Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010 and 2009 (With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

Address: No. 120, Sec. 1, Chungching South Road, Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C.

REPRESENTATION LETTER

The entities that are required to be included in the combined financial statements of Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, under the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 7, "Consolidated Financial Statements". In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements is included in the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of combined financial statements.

Truthfully yours,
TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. By
Susan S. Chang Chairman

April 7, 2011

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors

Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the related consolidated statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the financial statements of some investee companies. The Company's investment in those investee companies on December 31, 2010 and 2009, were \$29,468,381 thousand and \$27,530,017 thousand, respectively, constituting 0.70% and 0.67% of the related consolidated total, respectively, and its equity in earnings of those investee companies were \$1,786,179 thousand and \$1,306,366 thousand, respectively, constituting 22.66% and 15.04% of the related consolidated total, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2010 and 2009. The financial statements of those investee companies were audited by other auditors whose reports were furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for those investee companies, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. The details are as the description of note (12).

We conducted our audit in accordance with the "Regulations Governing Auditing and Certification of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants" and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Those regulations and standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of the other auditors, the consolidated financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, in conformity with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies", "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and accounting principles generally accepted in the Republic of China.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company shall be audited by the Ministry of Audit in accordance with the related regulations of the Law of Audit. The 2009 and 2008 consolidated financial statements of the Company were audited by the Ministry of Audit, the results are as described in note (41); the revised items were adjusted in the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

April 7, 2011

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of, the English and Chinese language auditors' report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

Consolidated Balance Sheet

December 31, 2010 and 2009 (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009	Percentage change		December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009	Percentage change
Assets				Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity			
Cash and cash equivalents (notes 4 and 36)	\$ 60,551,598	72,498,553	(16)	Due to Central Bank and other banks (notes 18 and 36)	\$ 207,612,937	204,950,860	1
Due from Central Bank and call loans to banks (notes 5, 36 and 37)	518,166,823	1,248,000,974	(58)	Commercial paper payable (note 19)	479,781	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, net				Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss, net			
(notes 6, 34 and 36)	102,094,813	94,008,327	9	(notes 20, 34 and 36)	16,397,063	4,210,041	289
Bills and bonds purchased under resell agreements (note 7)	9,746,406	9,402,856	4	Bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements (note 7)	9,801,211	5,525,570	77
Receivables, net (notes 8, 9 and 28)	90,593,396	94,848,447	(4)	Payables (note 21)	70,926,682	91,743,498	(23)
Discounts and loans, net (notes 9, 34 and 36)	2,083,747,129	2,053,171,504	1	Deposits and remittances (notes 22 and 36)	3,167,175,151	3,165,389,168	-
Available-for-sale financial assets, net (notes 10, 32, 34 and 37)	891,936,602	175,919,557	407	Other financial liabilities (note 25)	7,187,799	7,192,234	-
Held-to-maturity financial assets, net (notes 11, 32, 34 and 37)	195,221,334	147,700,416	32	Reserves for operation and liabilities (notes 24 and 34)	415,927,106	355,414,596	17
Investments under equity method (note 12)	36,181,254	34,373,421	5	Other liabilities (notes 15, 26 and 27)	28,288,062	25,913,182	9
Other financial assets, net (notes 8, 9, 13, 32 and 34)	91,129,833	78,562,977	16	Total liabilities	3,923,795,792	3,860,339,149	2
Real estate investments, net (notes 14 and 15)	3,351,986	1,982,445	69	Stockholders' equity (notes 28 and 29):			
Fixed assets, net (notes 15, 26 and 32)	77,757,512	79,651,798	(2)	Common stock	90,000,000	90,000,000	-
Intangible assets (note 16)	982,123	1,121,713	(12)	Additional paid-in capital	111,516,202	111,494,739	-
Other assets, net (notes 17, 32 and 37)	22,512,674	18,741,276	20	Retained earnings:			
				Legal reserve	1,610,266	732,150	120
				Special reserve	4,653,557	2,928,599	59
				Unappropriated retained earnings	9,729,697	8,851,786	10
					15,993,520	12,512,535	28
				Equity adjustments:			
				Unrealized gain on revaluation increments	15,116,171	16,639,974	(9)
				Cumulative translation adjustments	(465,473)	(128,524)	(262)
				Unrealized gain on financial instruments	28,019,454	19,126,391	46
				Net loss not recognized as pension cost	(2,183)		-
					42,667,969	35,637,841	20
				Total stockholders' equity	260,177,691	249,645,115	4
				Commitments and contingencies (note 38)			
Total Assets	\$ 4,183,973,483	4,109,984,264	2	Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 4,183,973,483	4,109,984,264	2

Consolidated Statements of Income

For the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except for earnings per share)

		2010	2009	Percentage change
Interest income	\$	52,578,753	54,197,885	(3)
Less: interest expenses		26,145,652	32,521,560	(20)
Net interest income		26,433,101	21,676,325	22
Net non-interest income				
Net income on service charges and commissions		3,805,135	3,295,408	15
Net insurance business income (note 31)		33,874,695	32,530,803	4
Gains on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		9,835,901	30,234,603	(67)
Realized gains on available-for-sale financial assets		5,076,259	5,495,802	(8)
Realized gains (losses) on held-to-maturity financial assets		660,642	(64,468)	1,125
Gains on equity investments recognized under the equity method (note 12)		1,983,813	2,848,364	(30)
Gains on real estate investments		155,726	15,310	917
Foreign exchange gains (losses)		(3,600,578)	1,564,423	(330)
Asset impairment (losses) gains on reversal of impairment (note 32)		(415,133)	504,665	(182)
Other net non-interest income (losses):				
Self-managed and commissioned sales		79,647,398	45,399,449	75
Government grant income		17,871,279	15,000,052	19
Gains on disposal of properties, plant, and equipment (note 15)		612,974	2,645,425	(77)
Other miscellaneous income		1,236,273	2,017,577	(39)
Self-managed and commissioned cost of sales		(79,101,635)	(45,033,522)	(76)
Excess interest expenses (notes 8)		(9,740,877)	(9,919,818)	2
Other miscellaneous expenses		(840,550)	(934,087)	10
Net revenue		87,494,423	107,276,311	(18)
Bad debt expenses (note 9)		374,535	4,431,377	(92)
Provisions for insurance policy reserves (note 33)		60,749,024	76,342,481	(20)
Operating expenses:				
Personnel expenses (note 27)		12,521,364	12,218,867	2
Depreciation and amortization expenses		1,404,479	1,351,854	4
Other business and administrative expenses		4,562,023	4,246,354	. 7
Total operating expenses		18,487,866	17,817,075	4
Income before income taxes		7,882,998	8,685,378	(9)
Income tax expense (benefits) (note 28)		458,878	(95,785)	579
Consolidated total income	\$	7,424,120	8,781,163	(15)
Attributable to:				
Parent company shareholders	\$	7,424,120	8,781,163	(15)
Minority interest		-	-	_
	<u>\$</u>	7,424,120	8,781,163	(15)
		Sefore Afte ome tax income	e tax income t	ax income tax
Basic earnings per share (note 30)	<u>\$</u>	0.88	0.82 0.	97 0.98

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

For the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Re	tained earnings	s	Cumulative for	Equity ad	justments		
		Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriat ed retained earnings	Cumulative for	Net loss not recognized as pension cost	Unrealized gains (losses) on financial instruments	Unrealized increments on revaluation	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2009	\$	90,000,000	111,495,264	-	-	7,321,499	(155,274)	-	573,492	16,930,538	226,165,519
Consolidated total income for the year ended December 31,											
2009		-	-	-	-	8,781,163	-	-	-	-	8,781,163
Appropriation of retained earnings:											
Legal reserve		-	-	732,150	-	(732,150)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve		-	-	-	2,928,599	(2,928,599)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends for government		-	-	-	-	(3,590,127)	-	-	-	-	(3,590,127)
Additional paid-in capital from investee company		-	(525)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(525)
Change in unrealized increments on revaluation		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(290,564)	(290,564)
Change in unrealized gain (losses) of financial instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,552,899	-	18,552,899
Change in cumulative foreign currency translation adjustments		-	-	-	-		26,750				26,750
Balance as of December 31, 2009		90,000,000	111,494,739	732,150	2,928,599	8,851,786	(128,524)	-	19,126,391	16,639,974	249,645,115
Consolidated total income for the year ended December 31,											
2010		-	-	-	-	7,424,120	-	-	-	-	7,424,120
Appropriation of retained earnings:											
Legal reserve		-	-	878,116	-	(878,116)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve		-	-	-	3,512,466	(3,512,466)		-	-	-	-
Cash dividends for government		-	-	-	-	(3,943,135)	-	-	-	-	(3,943,135)
Special reserve reversal		-	-	-	(1,787,508)	1,787,508	-	-	-	-	-
Additional paid-in capital from investee company		-	21,463	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,463
Change in unrealized increments on revaluation		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,523,803)	(1,523,803)
Change in unrealized gain (losses) on financial instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,893,063	-	8,893,063
Change in cumulative foreign currency translation adjustments		-	-	-	-	-	(336,949)	-	-	-	(336,949)
Net loss not recognized as pension cost		-	-		-	-	-	(2,183)	-	-	(2,183)
Balance as of December 31, 2010	<u>\$</u>	90,000,000	111,516,202	1,610,266	4,653,557	9,729,697	(465,473)	(2,183)	28,019,454	15,116,171	<u> 260,177,691</u>

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2010	2009
ash flows from operating activities:		
Consolidated total income	\$ 7,424,120	8,781,16
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	1,433,938	3 1,377,95
Credit provisions	374,535	4,431,37
Provisions for reserves	60,749,024	76,342,48
Amortization of discount on long-term bond investment	(2,598,290)	(1,885,92
Gain on disposal of financial assets	(6,493,036)	(4,696,52
Gain on disposal of fixed assets and non-operating assets	(728,652)	(2,618,79
Investments income recognized under equity method	(1,983,813)	(2,848,36
Cash dividend received from investee under equity method	444,298	3 1,251,68
Loss on write-off of printed matter	5,076	5
Gain on disposal of long-term investments under equity method	(424)) -
Reclassification of unrealized revaluation increment as other income	(12,732)) -
Reclassification of accumulated depreciation	-	(1,10
Unrealized valuation loss (gain) on financial assets and liabilities	1,652,649	(19,918,08
Impairment loss on financial assets	326,508	899,3
Gain on reversal of impairment on financial assets	-	(1,388,42
Impairment loss on non-financial assets	102,729	4,4
Gain on reversal of impairment on non financial assets	(14,104)	(20,02)
Loss on bad debt received	3,714,457	1,800,2
Net Change of operating assets and liabilities		
Net change of operating assets		
Decrease in receivables	4,342,475	11,522,0
(Increase) decrease in bills and bonds purchased under resell agreements	(343,550)	3,818,7
Increase in deferred income tax assets	(38,519)	(569,01
Decrease (increase) in trading financial asset	14,990,026	(631,62
Increase in other financial assets	(2,380,193)	(6,505,44
Increase in other assets	(453,518)	(114,49
Net change of operating liabilities		
Decrease increase in payables	(18,975,578)	(5,976,23
Increase in accrued pension liabilities	344,640	339,5
Increase in trading financial liabilities	(2,697,424)	(358,99
Increase (Decrease) in bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements	4,275,641	(15,625,67
Increase in other financial liabilities	1,393	-
Decrease in other liabilities	(6,743,110)	(113,55
Net cash provided by operating activities	56,718,566	47,297,31

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2010	2009
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Acquisition of financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	\$ (11,920,743)	(5,190,634)
Proceeds from financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	3,944,669	1,930,734
Proceeds from available-for-sale financial assets	3,844,203,117	151,891,462
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	146,228,144	30,868,329
Proceeds from reducing capital of available-for-sale	58,135	9,681
Acquisition of bond investment in non-active market	(14,653,090)	-
Proceeds from disposal of bond investment from non-active market at cost	-	1,391,028
Proceeds from maturity of bond investment in non active market	4,951,256	5,526,356
Increase in held-to-maturity financial assets	(273,599,586)	(121,248,077)
Decrease (increase) in due from Central Bank	684,486,887	(220,251,116)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	-	180,844
Acquisition of available-for-sale financial assets	(4,021,649,219)	(162,645,798)
Proceeds from maturity of held-to-maturity financial assets	237,707,499	96,845,366
Dividends of available-for-sale	238,278	100,486
Decrease discounts and in loans	(34,718,413)	(57,367,122)
Acquisition of fixed assets	(936,301)	(987,460)
•		(1,484)
Increase in purchase of real estate investment	(1,439,249)	(1,404)
Disposal of long-term investment under equity method		2 659 275
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets and non-operating assets	1,040,423	3,658,275
Increase in intangible assets	(302,876)	(289,020)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets for hedging	5,157	196
Increase in other financial assets	(1,608)	(14,220)
Increase in other assets	(58,258)	(4,789,019)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	563,584,831	(280,381,193)
Cash flows from financing activities:	2.662.077	22 461 121
Increase in due to Central Bank and other banks	2,662,077	23,461,121
Increase in deposits	1,785,984	232,826,263
Decrease in other financial liabilities	(477,174)	(157,918)
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	6,210,478	(348,595)
Prepaid dividends	(6,633,727)	(3,012,708)
Increase in commercial paper payables	479,781	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	4,027,419	252,768,163
Exchange effect	5,349,468	41,046
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	629,680,284	19,725,334
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	273,414,023	253,688,689
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$ 903,094,307</u>	273,414,023
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Interest paid	<u>\$ 36,585,828</u>	49,910,581
Income tax paid	<u>\$ 1,130,416</u>	478,324
Financial and investing activities not affecting cash:		
Unrealized increments on revaluation	<u>\$ (1,523,803)</u>	(290,564)
Cumulative foreign currency translation adjustments	\$ (336,949)	26,750
Unrealized gain on financial instruments	<u>\$ 8,893,063</u>	18,552,899
Change in additional paid-in capital	<u>\$ 21,463</u>	(525)
Net loss not recognized as pension costs	<u>\$ (2,183)</u>	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010 and 2009 (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, unless otherwise specified)

(1) Organization and Business

1) Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

On January 1, 2008, Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd. (the Company) was incorporated in accordance with the Act of Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and has three investee companies: "Bank of Taiwan" (BOT), "BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd." (BTLI) and "BankTaiwan Securities Co., Ltd." (BTS). Taiwan Financial Holding became a public company on November 17, 2009.

The Company engages mainly in investing and managing investee companies. The investing business follows the Financial Holding Company Act.

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, there were 8,684 and 9,143 employees in the Company and its subsidiaries, respectively.

2) The consolidated subsidiaries' businesses

Bank of Taiwan (BOT) was established on May 20, 1946. BOT became a legal entity in 1985 in accordance with the Banking Act of the Republic of China, and transformed into a corporate entity starting from July 1, 2003. BOT became a public company on September 16, 2004.

BOT merged with the Central Trust of China effective on July 1, 2007. The Central Trust of China was the dissolved company, and BOT was the surviving company. BOT is engaged in the following business:

- 1. all commercial banking operations allowed under the Banking Law;
- 2. international banking operations;
- 3. all kinds of savings and trust business;
- 4. overseas branch operations authorized by the respective foreign governments; and
- 5. other operations authorized by the central government authorities.

BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (BTLI) was the life insurance department of BOT and separated from BOT on January 2, 2008, with net assets \$5 billion yielded by BOT as its owner's equity. Its main businesses are life insurance and related businesses.

BankTaiwan Securities, Co., Ltd. (BTS) was the securities department of BOT and separated from BOT on January 2, 2008, with net assets \$3 billion yielded by BOT as its owner's equity. BTS' main businesses include the following: 1. Securities trading brokerage. 2. Providing margin purchases and short sales for securities transactions. 3. Securities dealing. 4. Operating as futures introducing brokers.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries have been prepared in the local currency and in Chinese. The financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of, the English and Chinese language financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

The Company prepared the accompanying financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies, regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and accounting principles generally accepted in the Republic of China. Significant accounting policies are as follows:

1) Principles of consolidation

The consolidation of financial statements is made in accordance with the requirements of the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies" and ROC Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (ROC SFAS) No. 7 "Consolidated Financial Statements". All material inter-company transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

The following entities have been included in the consolidated financial statements:

			Shareholding	g percentage
Name of the investor	Name of the subsidiary	Business	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
The Company	BOT	Banking	100.00%	100.00%
The Company	BTLI	Life Insurance	100.00%	100.00%
The Company	BTS	Securities	100.00%	100.00%

2) General accounting policies

The Company and its subsidiaries are government-owned enterprises, and their accounting practices mainly follow the Budget Law, Accounting Act, Account Settlement Law, Uniform Regulations on Accounting Systems for Banks Governed by the MoF, and uniform regulations on accounting systems for banks issued by the MoF. The annual financial statements are audited by the Ministry of Audit (the MoA) to ensure that the Company and its subsidiaries comply with the budget approved by the Legislative Yuan. The financial statements become final only after such an audit by the MoA.

The financial statements of 2009 were approved by the MoA, and the beginning balance in 2010 and 2009 were the same as the approved closing balances in 2009 and 2008, respectively.

The differences between the financial statements certified by the MoA and that audited by the independent auditors are described in note 41(11).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

3) Use of estimates

The preparation of the accompanying financial statements requires management of the Company and its subsidiaries to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

4) Foreign currency transactions

The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries are presented in New Taiwan Dollar, generally rounded to the nearest thousand. Non-derivative transactions in foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate on the date of transaction. At each balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the Consolidated Income statement for the period. If the non-monetary assets or liabilities are measured at fair value through profit or loss, the resulting unrealized exchange gains (loss) from such translation is reflected in the accompanying statement of income. If the non-monetary assets or liabilities are measured at fair value through shareholder's equity, the resulting unrealized exchange gains (loss) from such translation are recorded as a separate component of shareholder's equity.

The financial statements of overseas operating entities reported in functional currencies are translated into New Taiwan Dollars at the exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date, with the exception of stockholders' equity, which is translated at historical rates. Translation differences resulting from the translation of these financial statements into New Taiwan Dollars are recorded as cumulative translation adjustment, a separate component of shareholders' equity.

5) Asset impairment

The Company and its subsidiaries adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 35 (SFAS No. 35) "Impairment of Assets". In accordance with SFAS No. 35, the Company and its subsidiaries assess at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset (individual asset or cash-generating unit) other than goodwill may have been impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company and its subsidiaries estimate the recoverable amount of the asset. The Company and its subsidiaries recognize impairment loss for an asset whose carrying value is higher than the recoverable amount.

The Company and its subsidiaries reverse an impairment loss recognized in prior periods for assets other than goodwill if there is any indication that the impairment loss recognized no longer exists or has decreased. The carrying value after the reversal should not exceed the recoverable amount or the depreciated or amortized balance of the assets assuming no impairment loss was recognized in prior periods.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Taiwan Financial Holdings and its subsidiaries adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 34, "Accounting for financial instruments", the accounting policies are as follows:

- 1. Available-for-sale financial assets are recorded at fair value, and the change in market value is adjusted against shareholders' equity. Impairment loss is recognized when there is objective evidence of impairment thereof. If there is objective evidence that the impairment loss recognized has decreased in a subsequent period, the decrease in impairment loss is adjusted against shareholders' equity. If the decrease in impairment loss is significantly related to subsequent events after recognizing impairment loss, the amount is reversed and recognized through profit or loss.
- 2. Held-to-maturity financial assets are recorded at amortized cost. Impairment loss is recognized when there is objective evidence of impairment. If the impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit and loss. The carrying value after the reversal should not exceed the amortized balance of the assets assuming no impairment loss was recognized.
- 3. Financial assets are carried at cost if their fair values are not available. Impairment loss is recognized if there is objective evidence of impairment thereof, and this recognized amount is non-reversible.
- 4. Debt investments without quoted price in active markets are recorded at amortized cost. Impairment loss is recognized when there is objective evidence of impairment thereof. If the impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit and loss. The carrying value after the reversal should not exceed amortized balance of the assets assuming no impairment loss was recognized.

6) Significant commitments and contingencies

If the amount of loss is most likely to occur and can be reasonably estimated, a loss should be recognized, if a reasonable estimate of the amount of loss is not possible, disclosure should be made to describe the fact that no estimated amount is determinable.

7) Financial instruments

The Company and its subsidiaries account for financial assets in accordance with ROC SFAS No. 34 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", under which financial assets are classified into one of following categories: measured at fair value though profit or loss, available-for-sale, held-to-maturity, financial assets carried at cost, and bond investment in non-active markets.

