for employees	Human Resources (support from all units)	Completed
Phase 4 - Implementation and adjustment: $(2013.01.01 \sim 2013.12.31)$		
©Consolidate management information	All operational units, IT and accounting Department	In Progress
OProcess analysis and improvement procedures for IFRS conversion	All operational units, IT and accounting Department	In Progress
©Ensure the disclosure and preparation of financial statements in compliance with the requirements of IFRS and formulate necessary response to changes	All operational units, IT and accounting Department	In Progress

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(c) BTLI

	Responsible Department (or Responsible	
Plan Content	Person)	Status
Phase 1 - Evaluation: (2009.09.30 ~ 2010.06.30):		
©Form a special task force for IFRS conversion	Accounting Department	Completed
©Establish a conversion plan and timeline and report to the Board of Directors	Accounting Department	Completed
©Perform internal training for employees	Management and relative Department	Completed
©Establish task team for IFRS conversion	Accounting and relative Department	Completed
	Accounting Department	Completed
©Establish IFRS site in the Company's intranet	Accounting and I.T. Department	Completed
©Establish IFRS studying group	Accounting and relative Department	Completed
©Compare and analyze the differences between the current Accounting Policies and IFRS	Accounting and relative Department	Completed
©Evaluate all units' daily potential operational influence	Accounting and relative Department	Completed
©Evaluate the adoption of IFRS 1 - "First-time Adoption of IFRS"	Accounting and relative Department	Completed
Phase 2 - Preparation: (2010.09.30 ~ 2011.12.31):		
ODevise a complete conversion plan	Accounting Department	Completed
©Complete the comparison and evaluation between ROC GAAP and IFRS	Accounting and relative Department	Completed

(Continued)

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Plan Content	Responsible Department (or Responsible Person)	Status
©Determine relevant IFRS policies	Accounting and relative Department	Completed
©Complete solutions to operational impact due to IFRS conversion	Accounting and relative Department	Completed
Adjust and review the standard operational procedure, information technology and financial reporting of all units	IT and relative Department	Completed
Perform simulated system test, identify the area requiring revised SOP and system	IT and relative Department	Completed
©Continue internal training for employees	Management and relative Department	Completed
Phase 3 - Implementation: (2012.01.01 \sim 2016.06.30):		
©Prepare balance sheet on IFRS conversion date in accordance with IFRS 1 in parallel with ROC GAAP	Accounting and relative Department	Completed
©Complete Guidelines of accounting and other operations	Accounting and relative Department	Completed
©Prepare the first IFRS financial statement for the March 31, 2012 three-month periods	Accounting and relative Department	Completed
©Complete internal controls evaluation and adjustment	Accounting and relative Department	Completed
Oldentify and prepare process analysis for areas of improvement regarding the preparation of first IFRS financial report	Accounting and relative Department	Completed
©Establishment for performance evaluation standard	Planning Department	Completed
	Accounting and relative Department	Completed

(Continued)

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Responsible

(Continued)

	Plan Content	Department (or Responsible Person)	Status
	©Continue internal training for employees	Management and relative Department	Completed
	©Complete 2012 and 2011 compared financial information according to IFRS	Accounting and relative department	Completed
	Phase 4 - Implementation and adjustment: $(2013.01.01 \sim 2013.12.31)$		
	©Consolidate management information	Planning Department	In Progress
	OProcess analysis and improvement procedures for IFRS conversion	Accounting and relative Department	In Progress
	©Ensure the disclosure and preparation of financial statements in compliance with the requirements of IFRS and formulate necessary response to changes	Accounting Department	In Progress
(d)	BTS		
	Plan Content	Responsible Department (or Responsible Person)	Status
	Plan Content Phase 1 Fundamient (2000 06 20 - 2010 06 20)	Department (or	Status
	Plan Content Phase 1 - Evaluation: (2009.06.30 ~ 2010.06.30): ⊚Form a special task force for IFRS conversion	Department (or Responsible	Status Completed
	Phase 1 - Evaluation: (2009.06.30 ~ 2010.06.30):	Department (or Responsible Person) Accounting	
	Phase 1 - Evaluation: (2009.06.30 ~ 2010.06.30): ©Form a special task force for IFRS conversion ©Initial understanding toward IFRS accounting	Department (or Responsible Person) Accounting Department Accounting	Completed
	Phase 1 - Evaluation: (2009.06.30 ~ 2010.06.30): ©Form a special task force for IFRS conversion ©Initial understanding toward IFRS accounting department ©Establish a conversion plan and timeline and	Department (or Responsible Person) Accounting Department Accounting Department Accounting	Completed Completed
	Phase 1 - Evaluation: (2009.06.30 ~ 2010.06.30): © Form a special task force for IFRS conversion © Initial understanding toward IFRS accounting department © Establish a conversion plan and timeline and report to the Board of Directors	Department (or Responsible Person) Accounting Department Accounting Department Accounting Department Management and relative	Completed Completed

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

	Responsible Department (or Responsible	
Plan Content	Person)	Status
	Accounting Department	Completed
©Establish IFRS site in the Company's intranet	Accounting and I.T. Department	Completed
©Establish IFRS studying group	Accounting and relative Department	Completed
©Compare and analyze the differences between the current Accounting Policies and IFRS	Accounting and relative Department	Completed
©Evaluate all units' daily potential operational influence	Accounting and relative Department	Completed
©Evaluate the adoption of IFRS 1 - "First-time Adoption of IFRS"	Accounting and relative Department	Completed
Phase 2 - Preparation: (2010.06.30 ~ 2011.06.30):		
ODevise a complete conversion plan	Accounting Department	Completed
©Complete the comparison and evaluation between ROC GAAP and IFRS	Accounting Department	Completed
©Determine relevant IFRS policies	Accounting Department	Completed
©Complete solutions to operational impact due to IFRS conversion	Accounting Department	Completed
Adjust and review the standard operational procedure, information technology and financial reporting of all units	Relative Department	Completed
OPerform simulated system test, identify the area requiring revised SOP and system	Relative Department	Completed
©Continue internal training for employees	Management and relative Department	Completed
©Complete Guidelines of accounting operations	All Relative department	Completed
		(Continued)

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Plan Content	Responsible Department (or Responsible Person)	Status
Phase 3 - Implementation: (2012.01.01 ~ 2012.12.31):		
OPrepare balance sheet on IFRS conversion date in accordance with IFRS 1 in parallel with ROC GAAP	Accounting Department	Completed
©Prepare the first IFRS financial statement for the March 31, 2012 three-month periods	Accounting Department	Completed
©Complete internal controls evaluation and adjustment	Relative department	Completed
Oldentify and prepare process analysis for areas of improvement regarding the preparation of first IFRS financial report	Accounting and relative Department	Completed
©Establishment for performance evaluation standard	Management Department	In Progress
	Accounting Department	Completed
©Continue internal training for employees	Management Department	Completed
©Complete 2012 and 2011 compared financial information according to IFRS	Accounting Department	Completed
Phase 4 - Implementation and adjustment: (2013.01.01 \sim 2013.12.31)		
⊚Integrate management information	Relative Department	In Progress
OProcess analysis and improvement procedures for IFRS conversion	Relative Department	In Progress
©Ensure the disclosure and preparation of financial statements comply with the requirements of IFRS and formulate necessary response to changes	Accounting Department	In Progress

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 2. The significant differences of preparing financial statements which the Company and subsidiaries evaluated between current GAAP and IFRSs are listed below:
 - (a) Reconciliation of statements of Financial Position January 1, 2012