Financial instruments held by the Company and its subsidiaries are recorded on the trading date (except for bonds and funds, which are recorded on the settlement date) and initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs, except for financial instruments held for trading purposes, which are initially recognized at fair value only.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Subsequent to their initial recognition, the financial instruments held by the Company and its subsidiaries are classified according to the purpose of holding as follows:

- 1. An instrument is classified as at fair value through profit or loss if it is held for trading or is designated as such upon initial recognition. Derivatives that do not meet the criteria for hedge accounting are classified as financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, and changes therein are recognized in profit or loss.
 - (a) Bought and held principally for the purpose of selling them in the near term. Derivatives held by the Company and its subsidiaries, other than hedging securities, are classified in this category.
 - (b) An embedded derivative shall be separated from the master contract, but if the entity is unable to determine reliably the fair value of an embedded derivative on the basis of its terms and conditions, financial assets or liabilities may be designated as financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss to eliminate measurement mismatches for items that naturally offset each other.
- 2. Available-for-sale financial assets are recorded at fair value, and any change in market value is adjusted against shareholders' equity. Impairment loss is recognized when there is objective evidence of impairment. If there is objective evidence that the impairment loss recognized has decreased in a subsequent period, the decline in impairment loss is adjusted against shareholders' equity.
- 3. Held-to-maturity financial assets are recorded at amortized cost. Impairment loss is recognized when there is objective evidence of impairment.
- 4. Financial assets are carried at cost if their fair values are not available.
- 5. Debt investments without quoted price in active markets are recorded at amortized cost.

8) Hedge accounting

Financial instruments held by the Company and its subsidiaries which meet all the criteria for applying hedge accounting are treated with fair value hedge accounting. Gains or losses on a hedging instrument resulting from fair-value revaluation or exchange rate variation are recognized through profit or loss in the current year immediately. Gains or losses on a hedged item arising from the exposures to targeted risks is reflected in the face value of that hedged item and recognized through profit or loss in the current year immediately.

9) Financial derivatives

Derivative financial instruments refer to transactions such as forward contracts, interest swaps, cross currency swaps, asset swaps and options that are engaged in by the Company and its subsidiaries in foreign exchange, interest rate and capital markets. In addition to their application in hedge accounting, derivative financial instruments are for trading purposes. Derivative financial instruments for trading purposes are involved in creating markets, serving customers and other related arbitrage activities.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Derivative financial instruments for trading purposes are assessed by the fair value method. Any relevant net present value created shall be recognized as current gain or loss. Fair value refers to the formal transaction price fully recognized and agreed by both parties. The fair value generally is the trading price in an active market. If there is no trading price available, the fair value should be estimated by a valuation method or model.

The right of set-off of derivative financial instruments measured by the fair value method is enforceable by law. In net settlement, financial assets are offset with liabilities and disclosed in net amount.

10) Repo and reverse repo transactions involving bill and bond investment or debt

Repo and reverse repo bond transactions are the sale or purchase of a bond coupled with an agreement to repurchase or resell the same or substantially identical bond at a stated price. Such transactions are treated as collateral for financing transactions and not as the sale or purchase of trading securities. The related interest revenue or expenses are recorded on an accrual basis.

11) Pecuniary and securities financing and refinancing

Pecuniary finance represents loans to investors for the purchase of securities and is recorded as receivables from pecuniary finance. Such loans are secured by the securities purchased by the investors. These securities are not reflected in the financial statements of the subsidiary BTS. The investors may redeem the collateral securities upon repayment of the loans.

Securities finance represents securities lent to investors and is affected by lending to securities investors securities in custody that are received from pecuniary finance or borrowed from securities finance companies when necessary. Such securities finance is not reflected in the financial statements of the subsidiary BTS. The investors' deposits for borrowing securities are held by the subsidiary BTS as collateral and recorded under securities finance margin deposits received. In addition, investors are required to deposit the proceeds from sales of borrowed securities. Such deposits are accounted for as payables for securities financing.

Pecuniary refinancing represents loans from securities finance companies when the subsidiary BTS lacks sufficient funds to perform pecuniary financing. These loans are recorded as refinance borrowings.

Securities refinancing represents securities borrowed from securities finance companies when the subsidiary BTS does not have sufficient securities to perform securities financing. For securities refinancing, the subsidiary BTS pays margin deposits to securities finance companies. These margin deposits are recorded as refinance margin deposits. The subsidiary BTS also provides securities investors' proceeds from selling borrowed securities to securities finance companies as collateral and records them under receivables from securities refinance.

12) Loans

Loans are recorded by the amount of outstanding principal, with unearned income excluded. Interest income is recognized revenue on an accrual basis.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Recording of interest receivable of loans would be suspended if either of the following conditions is met:

- 1. Collection of payment of principal or interest accrued is considered highly unlikely; or,
- 2. Payment of principal or interest accrued is over 6 months past due.

Interest revenue is recognized upon receipt of interest for the period when recording of accrued interest is suspended.

13) Allowance for doubtful accounts

For the subsidiary BOT, all loans are recorded as the actual amount lent out and reported at their outstanding principal balances net of any provisions for doubtful accounts. Adequate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided by assessing the balance at the end of the accounting period of loans, accounts receivable, non-accrual accounts, and guarantee reserve.

Based on past experience, BOT records allowance for doubtful accounts by assessing country risk and potential risk of the overall claim portfolio. In addition, in accordance with the "Regulations of the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-Performing and Past-Due Loans", the management evaluates the expected default probabilities of specific claims and records an allowance for doubtful accounts.

The subsidiary BOT classifies all loans at five levels. The sum of the product of the remaining balance at each level and the corresponding percentage is the minimum amount for recording allowance for doubtful accounts.

For the subsidiary BOT, non-accrual loans and accounts receivable—non-accrual account deemed uncollectible are written off upon approval of the Board of Directors. The recovery of written-off loans is accounted for under the reversal of the allowance for doubtful accounts.

The subsidiary BTLI assesses the allowance for doubtful accounts according to the expected recovery probabilities of all kinds of loans and receivables and the "Regulations on the Procedures for Insurance Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-Performing and Past-Due Loans" issued by the Ministry of Finance.

14) Investment under equity method

Long-term investments in which the Company and its subsidiaries have more than 20% of the investee's voting shares or are able to exercise significant influence over the investee's operating and financial policies are accounted for by the equity method.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

If the differences between investment cost and securities' net value arise from assets that can be depreciated or amortized, then an investor company shall amortize such differences over the estimated remaining economic lives. If the differences come from discrepancies between the carrying amounts of assets and their fair market values, then an investor company shall offset all unamortized differences when conditions making such over- or under-valuation are no longer present. When the investment cost exceeds the fair value of identifiable net assets acquired, the excess should be recorded as goodwill. Goodwill shall be evaluated on an annual basis or when there is any indication that goodwill may be impaired, the recoverable amount less than book value is recognized as impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the Company recognizes the impairment loss on goodwill. When the fair value of identifiable net assets acquired exceeds the cost, the difference should be assigned to non-current assets acquired (except for financial assets not under equity method, assets to be disposed of, deferred tax assets, or prepaid pension or other retirement benefits cost) proportionate to their respective fair values. If these assets are all reduced to zero value, the remaining excess should be recognized as extraordinary gain.

Gain or loss on disposal of long-term equity investment is calculated based on the difference between selling price and book value. The capital surplus arising from long-term equity investment is adjusted to profit and loss based on the percentage sold.

15) Fixed assets

Land is stated at acquisition cost, which can be revaluated in accordance with related laws. Reserve for land appreciation tax is allocated and recorded as other liabilities. During a land transfer, both land revaluation increments and the reserves for land revaluation increment tax should be transferred with the acquisition cost of such land.

Fixed assets other than land are assessed based on acquisition cost, including capitalization of any interest accrued in obtaining such assets before reaching usable condition. Major additions, improvements and renewals are capitalized, whereas maintenance and repairs are expensed when occurred. Fixed assets without use value or left unused should be reclassified as idle assets, where the cost, cumulative depreciation and cumulative impairment of such assets are all transferred to depreciation and impairment of idle assets.

Depreciation of fixed assets is by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. The useful lives of leasehold improvements are the shorter of the lease period or service life. Upon reaching its useful life, if it is still in use, a depreciable asset can have its remaining useful life re-estimated and depreciation expense can continue to be allocated over its residual value.

In compliance with Accounting Research and Development Foundation Interpretation letter number 340, the Company and its subsidiaries have recorded the estimated dismantlement or restoration obligation for a fixed asset while it is not used for producing inventory as the cost of such asset since November 20, 2008. Every single part of the fixed asset that is significant should be depreciated individually.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company and its subsidiaries re-evaluate the remaining useful life, depreciation method and residual value of each fixed asset at the end of each accounting period. Changes in those elements are accounted for as changes in accounting estimate.

The estimated useful lives of fixed assets are as follows:

Land improvements	5 to 55 years
Buildings	8 to 55 years
Machinery and equipment	2 to 20 years
Transportation equipment	2 to 12 years
Miscellaneous equipment	3 to 10 years
Leasehold improvements	5 years

Gains or losses on the disposal of fixed assets are recorded as non-operating income or loss.

16) Intangible assets

The Company and its subsidiaries adopted SFAS No. 37 "Intangible Assets". In accordance with SFAS No. 37, intangible assets are recorded at cost, which is measured at fair value. Subsequent to their initial recognition, their book values are their cost plus their incremental value that resulted from revaluation minus accumulated amortization and impairment loss.

Amortization is computed using the straight-line method. The Company and its subsidiaries should revaluate the residual value, estimated useful lives, and amortization method at least once every year. Changes in the above factors will be regarded as changes in accounting estimate. The estimated useful lives of major intangible assets are as follows:

Computer software

3 to 5 years

At the end of each accounting period, the Company and its subsidiaries evaluate the residual value, the useful life and the method of amortization. Changes in those elements are considered changes in accounting estimate.

17) Other assets – statutory deposits

In accordance with the ROC Insurance Law, the insurance subsidiary should deposit in the Central Bank of China an amount equal to 15% of its issued capital as guarantee for its insurance business. The insurance subsidiary made these deposits in the form of government bonds and financial bills, and such deposits were approved by the Ministry of Finance.

18) Other assets – non-operating assets

The cost of non-operating assets are stated at the lower of net realizable value or book value. The cumulative depreciation and impairment of those non-operating assets are also transferred to non-operating assets. Depreciation expense would continue to be incurred over the remaining estimated useful lives of the non-operating assets.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

19) Other assets—collateral assumed

Collateral and assets received are stated at the net realizable value: the amount the Company and its subsidiaries receive when debtors cannot meet their obligations and the collateral and residuals are auctioned off. Any discrepancy from the initial claim will be reflected as credit loss. Gains or losses on disposition are included in current earnings. The Company and its subsidiaries recognize impairment loss on collateral on the balance sheet date if the book value of collateral exceeds net fair value.

20) Reserve for operations

In accordance with the regulations of the respective authorities, reserve for operations includes provisions for guarantees, losses on breach of contract, etc., and such provisions should be recognized by the banking, insurance and securities subsidiaries as expenses for the period.

21) Separate accounts—insurance instruments

The insurance subsidiary is engaged in selling investment-type insurance commodities. The payment of premiums (net of administrative expenses) is recorded in a separate account which should only be used in a way agreed to by the insured. The assets of separate accounts are valued at market price on the balance sheet date, and the Company follows the related rules and financial accounting standards in the ROC to determine the net asset value. In accordance with accounting practices in the insurance industry, the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses are recorded as "separate account — insurance instrument assets", "separate account — insurance instrument liabilities", "separate account — insurance instrument revenue" and "separate account — insurance instrument expenses", respectively.

22) Pension

Retirement, relief and severance of employees of the subsidiaries BOT, LBOT, BTS and BTLI were calculated based on service years until December 31, 1981. From January 1, 1982, to April 30, 1997, they were dealt with according to "The Regulations on Employee's Retirement, Relief and Severance for State-run Financial and Insurance Enterprises Owned by the Ministry of Finance". The Company and its subsidiaries contributed 4% to 8.5% of salaries as prior service cost; in addition, employees contributed 3% of total monthly salaries to a pension fund each month. After May 1, 1997, when the Labor Standards Law was implemented, the length of service with the Company and its subsidiaries is calculated in accordance with the formula for benefit payments set forth in the Labor Standards Law. For cleaning and maintenance workers, service costs equivalent to 8% to 15% of total monthly salaries are accrued over the workers' careers based on plan benefit formulas. The workers' pension fund is deposited in an account with the Company and its subsidiaries for the purpose of paying pension benefits to the workers when retiring.

The Labor Pension Act of the R.O.C. ("the Act"), which adopts a defined contribution scheme, is effective from July 1, 2005. In accordance with the Act, employees of the Company and its subsidiaries may elect to be subject to either the Act, and maintain their service years before the enforcement of the Act, or the pension mechanism of the Labor Standards Law. For employees subject to the Act, the Company and its subsidiaries shall make monthly contributions to the employees' individual pension accounts of 6% of the employees' monthly wages. The related net pension cost is recorded in current income based on the actual contribution made to the pension funds.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The defined benefit pension plan has used the balance sheet date as the measurement date to complete an actuarial valuation of accumulated payment obligation is excess of pension fund assets at fair value. At the balance sheet date, the Company and its subsidiaries recognize minimum pension liabilities and, based on the pension plan's actuarial liabilities, record net pension cost, including current service cost and transitional net assets, prior service cost, and pension profit or loss, amortized over the average remaining length of service of employees by the straight-line method.

23) Income tax

The income tax of the Company and its subsidiaries is calculated in accordance with SFAS No. 22 "Income Taxes". Deferred income tax is determined based on differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities, using enacted tax rates in effect during the years in which the differences are expected to be reversed. The income tax effects due to taxable temporary differences are recognized as deferred income tax liabilities. The income tax effects due to deductible temporary differences, utilization of loss carryforwards, and income tax assets is evaluated, and a valuation allowance is recognized accordingly.

The adjustments of income tax for the prior year are recorded as income tax expenses in the current year.

Since the Company and its subsidiaries are a government-owned enterprise, income tax should be determined by the Ministry of Audit.

In accordance with the Financial Holding Company Act, Article 49, the Company has adopted the Company as the taxpayer to file a consolidated corporate income tax return starting from 2008. Other tax matters should be handled by each entity of the Company and its subsidiaries. When preparing its financial statements, the Company accounts for its income tax in conformity with SFAS No. 22 "Income Taxes". However, the Company also adjusts the related income tax balance in a reasonable and systematic way to reflect the differences computed for purposes of filing a consolidated corporate income tax return with the Company as the taxpayer. The adjustments resulting from using the Company as the taxpayer to file a consolidated corporate income tax return is recorded under receivable from (payable to) affiliated parties.

24) Revenue recognition

Interest income from the Company's banking loans is accrued on the unpaid principal balance
in accordance with the terms of the loans. No interest revenue is recognized on loans and
other credits that are classified as nonperforming loans until the interest is collected. Interest
income from bailout and loan extension in recorded as deferred income in accordance with the
government authorities' provision. No interest revenue from the foregoing sources is
recognized until the interest is collected. Service income is recognized on an accrual basis.

A cash dividend is recognized as revenue on the ex-dividend date, while a stock dividend can only be booked as an increase in shares rather than as revenue in accordance with ROC generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with the regulation of "Insurance Act for Government employees', the losses and underlying debt accrued by May 30, 1999 has been replenished by MoF and recognized as revenue by the Company. The losses occurred after the aforementioned date is replenished by adjusting revenue rates.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 2. For BTLI, revenue is recognized in accordance with the requirements of ROC Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (ROC SFAS) No. 32 "Accounting for Revenue Recognition" except for "insurance income". The direct written premiums are recognized when the policy becomes effective, and policy-related expenses, such as commission expenses and agency expenses, are recognized on a cash basis. At the end of each balance sheet date, adjustments are made on an accrual basis. The direct written premium for unearned premium reserves for life insurance liabilities, special reserves, and loss provisions are recognized in order to meet the matching principle.
- 3. For the subsidiary BTS, brokerage commissions, profit or loss from trading securities, and relevant brokerage securities transaction charges are recognized on the dealing date. Interest income or expenses of margin loans, securities financing and refinancing, bonds purchased under agreement to resell and sold under agreement to repurchase, and brokerage commission for introducing futures contracts are recognized during the transaction periods on an accrual basis. Underwriting commissions are recognized when collected, and underwriting transaction fees are recognized when the contract becomes effective.

25) Earnings per share

Earnings per share are calculated by dividing net income after tax by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding in each period.

(3) Reasons for and Effects of Accounting Changes

Starting from January 1, 2009, the Company adopted ROC Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 18 "Pension" to reclassify, evaluate and disclose transaction—related pension, and profit after tax in 2009 decreased by \$6,794 thousand.

(4) Cash and Cash Equivalents

	De	ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Cash on hand and petty cash	\$	10,568,262	9,913,490
Foreign currency on hand		4,753,513	4,272,147
Bank deposits		16,075,204	33,487,095
Notes and checks for clearing		6,578,023	7,075,304
Placement with banks		22,576,596	17,750,517
	<u>\$</u>	60,551,598	72,498,553

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The balances of cash and cash equivalents presented in the statements of cash flows were as follows:

	D	ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Cash on hand	\$	60,551,598	72,498,553
Call loans to banks and bank overdraft		91,073,836	127,418,553
Placement with Central Bank, including reserve checking account and foreign—currency—denominated deposit reserves		27,993,867	36,996,414
Negotiable certificates of deposit (NCDs)		698,063,885	22,300,093
Investment in bills and securities maturing within 90 days		25,411,121	14,200,410
Total	\$	903,094,307	273,414,023
Due from Central Bank and Call Loans to Banks			
	D	ecember 31,	December 31,

(5)

	D	ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Call loans to banks	\$	91,073,836	127,418,553
Reserves for deposits — A account and reserves for deposits — foreign-currency, etc.		27,993,867	36,996,414
Reserves for deposits — B account		60,676,386	60,246,178
Deposits in Central Bank		338,422,734	1,023,339,829
	\$	518,166,823	1,248,000,974

- 1) The reserves for deposits is required by the Banking Law and is determined by applying the reserve ratios by the Central Bank to the monthly average balance of each type of deposit. The reserve amount is deposited in the reserve deposit account at the Central Bank. According to the regulations, such reserve for deposits – B account cannot be withdrawn except for monthly adjustments of the reserve for deposits.
- 2) As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, 60% of the deposits collected by BOT on behalf of government institutions from government organizations amounting to \$4,915,945 and \$5,349,549, respectively, were deposited in the Central Bank and cannot be withdrawn, according to the regulations.
- 3) BOT, in accordance with the Central Bank's System for allocating and transferring of funds of bank brotherhood, adopted the RTGS (Real-Time Gross Settlement) clearing system. The purchased CDs (certificates of deposit) serve as the security for daily overdrafts. As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, \$25,000,000 and \$20,000,000 in negotiable time certificates were pledged as the security for overdrafts, respectively. The secured credit limit can be modified at any time; those credits not used at the closing day may still serve as liquid reserves.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(6) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss, Net

	D	ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Financial assets held for trading			
Commercial paper	\$	1,496,734	1,415,094
Government bonds		1,388,438	1,234,813
Listed stocks, beneficiary certificates and monetary instruments		62,999,262	69,021,805
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit		309,999	-
Domestic convertible bonds		361,296	1,476,616
Corporate and financial bonds		11,484	7,186
Foreign government bonds		3,679,635	3,948,149
Trading securities		18,673	187,852
Beneficiary securities		2,171,018	2,249,170
		72,436,539	79,540,685
Derivative financial instruments		10,953,606	3,619,456
Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss:			
Foreign government and financial bonds		18,704,668	10,848,186
Total	\$	102,094,813	94,008,327

For details of the valuation of financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, please see note 34, "Information on Financial Instruments".

(7) Bills and Bonds Purchased / Sold under and Resell / Repurchase Agreements

The details of bonds and bills purchased / sold under agreements to resell (repurchase) were as follows:

	December 31, 2010		December 31, 2009	
Bills and bonds purchased under resell agreements:				
Government bonds	\$	671,851	368,349	
Negotiable certificates of deposit		2,141,558	-	
Commercial paper		6,932,997	9,034,507	
	<u>\$</u>	9,746,406	9,402,856	
Bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements:				
Government bonds	\$	8,973,240	5,525,570	
Commercial paper		827,971	_	
	<u>\$</u>	9,801,211	5,525,570	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(8) Receivables, Net

	_	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Accounts receivable	\$	1,114,235	1,204,809
Long-term receivable		41,261,142	40,526,237
Accrued revenue		374,142	430,084
Interest receivable		10,280,586	12,176,504
Insurance receivable		183,296	199,260
Refundable income tax		2,308,871	1,527,345
Notes receivable and acceptance notes receivable		3,798,386	3,433,230
Factoring receivable — without recourse		7,008,990	1,139,497
Margin loans receivable		2,687,905	1,499,116
Others – shall be replenished by state treasury		18,615,870	14,785,692
Others—undelivered spot exchange		-	15,661,635
Others	_	3,201,634	2,514,735
Subtotal		90,835,057	95,098,144
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	_	241,661	249,697
Total	\$	90,593,396	94,848,447

For the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, BoT paid excess interest rate amounting to 1.7535% and 1.8258%, and excess interest expenses (booked in other net non-interest income) amounting to \$7,607,997 and \$7,836,838, respectively, due to executing the government premium savings policy.