Unit: In Thousand of New Taiwan Dollars

GAAP			IFRS	_
Item	Amount	IFRS Conversion Impact	IFRSs Amount Item	Note
Assets			Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 97,988,304	(15,900,000)	82,088,304 Cash and cash equivalents	N
Placement with Central Bank and call loans to banks	488,555,403	-	488,555,403 Placement with Central Bank and ca loans to banks	11
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, net	111,746,984	-	111,746,984 Financial assets measured at fair val through profit or loss, net	ie
Available-for-sale financial assets, net	802,058,331	-	802,058,331 Available-for-sale financial assets, n	et A
	=	3,074	3,074 Derivative financial assets-hedging	N
Bills and bonds purchased under resell agreements	12,402,851	-	12,402,851 Bills and bonds purchased under res	ell
Receivables, net	91,084,216	1,534,682	92,618,898 Receivables, net	A, B, E, N
	-	2,468,548	2,468,548 Current income tax assets	E
Discounts and loans, net	2,158,327,794	-	2,158,327,794 Discounts and loans, net	
Held-to-maturity financial assets, net	-	22,701	22,701 Reinsurance assets, net	N
Investments under equity method, net	227,724,845	(31,419)	227,693,426 Held-to-maturity financial assets, ne	: A
Other financial assets, net	37,544,129	(182,089)	37,362,040 Investments under equity method, no	t J
Real estate investment, net	110,755,243	16,362,183	127,117,426 Other financial assets, net	A, B, N
Fix assets, net	4,057,036	(495,579)	3,561,457 Investment property, net	I
Intangible assets	99,049,681	1,540,055	100,589,736 Fix assets, net	G, I
Other assets, net	830,361	-	830,361 Intangible assets	
	-	1,648,226	1,648,226 Deferred income tax assets, net	A, E, L
	19,082,920	(3,671,281)	15,411,639 Other assets, net	A, C, E, G, N
Total assets	\$ 4,261,208,098	3,299,101	4,264,507,199 Total assets	

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TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

GAAP					_		
Item		Amount	IFRS Conversion Impact	IFRSs Amount	Item		Note
Liabilities	_				Liabilities		
Deposits of Central Bank and other banks	\$	208,926,475	-	208,926,475	Deposits of Central Bank and other banks		
Financial liabilities measured at fair value		4,274,874	-	4,274,874	Financial liabilities measured at fair		
through profit or loss		-	409,907	409,907	value through profit or loss Derivative financial liabilities-hedging	N	
Bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements		15,638,050	-	15,638,050	Bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements		
Commercial paper payables, net		499,537	-	499,537	Commercial paper payables, net		
Payables		69,231,005	4,295,684	73,526,689	Payables	В, І	E, M, N
		-	80,797	80,797	Current income tax liabilities	E	
Deposits and remittances		3,202,888,078	-	3,202,888,078	Deposits and remittances		
Provisions		467,108,298	14,734,226	481,842,524	Provisions	Α,	C, D, M
Other financial liabilities		11,246,261	(409,907) 18,427,976		Other financial liabilities Deferred income tax liabilities	N A,	E, F, H, M
Other liabilities		31,707,537	(23,412,364)	8,295,173	Other liabilities	C, 1	Ε, Μ
Total liabilities	\$_	4,011,520,115	14,126,319	4,025,646,434	Total liabilities		
Stock holder's Equity	_				Total Stock holder's Equity		
Equity	\$	90,000,000	-	90,000,000	Equity		
Common stock		90,000,000	-	90,000,000	Common stock		
Additional paid-in capital		112,095,429	(710,212)	111,385,217	Additional paid-in capital	J	
Retained earning		14,239,506	15,647,215	29,886,721	Retained earning		
Legal reserve		2,352,676	-	2,352,676	Legal reserve		
Special reserve		5,227,896	(204,699)	5,023,197	Special reserve	J, N	1
Undistributed earnings		6,658,934	15,851,914	22,510,848	Undistributed earnings	A, H, .	C, D, E, F, J, L
Other equities	_	33,353,048	(25,764,221)	7,588,827	Other equities	Α,	C, F, H, J, L
Total Stock holder's Equity	_	249,687,983	(10,827,218)	238,860,765	Total Stock holder's Equity		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ _	4,261,208,098	3,299,101	4,264,507,199	Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Reconciliation of statements of Financial Position December 31, 2012

GAAP

Unit: In Thousand of New Taiwan Dollars

IFRS

Item	Amount	IFRS Conversion Impact	IFRSs Amount Item	Note
Assets			Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 120,604,340	(41,900,000)	78,704,340 Cash and cash equivalents	N
Placement with Central Bank and call loans to banks	549,627,869	-	549,627,869 Placement with Central Bank and call loans to banks	
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, net	147,512,761	(1,157)	147,511,604 Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, net	K
Available-for-sale financial assets, net	777,192,341	-	777,192,341 Available-for-sale financial assets, net	A
	-	3,543	3,543 Derivative financial assets-hedging	N
Bills and bonds purchased under resell agreements	23,106,942	-	23,106,942 Bills and bonds purchased under resell agreements	
Receivables, net	98,341,071	(1,216,934)	97,124,137 Receivables, net	A, B, E, N
	=	2,786,825	2,786,825 Current income tax assets	E
Discounts and loans, net	2,182,122,142	-	2,182,122,142 Discounts and loans, net	
	-	22,133	22,133 Reinsurance assets, net	N
Held-to-maturity financial assets, net	244,048,117	(91,639)	243,956,478 Held-to-maturity financial assets, net	A
Investments under equity method, net	40,936,053	(826,576)	40,109,477 Investments under equity method, net	J
Other financial assets, net	114,965,947	42,260,453	157,226,400 Other financial assets, net	A, B, N
Real estate investment, net	4,773,134	(492,372)	4,280,762 Investment property, net	I
Fix assets, net	98,436,106	1,522,153	99,958,259 Fix assets, net	G, I
Intangible assets	1,177,207	-	1,177,207 Intangible assets	
	-	2,184,449	2,184,449 Deferred income tax assets, net	A, E, L
Other assets, net	16,919,776	(3,694,074)	13,225,702 Other assets, net	A, C, E, G, N
Total assets	\$ 4,419,763,806	556,804	4,420,320,610 Total assets	

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

GAAP				IFRS
Item		Amount	IFRS Conversion Impact	IFRSs Amount Item Note
Liabilities				Liabilities
Deposits of Central Bank and other banks	\$	213,374,465	-	213,374,465 Deposits of Central Bank and other banks
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		4,508,508	-	4,508,508 Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss
		-	301,390	301,390 Derivative financial liabilities-hedging N
Bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements		13,341,805	-	13,341,805 Bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements
Commercial paper payables, net		519,880	-	519,880 Commercial paper payables, net
Payables		69,404,869	1,663,337	71,068,206 Payables A, B, D, E, F M, N
		-	136,126	136,126 Current income tax liabilities E
Deposits and remittances		3,277,797,765	-	3,277,797,765 Deposits and remittances
Provisions		534,299,189	15,574,485	549,873,674 Provisiona A, C, D, M
Other financial liabilities		13,185,447	(301,390) 18,802,039	12,884,057 Other financial liabilities N 18,802,039 Deferred income tax liabilities A, E, F, H, N
Other liabilities	_	34,999,248	(23,832,650)	11,166,598 Other liabilities C, E, M
Total liabilities	\$_	4,161,431,176	12,343,337	4,173,774,513 Total liabilities
Stock holder's Equity	_			Total Stock holder's Equity
Equity				Equity
Common stock	\$	90,000,000	-	90,000,000 Common stock
Additional paid-in capital		111,632,634	(247,417)	111,385,217 Additional paid-in capital J
Retained earning		17,132,483	15,094,749	32,227,232 Retained earning
Legal reserve		2,758,570	-	2,758,570 Legal reserve
Special reserve		5,924,552	(204,699)	5,719,853 Special reserve J, M
Undistributed earnings		8,449,361	15,299,448	23,748,809 Undistributed earnings A, C, D, E, F H, J, K, L, N
Other equities	_	39,567,513	(26,633,865)	12,933,648 Other equities A, C, F, H, J
Total Stock holder's Equity	\$_	258,332,630	(11,786,533)	246,546,097 Total Stock holder's Equity
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ =	4,419,763,806	556,804	4,420,320,610 Total liabilities and shareholders'

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(c) Reconciliation of statements of Comprehensive Income in 2012

GAAP

Unit: In Thousand of New Taiwan Dollars

IFRS

Item	Amount	IFRS Conversion Impact	IFRSs Amount Account Item Note
Interest income	\$ 66,827,124	(1,602,325)	65,224,799 Interest income A, N
Less: interent expenses	33,186,012	(1,073,761)	32,112,251 Less: interent expenses N
Net interest inocme	33,641,112	(528,564)	33,112,548 Net interest inocme
Non-interest income, net	-	-	 Non-interest income, net
Fee and commission income, net	3,172,020	8,770	3,180,790 Fee and commission income, net C, D
Revenue from insurance business, net	33,433,548	-	33,433,548 Revenue from insurance business, net
Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	14,029,859	732,880	14,762,739 Gains (losses) on financial assets and A, K, N liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss
Gains or losses on real estate investment	87,898	6,621	94,519 Gains and losses on investment property H, I
Realized gains on available-for-sale financial assets	2,933,880	440	2,934,320 Realized gains on available-for-sale A financial assets
Realized gains on held-to-maturity financial assets	60,083	(72,163)	(12,080)Realized gains on held-to-maturity A financial assets
Foreign exchange gains and lossess, net	(1,799,868)	(12,039)	(1,811,907)Foreign exchange gains and lossess, net A
Reversal gains (losses) on asset impairment	(72,267)	(12,061)	(84,328)Reversal gains (losses) on asset F impairment
Income on investments under equity method	2,304,262	226,335	2,530,597 Share of profits or losses from associates and joint ventures
Other non-interest income	10,089,751	(700,722)	9,389,029 Other non-interest income A, D, F, G, I, N
Net revenues	97,880,278	(350,503)	97,529,775 Net revenues
Bad debt expenses	3,107,905	-	3,107,905 Bad debt expenses and reserve for guarantees
Insurance reserves	67,635,554	(962)	67,634,592 Insurance reserves, net A, M
Operating costs	19,219,830	(258,911)	18,960,919 Operating costs C, D, F, G, H, I
Continuing operating income before income tax	7,916,989	(90,630)	7,826,359 Continuing operating income before income tax
Income tax expenses	620,628	3,367	623,995 Income tax expense F, H
Continuing operating income after inocme tax	7,296,361	(93,997)	7,202,364 Continuing operating income after inocme tax
Net income	§ 7,296,361	(93,997)	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

3. Notes to the above reconciliation reports

(a) Effective interest rate method

According to IAS No. 39 accepted by FSC, the amortization of financial assets will be calculated by using the effective interest rate method rather than straight-line method. On January 1 and December 31, 2012, the effect of this adjustment on related accounts is as follows: for available-for-sale financial assets, a decrease of \$6,646 and \$2,527, respectively; for held-to-maturity financial assets, a decrease of \$31,419 and \$91,639, respectively; for other financial assets, an increase of \$12,178 and \$1,739, respectively; for other assets, an increase of \$110,877 and \$97,563, respectively; for provision, an increase of \$15,220 and \$10,327, respectively; for accounts receivable, a decrease of \$2,196 and \$1,311, respectively; for available-for-sale financial assets adjustment valuation, an increase of \$6,646 and \$2,527, respectively; for deferred income tax assets, an increase of \$54,908 and \$260,511, respectively; for deferred income tax liabilities, an increase of \$52 and \$258,142, respectively; for other equities, an increase of \$61,502 and \$5,219, respectively; for other assets, an increase of \$0 and a decrease of \$39, respectively; for accounts payable, an increase of \$0 and a decrease of \$39, respectively; and for retained earnings, an increase of \$67,574 and a decrease of \$6,825, respectively. Also, for the consolidated comprehensive income statement for the year 2012, this adjustment increases interest income by \$28,450, reduces gains or losses on financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss by \$12, increases realized gains on available-for-sale financial assets by \$440, realized losses on held-to maturity financial assets by \$72,163, foreign exchange losses by \$12,039, reduces noninterest income by \$23,968, and insurance reserve by \$4,893.

(b) Regular way purchase or sale

In accordance with the International Accounting Standards No. 39 accepted by FSC, the adjustment on January 1 and December 31, 2012 increases other financial assets by \$453,079 and \$362,257, respectively, receivables by \$1,413 and \$908, respectively; and payables by \$545,492 and \$363,165, respectively.

(c) Employee benefits - adjustments to pension actuarial gains and losses and pension obligations

Elect to adopt the exemption related to employee benefits in IFRS 1, On January 1 and December 31, 2012, the effect of this adjustment on related accounts is as follows: for provisions, an increase of \$3,545,151 on both dates; and for retained earnings, a decrease of \$3,545,151 on both dates.

The Bank applied the retroactive application of IAS19, and adjusted the related balances of net unrecognized transitional benefit obligation and pension liability under the R.O.C. GAAP.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

On January 1 and December 31, 2012, the effect of this adjustment on related accounts is as follows: for provisions, an increase of \$673,752 and \$890,232, respectively; for retained earnings, a decrease of \$673,752 and \$890,232, respectively; for other assets, a decrease of \$622,896 and \$540,663, respectively; for other liability, a decrease of \$1,491,540 and \$1,781,673, respectively; and for other equities, an increase of \$868,644 and \$1,241,010, respectively.

For the consolidated comprehensive income statement for the year 2012, the adjustments increase the fee and commission revenue by 14,361 and reduce the operating expense by \$227,628.

(d) Employee benefits-retiree deposits with favorable rates and bonus, special care fund

According to IAS 19 and the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Publicly Held Banks, effective 2013, retiree deposits with favorable rates should be recognized as post-employment benefits with actuarial amount. On January 1 and December 31, 2012, the effect of this adjustment on related accounts is as follows: for provisions, an increase of \$6,887,557 and \$7,355,997, respectively; for retained earnings, a decrease of \$6,887,557 and \$7,301,584, respectively; and for payable, a decrease of \$0 and \$54,413. Also, for the consolidated comprehensive income statement for the year 2012, this adjustment increases a non-interest income by \$408,447 reduces the fee and commission revenue by \$5,580 and the operating expense by \$12,499.

Also, the bonus and special care fund should be recognized as post-employment benefits with actuarial amount. On January 1 and December 31, 2012, the effect of this adjustment on related accounts is as follows: for provisions, an increase of \$221,462 and \$209,505, respectively; and for retained earnings, a decrease of \$221,462 and \$209,505, respectively. For the consolidated comprehensive income statement for the year 2012, this adjustment reduces fee and commission revenue by \$11 and non-interest revenue by \$532.

(e) Income tax

Following IAS 12, the Company should revaluate and adjust the deferred tax assets. On January 1 and December 31, 2012, the effect of this adjustment on related accounts is as follows: for deferred income tax assets, a decrease of \$355,116 and \$355,116, respectively; for retained earnings, a decrease of \$355,116 and \$355,116, respectively.