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, BOT, on behalf of the government, had paid excess interest expenses amounting to \$87,549,002 (booked in long-term receivable of \$41,261,142 and other financial assets—short-term advance of \$46,287,860). and \$85,846,669 (booked in long-term receivable of \$40,526,237 and other financial assets—short-term advance of \$45,320,432), respectively. Please refer to note 13 "Other financial assets—net" for further description.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(9) Discounts and loans—Net

	Ι	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Discounts and import-export negotiations	\$	3,994,541	4,253,895
Short-term loans and overdrafts		316,587,945	377,901,902
Short-term secured loans and secured overdrafts		79,134,136	79,430,593
Insurance loans		5,946,953	5,433,187
Medium-term loans		659,590,524	615,537,991
Medium-term secured loans		244,581,390	239,204,917
Long-term loans		184,008,225	210,235,964
Long-term secured loans		589,570,435	516,705,042
Nonperforming loans		12,003,306	17,449,665
Subtotal		2,095,417,455	2,066,153,156
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts		11,670,326	12,981,652
Total	<u>\$</u>	2,083,747,129	2,053,171,504

Movements of allowance for doubtful accounts were as follows:

	The year ended December 31, 2010				
		risk for pecific loans	Country risk	Potential risk of total loans mix	Total
Beginning balance	\$	10,078,882	2,945,142	243,885	13,267,909
Provision (reversal) for doubtful accounts		(1,099,306)	1,473,175	(18,762)	355,107
Write-off		(3,609,317)	(1,674,069)	(646)	(5,284,032)
Collected from write-off loans		3,625,256	89,201	-	3,714,457
Foreign exchange translation adjustment		-	(94,333)	-	(94,333)
Ending balance	\$	8.995.515	2,739,116	224,477	11,959,108

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

	The year ended December 31, 2009				
	Unrecoverable risk for		Potential risk of total loans		
	sp	pecific loans	Country risk	mix	Total
Beginning balance	\$	10,594,127	1,358,073	273,074	12,225,274
Provision (reversal) for doubtful accounts		2,009,941	2,450,625	(29,189)	4,431,377
Write-off		(4,256,086)	(916,377)	-	(5,172,463)
Collected from write-off loans		1,730,900	69,317	-	1,800,217
Foreign exchange translation		-	(16,496)	-	(16,496)
Ending balance	\$	10,078,882	2,945,142	243,885	13,267,909

Details of allowance for doubtful accounts were as follows:

	De	December 31, December 2010 2009		
Receivables	\$	241,661	249,697	
Discounts and loans		11,670,326	12,981,652	
Other financial assets		47,121	36,560	
Total	<u>\$</u>	11,959,108	13,267,909	

Details of bad debt expense were as follows:

	De	December 31, 2009	
Provision for bad debt	\$	355,107	4,431,377
Reserve for guarantee liability		19,428	
Total	\$	374,535	4,431,377

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, the amount of loans where interest accruals had been ceased of the Company and its subsidiaries which are Bank of Taiwan and Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd. were \$12,062,183 and \$17,500,293, respectively, which was booked in discounts and loans—nonperforming loans and other financial assets—overdue receivables.

Please see note 34, "Information on Financial Instruments", for the valuation of loans granted by the Company and its subsidiaries.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(10) Available-for-sale Financial Assets, Net

	D	ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Domestic:			
Negotiable certificates of deposit	\$	694,691,274	22,004,830
Government bonds		38,014,496	34,746,910
Corporate bonds		15,874,346	8,766,063
Financial bonds		8,475,609	1,828,615
Real estate securitization		9,912	9,854
Financial asset securitization		996,661	996,661
Listed stocks and beneficiary certificates		73,903,298	64,267,928
Preferred stocks		1,390,841	1,200,594
Real estate Investment Trust		2,649,424	2,094,666
		836,005,861	135,916,121
Foreign:			
Foreign bonds		53,832,771	38,931,558
Real estate securitization		88,173	216,502
Beneficiary certificates		3,435,692	2,453,918
		57,356,636	41,601,978
Less: accumulated impairment		1,425,895	1,598,542
Total	<u>\$</u>	891,936,602	175,919,557

- 1) Please see note 34, "Information on Financial Instruments", for valuation of available-for-sale financial assets.
- 2) The Company and its subsidiaries held the following financial instruments: the foreign financial bonds of Kaupthing Bank, Glitnir Bank and Washington Mutual Bank, the foreign corporate bonds of Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc. in 2008, as well as the financial asset securitization of E. Sun Bank 2007-1 Collateralized Bond obligations Special Purpose Trust Class B1 Beneficiary Certificates in 2009, whose book value amounted to \$2,949,052. As these financial instruments had been impaired, the Company and its subsidiaries then recognized impairment losses amounting to \$2,895,083 in 2009. The partial foregoing bonds have been sold for the year ended December 31, 2009, and the Company and its subsidiaries reversed the accumulated impairment of \$1,380,046. Besides, as the foreign collateralized debt obligation (CDO) had been impaired, the Company and its subsidiaries recognized impairment losses amounting to \$139,067.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(11) Held-to-maturity Financial Assets, Net

	D	ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Domestic:			
Financial bonds	\$	24,581,934	21,380,706
Corporate bonds		46,699,865	30,727,185
Negotiable certificates of deposits		3,153,885	300,093
Commercial paper		23,916,094	12,788,541
Government bonds		24,023,324	17,386,136
Treasury bonds		497,783	998,182
Real estate securitization		32,040	35,288
Preferred stocks		291,090	291,090
Structured deposit		1,000,000	1,000,000
		124,196,015	84,907,221
Foreign:			
Foreign bonds		71,467,671	63,072,747
Less: accumulated impairment		(442,352)	(279,552)
		71,025,319	62,793,195
	\$	195,221,334	147,700,416

- 1) Please see note 34, "Information on Financial Instruments", for valuation of held-to-maturity investment.
- 2) The Company and its subsidiaries held Collateralized Debt Obligations (CDOs) and recognized impairment losses amounting to \$294,635 and \$184,339 for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(12) Investments under Equity Method, Net

	December 31, 2010		December	31, 2009	
	Percentage of Ownership		Percentage of Ownership		
	(%)	Amount	(%)	Amount	
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	29.36\$	29,458,132	29.36	27,520,429	
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	23.76	2,735,694	24.00	2,766,876	
Kaohsiung Ammonium Sulfate Co., Ltd.	91.86	2,449,110	91.86	2,610,549	
Tang Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	21.37	1,528,069	21.38	1,465,979	
Tai Yi Real-Estate Management Co., Ltd.	30.00	10,249	30.00	9,588	
Total	<u>\$</u>	36,181,254	<u> </u>	34,373,421	

1) The initial costs of long-term equity investment under the equity method were as follows:

Name of Investee	December 31, 2010		December 31, 2009
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$	8,105,279	8,105,279
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.		812,325	812,325
Kaohsiung Ammonium Sulfate Co., Ltd.		1,377,872	1,377,872
Tang Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.		1,451,074	1,451,462
Tai Yi Real Estate Management Co., Ltd.		3,793	3,793
	\$	11,750,343	11,750,731

2) The gains or losses on long-term investments under the equity method were as follows:

Name of Investee	e year ended ecember 31, 2010	The year ended December 31, 2009
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$ 1,785,518	1,306,355
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	350,303	1,222,076
Kaohsiung Ammonium Sulfate Co., Ltd.	(161,439)	(29,925)
Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	8,346	349,847
Gain on disposal of Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	424	-
Tai Yi Real-Estate Management Co., Ltd.	 661	11
	\$ 1,983,813	2,848,364

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 1. The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries' investee companies—Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd. under equity method were audited by other auditors, and the related equity in earnings were \$1,786,179 and \$1,306,366 for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.
- 2. The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries' some investee companies under equity method were not audited by auditors, and the related equity in losses were \$(161,439) and \$(29,925) for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.
- 3. Since Kaohsiung Ammonium Sulfate Co., Ltd. was in the process of liquidation and the liquidators and supervisors were appointed by the Ministry of Economic Affairs, the Company and its subsidiaries have no control power over such investee.
- 4. The Company and its subsidiaries sold the equity of Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd. of 20,000 shares on October 10 and 11, 2010; the proceeds amounted to \$609. After offsetting the proceeds from long-term investment of \$388, equity adjustment in long-term investment of \$5, unrealized gain (losses) on financial instrument of \$6, and the increment in unrealized revaluation of \$202, the gain on disposal of the equity recognized was \$424.
- 3) Details of the Company and its subsidiaries' recognition of unrealized increments on revaluation and cumulative translation adjustments under stockholders' equity were as follows:

	Unrealized increments on revaluation		Cumulative translation adjustments		
Name of investee		2010	2009	2010	2009
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$	(1,198)	(65,474)	(27,250)	(11,259)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.		(12,484)	-	(4,424)	(1,465)
Tang Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.		53,025	17,647		
	\$	39,343	(47,827)	(31,674)	(12,724)

4) Details of the Company and its subsidiaries' recognition of additional paid-in capital and unrealized losses or gains on financial instruments under stockholders' equity were as follows:

	Ad	ditional paid	l-in capital	Unrealized losse of financial in	0
Name of investee		2010	2009	2010	2009
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$	-	-	548,987	1,192,868
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.		21,463	(526)	(307,913)	511,305
Tang Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.		-	-	112	8,018
	\$	21,463	(526)	241,186	1,712,191

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

5) Details of the Company and its subsidiaries cash dividends from long-term investment under equity method were as follows:

	2010	2009	
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$ 368,353	1,251,684	
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	 75,945		
	\$ 444,298	1,251,684	

(13) Other Financial Assets, Net

	De	ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Temporary advances	\$	54,068,656	51,688,589
Financial assets carried at cost		11,092,326	11,092,326
Bond investments with no active market		20,368,757	11,498,430
Less: accumulated impairment — bond investment with no active market		(593,916)	(1,466,075)
Overdue receivables		58,876	50,628
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts—overdue receivables		(47,083)	(36,524)
Hedging derivative financial assets		5,051	18,409
Separate account insurance product assets		6,139,271	5,680,906
Bills purchased		12,579	11,964
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts—bills purchased		(38)	(36)
Others		25,354	24,360
Total	\$	91,129,833	78,562,977

- 1) Please see note 34, "Information on Financial Instruments", for valuation of hedging derivative financial assets and bond investments with no active market.
- 2) Please see note 8, "Receivables", for description of temporary advance of excess interest expense on behalf of the government.
- 3) The Company and its subsidiaries which are Bank of Taiwan and Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd. recognized impairment losses of foreign Collateralized Debt Obligation (CDO) amounting to \$31,873 (booked in impairment loss of assets) on December 31, 2010, and impairment losses of convertible bonds and CDO amounting to \$567,544 (booked in impairment loss of assets) on December 31, 2009.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(14) Real Estate Investments, Net

(14) Real Estate Investments, Net			
	De	cember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Real estate investments	\$	3,597,311	2,212,479
Less: accumulated depreciation		245,325	230,034
Total	<u>\$</u>	3,351,986	1,982,445
(15) Fixed Assets, Net			
	De	cember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Cost:			
Land	\$	4,869,569	4,871,014
Land revaluation increments		61,971,433	62,252,009
Land improvements		14,964	15,869
Buildings (including revaluation increments)		14,738,315	14,666,244
Machinery and equipment		5,787,537	5,657,173
Transportation equipment		1,119,987	1,115,210
Miscellaneous equipment		1,055,267	1,073,896
Leasehold improvements		640,415	631,599
Construction in progress and order parts		718,665	486,884
Subtotal		90,916,152	90,769,898
Accumulated depreciation:			
Land improvement		12,613	13,084
Buildings		5,224,250	4,940,294
Machinery and equipment		3,952,055	3,798,931
Transportation equipment		831,970	822,710
Miscellaneous equipment		801,959	801,719
Leasehold improvements		512,829	488,778
Subtotal		11,335,676	10,865,516
Accumulated impairment		1,822,964	252,584
Net	<u>\$</u>	77,757,512	79,651,798

On March 8, 2010 and March 17, 2009, BOT assessed individually asset and recognized an impairment loss amounting to \$57,503 and \$4,374, a reversal on impairment loss amounting to \$13,774 and \$15,776; reduced unrealized increments on revaluation by \$1,526,651 and \$96,521, respectively.

BOT has conducted revaluations of lands and buildings many times over past years. As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, revaluation increments of lands were \$61,971,434 and \$62,252,009, respectively, and estimated tax payables on land increments were \$15,396,405 and \$15,411,675 (recorded in other liabilities), respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

BTLI revaluated its land and buildings on February 4, 2009, and recognized revaluation increments of assets by \$212,411 based on benchmark of January 2, 2008, after approval by the National Tax Administration on March 12, 2009. The fixed assets, real estate investments, and unrealized revaluation increments increased by \$77,482, \$134,929 and \$212,411, respectively, from such revaluation.

To comply with government policy, the Company and its subsidiaries sold land, buildings and equipments and recognized gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment of \$612,974 and \$2,645,425 for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, the Company and its subsidiaries did not pledge any fixed assets as a guarantee or collateral.

As of December 31, 2010, the part of the land and buildings (including real estate investment) of the Company and its subsidiaries were leased out. The book value (including revaluation increments) of the rental land was \$32,612,536. Most of the rental buildings have been fully depreciated over their useful lives. The estimated future lease revenue was as follows:

Period	A	Amount		
2011.01.01~2011.12.31	\$	228,065		
2012.01.01~2012.12.31		156,001		
2013.01.01~2013.12.31		79,636		
2014.01.01~2014.12.31		21,545		
2015.01.01~2015.12.31		14,453		
	\$	499,700		

(16) Intangible Assets

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, the details of intangible assets were as follows:

	December 31, 2010		December 31, 2009	
Original cost:				
Computer software	\$	1,127,307	1,239,151	
Add: acquisition		305,603	289,020	
Less: accumulated amortization		450,787	406,458	
Ending balance	<u>\$</u>	982,123	1,121,713	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(17) Other Assets—Net

		De	ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Pre	epayments	\$	7,462,261	5,132,786
Re	fundable deposits		1,816,396	1,345,746
Op	erating guarantee deposits and settlement and clearing funds		87,126	86,590
Te	mporary advance and amount being transferred		215,248	476,685
De	ferred income tax assets, net		2,214,179	2,144,410
No	n-operating assets (including revaluation increments)		8,138,402	8,184,756
Bro	okering transaction debit balance, net		-	22,487
Co	llateral assumed, net		1,076,959	1,076,959
De	ferred pension cost		634,949	233,278
Otl	ners		867,154	37,579
To	tal	\$	22,512,674	18,741,276
1)	Prepayments Prepaid expense	De	ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
	Prepaid tax		50,170	210,729
	Prepaid stock dividends and bonus		5,703,300	3,012,708
	Other prepayments		1,023,054	1,154,018
		\$	7,462,261	5,132,786
2)	Non-operating assets, net	De	ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
	Land	\$	8,251,546	8,251,546
	Buildings		53,185	53,185
	Miscellaneous equipment		92	92
	Less: accumulated depreciation—buildings		22,179	20,781
	accumulated impairment		144,242	99,286
		\$	8,138,402	8,184,756

BOT recognized impairment loss of \$45,226 and \$78, reversal on impairment loss of \$330 and \$2,418, and unrealized increments on revaluation of \$(61) and \$11 based on the result of impairment assessment of individual asset on Mach 8, 2010 and March 17, 2009, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

3) Collateral assumed, net

	D	ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Collateral assumed	\$	1,093,456	1,095,788
Less: accumulated impairment		16,497	18,829
	<u>\$</u>	1,076,959	1,076,959

BOT recognized reversal on impairment losses of \$1,828 for auctioning guarantees on April 22, 2009.

(18) Due to Central Bank and Other Banks

	D	ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Call loans from bank	\$	164,556,271	134,600,983
Postal deposits transferred		3,830,591	32,986,964
Deposits from Central Bank		12,477,882	13,140,110
Deposits from other banks		25,086,913	23,705,622
Bank overdrafts		1,661,280	517,181
	\$	207,612,937	204,950,860

(19) Commercial Paper Payable—Net

	Dec	ember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Commercial paper	\$	480,000	-
Less: commercial paper discount	-	219	
Total	<u>\$</u>	479,781	

For the year ended December 31, 2010, the annual interest rates ranged from 0.52%~0.63%. As of December 31, 2010, unissued commercial paper facilities amounted to approximately \$1,520,000 thousand. There were no assets pledged as collateral for issuing commercial paper for the year ended of 2010.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(20) Financial Liabilities Measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

	D	ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Held-for-trading financial liabilities			
Foreign exchange options	\$	29,246	9,079
Cross currency swaps		14,168,474	3,007,294
Interest rate swaps		916,724	952,683
Foreign exchange swaps		1,282,619	240,985
	<u>\$</u>	16,397,063	4,210,041

For valuation of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, please refer to note 34.

(21) Payables

	De	ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Accounts payable	\$	7,140,427	7,740,672
Receipts under custody		1,364,233	1,687,860
Accrued expense		2,795,368	2,704,538
Interest payable		11,628,448	12,327,500
Bank acceptances		3,753,620	3,272,781
Due from representative organization		30,399,824	33,023,880
Other payables — ATM temporary receipts, payments and inter-branch differences		1,400,110	-
Other payables - Spot foreign exchange awaiting delivery		7,227	15,667,772
Other payables – Collection bills		5,322,119	3,067,465
Other payables - Payments awaiting transfer		4,142,598	4,251,212
Other payables - Paid by connection banks		-	4,296,715
Other payables — Others		2,972,708	3,703,103
	\$	70,926,682	91,743,498

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(22) Deposits and Remittances

]	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Checking account deposits	\$	32,852,752	28,731,791
Government deposits		233,009,445	211,783,672
Demand deposits		242,261,100	212,922,098
Time deposits		503,733,758	596,809,868
Savings account deposits		2,154,820,578	2,114,580,192
Remittances		497,518	561,547
	<u>\$</u>	3,167,175,151	3,165,389,168

(23) Other loans

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, the unused limit of the Company and its subsidiaries' short-term loans were \$9,900,000 and \$17,800,000, respectively.

(24) Reserves for Operation and Liabilities

	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Reserves for unearned premium	\$ 362,35	3 357,562
Reserves for life insurance liability	238,128,80	0 191,242,566
Special reserves for life insurance	542,10	1 499,664
Reserves for claim outstanding	70,06	8 72,316
Reserves for operating loss	33,130	0 127,274
Reserves for default losses	138,06	2 116,154
Reserves for trading losses	-	5,880
Reserves for guarantees	281,34	0 263,603
Reserves for labor insurance liability	174,497,61	4 160,359,169
Reserve for insufficient premiums	1,873,63	8 2,370,408
Total	\$ 415,927,10	6 355,414,596

(25) Other Financial Liabilities

	December 31, 2010		December 31, 2009	
Appropriated loan funds	\$	793,180	1,270,228	
Separate account—insurance liabilities		6,139,271	5,680,906	
Hedging derivative financial liabilities		255,348	241,100	
	<u>\$</u>	7,187,799	7,192,234	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For details of hedging derivative financial liabilities on December 31, 2010 and 2009, please refer to note 34.

(26) Other Liabilities

	D	ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Advance collections	\$	1,833,612	799,471
Guarantee deposits received		4,962,574	4,885,771
Estimated tax payable on land increments		15,396,405	15,411,675
Temporary receipt awaiting transfer		1,031,962	480,964
Accrued pension liabilities		3,743,168	2,996,855
Others	<u></u>	1,320,341	1,338,446
	\$	28,288,062	25,913,182

(27) Pension

The reconciliation of the plan's funded status and accrued pension liabilities was as follows:

			December	31, 2009
	December	31, 2010		
	Regular	Regular	Regular	Regular
	Employees	Labor	Employees	Labor
Benefit obligation:				
Vested benefit obligation	\$ (5,078,892)	(384,331)	(4,896,223)	(374,734)
Non-vested benefit obligation	(3,784,179)	(482,611)	(3,142,515)	(453,749)
Accumulated benefit obligation	(8,863,071)	(866,942)	(8,038,738)	(828,483)
Additional benefits based on future salaries	(2,465,136)	(278,768)	(2,187,400)	(271,777)
Projected benefit obligation (PBO)	(11,328,207)	(1,145,710)	(10,226,138)	(1,100,260)
Fair value of plan assets	5,370,739	989,259	5,403,114	930,090
Funding status	(5,957,468)	(156,451)	(4,823,024)	(170,170)
Unrecognized transitional net benefit obligation (assets)	458,627	260,890	573,254	295,184
Unrecognized prior service cost	174,074	(16,419)	194,553	(20,067)
Unrecognized pension loss (gain)	2,330,624	(202,096)	1,400,123	(213,430)
Additional minimum pension liability recognized	(511,979)	(122,970)	(119,417)	(113,861)
Accrued pension liabilities	\$ (3,506,122)	(237,046)	(2,774,511)	(222,344)
Vested benefit	\$ (6,170,478)	(468,994)	(6,166,899)	(462,072)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The components of net pension costs for the year 2010 and 2009 were as follows:

The components of net pension costs for the year 2010 and 2009—were as follows:						
	2010			2009	9	
		Regular mployees	Regular Labor	Regular Employees	Regular Labor	
Service cost	\$	800,930	57,718	789,155	55,703	
Interest cost		239,340	26,460	222,152	24,368	
Expected return on plan assets		(128,423)	(23,574)	(118,168)	(21,028)	
Settlement gain		-	-	4,056	-	
Amortization and deferred cost		157,474	20,629	154,517	18,873	
Net pension costs	\$	1,069,321	81,233	1,051,712	77,916	
The details of pension expenses for 2010 and 2009 as follows: 2010 2009						
			4	2010	2007	
Pension expenses:						
Defined benefit pension plan			\$	1,150,554	1,129,628	
Defined contribution pension plan				119,598	29,110	

Actuarial	assumptions:
Actuariai	assumptions.

	2010	2009
Discount rate	2.00%	2.50%
Rate of increase in future compensation	2.00%	2.00%
Rate of expected return on plan assets	2.00%	2.50%

(28) Income Tax

The income tax expenses are summarized below:

	•	year ended ember 31, 2010	The year ended December 31, 2009
Current income tax	\$	557,079	498,220
Deferred income tax benefit		(98,201)	(594,005)
Income tax expense (benefit)	<u>\$</u>	458,878	(95,785)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The maximum income tax rate was lowered from 20% to 17% beginning 2010 according to the amendment of the "Income Tax Act" issued on June 15, 2010. Hence, the Company was subject to a maximum income tax rate of 17% and 25% in 2010 and 2009, respectively, and the Company adopted the "Income Basic Tax Act".

For the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, the differences between the "expected" income tax at the statutory income tax rate and the income tax expense in the accompanying financial statements were as follows:

	The year ended December 31, 2010	The year ended December 31, 2009
Expected income tax expenses	\$ 1,340,111	2,171,467
Tax effect of interest income from short-term notes separately taxable income	7,035	(4,167)
Gain on securities transactions exempt from tax	(834,926)	(1,448,122)
Unrealized gain on evaluation of financial instruments	54,066	319,725
Tax-free earnings from OBU	(182,442)	(439,233)
Investment gains recognized under the equity method	(337,176)	(712,092)
Gain on disposal of land	(124,474)	(658,290)
Impairment loss of assets (reversal gain)	15,066	(1,342)
Tax-free dividends	(234,479)	(241,134)
Allowance for deferred income tax assets	(250,537)	(639,485)
Income tax expenses of overseas branches	261,721	456,766
Adjustments of outright purchase and sale of bills	-	(5,410)
Tax-free spread of bond transaction under agreement	-	4,042
Income basic tax	411,632	220,445
Adjustment of combined corporate income tax filing	(26,929)	-
Income tax effect of change in statutory income tax rate	101,165	445,531
Adjustment of income taxes estimated in prior years	235,715	401,697
Others	 23,330	33,817
Income tax benefit	\$ 458,878	(95,785)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The major components of deferred income tax benefit were as follows:

	year ended cember 31, 2010	The year ended December 31, 2009
Pension costs in excess of tax limits	\$ (58,589)	(67,941)
Decrease in reserve for accidental and default losses	(2,769)	(4,471)
(Gain) loss on valuation of foreign and derivative financial instruments	468,832	122,359
Unrealized gains on foreign currency exchange	(796,098)	(535,001)
Reversal of impairment loss on financial assets	137,429	57,481
Loss carryforward	(216,665)	(629,135)
Adjustment of combined corporate income tax filing	(26,929)	-
Deferred income tax expenses of overseas branches	155,948	309,916
Income tax effect of change in statutory income tax rate	235,715	148,451
Others	 4,925	4,336
Deferred income tax benefit	\$ (98,201)	(594,005)

The temporary differences, loss carryforward, and tax effects relating to deferred income tax assets were as follows:

	December 31, 2010		December 31, 2009		
	Income tax			Income tax	
	Amount	effect	Amount	effect	
Deferred income tax assets:					
Pension costs in excess of tax limits	\$ 3,105,888	528,001	2,763,580	552,716	
Loss carryforward	6,857,012	1,165,692	6,896,325	1,379,265	
Accumulated impairment loss of collateral assumed	16,494	2,804	18,830	3,766	
Impairment losses on collateral assumed	7,033,153	1,195,636	1,341,165	268,233	
Unrealized losses on foreign currency exchange	1,155,747	196,477	2,009,665	401,933	
Foreign deferred income tax assets—loss carryforward and exchange effect	-	341,914	-	409,737	
Others	66,218_	11,257	176,100_	35,220	
Subtotal		3,441,781		3,050,870	
Allowance for deferred income tax assets	_	(969,243)	_	(753,231)	
	<u>\$</u>	2,472,538	=	2,297,639	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

	December	31, 2010	December	December 31, 2009		
		Income tax		Income tax		
	Amount	effect	Amount	effect		
Deferred income tax liabilities:						
Unrealized gains on foreign currency exchange	\$ 1,161,488	197,453	240	48		
Unrealized gains or losses on foreign and derivative financial instruments	223,159	37,937	739,985	147,997		
Unrealized gains or losses on exchange difference and financial instruments	135,112	22,969	-	-		
Foreign deferred income tax liabilities—changes in exchange	-	-	-	5,184		
	<u> </u>	258,359	=	153,229		
Deferred income tax assets – net	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 2,214,179</u>	=	2,144,410		

According to income tax law, loss of a company could be used to offset taxable income in next ten years. On December 31, 2010, the amount of loss which could be used to offset taxable income was as follows:

Fiscal years	Dec	Last year offsetable	
2008, applied amount	\$	32,856	2018
2009, approved amount		3,005,809	2019
2010, estimated amount		3,818,347	2020
	<u>\$</u>	6,857,012	

The Company and its subsidiaries' income tax returns for all years through 2009 were audited by the MoA. Except for 2008, the income tax returns for the years through 2009 were examined by the National Tax Administration.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Beginning 2008, the Company and its subsidiary BOT adopted a combined income tax declaration to report their tax. The subsidiaries BTLI and BTS join in adoption in 2009. As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, the details of receivables and payables resulting from income tax were as follows:

	fr pa	ax receivables om affiliated rties (booked in accounts receivable)	Tax payables to affiliated parties (booked in accounts payable)	Income tax receivables from National Tax Administration (booked in accounts receivable)	Income tax payables to National Tax Administration (booked in accounts payable)
2008	\$	-	740,542	740,551	-
2009		22,234	772,912	772,980	-
2010		28,140	430,221	430,272	-
	\$	50,374	1,943,675	1,943,803	
	fr pa	Receivables om affiliated rties (booked in accounts receivable)	Payables to affiliated parties (booked in accounts payable)	Income tax receivables from National Tax Administration (booked in accounts payable)	Income tax payables to National Tax Administration (booked in accounts payable)
2008	\$	-	740,542	740,551	-
2009		22,234	772,912	772,980	
	\$	22,234	1,513,454	1,513,531	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The reconciliation of the balances of current income tax expense, deferred income tax expense, deferred income tax assets, and income tax receivables under the provisions of SFAS No. 22 "Income Taxes" to the related balances computed for filing combined corporate income tax returns with the Company as the taxpayer was as follows:

	The year ended December 31, 2010					
	Cur	rent incom	Deferred inco	Deferred income tax assets, net	Current income tax receivables	
Amount computed under SFAS No. 22	\$	557,079	(98,201)	2,214,179	2,277,970	
Difference adjustments		-	-			
Amount computed for filing combined corporate income tax return	<u>\$</u>	557,079	(98,201)	2,214,179	2,277,970	
			e year ended De Deferred inco	,		
Amount computed under SFAS No. 22	\$	498,220	(594,005)	2,144,410	1,513,532	
Difference adjustments		-	-		_	
Amount computed for filling combined corporate income tax	<u>\$</u>	498,220	(594,005)	2,144,410	1,513,532	

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, unappropriated retained earnings were as follows:

	De	ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009	
1998 and after	\$	9,729,697	8,851,786	

(29) Stockholders' Equity

returns

1) Common stock

On January 1, 2008, the Company was incorporated through transfer of shares and issued 9,000,000 shares of common stock with a par value of \$10. As of December 31, 2010, the Company had authorized and issued \$90,000,000 of common stock.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2) Additional paid-in capital

The change in additional paid-in capital for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 were as follows:

	Capital surplus			
		e year ended ecember 31, 2010	The year ended December 31, 2009	
Beginning balance	\$	111,494,739	111,495,264	
Recognition of change in the subsidiaries' additional paid- in capital under equity method		21,463	(525)	
Closing balance	\$	111,516,202	111,494,739	

3) Distribution of unappropriated earnings

The articles of incorporation of the Company stipulate that net income should be distributed as follows:

- 1. to offset prior years' deficit;
- 2. to appropriate 10% as legal reserve;
- 3. to appropriate 40~60% and the same amount of unrealized loss on financial instruments under stockholders' equity as special reserve;
- 4. to appropriate dividends.

The remaining balance plus prior year's accumulated unappropriated earnings will be distributed under the applicable laws and regulations.

According to the Company's articles of incorporation, cash dividend cannot be distributed in excess of 15% of total capital unless the legal reserve reaches the total amount of capital.

As a government-owned enterprise, the Company is obligated to pay cash dividends to the government. In 2009, net profit before tax was \$8,781,163, apart from the provision of legal reserve amounting to \$878,116 and special reserve of \$3,512,465, the cash dividend paid was \$3,943,135.

(30) Earnings per Share

	The year December		The year ended December 31, 2009		
	Pretax	After tax	Pretax	After tax	
Net income (for common stockholders)	\$ 7,882,998	7,424,120	8,685,378	8,781,163	
Weighted average outstanding shares (shares in thousands)	 9,000,000	9,000,000	9,000,000	9,000,000	
Primary earnings per share (in Dollars)	\$ 0.88	0.82	0.97	0.98	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(31) Net I

1) Net Insurance Business Income			
		e year ended cember 31, 2010	The year ended December 31, 2009
Gross written premiums	\$	73,524,346	60,671,528
Reinsurance claims recovery		20,437	25,376
Investment-type insurance policy revenue		1,214,615	483,058
Insurance business income		74,759,398	61,179,962
Re-insurance expense		74,998	77,532
Direst business expense		40,800	333,549
Insurance payments		39,498,190	27,711,522
Stability fund		56,100	43,498
Investment-type insurance policy expense		1,214,615	483,058
Insurance business expense		40,884,703	28,649,159
Net insurance income	<u>\$</u>	33,874,695	32,530,803
2) Asset Impairment (Loss) Gain on Reversal of Impairment			
		year ended cember 31, 2010	The year ended December 31, 2009
Available-for-sale financial assets	\$	-	1,240,978
		(204 505)	(40.4.220)

(32)

		e year ended ecember 31, 2010	The year ended December 31, 2009
Available-for-sale financial assets	\$	-	1,240,978
Held-to-maturity financial assets		(294,635)	(184,339)
Other financial assets		(31,873)	(567,544)
Fixed assets		(43,729)	11,402
Other assets		(44,896)	4,168
	<u>\$</u>	(415,133)	504,665

(33) Provisions (Recovery) for Insurance Policy Reserves

		2010	2009
Provision for policyholders' reserve	\$	61,203,998	74,817,376
Provision for special reserve		44,044	20,779
Recovery for claim reserve		(2,248)	(3,252)
(Recovery) Provision for insufficient premium reserve		(496,770)	1,507,578
	<u>\$</u>	60,749,024	76,342,481

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(34) Information on Financial Instruments

1) Information on fair value of financial instruments

	December 31, 2010			December 31, 2009		
	Book Value		Fair Value	Book Value	Fair Value	
Financial Assets:						
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$	102,094,813	102,094,813	94,008,327	94,008,327	
Loans		2,083,747,129	2,083,747,129	2,053,171,504	2,053,171,504	
Available-for-sale financial assets		891,936,602	891,936,602	175,919,557	175,919,557	
Held-to-maturity financial assets		195,221,334	194,826,599	147,700,416	153,662,632	
Other financial assets		91,129,833	91,129,833	78,562,977	78,562,977	
Financial Liabilities:						
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		16,397,063	16,397,063	4,210,041	4,210,041	
Other financial liabilities		7,187,799	7,187,799	7,192,234	7,192,234	

2) The derivative financial instruments hold by the Company and the subsidiaries were as follows:

	December 31, 2010 Notional			December 31, 2009 Notional		
	Bo	ook value	amount	Book value	amount	
Derivative financial assets:						
Buy side foreign exchange option	\$	25,985	4,461,625	9,111	7,736,913	
Cross currency swaps		6,942,017	238,676,146	3,127,004	313,995,981	
Interest rate swaps		612,525	75,949,443	138,290	6,174,282	
Foreign exchange forward transaction		3,368,662	26,068,103	343,360	27,907,555	
Commercial paper with fixed rate		4,417	700,000	1,691	700,000	
Derivative financial liabilities:						
Sell side foreign exchange option		29,246	4,657,063	9,079	7,732,101	
Cross currency swaps		14,168,474	412,998,459	3,007,294	328,099,484	
Interest rate swaps		916,724	27,061,391	952,683	15,634,186	
Foreign exchange forward transaction		1,282,619	35,806,999	240,985	18,174,443	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 3) Methods and assumptions used by the Company and its subsidiaries for fair value evaluation of financial instruments were as follows:
 - 1. Since these instruments have short-term maturities, the book value is a reasonable basis to estimate the fair value. This method is applied to cash and cash equivalents, due from Central Bank and call loans to banks, bills and bonds purchased under resell agreements, receivables, other financial assets, due to Central Bank and other banks, bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements, payables, deposits and other liabilities.
 - 2. When the financial assets have a public quotation from an active market, the market price is considered the fair value. If a quoted market price is unavailable, then the fair value is determined based on a valuation model. The estimates and assumptions of the valuation model adopted by the Company and its subsidiaries are identical to those adopted by other market participants.
 - 3. The interest on discounts and loans is calculated by a floating rate; therefore, the book value is the fair value.
 - 4. Most deposits mature within one year. If it matures in more than one year, the interest is calculated by a floating rate. Thus the book value is the fair value.
 - 5. The fair value of each forward contract is determined by the discounted cash flow using Reuters forward rate upon maturity. The fair value of interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps is calculated either by the quotation from the counterparty or by the price from Bloomberg, while the Black Scholes model is applied to evaluate the fair value of options.
- 4) The fair values of the financial instruments of the Company and its subsidiaries which were based on the quoted market price or a valuation model were as follows:

	December 31, 2010 Ouoted market			December 31, 2009 Ouoted market		
		price	Valuation model	price	Valuation model	
Financial assets:						
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$	64,406,373	37,688,440	71,921,086	22,087,241	
Discount and loans		-	2,083,747,129	-	2,053,171,504	
Available-for-sale financial assets		123,638,286	768,308,316	102,669,349	73,250,208	
Held-to-maturity investments		24,193,899	170,632,700	18,581,145	135,081,487	
Other financial assets		-	91,129,833	-	78,562,977	
Financial liabilities:						
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		-	16,397,063	-	4,210,041	
Other financial liabilities		-	7,187,799	-	7,192,234	

For the year ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, the Company and its subsidiaries recognized gain (loss) on valuation of \$(10,006,461) and \$2,071,190, respectively, based on a valuation model.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

5) Financial risk information

Market risk

(a) BOT

Market risk (also called "price risk") means changes such as in interest rates, exchange rates, and the prices of equity securities and instruments which may result in a loss for BOT, either on or off the balance sheet.

In order to establish and effectively operate the Market Risk Control Mechanism, all subsidiaries, in accordance with their cash capital and operating condition, implement appropriate market risk control in daily operations and management procedures, such as

- a) Identifying, evaluating and analyzing (qualification/non-qualification) risks and adopting appropriate methods (including risk hedging, risk sharing, risk reduction, and risk bearing).
- b) Each unit following the Market Risk Management Guidelines for position management, actively monitoring various limits, and reporting to the responsible unit or the risk management department.
- c) Verifying the position data and profit or loss status with the accounting department to ensure the consistency and completeness of data, and setting up a separate risk management unit to help control BOT's overall market risk.

BOT utilizes the standard method for calculating market risk capital to meet the requirement of the competent authority. In the future, the Bank will adopt a market risk management system and use VAR to enhance risk gain or loss analysis and overall reporting ability. Furthermore, BOT will amend relevant policies and standards in accordance with the request of management agencies and BASEL II.

(b) BTI

Fair value of the domestic and foreign bonds held by the Company varies according to the fluctuation of market interest or exchange rate. In order to prevent the risk of exchange rate, the Company signed foreign exchange forward contracts to hedge.

The investments held by BTI are classified as trading security financial assets and available-for-sale financial assets. Due to the value of the assets are measured in fair value, BTI shall be exposed to the risk of changing price of market.

(c) BTS

Market risk is the risk that the Company will suffer losses due to market interest rate or exchange rate fluctuation. If the transaction purpose is to hedge, market risk will be eliminated by the hedged items. If the transaction purpose is trading, the Company will set a stop-loss point in the beginning. Therefore, the Company can confine the losses within an expected range.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

BTS can manage its risk through the following:

- a) The content, range of transaction, and authorization of levels should be clearly defined.
- b) Risk should be identified, measured, supervised, and controlled while operating financial instrument, the risk undertaken should be within the capacity of BTS.
- c) Establishing risk target of market, precaution system, overrunning handling, and communication system to take proper policy of market risk, in order to accomplish fully supervising and prevention.
- d) Establishing market risk information management system, including transaction system, operating system, and risk management system to define the responsibility, ensure the independence of the system, and keep the system proper and in balance.
- e) Create a model of market risk to assess and express the exposure of BTS, furthermore, to systematically manage the risk exposed.
- f) Assessing market risk and preparing paper work before creating financial instrument, changing operating process, or developing information system and explore new financial services and products.
- g) Enforcing the professional knowledge and training, and harness risk sensitivity within the corporation culture.

2. Credit risk

(a) The possibility of a loss occurring due to the failure of a counterparty or third party to meet contractual debt obligations

Commodities owned and issued by the Company and its subsidiaries may cause a loss when the contractual debt obligations are not met. Therefore, the Company and its subsidiaries always conducts credit evaluations in accordance with the Credit Policy and Regulation in handling credit business such as loans, commitments and guarantees. The details were as follows:

(In millions of NTD)

December 31, 2010								
Item	Secu	red amount	Percentage of total amount					
Loan (note 1)	\$	1,014,049	2,095,417	48.39				
Acceptances		145	3,683	3.94				
Guarantees on loans		13,421	43,952	30.54				

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2009

Item	Secui	red amount	Total amount	Percentage of total amount	
Loan (note 1)	\$	931,101	2,066,153	45.06	
Acceptances		337	3,266	10.32	
Guarantees on loans		7,011	50,051	14.01	

Note 1: Amounts of loans exclude advances and off-balance-sheet items.

Collateral which the Company and its subsidiaries requires may include a deposit receipt, inventories, machinery and equipment, marketable securities, other property, and guarantees. If the customers default, the Company and its subsidiaries will, as required by circumstances, foreclose the collateral or execute other rights arising out of the guarantees given. Since most of the commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash demands. The maximum potential amount of future payments represents the notional amounts that could be lost under the guarantees if there were a total default by the guaranteed parties, without consideration of possible recoveries under recourse provisions or from collateral held or pledged.

(b) Credit risk – disclosure of the maximum credit exposure

The book value and the maximum credit exposure of various commodities owned by the Company are disclosed below:

(In millions of NTD)

	December 31, 2010			
Items		Book value	Maximum credit exposure (notes 2 and 3)	
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$	102,095	100,707	
Available-for-sale financial assets		891,937	159,230	
Held-to-maturity financial assets		195,221	171,199	
Loans and advances (note 1)		2,149,486	1,871,495	
Hedging derivatives		5	5	
Debt investments without quoted price in active markets		19,775	19,775	
Financial assets carried at cost		11,092	11,092	

Note 1: The aforementioned "loans and advances" refer to the outstanding amounts of discounts; overdrafts; treasury overdrafts; guarantee overdrafts; short-term, medium-term and long-term secured/unsecured loans; import bill advances/export bill purchases; short-term loans and nonperforming loans.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 2: In the amounts of maximum credit exposure, held-for-trading financial assets exclude government bonds amounting to \$1,388 million; available-for-sale financial assets exclude government bonds amounting to \$38,015 million and negotiable certificates of deposit amounting to \$694,691 million; held-to-maturity financial assets exclude government bonds amounting to \$24,023 million; loans and advances exclude Central Government loans amounting to \$240,087 million; Bureau of National Health Insurance loans to \$24,600 million and Central Government short-term advance amounting to \$13,304 million.

Note 3: The amount of maximum credit exposure is the fair value at the balance sheet date.

December 31, 2009

Items	Book value	Greatest credit exposure (notes 2 and 3)
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 94,008	92,973
Available-for-sale financial assets	175,920	119,168
Held-to-maturity financial assets	147,700	130,314
Loans and advances (note 1)	2,117,842	1,868,265
Hedging derivatives	18	18
Debt investments without quoted price in active markets	10,032	10,032
Financial assets carried at cost	11,092	11,092

- Note 1: The aforementioned "loans and advances" refer to the outstanding amounts of discounts; overdrafts; treasury overdrafts; guarantee overdrafts; short-term, medium-term and long-term secured/unsecured loans; import bill advances/export bill purchases; short-term loans and nonperforming loans.
- Note 2: In the amounts of maximum credit exposure, held-for-trading financial assets exclude government bonds amounting to \$1,235 million; available-for-sale financial assets exclude government bonds amounting to \$34,747 million and negotiable certificates of deposit amounting to \$22,005 million; held-to-maturity financial assets exclude government bonds amounting to \$17,386 million; loans and advances exclude Central Government loans amounting to \$236,700 million and Central Government short-term advance amounting to \$12,877 million.
- Note 3: The amount of maximum credit exposure is the fair value at the balance sheet date.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(c) Disclosure of obvious concentration of credit risk

When transactions involving a commodity are concentrated in a single industry or location, the ability to fulfill the contract may be affected by economic or other factors; thus, concentration of credit risk occurs. The concentration of credit risk of the Company and its subsidiaries is disclosed below:

a) The details of loans to various industries and the greatest credit exposure for the year ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, were as follows:

(In millions of NTD)

	December 31, 2010						
Industry type		Book value (note 1)	Percentage of total loans (%)	Greatest credit exposure (note 2)			
Individuals	\$	666,534	31.72	666,534			
Government agencies		474,044	22.56	237,344			
Manufacturing		330,009	15.71	330,009			
Shipping, warehousing and communications		137,845	6.56	137,845			
Utilities		141,682	6.74	141,682			
Others		345,303	16.71	350,950			
Total	\$	2,095,417	100.00	1,864,364			

Note 1: The book value means the outstanding amounts of discounts; overdrafts; treasury overdrafts; guarantee overdrafts; short-term, medium-term and long-term secured/unsecured loans; import bill advances/export bill purchases and nonperforming loans.