The temporary difference of the land revaluation increments tax payable under taxable should be reclassified to deferred tax liabilities. On January 1 and December 31, 2012, the effect of this adjustment on related accounts is as follows: for other liabilities, a decrease of \$18,367,918 and \$18,290,592, respectively; and for deferred income tax liabilities, an increase of \$18,367,918 and \$18,290,592, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

In accordance with IAS 1, current tax assets, current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets should be recorded separately in financial statement. On January 1 and December 31, 2012, the effect of this adjustment on related accounts is as follows: for current income tax assets, an increase of \$2,433,730 and \$2,713,903, respectively; for retained earnings, a decrease of \$0 and \$4,818, respectively; for receivables, a decrease of \$2,433,730 and \$2,718,721, respectively; for current income tax assets, an increase of \$34,818 and \$72,922, respectively; for other assets, a decrease of \$34,818 and \$72,922, respectively; for other assets, an increase of 2,827,015 and \$4,585,676, respectively; for other assets, a decrease of \$2,018,959 and \$2,121,702, respectively; for current income tax liabilities, an increase of \$80,797 and \$136,126, respectively; for payable, a decrease of \$80,797 and \$136,127, respectively; for deferred tax liabilities, an increase of \$0 and \$37,363, respectively; and for other liabilities, a decrease of \$0 and \$37,363.

Following IAS 12, the Bank must consider the statutory tax set-off rights of deferred tax assets and liability. Both deferred tax assets and liabilities were increased by \$157,385 dollars. As the evaluation of assets, liabilities, equities, revenue and expense are different between GAAP and IFRS, operating performance and financial condition have different result, and income tax expense increased by \$3,367.

(f) Deemed costs of property and equipment

According to the exemption about deem cost of property and equipment, the revaluation of land in accordance with the ROC GAAP was transferred to retained earnings. On January 1 and December 31, 2012, the effect of this adjustment on related accounts is as follows: for other equities, a decrease of \$24,429,414 and \$24,356,256, respectively; and for deferred liabilities, an increase of \$10,043 and \$9,726, respectively and for retained earnings, an increase of \$24,419,371 and \$24,346,530. Also, for the consolidated comprehensive income statement for the year 2012, this adjustment increases the impairment loss of assets by \$12,061, reduces the non-interest income by \$59,230 and increases the operating expense by \$1,868.

(g) Reclassification of property and equipment

The Company reclassified other assets to property and equipment. On January 1 and December 31, 2012, the effect of this adjustment on related accounts is as follows: for other assets, a decrease of \$1,044,476 and \$1,029,781, respectively; and for property and equipment, an increase of \$1,044,476 and \$1,029,781, respectively. Also, for the consolidated comprehensive income statement for the year 2012, this adjustment reduces the operating expense by \$32,906 and increases a non-interest income by \$32,906.

(h) Deem cost of Investment Property

Adopt the exemption of IFRS 1 for the deem cost of investment property, and transfer the revaluation of land and buildings to retained earnings.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

On January 1 and December 31, 2012, the effect of this adjustment on related accounts is as follows: for other equities, a decrease of \$123,179 and \$118,940, respectively; for payables, a decrease of \$0 and \$2, respectively; for retained earnings, an increase of \$102,239 and \$98,722, respectively; and for deferred liabilities, an increase of \$20,940 and \$20,220, respectively. Also, for the consolidated comprehensive income statement for the year 2012, this adjustment decreases the gains on investment property by \$4,097 and increases the operating expense by \$140.

(i) Reclassification of Investment Property

On January 1 and December 31, 2012, the Company reclassified the property and equipment to investment property by \$66,548 and \$66,545, respectively.

Following IFRS 40, the Company also reclassified the real estate investments which were not the investment property to operational property. On January 1 and December 31, 2012, the effect of this adjustment on related accounts is as follow: for investment property, a decrease of \$562,127 and \$557,917, respectively; and for property and equipment, an increase of \$562,127 and \$557,917, respectively. Also, for the consolidated comprehensive income statement for the year 2012, this adjustment reduces the gains on investment property by \$122, increases the operating expense by \$1,274 and a non-interest income by \$1,396.

Reclassifying the investment property of intra transaction to property and equipment increases the gains on investment property by \$10,840 and increases the operating expense by \$10,840 on consolidated income statement for the year 2012.

(i) Investments under equity method, net

The Bank retrospectively applies IAS 28 to adjust items related to invest related enterprises. On January 1 and December 31, 2012, the effect of this adjustment on related accounts is as follows: for investments under equity method, a decrease of \$182,089 and \$826,576, respectively; for APIC, a decrease of \$710,212 and \$247,417, respectively; for special reserves, a decrease of \$346,396, on both dates; for other equities, a decrease of \$2,614,652 and \$3,948,268, respectively; and for retained earnings, an increase of \$3,489,171 and \$3,715,505. Also, for the consolidated comprehensive income statement for the year 2012, this adjustment increases the gains on investments of related enterprises and joint venture under equity method by \$226,335.

According to IAS 28, when the Company loses influence on related enterprises, the related gains and losses should be transferred from equity to net income. The adjustment on January 1 and December 31, 2012 increases other equity by \$128,551 and reduces retained earnings by \$128,551.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(k) Financial instruments are altered to measure at fair value

The Company recorded the emerging stock held by securities subsidiary at cost according to "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Firms". In accordance with the IAS 39 financial instruments: recognition and measurement, the equity investment without active market should be measured at fair value if it is possible. This adjustment on December 31, 2012 decreases the financial assets measured at fair value through profit of loss and retained earnings by \$1,157. Also, for the consolidated comprehensive income statement for the year 2012, this adjustment decreases the gains on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss by \$1,157.

(l) Translation of financial statements of the foreign operation

The Company adopts the exemption of IFRS 1 about cumulative translation differences of foreign branches. On January 1 and December 31, 2012, the effect of this adjustment on related accounts is as follows: for retained earnings, a decrease of \$414,852 on both dates; for other equities, an increase of \$344,327 and \$414,819, respectively; and for deferred income tax assets, a decrease of \$70,525 and \$32, respectively.

(m) Provisions

According to IFRS 1, provisions should be recognized separately, and accrued pension liabilities would be eliminated. On January 1 and December 31, 2012, the effect of this adjustment on related accounts is as follows: for other liabilities, a decrease of \$3,552,906 and \$3,723,021, respectively; for payables, a decrease of \$832 and \$86, respectively; and for provisions, an increase of \$3,553,738 and \$3,723,107, respectively.

The provision of decommissioning liabilities under payables was reclassified to provision, and this adjustment on January 1 and December 31, 2012 reduces the payables by \$8,066 and \$6,955, respectively and increases the provision by \$8,066 and \$6,955, respectively.

According to IFRS 4 Recognition of Insurance Reserves, the after tax balance of the special reserve-significant incident and special reserve – significant changes on January 1, 2012 deducting the foreign exchange volatility reserve recognized on March 1, 2012 is transferred to special reserve. The effect of this adjustment on January 1 and December 31, 2012 to related accounts is as follow: for provision, a decrease of \$170,720 and \$166,789, respectively; for special reserve, an increase of \$141,697 on both dates; for deferred tax liabilities, an increase of \$29,023 and \$28,610, respectively; and for retained earnings, a decrease of \$0 and \$3,518, respectively. Also, for the consolidated comprehensive income statement for the year 2012, this adjustment increases the insurance liabilities reserve by \$3,931.