Note 2: The greatest credit exposure is the remaining amount when loans amounting to \$240,087 million to the Central Government and \$24,600 million to the Bureau of National Health Insurance loans are deducted from book value.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2009

Industry type	Book value (note 1)	Percentage of total loans (%)	Greatest credit exposure (note 2)
Individuals	\$ 648,708	31.40	648,708
Government agencies	480,108	23.24	243,408
Manufacturing	347,508	16.82	347,508
Shipping, warehousing and communications	112,756	5.46	112,756
Utilities	126,569	6.13	126,569
Others	 350,504	16.95	350,504
Total	\$ 2,066,153	100.00	1,829,453

- Note 1: The book value means the outstanding amounts of discounts; overdrafts; treasury overdrafts; guarantee overdrafts; short-term, medium-term and long-term secured/unsecured loans; import bill advances/export bill purchases and nonperforming loans.
- Note 2: The maximum credit exposure is the remaining amount when loans amounting to \$236,700 million to the Central Government are deducted from book value.
- b) The details of loans to various areas and the maximum credit exposure for the year ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, were as follows:

(In millions of NTD)

December 31, 2010

Areas type		Book value (note 1)	Percentage of total loans (%)	Greatest credit exposure (note 2)	
Domestic	\$	1,979,370	94.47	1,711,000	
Foreign		116,047	5.53	116,047	
Total	\$	2,095,417	100.00	1,827,047	

- Note 1: The book value means the outstanding amounts of discounts; overdrafts; treasury overdrafts; guarantee overdrafts; short-term, medium-term and long-term secured/unsecured loans; import bill advances/export bill purchases and nonperforming loans.
- Note 2: The maximum credit exposure is the remaining amount when loans amounting to \$240,087 million to the Central Government and \$24,600 million to the Bureau of National Health Insuance loans are deducted from book value.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2009

Areas type		Book value (note 1)	Percentage of total loans (%)	Greatest credit exposure (note 2)	
Domestic	\$	1,954,835	94.61	1,718,135	
Foreign	_	111,318	5.39	111,318	
Total	<u>\$</u>	2,066,153	100.00	1,829,453	

- Note 1: The book value means the outstanding amounts of discounts; overdrafts; treasury overdrafts; guarantee overdrafts; short-term, medium-term and long-term secured/unsecured loans; import bill advances/export bill purchases and nonperforming loans.
- Note 2: The maximum credit exposure is the remaining amount when loans amounting to \$236,700 million to the Central Government are deducted from book value.
- (d) Off-balance sheet credit risk (including loan commitments, net settlement, and offset rights)

The Company and its subsidiaries, when offering services of loan commitments, net settlement, and offset rights, always assesses credibility carefully. Collateral acquired by the Company and its subsidiaries, due to loans, loan commitments, net settlement, and guarantee, could be disposed on the basis of a notice of ownership transfer in order to protect the rights and decrease the credit risk of the Company and its subsidiaries. The fair value of collaterals would not be considered when the greatest credit exposure is disclosed.

Unit: million dollars

	Amount of disclosure of the greatest credit exposure						
Item	O		December 31, 2009				
Irrevocable loan commitments	<u>\$</u>	545,305	599,968				
Amounts due from credit	<u>\$</u>	35,706	38,358				
Guarantees receivable	<u>\$</u>	43,952	50,051				
Acceptance receivable	\$	3,683	3.266				

Note: This form assumes that the amount of greatest credit exposure at balance sheet date is positive. The Company and its subsidiaries assess the counterparty with off balance sheet commitment and guarantee without considering its type.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

3. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk includes market liquidity risk and capital liquidity risk (financial risk). Market liquidity risk is the risk of facing market price movement in processing or offsetting assets caused by a low-volume market. Capital liquidity risk, on the other hand, is the risk of default at the maturity due to inability to sell assets or obtain sufficient capital. The Company and its subsidiaries have different policies in accordance with capital demands for different kinds of business aiming to effectively monitor market liquidity risk. The finance department is in charge of the overview of capital and conducts a daily review to respond to system risk and capital demand in abnormal conditions.

In addition to all of the above, the attention and support from senior management are important to the success of the risk management system. Under the authorization of the senior management, the Company and its subsidiaries are gradually implementing the risk management system.

The Company and its subsidiaries control the trading risk of commodities by means of the aforementioned position limits, setting stop-loss points and operation guidelines at the management level. In addition, the Company and its subsidiaries utilize financial tools of the money market and foreign exchange market, together with appropriate liquid assets to plan for future cash demand.

Capital and working capital of The Company and its subsidiaries are sufficient to perform all contract obligations, so there is no liquidity risk.

The analysis of maturity of the subsidiary BOT as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, is as follows:

	December 31, 2010					
				91 days~	Over one	
		1~30 days	31~90 days	one year	year	Total
Asset						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	21,899,765	-	-	-	21,899,765
Due from Central Bank and call loans to banks		66,698,365	229,546,130	127,308,218	99,957,658	523,510,371
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, net		5,409,926	2,679,087	1,435,592	25,776,052	35,300,657
Bonds and bills purchased under resell agreements		600,294	-	-	-	600,294
Available-for-sale financial assets, net		443,339,002	233,755,710	52,310,744	107,955,126	837,360,582
Held-to-maturity financial assets, net		-	2,004	-	574,347	576,351
Hedging derivative assets		5,052	-	-	-	5,052
Financial assets carried at cost		-	-	-	11,092,326	11,092,326
Debt investments without quoted price in active markets		-	-	-	3,985,572	3,985,572
Investments under equity method, net		-	-	-	31,330,008	31,330,008
Receivables, net		1,515,085	1,000,814	826,280	20,582,778	23,924,957
Loans and discounts, net		154,865,595	155,046,220	381,880,016	1,383,285,728	2,075,077,559
Non-performing loans		459,324	-	-	11,567,604	12,026,928
Total assets	\$	694,792,408	622,029,965	563,760,850	1,696,107,199	3,576,690,422

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

	December 31, 2010					
		1~30 days	31~90 days	91 days~ one year	Over one year	Total
Liabilities						
Due to Central Bank and other banks	\$	65,991,474	70,488,298	24,412,375	46,720,790	207,612,937
Payables		17,545,152	16,802	165,608	39,124,072	56,851,634
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		775,534	-	-	18,210,071	18,985,605
Bonds and bills sold under repurchase agreements		6,542,132	2,887,241	-	-	9,429,373
Hedging derivative liabilities		243,003	-	12,346	-	255,349
Other financial liabilities		-	-	-	793,180	793,180
Deposits and remittances		335,786,707	323,351,819	1,077,660,808	1,449,131,678	3,185,931,012
Total liabilities	\$	426,884,002	396,744,160	1,102,251,137	1,553,979,791	3,479,859,090
Gaps	\$	267,908,406	225,285,805	(538,490,287)	142,127,408	96,831,332

Note: The table contains the amounts for the bank departments of BOT only.

	December 31, 2009					
		1~30 days	31~91 days	91 days~ one year	Over one year	Total
Asset						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	21,232,126	-	-	-	21,232,126
Due from Central Bank and call loans to banks		439,195,691	543,220,594	204,605,678	66,911,455	1,253,933,418
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, net		3,605,261	2,348,790	2,985,820	12,629,535	21,569,406
Bonds and bills purchased under resell agreements		368,349	-	-	-	368,349
Available-for-sale financial assets, net		9,062,431	27,631,981	18,237,940	87,077,361	142,009,713
Held-to-maturity financial assets, net		-	-	500,915	383,931	884,846
Hedging derivative assets		18,409	-	-	-	18,409
Financial assets carried at cost		-	-	-	11,092,326	11,092,326
Debt investments without quoted price in active markets		-	-	-	5,647,345	5,647,345
Investments under equity method, net		-	-	-	29,815,579	29,815,579
Receivable, net		17,141,571	982,430	579,926	16,847,920	35,551,847
Loans and discounts, net		151,992,079	200,172,038	319,143,569	1,365,781,562	2,037,089,248
Non-performing loans		19,242	-	-	17,435,901	17,455,143
Total assets	\$	642,635,159	774,355,833	546,053,848	1,613,622,915	3,576,667,755
Liabilities						
Due to Central Bank and other banks	\$	67,300,788	63,105,008	18,556,158	23,001,942	171,963,896
Payables		14,824,559	376,211	449,921	41,489,214	57,139,905
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		711,381	-	-	3,823,926	4,535,307
Bonds and bills sold under repurchase agreements		3,950,922	1,536,012	-	-	5,486,934
Hedging derivative liabilities		59,661	-	181,440	-	241,101
Other financial liabilities		-	-	-	1,270,227	1,270,227
Deposits and remittances		335,778,023	364,953,943	1,151,021,538	1,370,905,433	3,222,658,937
Total liabilities	\$	422,625,334	429,971,174	1,170,209,057	1,440,490,742	3,463,296,307
Gaps	\$	220,009,825	344,384,659	(624,155,209)	173,132,173	113,371,448

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note: The table contains the amounts for the bank departments of BOT only.

4. Cash flow risk and fair value risk of interest rate change

Floating assets and floating liabilities of the Company and its subsidiaries may change due to movement in future cash flow caused by movement of market rate, and hence create risk.

(a) Information on expected final maturity and expected reprising date

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, the expected repricing date and expected final maturity would not be affected by the contract effective date. The following table shows the interest risk of the Company and its subsidiaries. Non-derivative assets and liabilities are listed at book value without deducting any allowance or adjustment. Derivative assets and liabilities are listed at book value. The book value is further categorized by the earlier of the maturity date or reprising date. The book values of commodities owned or issued by BOT, categorized by different maturity or repricing dates (the earlier date of the two dates), were as follows:

(In millions of NTD) December 31, 2010 91 days~ Over one 1~30 days 31~90 days one year Total vear Assets Financial assets measured at fair 5,590 2,679 1,436 25,776 35,481 value through profit or loss Bonds and bills purchased under 600 600 resell agreements Available-for-sale financial 443,339 233,756 52,311 107,955 837,361 assets Held-to-maturity financial assets 2 574 576 Hedging through derivative 5 5 assets 11,092 11,092 Financial assets carried at cost Debt investment without quoted 3,986 3,986 price in active market 127,308 99,958 Due from and call loans to banks 66,698 229,546 523,510 Loans and discounts 154,865 155,046 381,880 1,383,286 2,075,077 Investment under equity method 30,804 30,804 Other assets 28,189 2,707 1,464 221,350 253,710 Total assets 699,286 623,736 564,399 1,884,781 3,772,202 Liabilities 65,992 Depoosits from Central Bank \$ 70,488 24,412 46.721 207.613 Financial liabilities measured at 18,210 18,985 775 fair value through profit or loss Bonds and bills sold under 6,542 2,887 9,429 repurchase agreements Hedging derivative liabilities 244 12 256 Other financial liabilities -793 793 appropriation for loans Deposits 335,289 323,352 1,077,661 1,449,132 3,185,434 Long-term liabilities 19,962 19,962 Other liabilities 13,925 20,737 78 49,479 84,219 Total liabilities 429,579 <u>396,805</u> 1,116,010 1,584,297 3,526,691 Stockholders' equity 269,707 226,931 (551,611)300,484 245,511

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note: The table contains the amounts for the bank departments of BOT only.

	-	1~30 days	Dec 31~90 days	ember 31, 2009 91 days~	91 days~ Over one		
	,	1~30 uays	31~90 days	one year	year	Total	
Assets							
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$	3,605	2,349	2,986	12,629	21,569	
Bonds and bills purchased under resell agreements		368	-	-	-	368	
Available-for-sale financial assets		9,062	27,632	18,238	87,078	142,010	
Held-to-maturity financial assets		-	-	501	384	885	
Hedging through derivative assets		18	-	-	-	18	
Financial assets carried at cost		-	-	-	11,092	11,092	
Debt investment without quoted price in active market		-	-	-	5,647	5,647	
Due from and call loans to banks		410,411	543,221	204,606	66,911	1,225,149	
Loans and discounts		151,992	200,172	319,144	1,365,782	2,037,090	
Investment under equity method		-	-	-	29,816	29,816	
Other assets		18,826	2,271	522	228,816	250,435	
Total assets	\$	594,282	775,645	545,997	1,808,155	3,724,079	
Liabilities							
Deposits from Central Bank	\$	66,213	62,340	5,888	677	135,118	
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		711	-	-	3,824	4,535	
Bonds and bills sold under repurchase agreements		3,951	1,536	-	-	5,487	
Hedging derivative liabilities		60	-	181	-	241	
Other financial liabilities — appropriation for loans		-	-	-	1,271	1,271	
Deposits		335,132	364,954	1,151,022	1,370,904	3,222,012	
Long-term liabilities		-	-	-	19,284	19,284	
Other liabilities		15,209	5,811	24,592	82,533	128,145	
Total liabilities	\$	421,276	434,641	1,181,683	1,478,493	3,516,093	
Stockholders' equity	\$	173,006	341,004	(635,686)	329,662	207,986	

Note: The table contains the amounts for the bank departments of BOT only.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Effective interest rate (excluding financial assets for trading purposes)

The effective interest rates, classified by currencies, of the commodities owned or issued by the BOT as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, were as follows:

Dece	ember 31, 2010	
Item	NTD	USD
Available-for-sale financial assets:		
Government bonds	0.7909%~6.9000%	1.0000%~9.6250%
Financial bonds	2.1100%~2.3000%	0.3138%~6.5000%
Corporate bonds	1.0001%~3.0500%	0.4169%~8.8750%
Negotiable certificates of deposit of Central Bank	0.6900%~0.8300%	-
Taipei City Government bonds	1.2000%~4.6190%	-
Beneficiary certificates — financial assets securitization	2.4600%	-
Beneficiary certificates—real estate investment trust	2.6800%	5.5000%~5.7500%
Foreign organization bonds	2.6000%	-
Held-to-maturity financial assets:		
Government bonds	1.5150%~6.0699%	-
Beneficiary certificates—real estate investment trust	2.4000%	-
Debt investment without quoted price in active markets:		
Beneficiary certificates—real estate investment trust	-	0.5003%~1.7606%
Loans and discounts:		
Short-term loans	0.3400%~18.0000%	0.5256%~6.1000%
Medium-term loans	0.00001%~18.0000%	0.4211%~6.8500%
Long-term loans	0.00001%~10.0000%	0.6141%~7.5000%
Liabilities:		
Short-term loans	-	0.2922%~1.1466%
Hedging derivative instrument:		
IRS	-	0.6900%~10.6777%

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Dece	ember 31, 2009	
Item	NTD	USD
Available-for-sale financial assets:		
Government bonds	0.7909%~6.9602%	5.7500%~9.6250%
Financial bonds	2.1100%~2.3000%	0.2634%~6.5000%
Corporate bonds	3.0500%~7.9400%	0.3506%~8.8800%
Negotiable certificates of deposit of Central Bank	0.5700%~0.7100%	-
Taipei City Government bonds	1.2000%~4.6190%	-
Beneficiary certificates - financial	2.4600%	-
assets securitization		
Beneficiary certificates – real estate	2.6800%	-
investment trust		
Foreign organization bonds	2.6000%	0.7010%
Real estate investment trust	-	5.5000%~5.7500%
Held-to-maturity financial assets:		
Government bonds	1.5712%~6.0701%	-
Corporate bonds	1.8911%~1.9493%	-
Beneficiary certificates — financial assets securitization	2.4000%	-
Debt investment without quoted price in active markets:		
Beneficiary certificates—real estate investment trust	-	0.4731%~1.7313%
Loans and discounts:		
Short-term loans	0.1250%~18.0000%	0.3277%~6.8500%
Medium-term loans	0.00125%~18.0000%	0.3895%~7.2570%
Long-term loans	0.00001%~10.0000%	0.5756%~7.5000%
Liabilities:		
Short-term loans	-	0.3100%~1.5000%
Hedging derivative instrument:		
IRS	-	0.6869%~10.9300%

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

5. Fair-value hedge

Financial instruments held by the Company and Subsidiaries are applicable to hedge accounting. The Company and Subsidiaries adopted fair value hedge accounting and should disclose the following:

(a) Fair value hedge

Gain (loss) due to re-measuring with fair value of hedge instrument, or change of exchange rate, should be recognized as gain (loss) of the period; gain (loss) due to hedging is the adjustment of the hedged target and should be recognized as gain (loss) of the period.

(b) Fair value hedge should disclose the following:

a) Description of hedging:

Currently the New York, LA, Tokyo, and Singapore branches of BOT adopt fair value hedge accounting and hold IRSs as designated hedging instruments to hedge the exposure to interest risk on investment in fixed-rate bonds; the hedging strategies were as follows:

- a. When the interest rate trends up, the Company and its subsidiaries adopt fair value hedging to avoid effects on income by swapping a fixed rate for a floating rate on fixed-rate bonds.
- b. When the interest rate trends down, the Company and its subsidiaries adopt cash flow hedging to avoid effects on income by swapping a floating rate for a fixed rate on floating-rate notes.
- b) Description and balance sheet fair value of financial commodities designated as hedging instruments:

		December 31, 2010					
Hedged item	Designated hedging instruments	Original amount	Fair value				
Foreign bonds	Swap	\$ 590,241	5,051				
Foreign bonds	Swap	4,639,975	(255,349)				
		December 3	31, 2009				
Hedged item	Designated hedging instruments	Original amount	Fair value				
Foreign bonds	Swap	\$ 2,018,501	18,409				
Foreign bonds	Swap	3,784,114	(241,100)				

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

c) Nature of hedged risk:

The hedged items of the hedge accounting adopted by the Company and its subsidiaries are fixed-rate bond investments. Thus, IRSs are used to hedge interest risk (adopting interest fair value hedging—swapping a fixed rate for a floating rate).

(35) Disclosure of Risk Management Policy

1) The Company

The risk management organization of the Company includes the board of directors, risk management committee, and risk administrative office.

The responsibility of each risk management level is as follows:

- 1. The board of directors is the highest decision-making unit, and it has the final responsibility for the Company's overall risk. According to the overall operating strategies and management environments, the board of directors approves the risk management policies, supervises the operating effectiveness of the risk management system, fully controls the risk situation, and ensures having sufficient capital for dealing with all risks.
- 2. The Company set up the risk management committee under the board of directors to execute the risk management policies approved by the board of directors and coordinate the related risk management matters within the group.
- 3. The risk administrative office is the independent risk management unit and is responsible for the implementation of overall risk management. For all risk management decisions and assignments of the board of directors and risk management committee, the risk administrative office must supervise and follow up the execution by the related units, and present the risk management report to the board of directors and risk management committee. If it finds significant exposure that endangers the financial situation, operations, or legal compliance, the risk administrative office should report to the board of directors immediately.

2) BOT

1. Risk management structure and protocols

(a) Risk management structure

The risk management structure of the Bank includes the Board of Directors, risk management committee, risk management department, authorities in charge all business units.

- a) The Board of Director holds the highest responsibility in maintaining the risk management of the Bank, which includes formulating strategies accordingly, establishing the risk management policy, ensuring the consistency of the risk managing system, identifying all the risk matures and retain all the resources available for encountering all sorts of unexpected risks.
- b) The role of risk management committee established by the Board of Directors includes implementing the risk management strategy and integrating risk-related issues between various units across the bank.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- c) The role of the risk management department includes monitoring all risk management issues independently and on an operational level. The risk management department is also in charge in investigating into any relevant departments and reports directly to the Board of Directors. Similarly, if any risk exposures exceeding the capacity of the Bank is discovered, the department has the responsibility to take reasonable actions and report to the Board of Directors.
- d) Every department shall identify, evaluate, and control the risks of any new products or operations and establish the risk management process accordingly. In addition, to monitor the relevant risks in compliance with the risk management policy of the Bank.