(n) Others

a) According to IAS 7, the timed deposit over three months can't be regarded as cash and cash equivalents. Therefore the Company transferred it to other financial assets. The effect of this adjustment on January 1 and December 31, 2012 on related accounts is as follow: for cash and cash equivalents, a decrease of \$15,900,000, and \$41,900,000, respectively; and for other financial assets, an increase of \$15,900,000, and \$41,900,000, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- b) Consigned securities transaction was recognized in net according to the original regulation. After adopting IFRS, the related debit and credit accounts should be recorded separately. The effect of this adjustment on January 1 and December 31, 2012 on related accounts is as follow: for receivable, an increase of \$3,969,195 and \$1,505,738, respectively; for payables, an increase of \$3,930,887 and \$1,497,793, respectively; and for other assets, a decrease of \$38,308, and \$7,945, respectively.
- c) Following the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies, effective 2013, the Company records the hedging derivative financial assets and liabilities separately. On January 1 and December 31, 2012, the effect of this adjustment on related accounts is as follows: for other financial assets, a decrease of \$3,074 and \$3,543, respectively; for hedging derivative financial assets, an increase of \$3,074 and \$3,543, respectively; for other financial liabilities, a decrease of \$409,907 and \$301,390, respectively; and for hedging derivative financial liabilities, an increase of \$409,907 and \$301,390, respectively.
- d) According to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies, effective 2013, the Company records reinsurance assets. On January 1 and December 31, 2012, the effect of this adjustment on related accounts is as follows: for receivable, a decreased of \$0 and \$3,548, respectively; for other assets, a decrease of \$22,701 and \$18,585, respectively; and for reinsurance assets, an increase of \$22,701 and \$22,133.
- e) According to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies, effective 2013, the Company reclassifies the interest revenue and expense of financial assets or liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss to gains and losses of the financial assets and the interest revenue and expense of the hedging instrument to other non-interest income. For the consolidated comprehensive income statement for the year 2012, this adjustment reduces interest income by \$1,630,775, reduces interest expense by \$1,073,761, increases the gains and losses on financial assets or liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss by \$730,049 and decrease a non-interest income by \$177,035.

(o) Special reserve

In accordance with Permit No. 1010012865 (see note 2) issued by FSC on April 6, 2012, when adopting IFRS at the first time, special reserves should be recorded as the same amount as that of the unrealized revaluation surplus, and the cumulative translation differences are transferred to retained earnings while applying the exemption of IFRS 1. However, special reserve could be recognized as the increment of retained earnings due to IFRS adoption. The special reserves should be reversed in proportion to using, disposing or reclassifying the related accounts subsequently. Because the balance of unrealized gains on revaluation and cumulative translation differences is \$0 on December 31, 2011, the special reserve is \$0.

4. According to IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards, except for adopting optional exemptions or mandatory exceptions, the company should prepare the financial statements following effectively the accounting standards, and it should also make retroactive application to past years.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The instructions of adopted optional exemptions are as follow:

- (a) Do not apply IFRS3 for enterprise mergers conducted before the adoption date of IFRS. Therefore, we didn't take any retroactive application for related accounts.
- (b) Use the revaluated amount of fixed asset according to the ROC GAAP to be deemed at cost on adoption date.
- (c) Transfer all cumulative actuarial gains and losses to retained earnings on adoption date.
- (d) Infer the cumulative translation differences as zero and not to take any retroactive application to past years.
- (e) The Company and its subsidiaries apply the exemption of IFRS 4 Insurance Contract, and they don't have to disclose the compensation information for past five years before the end of the first IFRS adoption year.

(43) Notes to Disclosure Items

- 1) Information on significant transactions:
 - 1. Information regarding long-term equity investment for which the purchase or sale amount for the period exceeded \$300 million or 10% of the Company and its subsidiaries' capital: none.
 - 2. Information on the acquisition of real estate for which the purchase amount exceeded \$300 million or 10% of the Company and its subsidiaries' capital: none.
 - 3. Information on the disposal of real estate for which the sale amount exceeded \$300 million or 10% of the Company and its subsidiaries' capital: none.
 - 4. Information regarding discounted processing fees on transactions with related parties for which the amount exceeded \$5 million: none.
 - 5. Information regarding receivables from related parties for which the amount exceeded \$300 million or 10% of the Company and its subsidiaries' capital: none.
 - 6. Information regarding selling non-performing loans: none.
 - 7. Approved securitization instrument types and related information according to "asset-backed securitization" or "mortgage-backed securitization": none.
 - 8. Other material transaction items which were significant to people who use the information in the financial statements: none.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2) Information on long term investments:

1. Information on investees' names, locations, etc.:

					Gain (loss)		Pro-	Tot		
Name	Location	Main operations	Percentage of shares	Invested amount	on investment	Number of shares	forma shares	Number of shares	Percentage of shares	Remarks
Co., Ltd.	No.120, Section 1, Chongching South Road, Taipei City	Operation of banks	100.00 %	252,734,018	7,232,157	7,000,000	-	7,000,000	100.00 %	Note 4
Insurance Co. Ltd.	6th floor, No.69, Section 2, Dunhua South Road, Taipei City	Life insurance	100.00 %	8,028,301	211,924	1,100,000	-	1,100,000	100.00 %	Note 4
Securities Co. Ltd.	No.58, Section 1, Chongching South Road, Taipei City	Securities	100.00 %	3,318,411	23,011	300,000	-	300,000	100.00 %	Note 4
	Sec.1, Chongching S. Rd.	Investment according to Financial Holding Company Act	25.07 %	33,287,676	1,992,954	2,162,627,690	-	2,162,627,690	25.07 %	-
Insurance Co. Ltd.	No.17 and 18, Syuchang St., Taipei City	Life insurance	21.59 %	3,601,128	437,561	185,040,012	-	185,040,012	21.59 %	-
Ammonium Sulfate Co., Ltd.	8F., No.53, Tonghua 4th Rd., Kaohsiung	Liquidating	91.86 %	2,393,485	(27,413)	303,131,576	-	303,131,576	91.86 %	-
Works Co., Ltd.	5F, No. 53, Tonghua 4th Rd., Kaohsiung	Iron industry	21.37 %	1,636,179	(101,303)	74,802,414	-	74,802,414	21.37 %	-
	3F., No.56, Dunhua N. Rd., Taipei City		30.00 %	17,686	2,463	1,500,000	-	1,500,000	30.00 %	-

- Note 1: The investees' shares or pro-forma shares held by the Company's board of directors, supervisor, CEO, vice CEO and affiliates conforming to the Company Act should be included.
- Note 2: (1) Pro-forma shares are the "securities having equity property" or "derivative instrument contracts (have not been converted into stock)" that can be converted into shares of the investee company under Article 74 of the "Company Act" for investment purposes.
 - (2) The above "securities having equity property" means the securities that conform to the regulation in Article 11, Paragraph 1 of the Securities and Exchange Act Enforcement Rules, for example, convertible bonds and stock warrants.
 - (3) The abovementioned "derivative instrument contracts" conformed to the definition of derivative instrument in SFAS No. 34 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", for example, stock options.
- Note 3: The statement can be omitted in the 1st and 3rd quarters.
- Note 4: The above transactions had been eliminated in preparing consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 2. Lending to other parties: none.
- 3. Guarantees and endorsements for other parties: none.
- 4. Information regarding securities held as of December 31, 2012: none.
- 5. Information regarding securities for which the purchase or sale amount for the period exceeded \$300 million or 10% of the Company and its subsidiaries' capital: none.
- 6. Information on the acquisition of real estate for which the purchase amount exceeded NT\$300 million or 10% of the Company and its subsidiaries' capital: none.
- 7. Information on the disposal of real estate for which the sale amount exceeded NT\$300 million or 10% of the Company and its subsidiaries' capital: none.
- 8. Information regarding discounted processing fees on transactions with related parties for which the amount exceeded \$5 million: none.
- 9. Information on regarding receivables from related parties for which the amount exceeded NT\$300 million or 10% of the Company and its subsidiaries' capital: none.
- 10. Information regarding trading in derivative financial instruments: please see note 4(32).
- 11. Information regarding selling non-performing loans: none.
- 12. The type of and related information on securitized instruments which were authorized to be engaged in according to the "Financial Asset Securitization Act" or the "Real Estate Securitization Act": none.
- 13. Other material transaction items which were significant to people who use the information in the financial statements: none.
- 3) Information on subsidiaries' investment in China:

In order to accelerate the investment speed in China approved by the Board of Directors, BOT has agreed to upgrade the representative office in Shang-hai as branch approved by the Financial Supervisory Commission and Ministry of Economy on February 10, 2011 and March 31, 2011, respectively. Obtain branch registration certificate on July 2, 2012 and operate on July 10, 2012.

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(44) Operational Department:

1) Segment Information

December 31, 2012

Assets	Bank department	Government employees insurance department	Procurement department	Trade department	Life insurance department	Securities department	Other department	Offset amount	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 50,331,493	21,373,048	562,759	545,104	64,259,744	48,371	309,775	(16,825,954)	120,604,340
Placement with Central Bank and call loans to banks	549,627,869	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	549,627,869
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	60,830,424	85,703,614	-	-	834,218	560,594	-	(416,089)	147,512,761
Bills and bonds purchased under resell agreements	4,980,621	-	-	-	17,787,544	338,777	-	-	23,106,942
Receivables, net	68,680,333	22,497,581	5,557	84,573	4,830,354	2,214,519	2,590,262	(2,562,108)	98,341,071
Discounts and loans, net	2,177,133,260	-	-	-	10,788,882	-	-	(5,800,000)	2,182,122,142
Available-for-sale financial assets, net	734,870,751	-	-	-	40,809,899	1,511,691	-	-	777,192,341
Held-to-maturity financial assets, net	7,056,103	54,942,943	-	-	182,049,071	-	-	-	244,048,117
Long-term investment under equity method, net	35,393,882	-	-	-	5,542,170	-	264,080,731	(264,080,730)	40,936,053
Other financial assets, net	69,672,866	-	-	-	45,293,081	-	-	-	114,965,947
Real estate investments, net	-	-	-	-	4,773,134	-	-	-	4,773,134
Fixed assets, net	97,227,369	13,902	8,261	3,816	893,222	282,510	7,026	-	98,436,106
Intangible assets, net	1,153,781	4,791	5,372	161	11,674	1,303	125	-	1,177,207
Other assets, net	10,051,630	10,162,144	3,208,240	1,836,731	4,846,670	685,922	4,511,342	(18,382,903)	16,919,776
Total assets	\$ 3,867,010,382	194,698,023	3,790,189	2,470,385	382,719,663	5,643,687	271,499,261	(308,067,784)	4,419,763,806

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012

Liabilities	Bank department	Government employees insurance department	Procurement department	Trade department	Life insurance department	Securities department	Other department	Offset amount	Total
Deposit of Central Bank and other banks	\$ 213,374,465	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	213,374,465
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	4,876,911	43	-	-	35,267	12,376	-	(416,089)	4,508,508
Bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements	11,998,398	-	-	-	-	1,343,407	-	-	13,341,805
Payables	41,334,550	35,883	69,238	716,391	27,024,069	275,269	2,511,577	(2,562,108)	69,404,869
Deposits and remittances	3,294,903,719	-	-	-	-	-	-	(17,105,954)	3,277,797,765
Other loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,800,000	(5,800,000)	-
Other financial liabilities	8,499,403	-	-	-	4,686,044	-	-	-	13,185,447
Reserve for operations and liabilities	624,406	194,662,097	-	-	339,012,687	-	-	(1)	534,299,189
Other liabilities	39,588,153		3,346,772	1,204,532	3,933,295	694,224	4,855,054	(18,102,902)	35,519,128
Total liabilities	3,615,200,005	194,698,023	3,416,010	1,920,923	374,691,362	2,325,276	13,166,631	(43,987,054)	4,161,431,176
Stockholders' equity									
Common stock	70,000,000	-	-	-	11,000,000	3,000,000	90,000,000	(84,000,000)	90,000,000
Capital surplus	105,682,871	-	-	-	377,580	-	111,632,634	(106,060,451)	111,632,634
Legal reserve	25,218,428	-	-	-	-	28,758	2,758,570	(25,247,186)	2,758,570
Special reserve	98,322	-	-	-	-	204,784	5,924,552	(303,106)	5,924,552
Unappropriated retained earnings	7,461,515	-	374,179	549,462	485,497	23,011	8,449,361	(8,893,664)	8,449,361
Unrealized increment on revaluation	27,383,086	-	-	-	584,199	145,232	28,112,517	(28,112,517)	28,112,517
Cumulative foreign currency translation	(800,300)	=	-	-	(10,353)	-	(810,653)	810,653	(810,653)
Net loss not recognized as pension	(1,163,205)	-	-	-	(9,718)	(76,562)	(1,258,296)	1,249,485	(1,258,296)
Unrealized gain (loss) on financial instruments	17,929,660	-	-	-	(4,398,904)	(6,812)	13,523,945	(13,523,944)	13,523,945
cost									
Total stockholders' equity	251,810,377		374,179	549,462	8,028,301	3,318,411	258,332,630	(264,080,730)	258,332,630
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 3,867,010,382	194,698,023	3,790,189	2,470,385	382,719,663	5,643,687	271,499,261	(308,067,784)	4,419,763,806

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2012

	d	Bank epartment	Government employees insurance department	Procurement department	Trade department	Life insurance department	Securities department	Other department	Offset amount	Total
Interest revenue	\$	56,218,164	1,444,841	67	9	9,189,774	108,383	210	(134,324)	66,827,124
Less: interest expense	_	(32,987,442)				(256,652)	(16,830)	(59,412)	134,324	(33,186,012)
Interest income, net		23,230,722	1,444,841	67	9	8,933,122	91,553	(59,202)	-	33,641,112
Non-interest income, net										
Service fee income, net		4,080,372	88,678	503,921	27,040	(1,819,418)	280,425	-	11,002	3,172,020
Net insurance business income, net		-	-	-	-	43,708,558	-	-	(10,275,010)	33,433,548
Gain (loss) on financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		3,471,105	8,636,730	-	-	2,646,457	28,037	-	(752,470)	14,029,859
Realized gain on available-for-sale financial assets		929,157	-	-	-	1,997,647	7,076	-	-	2,933,880
Realized gain on hold-to-maturity financial assets		-	-	-	-	60,083	-	-	-	60,083
Gain on long-term investment under equity method		1,948,134	-	-	-	356,128	-	-	-	2,304,262
Gain on real estate investment		-	-	-	-	116,443	-	-	(28,545)	87,898
Foreign exchange gain (loss)		3,332,492	(1,651,528)	-	(1,210)	(4,158,332)	-	-	752,470	(1,726,108)
Gain on asset revaluation (impairment loss)		(72,267)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(72,267)
Other non-interest income	_	(8,985,723)	(8,387,629)	(6,751)	606,903	88,518	(2,271)	(1,753)	26,778,457	10,089,751
Net revenue		27,933,992	131,092	497,237	632,742	51,929,206	404,820	(60,955)	16,485,904	97,954,038
Bad debt expense		3,107,865	-	-	-	(464)	504	-	-	3,107,905
Provisions for insurance policy reserves		-	-	-	-	51,071,712	-	-	16,637,602	67,709,314
Operating expense	_	17,656,501	131,092	123,057	83,279	840,423	378,967	158,209	(151,698)	19,219,830
Net income before tax		7,169,626	-	374,180	549,463	17,535	25,349	(219,164)	-	7,916,989
Income tax expense	_	861,112				(194,389)	2,338	(48,433)	<u> </u>	620,628
Net income	\$_	6,308,514		374,180	549,463	211,924	23,011	(170,731)		7,296,361