(b) Risk management protocols

Every operations engaged by the Bank, including off-balance sheet operations, are included within the risk management system of the Bank, which contains credit risk, market risk, operational risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, national risk, legal risk and so forth. The brief risk management policy is as follows:

- a) Monitor the settlement ratio of the Bank in relevance to the operational size, credit risk, market risk, operational risk and the future prospects.
- b) Establish a risk measuring and monitoring procedure system in order to measure and monitor risks effectively.
- c) Taking in the risk capacity, capital reserve, nature of debts, performance and rewards into consideration, the Bank shall manage the risks of operating across all units.
- d) Establish a valuation system for the quality and classification of assets to consistently monitor excess risk exposures with large concentration, and to accrue allowance for losses.
- e) Establish information safety system and emergency system concerning banking operations, transactions and data sharing. Additionally, to establish an independent and effective risk management system through means of appropriate policies, procedures and tools in order to increase the efficiency of the risk managing across all operations.
- 2. The major financial assets of BOT are loans, receivables, and securities investments. The related risk and management policy are as follows:
 - (a) Credit risk management: including stratified authorization, management of large exposure, concentration management, and a re-assessment system
 - a) Carrying out stratified authorization

A system of graded delegation of authority is used in loan cases and the disposition of NPLs. Each authority level has its own credit assessment committee and loan collection assessment committee. The review of loan cases is carried out strictly in accordance with the limits of authorization so as to assure the quality of loans.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

b) Management of large exposure and excessive concentration

- a. In accordance with the Banking Law, loans to BOT's responsible person, BOT's employees, and persons having a material interest in BOT are controlled in accordance with stipulated quotas. The Bank has established rules for credit risk management of loans to enterprise groups and ratios for loan risk exposure to different industries, and it controls credit quotas for trading partners, issuers, and guarantors in accordance with their external credit ratings.
- b. BOT's Treasury Department, OBU, and foreign branches set up policies based on external credit evaluation for loan quota management in money market, foreign exchange, and negotiable security trading.
- c. Each year, to spread the risk from different countries, a national risk quota, in accordance with the ranking in Euromoney Magazine, is allocated to the Finance Department, OBU, and foreign branches. The business recorded by BOT includes loan assets, transaction assets, and off-balance-sheet positions.
- c) Re-assessment evaluates the quality of loan assets. BOT has a re-assessment policy for credit review. After loans are extended, they are reviewed during the loan period in accordance with their review ratings. For important loans, follow-up evaluation is carried out, and reserves against bad loans are allocated for loan assets at the end of every month in order to reinforce BOT's operating system.

(b) Market risk management

a) Daily evaluation

To control risk, each trading unit carries out a daily assessment of foreign trading against trading objectives in accordance with market prices. The major source for evaluation is the public appraisal of negotiable securities in external information systems such as Bloomberg and Reuters.

b) Limit management

- a. For the trades involving all securities, foreign-exchange positions, and derivatives, BOT regulates the authorized trading amount, kinds of sales/purchases, invested objects, and gain or loss limits to control risk effectively.
- b. In the management of New Taiwan Dollar funds, interest rate risk is controlled by predictions of long-term interest rate trends, by setting short dealing interest rates prior to the beginning of business each day, and by establishing add-or-subtract authorization for personnel at different levels. In the management of foreign currency funds, trading position quotas are set for different currencies and for bank-wide foreign exchange positions, and stop loss limits are set for positions held for trading purposes and for non-hedging unleveled net positions for derivative products.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- (c) Interest rate and liquidity risk management
 - a) BOT has set up an Assets and Liabilities Management Committee to strengthen the structure of assets and liabilities. Under the leadership of the president, the Committee is divided into Management, Finance, and Capital subcommittees; and this Committee is responsible for setting guidelines for assets and liabilities management, liquidity position management, management of interest rate risk, and the review of the deposit and loan structure.
 - b) Setting up management policy for liquidity and interest rate risk; setting up guidelines for liquidity risk management.
 - a. Management of interest-rate sensitivity gap: The ratio of New Taiwan Dollar interest-rate-sensitive assets to liabilities shall fall between 80% and 140%. The ratio of New Taiwan Dollar capital gap to owner's equity shall be maintained between positive/negative 100%. The different positions in the foreign currencies resulting from changes in the interest rate shall not exceed total assets in each currency by 35%.
 - b. Management of liquidity risk
 - (i) Maintaining liquidity ratio: According to the Central Bank's "Liquidity Guidelines for Financial Institutions," Bank of Taiwan shall maintain a liquidity ratio for all deposits of over 10%.
 - (ii) Short-term gap analysis: 1~10-day and 11~30-day gaps are calculated; the period gap is greater than zero.
 - (iii) Foreign currency gap management: The ratio of accumulated capital liquidity gap for one month and for one year to total assets of the four major foreign currencies of Bank of Taiwan (U.S. Dollar, HK Dollar, JP Yen and Euro) should not exceed 50% and 40%, respectively.
 - (iv) Capital management: Full use is made of the Assets and Liabilities Management Information System on a regular basis to analyze maturity gaps of assets and liabilities and changes in maturity structure. The appropriate allocation and utilization of funds, and the adjustment of the capital structure are carried out in accordance with the capital situation. In the management of New Taiwan Dollar funds, in addition to maintaining an appropriate level of cash on hand and of securities that can be converted quickly into cash, the Bank has set policies for the reporting of New Taiwan Dollar funds to provide for the timely reporting of receipts or disbursements of large amounts of funds. The Bank also carries out gap analysis of the maturity amount of purchased bills, bonds, and call loans so as to lower liquidity risk. In the management of foreign currencies, the Bank uses the maturity method to carry out funds gap analysis of the actual funds to be received or paid out within the next year.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(d) The policy of reduction of credit risk in terms of pledges and guarantees

In its consideration of credit control and business promotion, BOT attempts to decrease the burden of credit risk by increasing collateral or strengthening the guarantee, based on BOT's credit and pledge policy. Collateral and guarantees include mortgages on real estate or property (i.e., land, building, machinery, car, ship, aircraft, etc.), pledges of securities or other rights (i.e., certificates of deposit; various bonds, stocks, or other securities), guarantees provided by government agencies, banks, or credit guarantee institutions authorized by the government, and any other guarantee or collateral approved by BOT.

3) BTLI

BTLI manages all risk arising from the related operation including market risk, insurance risk and process risk. The main principle of risk management should use the RBC to supervise each risk based on BTLI's business scale, market risk, insurance risk and process risk. BTLI should also set up a systems approach for risk assessment and monitoring in order to assess, supervise and manage each risk.

BTLI effectively identifies, assesses, monitors and manages the risk of each business based upon the nature of the business and matters arising from risk. In order to achieve risk management and reasonable earnings, BTLI controls the risk within its tolerance. The board of directors, being the highest decision-making unit, is responsible for managing overall risk. And the Risk Management Committee is responsible for executing all risk management policies approved by the board of directors and coordinating cross-department risk management matters.

4) BTS

For the requirements of business, BTS has set up an overall risk management system to effectively control all kinds of risk. The system can assure the achievement of BTS's long-term and steady management, profit growth, and strategy. At the same time, it formed a department with sole responsibility for risk control under the secretary unit of the risk management committee to handle these affairs and to exercise authority independently except over the operating unit and trade activities. The formation of the risk management organization by BTS includes the board of directors, the risk management committee, the administrative office, and all business units to execute the risk management decisions made by the board of directors and coordinate the related risk management matters across departments.

All risks of the business on or off the balance sheet should be subsumed under risk management, including market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, operating risk, and other risk (for example legal risk, strategy risk, and reputation risk).

The related management systems of all kinds of risk are as follows:

- 1. BTS should effectively identify, measure, supervise, and control all risks when engaging in business. BTS should control the risk to a tolerable degree to reach the target of risk management and compensation rationalization.
- 2. Establish a risk indicator and warning system to implement the appropriate risk monitoring.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 3. Establish a communication system. The complete risk information should be periodically given to senior management, conveyed to subordinates, and communicated across departments, and be available to the public according to the regulations.
- 4. Before developing new business or merchandise, changing the operating procedure, or developing the information system or operation, BTS should estimate the risk in advance and prepare the appropriate operating procedure and control method for the related risk.
- 5. Educate the professional risk management staff and provide education and training in risk management to the personnel of the operating unit to strengthen BTS's risk management culture.

(36) Related-Party Transactions

1) Name of related party and relationship

Name of related-party

Relationship with the Company

Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	Investee company of BOT and BTLI under the equity method
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	Investee company of BOT and BTLI under the equity method
Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	Investee company of BOT under the equity method
Kaohsiung Ammonium Sulfate Co., Ltd.	Investee company of BOT under the equity method
Tai Yi Real-Estate Management Co., Ltd.	Investee company of BOT under the equity method
Other related parties	The relatives of main management

- 2) Significant related-party transactions
 - 1. Placement with banks

		December 3	1, 2010	December 31, 2009		
		Amount	Percentage of account balance	Amount	Percentage of account balance	
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	<u>\$</u>	4,338	0.02	8,223	0.02	

2. Deposits of banks

		December 3	1, 2010	December 31, 2009		
		Amount	Percentage of account balance	Amount	Percentage of account balance	
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	<u>\$</u>	168,398	0.67	319,870	1.35	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Interest rates of related-party transactions are the same as those with non-related parties.

3. Call loans to banks (included in due from banks)

	2010					
				Annual		
		Highest balance	Ending balance	interest rate (%)	Interest expense	
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$	11,056,085_	447,500	0.104~1.35	<u>14,758</u>	
			200	9		
		Highest balance	Ending balance	Annual interest rate (%)	Interest expense	
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$	15,509,363_	3,705,240	0.095~2.75	36,017	

Interest rates of related-party transactions are the same as those with non-related parties.

4. Deposits

	of acco		1, 2010 Percentage of account balance	December 3	31, 2009 Percentage of account balance	
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$	42,391	-	49,547	-	
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.		505,498	0.02	28,341	-	
Kaohsiung Ammonium		120,766	-	1,370,890	0.04	
Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Sulfate Co., Ltd.		165	-	305	0.01	
Total	<u>\$</u>	668,820	0.02	1,449,083	0.05	

The interest rates applied are computed by the basic rates displayed, thus, the interest rate for deposits are similar as those between the related parties and other general non-related parties.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

5. Mortgage loans for real estate (in discounts and loans)

Mortgage loans for real estate for the Company and its subsidiaries' directors, supervisors, and staff and their spouses and close relatives for the year ended December 31, 2010 and 2009:

	December 31, 2010		December 31, 2009	
Mortgage loans for real estate	<u>\$</u>	231,827	57,541	
Interest receivable	\$	125	44	

The interest range was 0.79% to 1.70% and 0.79% to 2.01% for the year ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

6. Loans

December 31, 2010											
			,	Status of p	erformance		Differences in transaction				
Category	Amount or name of related party	Highest balance in current period		Performing loans	Non-perfor ming loans	Type of collateral	terms between related and non-related parties				
Consumer loans	31	19,553	15,600	15,600	-	None	None				
House mortgages	130	444,831	408,070	408,070	-	Land and building	None				
Other loans	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	357,536	250,000	250,000		Land, building and securities	None				
"	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	830,000	-	-	-	"	None				
"	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	600,000	-	-	-	"	None				
"	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	170,500	33,638	33,638	-	"	None				
"	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	-	"	None				
Call loans to banks	Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	8,303,775	5,000	5,000	-	None	None				

		D	ecember 31, 2009				
	Amount or name of related party			Status of performance			Differences in
Category				Performing loans	Non-perfor ming loans	Type of collateral	transaction terms between related and non-related parties
Consumer loans	40	24,271	19,957	19,957	-	None	None
House mortgages	93	435,984	407,129	407,129	-	Land and building	None
Other loans	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	50,000	50,000	50,000	=	"	None
"	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	867,590	607,284	607,284	-	"	None
//	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	500,000	500,000	500,000	-	"	None
//	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	1,000,000	830,000	830,000	=	//	None
//	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	387,971	387,971	387,971	-	//	None
Call loans to banks	Hua Nan Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	6,613,800	5,000	5,000	-	None	None

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1: The consumer loans to staff and mortgage loans to staff can be lumped together for disclosure of other loans is sorted by interested parties.

Note 2: Collateral is classified by real estate, short-term notes, government bonds, secured or non-secured bonds, TSEC and OTC stocks, non-TSEC and non-OTC stocks, and others.

7. Derivative instruments:

December 31, 2010								
	Title of			Current				
Name of	derivative	Contract	Nominal	valuation	Balance s	heet item		
related party	instruments	period	amount	adjustment	Item	Amount		
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	AEBH410927 forward	2004.11.30~ 2011.01.10	141,536	(3,594)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss— current— held-for-tradin g— forward	(3,594)		
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	AEBH411027 forward	2004.12.31~ 2011.01.10	140,022	(3,556)	"	(3,556)		
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	AEBH510877 forward	2005.11.25~ 2011.01.10	145,058	(3,684)	"	(3,684)		
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010121 swap	2010.05.07~ 2011.03.14	150,160	(2,900)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss— current— held-for-tradin g— swap	(2,900)		
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010122 swap	2010.05.07~ 2011.03.14	450,480	(8,701)	"	(8,701)		
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010141 swap	2010.06.25~ 2011.01.07	2,688,930	(34,092)	"	(34,092)		
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010179 swap	2010.09.08~ 2011.02.14	300,560	(5,861)	"	(5,861)		
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010205 swap	2010.10.15~ 2011.03.22	594,364	(5,479)	"	(5,479)		

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010							
Name of related party	Title of derivative instruments	Contract period	Nominal amount	Current valuation adjustment	Balance s	heet item Amount	
Taiwan Life	BHSW810239 swap	2008.11.06~ 2011.01.31	159,345		Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss— current— held-for-tradin g— swap	(11,944)	
	BHSW910020 swap	2009.02.09~ 2011.01.31	149,417	(11,200)	"	(11,200)	
L	BHSW910022 swap	2009.02.18~ 2011.01.31	254,952	(19,111)	"	(19,111)	
L	BHSW910064 swap	2009.04.09~ 2011.01.31	318,690	(23,888)	"	(23,888)	
L	BHSW910339 swap	2009.12.17~ 2011.02.10	1,203,380	(24,505)	"	(24,505)	

December 31, 2009							
Name of	Title of derivative	Contract	Nominal	Current valuation	Balance sheet item		
related party	instruments	period	amount	adjustment	Item	Amount	
Taiwan Life	AEBH410927 forward	2004.11.30~ 2010.01.14	151,254	` '	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss— current—held for trading— forward	(798)	
	AEBH411027 forward	2004.12.31~ 2010.01.14	149,636	(790)	"	(790)	
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	AEBH510877 forward	2005.11.25~ 2010.01.14	155,018	(818)	"	(818)	

		De	cember 31, 20	009		
Name of	Title of derivative	Contract	Nominal	Current valuation	Balance s	heet item
related party	instruments	period	amount	adjustment	Item	Amount
	BHSW610021 swap	2006.03.07~ 2010.01.29	387,672	(1,737)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss— current—held for trading— swap	(1,737)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW710114 swap	2007.10.04~ 2010.01.14	323,430	(1,707)	"	(1,707)
Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW810164 swap	2008.08.18~ 2010.01.14	970,290	(5,121)	"	(5,121)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW810190 swap	2008.09.18~ 2010.01.29	646,120	(2,896)	"	(2,896)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW810239 swap	2008.11.06~ 2010.01.29	161,530	(724)	"	(724)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910001 swap	2009.01.05~ 2010.01.11	2,908,170	(12,503)	"	(12,503)
	BHSW910020 swap	2009.02.09~ 2010.01.29	151,466	(679)	"	(679)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910022 swap	2009.02.18~ 2010.01.29	258,448	(1,158)	"	(1,158)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910064 swap	2009.04.09~ 2010.01.29	323,060	(1,448)	"	(1,448)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910108 swap	2009.05.06~ 2010.01.14	323,430	(1,707)	"	(1,707)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910180 swap	2009.07.06~ 2010.01.14	970,290	(5,121)	"	(5,121)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910338 swap	2009.12.16~ 2010.01.19	647,860	(4,488)	"	(4,488)

		De	cember 31, 20	009		
Name of	Title of derivative	Contract	Nominal	Current valuation	Balance s	sheet item
related party	instruments	period	amount	adjustment	Item	Amount
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910339 swap	2009.12.17~ 2010.01.21	1,292,480	(5,795)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss— current—held for trading— swap	(5,795)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910340 swap	2009.12.18~ 2010.01.22	1,296,920	(10,264)	"	(10,264)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.		2009.12.21~ 2010.01.25	648,060	(4,776)	"	(4,776)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.		2009.12.21~ 2010.01.25	972,090	(7,164)	"	(7,164)
Wu Tsang Tai	AEAF910685 forward	2009.10.16~ 2010.04.14	609,630	(10,099)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss— current—held for trading— forward	(10,099)
Chen Yi Hong		2009.12.30~ 2010.01.20	53,867	155	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss— current—held for trading— foreign exchange option	(175)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

	December 31, 2009								
	Title of			Current					
Name of	derivative	Contract	Nominal	valuation	Balance s	sheet item			
related party	instruments	period	amount	adjustment	Item	Amount			
Chen Yi	0912290160	2009.12.30~	-	-	Financial	155			
Hong	foreign	2010.01.20			assets at fair				
	exchange option				value through				
					profit or loss –				
					current — held				
					for trading—				
					foreign				
					exchange				
					option				

Note 1: The disclosure of the derivative instruments is by related party.

Note 2: Derivative financial instruments are assessed by the fair value method. Any relevant net present value created shall be recognized as current valuation adjustment.

Note 3: The ending balances of financial assets / liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and hedging derivative assets / liabilities are shown in the balance sheet item amount column.

3) Main management's remuneration

The related information about the salaries and rewards for the Company's main management in 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

	2	2010	2009
Salaries	\$	5,148	3,427
Bonus		1,940	1,647
Business expense		6,584	3,718

4) Information on related party transactions amounting to more than \$100,000 thousand

1. BOT

Since the related-party transactions had been offset when the Company prepared the consolidated financial statements, only one of the Consolidated parties needs to disclose its related-party information.

(a) Name of related-party and relationship

Name of related party	Relationship with Bank of Taiwan
Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd.(the Company)	Parent Company
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (BTLI)	Subsidiary held completely by the Company
BankTaiwan Securities Co., Ltd. (BTS)	Subsidiary held completely by the Company

		Name of relate	d party	Relations	hip with Ban	k of Taiwan		
	Hu	a Nan Financial Holdi	ngs Co., Ltd	Investee comp method	any of BOT u	nder the equity		
	Tai	wan Life Insurance Co	o., Ltd.	Investee comp method	any of BOT u	nder the equity		
	Tar	ng-Eng Iron Works Co	., Ltd.	Investee comp method	any of BOT u	nder the equity		
	Ka	ohsiung Ammonium S	um Sulfate Co., Ltd. Investee company of BOT under the equit method					
	Oth	ners		Directors, supervisors, managers, their spouses and relatives				
(b)	Sig	nificant related-party t	transactions					
	a)	Receivables						
					ember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009		
		The Company		<u>\$</u>	213	595,182		
	b)	Deposits of banks						
					ember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009		
		Hua Nan Financial H	Ioldings Co., Ltd.	<u>\$</u>	168,398	319,870		
		Interest rates of relate	ed-party transacti	ons are the same	as those with	other banks.		
	c)	Call loans from bank	s (included in due	e to banks)				
				201				
			Highest balance	Ending balance	Interest rate (%)	e Interest expense		
		Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	\$ 11,056,085	447,500	0.104~1.35	14,758		
				200	9			
			Highest balance	Ending balance	Interest rate (%)	e Interest expense		
		Hua Nan Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	\$ 15,509,363	3,705,240	0.095~2.75	36,017		

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Interest rates of related-party transactions are the same as those with other banks.

u) Onici assets	d)	Other	assets
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		De	ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
	The Company	<u>\$</u>	5,620,865	3,955,003
e)	Deposits			
		De	ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
	Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	\$	505,498	28,341
	Kaohsiung Ammonium Sulfate Co., Ltd.		120,766	1,370,890
	BTS		553,290	733,668
	the Company		37,084	1,406,913
	BTLI		18,211,604	22,527,356
	Total	\$	19,428,242	26,067,168

Except for a favorable interest rate for the limited amounts of staff savings deposits, interest rates of related-party transactions are the same as general accounts.

f) Interest expense

		Dec	cember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
	BTLI	<u>\$</u>	111,263	95,870
g)	Fee revenue			
		Dec	cember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
	BTLI	<u>\$</u>	789,956	610,591
h)	Other non-interest gain or losses, net			
		Dec	cember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
	Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	\$	150,619	44,226

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

i) Loans

 $Subsidiary\!-\!BOT$

			December 31, 2	010			
			Í	Status of per	rformance		Differences in
Category		Highest balance	Ending balance	Performing loans	Non-perfor ming loans	Type of collateral	transaction terms between related and nonrelated parties
Consumer loans	31	19,553	15,600	15,600	-	None	None
House mortgages	130	444,831	408,070	408,070		Land and building	None
Other loans	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	357,536	250,000	250,000		Land, building and securities	None
"	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	830,000	-	=		Land, building and securities	None
//	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	600,000	-	-		Land, building and securities	None
//	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	170,500	33,638	33,638		Land, building and securities	None
//	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000		Land, building and securities	None
"	BankTaiwan Securities Co., Ltd.	603,017	82,017	82,017		Land, building, time deposit, and letter of guarantee	None
"	Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	5,600,000	5,600,000	5,600,000		Letter of guarantee	None
Call loans to banks	Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	8,303,775	5,000	5,000	-	None	None

			December 31, 2	009			
				Status of per	rformance		Differences in
Category		Highest balance in current period	Ending balance	Performing loans	Non-perfor ming loans	Type of collateral	transaction terms between related and nonrelated parties
Consumer loans	40	24,271	19,957	19,957	-	None	None
House mortgages	93	435,984	407,129	407,129		Land and building	None
Other loans	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	50,000	50,000	50,000		Land and building	None
//	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	867,590	607,284	607,284	-	None	None
//	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	500,000	500,000	500,000		Land and building	None
"	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	1,000,000	830,000	830,000		Land and building	None
"	Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	387,971	387,971	387,971		Land and building	None
"	BankTaiwan Securities Co., Ltd.	521,000	-	-		Land and building	None
"	Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	-	Letter of guarantee	None
Call loans to banks	Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	6,613,800	5,000	5,000	-	None	None

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1: The consumer loans to staff and mortgage loans to staff can be lumped together for disclosure. The disclosure of other loan is sorted by interested parties.

Note 2: Collateral is classified by real estate, short-term notes, government bonds, secured or non-secured bonds, TSEC and OTC stocks, and others.

j) Derivative instruments

		Dec	ember 31, 201	.0		
Name of	Name of	Contract	Original	Current valuation	Balance she	at itam
			Original		1	
related party Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	derivative AEBH410927 forward	period 2004.11.30~ 2011.01.10	141,536	(3,594)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss—current—	(3,594)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co.,	AEBH411027 forward	2004.12.31~ 2011.01.10	140,022	(3,556)	held-for-trading — forward	(3,556)
Ltd. Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	AEBH510877 forward	2005.11.25~ 2011.01.10	145,058	(3,684)	"	(3,684)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010121 swap	2010.05.07~ 2011.03.14	150,160	(2,900)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss — current — held-for-trading — swap	(2,900)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010122 swap	2010.05.07~ 2011.03.14	450,480	(8,701)	"	(8,701)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010141 swap	2010.06.25~ 2011.01.07	2,688,930	(34,092)	"	(34,092)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010179 swap	2010.09.08~ 2011.02.14	300,560	(5,861)	"	(5,861)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW010205 swap	2010.10.15~ 2011.03.22	594,364	(5,479)	"	(5,479)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW810239 swap	2008.11.06~ 2011.01.31	159,345	(11,944)	"	(11,944)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910020 swap	2009.02.09~ 2011.01.31	149,417	(11,200)	"	(11,200)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910022 swap	2009.02.18~ 2011.01.31	254,952	(19,111)	"	(19,111)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910064 swap	2009.04.09~ 2011.01.31	318,690	(23,888)	"	(23,888)

		Dec	ember 31, 201	0		
Name of	Name of	Contract	Original	Current valuation	Balance she	eet item
related party	derivative	period	amount	adjustment	Item	Amount
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910339 swap	2009.12.17~ 2011.02.10	1,203,380		Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss—current— held-for-trading— swap	(24,505)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010067 swap	2010.03.04~ 2011.06.08	611,380	(24,068)	"	(24,068)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010081 swap	2010.03.11~ 2011.06.15	1,216,700	(42,389)	"	(42,389)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010095 swap	2010.04.01~ 2011.01.06	1,555,350	(80,407)	"	(80,407)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010111 swap	2010.04.19~ 2011.03.22	1,214,200	(36,395)	"	(36,395)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010117 swap	2010.05.04~ 2011.05.09	1,067,500	(38,607)	"	(38,607)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010164 swap	2010.08.16~ 2011.02.18	1,592,500	(119,036)	"	(119,036)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010168 swap	2010.08.20~ 2011.01.24	2,068,950	(152,381)	"	(152,381)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010172 swap	2010.08.25~ 2011.01.27	2,079,025	(162,607)	"	(162,607)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010175 swap	2010.08.30~ 2011.03.01	1,914,120	(146,259)	"	(146,259)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010181 swap	2010.09.13~ 2011.06.15	608,350	(21,194)	"	(21,194)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010184 swap	2010.09.17~ 2011.03.22	910,650	(27,296)	"	(27,296)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010196 swap	2010.09.28~ 2011.03.31	627,720	(38,948)	"	(38,948)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010223 swap	2010.11.10~ 2011.02.14	1,226,080	(47,268)	"	(47,268)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010235 swap	2010.11.22~ 2011.02.24	1,209,520	(30,913)	"	(30,913)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW010238 swap	2010.12.06~ 2011.06.08	1,528,450	(60,169)	"	(60,169)

		Dec	ember 31, 201	0		
Name of	Name of	Contract	Original	Current valuation	Balance she	eet item
related party	derivative	period	amount	adjustment	Item	Amount
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810104 swap	2008.04.30~ 2011.06.23	609,910		Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss — current — held-for-trading — swap	(22,917)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810108 swap	2008.05.07~ 2011.05.13	157,960	(10,983)	"	(10,983)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810109 swap	2008.05.07~ 2011.05.13	1,168,904	(81,271)	"	(81,271)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810130 swap	2008.06.30~ 2011.02.23	1,592,550	(119,199)	"	(119,199)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810207 swap	2008.09.26~ 2011.05.13	1,895,520	(131,791)	"	(131,791)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810208 swap	2008.09.26~ 2011.05.13	631,840	(43,930)	"	(43,930)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810211 swap	2008.09.30~ 2011.05.13	126,368	(8,786)	"	(8,786)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810212 swap	2008.09.30~ 2011.05.13	947,760	(65,895)	"	(65,895)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810225 swap	2008.10.16~ 2011.06.23	2,744,595	(103,125)	"	(103,125)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810241 swap	2008.11.13~ 2011.02.23	637,020	(47,680)	"	(47,680)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810242 swap	2008.11.13~ 2011.02.23	1,592,550	(119,199)	"	(119,199)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810247 swap	2008.11.20~ 2011.04.22	1,231,560	(54,941)	"	(54,941)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810265 swap	2008.12.15~ 2011.02.23	318,510	(23,840)	"	(23,840)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810273 swap	2008.12.22~ 2011.04.22	153,945	(6,868)	"	(6,868)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910009 swap	2009.01.23~ 2011.04.29	307,460	(13,380)	"	(13,380)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910010 swap	2009.01.23~ 2011.04.29	307,460	(13,380)	"	(13,380)

	•	Dec	ember 31, 201	0	1	
Name of	Name of	Contract	Original	Current valuation	Balance sheet item	
related party	derivative	period	amount	adjustment	Item	Amount
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910011 swap	2009.01.23~ 2011.04.29	307,460	v	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss—current— held-for-trading— swap	(13,380)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910012 swap	2009.01.23~ 2011.04.29	307,460	(13,380)	"	(13,380)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910014 swap	2009.01.23~ 2011.04.29	614,920	(26,759)	"	(26,759)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910017 swap	2009.02.04~ 2011.06.08	489,104	(19,254)	"	(19,254)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910033 swap	2009.03.18~ 2011.04.22	307,890	(13,735)	"	(13,735)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910101 swap	2009.05.04~ 2011.05.09	152,500	(5,515)	"	(5,515)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910110 swap	2009.05.07~ 2011.05.13	1,263,680	(87,861)	"	(87,861)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910117 swap	2009.05.14~ 2011.06.23	609,910	(22,917)	"	(22,917)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910155 swap	2009.06.08~ 2011.04.12	2,471,760	(117,665)	"	(117,665)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910158 swap	2009.06.11~ 2011.06.15	1,825,050	(63,583)	"	(63,583)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910174 swap	2009.06.29~ 2011.01.06	311,070	(16,081)	"	(16,081)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910201 swap	2009.07.29~ 2011.04.29	184,476	(8,028)	"	(8,028)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910207 swap	2009.08.04~ 2011.05.09	305,000	(11,031)	"	(11,031)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910228 swap	2009.08.26~ 2011.03.31	1,569,300	(97,370)	"	(97,370)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910259 swap	2009.09.28~ 2011.03.31	1,255,440	(77,896)	"	(77,896)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910267 swap	2009.10.13~ 2011.06.15	304,175	(10,597)	"	(10,597)

		Dece	mber 31, 201	0		
Name of	Name of	Contract	Original	Current valuation	Balance she	eet item
related party	derivative	period	amount	adjustment	Item	Amount
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910287 swap	2009.10.19~ 2011.03.22	303,550	(9,099)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss—current— held-for-trading— swap	(9,099)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910298 swap	2009.10.23~ 2011.01.27	1,589,550	(115,386)	"	(115,386)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910313 swap	2009.11.04~ 2011.05.09	305,000	(11,031)	"	(11,031)
Bank Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910315 swap	2009.11.05~ 2011.02.10	633,540	(44,083)	"	(44,083)

		Dec	ember 31, 200	9		
Name of	Title of derivative	Contract	Nominal	Current valuation	Balance sho	eet item
related party	instruments	period	account	adjustment	Item	Amount
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	AEBH410927 forward	2004.11.30~ 2010.01.14	151,254		Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss—current— held for trading— forward	(798)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	AEBH411027 forward	2004.12.31~ 2010.01.14	149,636	(790)	"	(790)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	AEBH510877 forward	2005.11.25~ 2010.01.14	155,018	(818)	"	(818)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW610021 swap	2006.03.07~ 2010.01.29	387,672	(1,737)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss—current— held for trading— swap	(1,737)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW710114 swap	2007.10.04~ 2010.01.14	323,430	(1,707)	"	(1,707)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW810164 swap	2008.08.18~ 2010.01.14	970,290	(5,121)	"	(5,121)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW810190 swap	2008.09.18~ 2010.01.29	646,120	(2,896)	"	(2,896)

		Dec	ember 31, 200	9	1	
Name of	Title of derivative	Contract	Nominal	Current valuation	Balance she	et item
related party	instruments	period	account	adjustment	Item	Amount
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW810239 swap	2008.11.06~ 2010.01.29	161,530		Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss—current— held for trading— swap	(724)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910001 swap	2009.01.05~ 2010.01.11	2,908,170	(12,503)	"	(12,503)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910020 swap	2009.02.09~ 2010.01.29	151,466	(679)	"	(679)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910022 swap	2009.02.18~ 2010.01.29	258,448	(1,158)	"	(1,158)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910064 swap	2009.04.09~ 2010.01.29	323,060	(1,448)	"	(1,448)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910108 swap	2009.05.06~ 2010.01.14	323,430	(1,707)	"	(1,707)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910180 swap	2009.07.06~ 2010.01.14	970,290	(5,121)	"	(5,121)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910338 swap	2009.12.16~ 2010.01.19	647,860	(4,488)	"	(4,488)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910339 swap	2009.12.17~ 2010.01.21	1,292,480	(5,795)	"	(5,795)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910340 swap	2009.12.18~ 2010.01.22	1,296,920	(10,264)	"	(10,264)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910342 swap	2009.12.21~ 2010.01.25	648,060	(4,776)	"	(4,776)
Taiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	BHSW910343 swap	2009.12.21~ 2010.01.25	972,090	(7,164)	"	(7,164)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810104 swap	2008.04.30~ 2010.02.22	654,200	(11,043)	"	(11,043)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810108 swap	2008.05.07~ 2010.05.13	161,400	(728)	"	(728)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810109 swap	2008.05.07~ 2010.05.13	1,194,360	(5,385)	"	(5,385)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810130 swap	2008.06.30~ 2010.02.22	1,635,500	(27,608)	"	(27,608)

		Dec	ember 31, 200	9		
Name of	Title of derivative	Contract	Nominal	Current valuation	Balance sh	eet item
related party	instruments	period	account	adjustment	Item	Amount
Ltd.	swap	2008.09.26~ 2010.05.13	1,936,800		Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss — current — held for trading — swap	(8,732)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810208 swap	2008.09.26~ 2010.05.13	645,600	(2,911)	"	(2,911)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810211 swap	2008.09.30~ 2010.05.13	129,120	(582)	"	(582)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810212 swap	2008.09.30~ 2010.05.13	968,400	(4,366)	"	(4,366)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810225 swap	2008.10.16~ 2010.02.22	2,943,900	(49,695)	"	(49,695)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810230 swap	2008.10.24~ 2010.06.09	1,174,320	(17,951)	"	(17,951)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810241 swap	2008.11.13~ 2010.02.22	654,200	(11,043)	"	(11,043)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810242 swap	2008.11.13~ 2010.02.22	1,635,500	(27,608)	"	(27,608)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810247 swap	2008.11.20~ 2010.06.22	1,294,080	(9,521)	"	(9,521)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810248 swap	2008.11.21~ 2010.06.22	1,617,600	(11,901)	"	(11,901)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810249 swap	2008.11.24~ 2010.11.29	320,200	(694)	"	(694)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810253 swap	2008.11.28~ 2010.11.30	320,000	(505)	"	(505)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810265 swap	2008.12.15~ 2010.02.22	327,100	(5,522)	"	(5,522)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810273 swap	2008.12.22~ 2010.06.22	161,760	(1,190)	"	(1,190)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810276 swap	2008.12.29~ 2010.11.30	320,000	(505)	"	(505)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW810279 swap	2008.12.31~ 2010.01.29	672,000	(1,061)	"	(1,061)

	1	Dec	ember 31, 200	9	1	
	Title of			Current		
Name of	derivative	Contract	Nominal	valuation	Balance sheet item	
related party	instruments	period	account	adjustment	Item	Amount
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910009 swap	2009.01.23~ 2010.01.29	324,700	(3,087)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss—current— held for trading— swap	(3,087)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910010 swap	2009.01.23~ 2010.01.29	324,700	(3,087)	"	(3,087)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910011 swap	2009.01.23~ 2010.01.29	324,700	(3,087)	"	(3,087)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910012 swap	2009.01.23~ 2010.01.29	324,700	(3,087)	"	(3,087)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910014 swap	2009.01.23~ 2010.01.29	649,400	(6,175)	"	(6,175)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910017 swap	2009.02.04~ 2010.03.08	514,720	(191)	"	(191)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910033 swap	2009.03.18~ 2010.06.22	323,520	(2,380)	"	(2,380)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910101 swap	2009.05.04~ 2010.05.06	162,050	(1,358)	"	(1,358)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910106 swap	2009.05.05~ 2010.01.07	646,000	(2,493)	"	(2,493)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910110 swap	2009.05.07~ 2010.05.13	1,291,200	(5,821)	"	(5,821)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910117 swap	2009.05.14~ 2010.02.22	654,200	(11,043)	"	(11,043)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910131 swap	2009.05.22~ 2010.11.29	640,400	(1,388)	"	(1,388)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910139 swap	2009.05.25~ 2010.11.30	640,000	(1,011)	"	(1,011)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910155 swap	2009.06.08~ 2010.03.10	2,942,730	(48,496)	"	(48,496)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910158 swap	2009.06.11~ 2010.09.15	1,941,000	(19,118)	"	(19,118)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910161 swap	2009.06.15~ 2010.03.17	976,230	(11,521)	"	(11,521)

		Dec	ember 31, 200	9	1	
Name of	Title of derivative	Contract	Nominal	Current valuation	Balance she	ot itom
related party	instruments	period	account	adjustment	Item	Amount
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910165 swap	2009.06.18~ 2010.06.22	647,040	(4,760)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss—current— held for trading— swap	(4,760)
BankTaiwan Life	CLSW910174	2009.06.29~	327,560	(5,800)	"	(5,800)
Insurance Co., Ltd.	swap	2010.01.04	,	,		,
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910201 swap	2009.07.29~ 2010.01.29	194,820	(1,852)	Adjustment of valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss—current—held for trading—swap	(1,852)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co.,	CLSW910207 swap	2009.08.04~ 2010.05.06	324,100	(2,717)	"	(2,717)
Ltd.						
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910228 swap	2009.08.26~ 2010.05.28	1,635,700	(29,315)	"	(29,315)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910259 swap	2009.09.28~ 2010.09.30	1,286,200	(5,619)	"	(5,619)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910267 swap	2009.10.13~ 2010.03.15	322,630	(1,060)	"	(1,060)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910287 swap	2009.10.19~ 2010.01.21	323,300	(1,629)	"	(1,629)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910298 swap	2009.10.23~ 2010.01.27	1,943,400	(13,637)	"	(13,637)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910313 swap	2009.11.04~ 2010.05.06	324,100	(2,717)	"	(2,717)
BankTaiwan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	CLSW910315 swap	2009.11.05~ 2010.05.10	649,020	(6,293)	"	(6,293)
Wu Tsang Tai	AEAF910685 forward	2009.10.16~ 2010.04.14	609,630	(10,099)	Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss—current— held for trading— forward	(10,099)

		Dece	mber 31, 200	9		
Name of	Title of derivative	Contract	Nominal	Current valuation	Balance sh	eet item
related party	instruments	period	account	adjustment	Item	Amount
Chen Yi Hong	0912290160 foreign exchange option	2009.12.30~ 2010.01.20	53,867		Valuation adjustment of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss—current— held for trading— foreign exchange option	(175)
Chen Yi Hong	0912290160 foreign exchange option	2009.12.30~ 2010.01.20	-		Adjustment of valuation adjustment of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss—current—held for trading—foreign exchange option	155

- Note 1: The disclosure of the derivative instruments is by related party.
- Note 2: Derivative financial instruments are assessed by the fair value method. Any relevant net present value created shall be recognized as current valuation adjustment.
- Note 3: The ending balance of financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and hedging derivative assets/liabilities are shown in the balance sheet item amount column.
- k) The expense of shared assets was allocated to BOT, BTLI, BTS, and the Company as follows:

		2010		2009		
			Percentage of account		Percentage of account	
		Amount	balance	Amount	balance	
The Company	\$	5,687	0.05	4,498	0.02	
BTLI		39,303	0.32	44,226	0.15	
BTS		56,300	0.46	61,813	0.21	
Total	<u>\$</u>	101,290	0.83	110,537	0.38	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(c) Total amount of the major management's salaries and bonus

The related information about the salaries and bonus for BOT's major management in 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

		2009
	2010	
Salaries	\$ 20,922	21,062
Bonus	11,704	11,020
Business expenses	1,142	1,214

Relationship with BTLI

2. BTLI

(a) Name of related party and relationship

Name of related-party

Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd.(the Company)	Parent Company
ВОТ	100%-owned subsidiary of the Company under the equity method
BTS	100%-owned subsidiary of the Company under the equity method
Other related parties	Directors, supervisors, managers, their spouses and relatives

(b) Significant related-party transactions—Mortgage loans for real estate (in discounts and loans)

Mortgage loans for real estate for the Company and its subsidiaries' directors, supervisors, and staff and their spouses and close relatives for 2010 and 2009

	December 31, 2010		December 31, 2009	
Mortgage loans for real estate	<u>\$</u>	231,827	57,541	
Interest receivable	\$	125	44	

For the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, the annual interest rates ranged from 0.79% to 1.70% and 0.79% to 2.01%, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(c) Total amount of the major management's salaries and bonus

The related information about the salaries and bonus for BTLI's major management in 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

			2009
	2	2010	
Salaries	\$	8,955	8,766
Bonus		6,932	1,950
Business expenses		840	772

Relationship with TBS

3. BTS

(a) Name of related party and relationship

Name of related party

Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd.(the Company) BOT 100%-owned subsidiary of the Company under the equity method BTLI 100%-owned subsidiary of the Company under the equity method

(b) Total amount of the major management's salaries and bonus

The related information about the salaries and bonus for BTS's major management in 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

			2009
	2	2010	
Salaries	\$	7,763	7,272
Bonus		4,226	252
Business expenses		410	-

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

5) Total amount of the major management's salaries and bonus

The related information about the salaries and bonus for the Company and its subsidiaries' major management in 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

		2009
	2010	
Salaries	\$ 42,788	40,527
Bonus	24,802	14,869
Business expenses	8,976	5,704

(37) Pledged Assets

			Book v	alue
Pledged assets	Purpose of pledge	De	ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Available-for-sale financial assets — bonds	Guarantee deposit for provisional attachments	\$	293,300	944,900
Available-for-sale financial assets — bonds	Operating deposit for securities trading		100,000	150,000
Available-for-sale financial assets — bonds	Guarantee deposit for trust business compensation reserve		150,000	50,000
Due to Central Bank —deposits in Central Bank	Central Bank - Interbank Funds trasnfer		25,000,000	20,000,000
Held-to-maturity financial assets — Government bonds	Guarantee deposit for provisional attachment		12,200	7,200
Other assets – refundable deposit	Operating guarantee deposit		1,708,352	1,114,453
Other assets – refundable deposit	Bid guarantee deposit		-	100,000
Other assets—refundable deposits	Lease guarantee deposit		2,580	21,925
Total		\$	27,266,432	22,388,478

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note: BTS's operating guarantee deposit pledged with time deposit of BOT, and proceed paid for client, amounting to \$265,000 and \$250,000, respectively, have been offset due to related party transaction.