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2011

Placement with Central Bank and call loans to banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Bills and bonds purchased under resell agreements Receivables, net 62,899,885 23,330,050 9,076 200,769 2,857,977 1,811,155 73,774 (98,473) 91,084,211 Discounts and loans, net 2,153,591,118 10,436,679 (5,700,000) 2,158,327,79 Available-for-sale financial assets, net 620,867 50,321,722 - 176,782,256 20,227,724,841 Long-term investment under equity method, net 72,207,332 38,547,881 - 255,285,059 (255,285,059) 37,544,122 method, net 97,845,861 6,832 7,875 4,336 891,852 285,281 7,644 - 99,049,68 Intangible assets, net 97,845,861 6,832 7,875 4,336 891,852 285,281 7,644 - 99,049,68 Intangible assets, net 9,020,337 13,690,111 3,384,358 6,020,484 3,637,199 728,973 4,305,803 (21,704,346) 19,082,91	Assets		Bank lepartment	Government employees insurance department	Procurement department	Trade department	Life insurance department	Securities department	Other department	Offset amount	Total	
loans to banks Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Bills and bonds purchased under resell agreements Receivables, net 62,899,885 23,330,050 9,076 200,769 2,857,977 Available-for-sale financial assets, net 12,153,591,118 10,436,679 Available-for-sale financial assets, net 62,867 Available-for-sale financial assets, net 62,867 50,321,722 176,782,256 227,724,84 Long-term investment under equity method, net Other financial assets, net 97,845,861 6,832 7,875 4,336 891,852 285,281 7,644 - 99,049,68 Intangible assets, net 90,020,337 13,690,111 3,384,358 6,020,484 3,637,199 728,973 4,305,803 (21,704,346) 19,082,91	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	50,489,558	24,911,164	624,645	400,809	36,200,692	47,687	171,358	(14,857,609)	97,988,304	
value through profit or loss Bills and bonds purchased under resell agreements Receivables, net 62,899,885 23,330,050 9,076 200,769 2,857,977 1,811,155 73,774 (98,473) 91,084,21 Discounts and loans, net 2,153,591,118 10,436,679 (5,700,000) 2,158,327,79 Available-for-sale financial assets, net financial assets, net 620,867 50,321,722 176,782,256 2 227,724,84 Long-term investment under equity method, net Other financial assets, net 72,207,332 5,064,531 - 255,285,059 (255,285,059) 37,544,12 method, net Other financial assets, net 97,845,861 6,832 7,875 4,336 891,852 285,281 7,644 - 99,049,68 Intangible assets, net 99,845,861 6,832 7,875 4,336 891,852 285,281 7,644 - 99,049,68 Intangible assets, net 99,020,337 13,690,111 3,384,358 6,020,484 3,637,199 728,973 4,305,803 (21,704,346) 19,082,91			488,555,403	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	488,555,403	
resell agreements Receivables, net 62,899,885 23,330,050 9,076 200,769 2,857,977 1,811,155 73,774 (98,473) 91,084,21 Discounts and loans, net 2,153,591,118 10,436,679 Available-for-sale financial assets, net Held-to-maturity financial assets, net 620,867 50,321,722 176,782,256 255,285,059 (255,285,059) 37,544,12 method, net Other financial assets, net 72,207,332 3802,058,33 757,373,465 27,724,84 Long-term investment under equity method, net Other financial assets, net 72,207,332 38,064,531 - 255,285,059 (255,285,059) 37,544,12 Real estate investments, net 4,057,036 Fixed assets, net 97,845,861 6,832 7,875 4,336 891,852 285,281 7,644 - 99,049,68 Intangible assets, net 97,845,861 815,019 442 3,375 2,221 7,751 1,522 31 - 830,36 Other assets, net 9,020,337 13,690,111 3,384,358 6,020,484 3,637,199 728,973 4,305,803 (21,704,346) 19,082,91			45,083,429	65,802,579	-	-	979,164	425,168	-	(543,355)	111,746,985	
Discounts and loans, net 2,153,591,118 10,436,679 (5,700,000) 2,158,327,79 Available-for-sale financial assets, net Held-to-maturity financial assets, net 620,867 50,321,722 - 176,782,256 255,285,059 (255,285,059) 37,544,12 method, net Other financial assets, net 72,207,332 38,547,881 255,285,059 (255,285,059) 37,544,12 method, net Other financial assets, net 72,207,332 4,057,036 30 110,755,24 Real estate investments, net 4,057,036 4,057,03 Fixed assets, net 97,845,861 6,832 7,875 4,336 891,852 285,281 7,644 - 99,049,68 Intangible assets, net 815,019 442 3,375 2,221 7,751 1,522 31 - 830,36 Other assets, net 9,020,337 13,690,111 3,384,358 6,020,484 3,637,199 728,973 4,305,803 (21,704,346) 19,082,91			3,231,949	-	-	-	8,993,341	177,561	-	-	12,402,851	
Available-for-sale financial assets, net	Receivables, net		62,899,885	23,330,050	9,076	200,769	2,857,977	1,811,155	73,774	(98,473)	91,084,213	
net Held-to-maturity financial assets, net 620,867 50,321,722 - 176,782,256 - - - 227,724,84 Long-term investment under equity method, net Other financial assets, net 32,479,598 - - - 5,064,531 - 255,285,059 (255,285,059) 37,544,12 Other financial assets, net 72,207,332 - - - 38,547,881 - - 30 110,755,24 Real estate investments, net - - - 4,057,036 - - - 4,057,03 Fixed assets, net 97,845,861 6,832 7,875 4,336 891,852 285,281 7,644 - 99,049,68 Intangible assets, net 815,019 442 3,375 2,221 7,751 1,522 31 - 830,36 Other assets, net 9,020,337 13,690,111 3,384,358 6,020,484 3,637,199 728,973 4,305,803 (21,704,346) 19,082,91	Discounts and loans, net		2,153,591,118	-	-	-	10,436,679	-	-	(5,700,000)	2,158,327,797	
Long-term investment under equity method, net Other financial assets, net Pixed asse			757,373,465	-	-	-	43,264,835	1,420,031	-	-	802,058,331	
method, net Other financial assets, net 72,207,332 - - - 38,547,881 - - - 30 110,755,24 Real estate investments, net - - - - 4,057,036 - - - 4,057,036 Fixed assets, net 97,845,861 6,832 7,875 4,336 891,852 285,281 7,644 - 99,049,68 Intangible assets, net 815,019 442 3,375 2,221 7,751 1,522 31 - 830,36 Other assets, net 9,020,337 13,690,111 3,384,358 6,020,484 3,637,199 728,973 4,305,803 (21,704,346) 19,082,91	Held-to-maturity financial assets, net		620,867	50,321,722	-	-	176,782,256	-	-	-	227,724,845	
Real estate investments, net 4,057,036 Fixed assets, net 97,845,861 6,832 7,875 4,336 891,852 285,281 7,644 - 99,049,68 Intangible assets, net 815,019 442 3,375 2,221 7,751 1,522 31 - 830,36 Other assets, net 9,020,337 13,690,111 3,384,358 6,020,484 3,637,199 728,973 4,305,803 (21,704,346) 19,082,91			32,479,598	-	-	-	5,064,531	-	255,285,059	(255,285,059)	37,544,129	
Fixed assets, net 97,845,861 6,832 7,875 4,336 891,852 285,281 7,644 - 99,049,68 Intangible assets, net 815,019 442 3,375 2,221 7,751 1,522 31 - 830,36 Other assets, net 9,020,337 13,690,111 3,384,358 6,020,484 3,637,199 728,973 4,305,803 (21,704,346) 19,082,91	Other financial assets, net		72,207,332	-	-	-	38,547,881	-	-	30	110,755,243	
Intangible assets, net 815,019 442 3,375 2,221 7,751 1,522 31 - 830,36 Other assets, net 9,020,337 13,690,111 3,384,358 6,020,484 3,637,199 728,973 4,305,803 (21,704,346) 19,082,91	Real estate investments, net		-	-	-	-	4,057,036	-	-	-	4,057,036	
Other assets, net 9,020,337 13,690,111 3,384,358 6,020,484 3,637,199 728,973 4,305,803 (21,704,346) 19,082,91	Fixed assets, net		97,845,861	6,832	7,875	4,336	891,852	285,281	7,644	-	99,049,681	
7,020,027 13,070,111 2,070,020 0,020,107 1,002,71 1,002,002 (21,107,040) 17,002,71	Intangible assets, net		815,019	442	3,375	2,221	7,751	1,522	31	-	830,361	
Total assets \$ 3,774,213,821 178,062,900 4,029,329 6,628,619 331,721,194 4,897,378 259,843,669 (298,188,812) 4,261,208,09	Other assets, net		9,020,337	13,690,111	3,384,358	6,020,484	3,637,199	728,973	4,305,803	(21,704,346)	19,082,919	
	Total assets	\$_	3,774,213,821	178,062,900	4,029,329	6,628,619	331,721,194	4,897,378	259,843,669	(298,188,812)	4,261,208,098	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2011

Liabilities	Bank department	Government employees insurance department	Procurement department	Trade department	Life insurance department	Securities department	Other department	Offset amount	Total
Deposit of Central Bank and other banks	\$ 208,926,475	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	208,926,475
Payable commercial paper, net	-	-	-	-	-	499,537	-	-	499,537
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	3,897,631	5,254	-	-	915,132	212	-	(543,355)	4,274,874
Bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements	14,906,165	-	-	-	-	731,885	-	-	15,638,050
Payables	37,312,050	33,146	121,551	2,004,832	29,617,940	220,344	75,904	(154,760)	69,231,007
Deposits and remittances	3,218,010,687	-	-	-	-	-	-	(15,122,609)	3,202,888,078
Other loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,700,000	(5,700,000)	-
Other financial liabilities	5,756,183	-	-	-	5,490,078	-	-	-	11,246,261
Reserve for operations and liabilities	591,434	178,024,500	-	-	288,492,364	-	-	-	467,108,298
Other liabilities	39,235,445		3,488,963	4,251,224	1,527,441	156,801	4,379,782	(21,332,121)	31,707,535
Total liabilities	3,528,636,070	178,062,900	3,610,514	6,256,056	326,042,955	1,608,779	10,155,686	(42,852,845)	4,011,520,115
Stockholders' equity									
Common stock	70,000,000	-	-	-	11,000,000	3,000,000	90,000,000	(84,000,000)	90,000,000
Capital surplus	106,077,872	-	-	-	445,373	-	112,095,429	(106,523,245)	112,095,429
Legal reserve	24,119,287	-	-	-	-	21,486	2,352,676	(24,140,773)	2,352,676
Special reserve	518,561	-	-	-	-	190,239	5,227,896	(708,800)	5,227,896
Unappropriated retained earnings	5,472,427	-	418,815	372,563	273,573	72,724	6,658,934	(6,610,102)	6,658,934
Unrealized increment on revaluation	26,581,673	-	-	-	448,649	145,232	27,175,554	(27,175,554)	27,175,554
Cumulative foreign currency translation	(366,046)	-	-	-	(4,006)	-	(370,052)	370,052	(370,052)
Unrealized gain (loss) on financial instruments	13,983,157	-	-	-	(6,485,091)	(79,768)	7,418,299	(7,418,298)	7,418,299
Net loss not recognized as pension cost	(809,180)	-	_	-	(259)	(61,314)	(870,753)	870,753	(870,753)
Total stockholders' equity	245,577,751		418,815	372,563	5,678,239	3,288,599	249,687,983	(255,335,967)	249,687,983
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 3,774,213,821	178,062,900	4,029,329	6,628,619	331,721,194	4,897,378	259,843,669	(298,188,812)	4,261,208,098

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2011

	d	Bank lepartment	Government employees insurance department	Procurement department	Trade department	Life insurance department	Securities department	Other department	Offset amount	Total
Interest revenue	\$	52,367,793	1,396,332	63	1	8,339,231	125,951	190	(141,055)	62,088,506
Less: interest expense	_	(30,577,630)				(203,516)	(13,109)	(48,227)	141,055	(30,701,427)
Interest income, net		21,790,163	1,396,332	63	1	8,135,715	112,842	(48,037)	-	31,387,079
Non-interest income, net										
Service fee income, net		4,330,980	114,692	535,869	(21,245)	(1,551,492)	371,128	-	(49,599)	3,730,333
Net insurance business income, net		-	-	-	-	40,600,835	-	-	(9,275,762)	31,325,073
Gain (loss) on financial assets and liabilities at measured fair value through profit or loss		3,892,395	(8,021,468)	-	-	(4,233,289)	(17,546)	-	927,800	(7,452,108)
Realized gain on available-for-sale financial assets		1,363,849	-	-	-	1,283,560	4,056	-	-	2,651,465
Realized gain on held-to-maturity financial assets		-	-	-	-	64,704	-	-	-	64,704
Gain on long-term investment under equity method		2,255,273	-	-	-	391,451	-	-	-	2,646,724
Gain on real estate investment		-	-	-	-	72,399	-	-	(29,170)	43,229
Foreign exchange gain (loss)		1,757,424	838,664	-	293	3,154,023	-	-	(926,796)	4,823,608
Gain on asset revaluation (impairment loss)		37,027	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37,027
Other non-interest income	_	(8,996,515)	5,803,211	6,856	471,610	471,530	4,314	(1,290)	12,707,508	10,467,224
Net revenue		26,430,596	131,431	542,788	450,659	48,389,436	474,794	(49,327)	3,353,981	79,724,358
Bad debt expense		5,044,978	566	-	-	8,285	252	-	(65)	5,054,016
Provisions for insurance policy reserves		-	-	-	-	47,224,441	-	-	3,526,880	50,751,321
Operating expense	_	17,778,708	136,829	123,973	78,095	871,158	377,098	84,093	(172,834)	19,277,120
Net income before tax		3,606,910	(5,964)	418,815	372,564	285,552	97,444	(133,420)	-	4,641,901
Income tax expense	_	785,160				(67,076)	24,719	(159,836)		582,967
Net income	S _	2,821,750	(5,964)	418,815	372,564	352,628	72,725	26,416	<u> </u>	4,058,934

2) Geographical information:

The Company and its subsidiaries categorizes oversea operational department in accordance to their location. As the income and non-current assets do not meet the substantial material amount, the Bank will not disclose the information.

3) Information of important clients

As the company and its subsidiaries do not contain any client of more than 10% of income, the information will not be disclosed.