(38) Commitments and Contingencies

1) As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, the significant commitments of the Company and its subsidiaries were as follows:

	D	ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Trust liabilities	\$	458,952,804	427,512,415
Guarantee payable		8,095,388	5,341,296
Guarantee received		5,565,933	7,351,552
Guarantee note payable		306,530	490,802
Traveler's checks held on consignment		910,992	1,268,468
Collections for customers		43,078,676	60,460,069
Loans under custody on consignment		732,568,354	454,629,493
Book entry for government bonds under management		301,422,600	340,648,800
Depository for short-term marketable securities under management		225,014,126	109,033,863
sales of goods		2,251,450	2,023,084
Issuance of New Taiwan Dollars		1,206,905,438	1,124,848,281
Guarantee receivables		43,951,879	50,050,996
L/C receivables		35,705,957	38,357,884
Contract deposit on behalf of counter-parties		1,583,086,920	1,422,552,994
Total	\$	4,647,817,047	4,044,569,997

2) Construction in progress and significant purchase agreements:

BOT—the details of construction in progress and significant purchase agreements are as follows:

	December 31, 2010		December 31, 2009	
Name of contract	Contract amount	Amount not paid	Contract amount	Amount not paid
Construction of Nan Zih Branch	\$ 279,583	-	-	-
Construction of Yi Lan Branch	294,869	19,905	288,600	159,540
Construction of Dong Gang Branch	 119,394	6,205	114,670	62,710
Total	\$ 693,846	26,110	403,270	222,250

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

3) Operating leases

All subsidiaries have entered into operating leases for their branches. As of December 31, 2010, the minimum payments on lease contract commitments for the next five years were as follows:

Period	A	Amount	
2011.1.1~2011.12.31	\$	421,711	
2012.1.1~2012.12.31		274,813	
2013.1.1~2013.12.31		171,015	
2014.1.1~2014.12.31		78,586	
2015.1.1~2015.12.31		21,891	
	<u>\$</u>	968,016	

4) BTS had several proxy delivery agreements with certain securities companies. In accordance with these agreements, the companies have agreed to be BTS's first and second proxy. If BTS is unable to fulfill its obligations to the TSE, the proxies must then act pursuant to said obligations and responsibilities.

5) Balance sheet and details of asset management:

The preceding balance sheet, property list and income statement are disclosed in accordance with the Enforcement Rules of the Trust Enterprise Act, article 17.

Trust assets		ember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009	
Deposits				
Deposits in the BOT	\$	22,408,932	26,958,946	
Deposits in other banks		1,065,689	2,542,790	
Short-term investment				
Investment in funds		149,577,958	137,815,289	
Investment in bonds		169,169,073	160,602,367	
Common stock investment		65,198,569	55,576,372	
Receivables				
Interest receivable		1,183,260	2,040,720	
Cash dividend receivable		628	15	
Receivables from trading securities		372,842	387,657	
Prepaid expense		2,118	3,370	
Real estate				
Land		727,706	1,018,300	
Buildings		151,510	283,971	
Construction in progress		802,975	1,241,991	
Marketable securities held as custodian		48,291,544	39,040,627	
Total	\$	458,952,804	427,512,415	

Trust liabilities	December 31, 2010		December 31, 2009	
Short-term loans				
Long-term loans	\$	511,090	986,818	
Payables				
Payables from trading securities		653,417	424,105	
Other payables		112	49	
Payables from management fee		3,533	2,645	
Payables from supervision fee		335	204	
Tax payable		227	398	
Pledge securities		48,291,544	39,040,627	
Trust capital				
Money trust		338,063,497	309,051,531	
Marketable securities trust		16,616,353	17,626,986	
Real estate investment trust		11,441,091	1,727,133	
Other reserve and accumulated income				
Accumulated loss		22,826,831	31,366,725	
Foreign currency translation		(7,258,807)	12,639,631	
Deferred unrealized income		20,631,600	10,262,657	
Net income		17,171,981	4,382,906	
Total	<u>\$</u>	468,952,804	427,512,415	

Property list		December 31, Dece 2010	
Deposits			
Deposits in the BOT	\$	22,408,932	26,958,946
Deposits in other banks		1,065,689	2,542,790
Short-term investment			
Investment in funds		149,577,958	137,815,289
Investment in bonds		169,169,073	160,602,367
Common stock investment		65,198,569	55,576,372
Real estate			
Land		727,706	1,018,300
Buildings		151,510	283,971
Construction in progress		802,975	1,241,991
Pledge securities		48,291,544	39,040,627
Trust capital	<u>\$</u>	457,393,956	425,080,653
Trust income statement		2010	2009
Trust revenue:			
Interest revenue	\$	7,108,814	7,249,334
Cash dividend revenue		3,225,534	1,007,524
Realized capital gain-stock		1,009,565	14,688
Realized capital gain - funds		2,348,960	858,956
Realized capital gain – bonds		953,829	-
Unrealized capital loss – funds		-	44,099
Realized exchange gain		3,239,813	84,630
Income from beneficiary certificates		3,436	1,765
		17,889,951	9,260,996
Trust expense:			
Capital management fee		565,429	479,397
Tax expense		3,694	1,658
Supervisory fee		347	216
Storage fee		6,220	11,457
Commission fee		616	93
Realized capital loss-bond		-	4,330,088
Other expense		141,664	55,181
Income tax expense		-	515
Real estate tax		-	2,928
		717,970	4,881,533
Net income	<u>\$</u>	17,171,981	4,379,463

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(39) Significant Disaster Loss: None.

(40) Significant Subsequent Events: None.

(41) Others

1) A summary of personnel costs and depreciation, depletion, and amortization expenses, categorized by function, for the year ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, is as follows:

	2010			2009		
Function Nature	Cost of goods sold	Operating expenses	Total	Cost of goods sold	Operating expenses	Total
Personnel costs						
Salaries	-	10,653,961	10,653,961	-	10,520,654	10,520,654
Labor and health insurance	-	571,654	571,654	-	526,389	526,389
Pension	-	1,277,803	1,277,803	-	1,158,738	1,158,738
Other employment	-	190,535	190,535	-	204,813	204,813
Depreciation	28,336	958,988	987,324	23,631	948,464	972,095
Amortization	-	447,918	447,918	-	406,002	406,002

2) Cross-selling with subsidiaries

1. Cross-selling:

Please see Note 35 for further descriptions.

2. Integrate business activities:

From June 2009, the Company established marketing plans consolidating subsidiaries' distribution of channels and products to allocate resources more efficiently. Moreover, to promote sales of insurance, securities and wealth management. By promoting sales cooperation aggressively, the Company is excepting to make it more effective and efficient.

3. Cross utilization of information:

In accordance to the amendment of "Financial Holding Company Act" on January 21, 2009 and Regulations governing mutual marketing in subsidiaries" on October 21, 2009, the Company and its subsidiaries concluded and signed "Agreement of Privacy Exchange" on December 16, 2009, to cope with the change of duties in the company and to enhance the protection of privacy. The Company and its subsidiaries also signed "Agreement of Customer Privacy" on February 25, 2010 to further protect and limit inappropriate use of private details.

4. Locations and business utilities:

The company applied to government for "Location set up for operating other business" and had been approved. By 2010, the company had 154 branches, providing securities services; 157 branches and 5 simple-functioned branches, providing insurance services. They provide securities and insurances services in banks.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

5. Allocation on revenues, costs, expenses, profits and losses:

Allocation of Revenue, Cost and Expense is calculated based on the proportion of actual sales among subsidiaries.

3) Capital adequacy ratios

Unit: Thousand NTD, %

December 31, 2010				
Item Entity	Ownership interest	Eligible capital	Legal capital	
The Company	100.00	260,127,964	265,642,548	
Bank of Taiwan	100.00	176,521,653	118,922,025	
BankTaiwan Life Insurance	100.00	11,022,399	7,548,714	
BankTaiwan Securities	100.00	2,896,702	667,907	
Less: deductible item		(265,594,540)	(265,594,540)	
Subtotal		184,974,178	127,186,654	
Consolidated capital adequacy ratio			145.44	

Unit: Thousand NTD, %

December 31, 2009				
Iten Entity	Ownership interest	Eligible capital	Legal capital	
The Company	-	249,556,062	254,163,438	
Bank of Taiwan	100.00	179,926,649	121,023,652	
BankTaiwan Life Insurance	100.00	7,183,845	634,229	
BankTaiwan Securities	100.00	2,869,108	5,689,758	
Less: deductible item		(251,104,337)	(251,104,337)	
Subtotal	•	188,431,327	130,406,740	
Consolidated capital adequacy ratio			144.50	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

4) Eligible capital

Unit: Thousand NTD

	Cint. Thousand 141B	
December 31, 2010		
Item	Amount	
Common stock	90,000,000	
Additional paid-in capital	111,516,202	
Legal reserve	1,610,266	
Special reserve	4,653,557	
Accumulated profit	9,729,697	
Equity adjustments	42,667,969	
Less: goodwill	-	
Less: deferred assets	40,565	
Less: treasury stock	-	
Consolidated eligible capital	260,137,126	

Unit: Thousand NTD

December 31, 2009		
Item Amount		
Common stock	90,000,000	
Additional paid-in capital	111,494,739	
Legal reserve	732,150	
Special reserve	2,928,599	
Accumulated profit	8,790,072	
Equity adjustments	25,637,841	
Less: goodwill	-	
Less: deferred assets	27,339	
Less: treasury stock	-	
Consolidated eligible capital	239,556,062	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

5) Disclosures of total amounts or ratios with respect to credit extensions, endorsements, or other transactions undertaken by a financial holding Company and its subsidiaries for the same individual, the same related individual, or the same affiliated enterprises in accordance with Article 46 of the "Financial Holding Company Act":

Unit: Million NTD, %

December 31, 2010			
Name	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements or other transactions	% of net asset value	
The same individual			
Central Bank of the Republic of China (Taiwan)	694,691	267.01	
National Treasury Agency, Ministry of Finance, R.O.C.	277,058	106.49	
Taiwan Power Company	160,193	61.57	
Taiwan High Speed Rail Corporation	74,477	28.63	
Taichung City Government	35,361	13.59	
Taiwan Railway Administration	32,734	12.58	
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	28,910	11.11	
New Taipei City Government	26,600	10.22	
Bureua of National Health Insurance	24,600	9.46	
CPC Corporation, Taiwan	20,923	8.04	
Chi Mei Optoelectronics Corpoation	20,774	7.98	
Yunlin county Government	19,544	7.51	
China Steel Corporation	18,811	7.23	
Finance Bureau Kaohsiung City Government	17,925	6.89	
Dragon Steel Corporation	16,205	6.23	
Tainan City Government	14,700	5.65	
Hsinchu County Government	14,616	5.62	
AU Optronics Corp.	14,207	5.46	
First Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	13,793	5.30	
TaiwanBusiness Bank	13,721	5.27	
Formosa Petrochemical Corporation	13,198	5.07	
Yilan County Government	12,847	4.94	
Ginnie Mae	12,648	4.86	
Chiayi County Government	11,987	4.61	
R.S.E.A. Engineering Corporation	10,769	4.14	
Miaoli County Government	9,996	3.84	
Yang Ming Marine Transport Corp.	9,940	3.82	

December 31, 2010			
Name	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements or other transactions	% of net asset value	
Nan Ya Plastics Corproation Co., Ltd.	9,934	3.82	
EVA Airways Corporation	9,898	3.80	
Related to high speed railway construction funds	9,432	3.63	
Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.	9,344	3.59	
Promos Technologies Inc.	9,308	3.58	
Changhua County Government	9,295	3.57	
Nantou County Government	9,128	3.51	
Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	8,833	3.39	
Taoyuan County Government	8,818	3.39	
Central Deposit Insurance Corp.	8,100	3.11	
Hsinchu City Government	8,067	3.10	
Pingtung County Government	8,052	3.09	
China Airlines Ltd.	7,405	2.85	
Foxconn Technology Group	7,333	2.82	
Mega International Commercial Bank	6,345	2.44	
Mega Financial Holding Company	6,222	2.39	
Kommunalbanken	5,968	2.29	
Taiwan Water Corp.	5,957	2.29	
Fubon Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	5,935	2.28	
Shin Kong Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	5,800	2.23	
Yuanta Financial Holdings	5,609	2.16	
Freddie Mac	5,594	2.15	
Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	5,447	2.09	
Apple Inc.	5,370	2.06	
Prince Housing and Development Corp.	5,131	1.97	
KFW Bankengruppe	5,109	1.96	
Evergreen Marine Corporation	4,864	1.87	
Hualien county Government	4,851	1.86	
Export processing zone administration, MOEA	4,819	1.85	
SAC PEI TAIWAN HOLDINGS	4,725	1.82	
European Investment Bank	4,258	1.64	
Inotera Memories, Inc.	4,213	1.62	

December 31, 2010			
Name	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements or other transactions	% of net asset value	
CITIGROUP INC	4,017	1.54	
Deutsche Bank	3,969	1.53	
Municipality Finance PLC	3,817	1.47	
Fannie Mae	3,766	1.45	
Far Eastern Textile Ltd.	3,745	1.44	
Australian and New Zealand Bank	3,722	1.43	
Highwealth Construction	3,658	1.41	
China Development Financial Holdings	3,653	1.40	
Nordic Investment Bank	3,622	1.39	
Rich Development Construciton Co., Ltd.	3,416	1.31	
Inter-American Development Bank	3,378	1.30	
Uni president Entreprises Corp.	3,370	1.30	
Taiwan Mobile Co., Ltd.	3,323	1.28	
North Rhine-Westphalian Bank	3,322	1.28	
Tatung Company	3,312	1.27	
Taipei Financial Center corporation	3,304	1.27	
Chi Mei Corporation	3,290	1.26	
Export Import Bank of Korea	3,265	1.25	
Kaohsiung Rapid Transit Corp.	3,264	1.25	
Chunghwa Picture Tubes, Ltd.	3,262	1.25	
Tang-Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	3,250	1.25	
Keelung City Government	3,233	1.24	
Land Bank of Taiwan	3,159	1.21	
Nanya Technology Corporation	3,152	1.21	
Taitung County Government	3,079	1.18	
Powerchip Semiconductor Corp.	3,040	1.17	
Taishin Financial Holding	3,038	1.17	
E.SUN Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	3,007	1.16	
The same related individual			
Mr./Ms. Chen and related individual	3,723	1.43	
Mr./Ms. Kuo and related individual	3,623	1.39	
The same affiliated enterprises			

December 31, 2010			
Name	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements or other transactions	% of net asset value	
Formosa Pastic Group	54,691	21.02	
China Steel Corporation Group	43,204	16.61	
Huanan Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	30,053	11.55	
Foxconn Technology Group	30,004	11.53	
Ever green Group	19,540	7.51	
AU Optronics Corp. and its affiliates	17,834	6.85	
Fubon Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	16,708	6.42	
First Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	15,762	6.06	
Mega Financial Holding Company and its affiliates	14,913	5.73	
Cathay Financial Group	13,827	5.31	
Shin Kong Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	12,305	4.73	
Far Eastern Group	11,883	4.57	
Yang Ming Marine Transport Corp. and its affiliates	10,093	3.88	
Promos Technologies Inc.	9,308	3.58	
Uni?President Enterprises Corp. and its affiliates	9,067	3.48	
Tatung Company and its affiliates	8,852	3.40	
Chi Mei Corporation and its affilaites	8,372	3.22	
Taiwan Cement Corporation and its affiliates	7,573	2.91	
China Airlines Group	7,430	2.86	
Tainan Spinning Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	7,043	2.71	
Yuanta Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	6,576	2.53	
E United Group	5,996	2.30	
Chinatrust Financial Holding Company Group	5,948	2.29	
Yuen Foong Yu Group	5,601	2.15	
Bigrichmedia and its affiliates	5,591	2.15	
China Development Financial Holding Corporation and its affiliates	5,224	2.01	
Taishin financial Holding and its affiliates	5,050	1.94	
LEALEA GROUP	4,792	1.84	
Tai Po Development and its affiliates	4,740	1.82	
E.SUN Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	4,481	1.72	

December 31, 2010			
	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements or other	% of net asset	
Name	transactions	value	
Advanced Semiconductor Engineering Group and its affiliates	4,479	1.72	
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	4,429	1.70	
Reuntex Group and its affiliates	4,392	1.69	
Wintek Corporation and its affiliates	4,356	1.67	
Chailease Group and its affiliates	4,227	1.62	
United Microelectronics Corporation and its affiliates	4,221	1.62	
Powerchip Semiconductor Corp. and its affiliates	4,166	1.60	
Citigroup	4,151	1.60	
Highwealth Construction and its affiliates	3,658	1.41	
Compal Electronics Corporation and its affiliates	3,503	1.35	
Barclays	3,418	1.31	
Tang Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	3,410	1.31	
Ideal Bike co., Ltd. and its affiliates	3,280	1.26	
Total	2,397,322		

December 31, 2009			
Name	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements, or other transactions	% of net asset value	
The same individual			
National Treasury Agency, Ministry of Finance, R.O.C.	241,511	96.74	
Taiwan Power Company	139,776	55.99	
Taiwan High Speed Rail Corporation	44,859	17.97	
CPC Corporation, Taiwan	35,263	14.13	
Taiwan Railway Administration	32,541	13.03	
Taichung County Government	30,116	12.06	
Taipei County Government	27,903	11.18	
Central Bank of the Republic of China (Taiwan)	22,000	8.81	
Bureau of National Health Insurance	21,200	8.49	
Chi Mei Optoelectronics Corporation	19,900	7.97	
Yilan County Government	17,580	7.04	

December 31, 2009			
Name	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements, or other transactions	% of net asset value	
Yunlin County Government	17,465	7.00	
AU Optronics Corp.	16,780	6.72	
Central Deposit Insurance Corp.	16,400	6.57	
Nan Ya Plastics Corporation	15,074	6.04	
Tainan City Government	14,142	5.66	
Hsinchu County Government	13,089	5.24	
Tainan County Government	13,010	5.21	
Taiwan Water Corp.	12,940	5.18	
Freedie Mac	12,748	5.11	
Related to high speed railway construction funds	12,058	4.83	
Taoyuan County Government	11,759	4.71	
Daragon Steel Corporation	11,359	4.55	
Chiayi County Government	11,328	4.54	
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	11,052	4.43	
EVA Airways Corporation	10,687	4.28	
Nantou County Government	10,440	4.18	
Taiwan Area National Freeway Bureau, MOTC	10,200	4.09	
Yang Ming Marine Transport Corp.	10,159	4.07	
China Airlines Ltd.	10,041	4.02	
Tainwa Business Bank	9,705	3.89	
Promos Technologies Inc.	9,553	3.83	
Miaoli County Government	9,282	3.72	
Wintek Corporation	8,764	3.51	
Hsinchu City Government	8,628	3.46	
Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.	8,469	3.39	
R.S.E.A. Engineering Corporaiton	8,417	3.37	
Formosa Petrochemical Corporation	8,396	3.36	
Kaohsiung County Government	8,323	3.33	
Far Eastern Textile Ltd.	7,220	2.89	
China Steel Corporation	6,831	2.74	
Pingtung County Government	6,493	2.60	
Southern Taiwan Science Park Administration	6,310	2.53	

December 31, 2009					
Name	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements, or other transactions	% of net asset value			
Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	6,268	2.51			
Shin Kong Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	5,979	2.39			
Fannie Mae	5,953	2.38			
Formosa Plastics Corporation	5,938	2.38			
KFW Bankengruppe	5,915	2.37			
Construction and Planning Agency, Ministry of the Interior	5,900	2.36			
Kommunalbanken	5,881	2.36			
Prince Housing and Development Corp.	5,608	2.25			
Chi Mei Corporation	5,511	2.21			
Export processing zone adminstration, MOEA	5,472	2.19			
Evergreen Marine Corporation	5,413	2.17			
Central Taiwan Science Park Administration	5,150	2.06			
Inotera Memories, Inc	5,129	2.05			
Powerchip Semiconductor Corp.	5,079	2.03			
SAC PEI Taiwan Holdings	4,725	1.89			
Mega International Commercial Bank	4,569	1.83			
Asian Development Bank	4,427	1.77			
CSBC Corporation, Taiwan	4,379	1.75			
Taipei City Department of Transportation	4,286	1.72			
Hualien County Government	4,081	1.63			
Changhua County Government	4,073	1.63			
Noridc Investment Bank	4,006	1.60			
Tang Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd.	3,885	1.56			
Uni-President Enterprises Corp.	3,812	1.53			
Kaohsiung City Government	3,810	1.53			
European Investment Bank	3,631	1.45			
Nanya Technology Corporation	3,604	1.44			
Chunghwa Picture Tubes, Ltd.	3,596	1.44			
Taipei Financial Center Corporation	3,552	1.42			
Tatung Company	3,493	1.40			
Rich Development Construction Co., Ltd.	3,483	1.40			

December 31, 2009					
Name	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements, or other transactions	% of net asset value			
Taipei Public Transportation Office	3,400	1.36			
Taitung County Government	3,370	1.35			
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development	3,333	1.34			
Taiwan Asset Management Corporation	3,247	1.30			
First Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	3,242	1.30			
Polaris Securities International Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	3,237	1.30			
Taiwan Mobile Co., Ltd.	3,084	1.24			
Taichung City Government	3,053	1.22			
Chia Hsin Food and Synthetic Fiber Co., Ltd.	3,033	1.21			
The same related individual					
Mr./Ms. Liao and related individual	3,626	1.45			
Mr./Ms. Wang and related individual	4,981	2.00			
The same affiliated enterprises					
Formosa Plastic Group	57,757	23.14			
Chi Mei Corporation and its affiliates	30,680	12.29			
China Steel Corporation Group	25,602	10.26			
Ever green Group	23,179	9.28			
BenQ Group and its affiliates	19,521	7.82			
Uni-President Enterprises Corp. and its affiliates	15,681	6.28			
Yuanta Financial Holding Co., Ltd and its affiliates	13,989	5.60			
Far Eastern Group	13,923	5.58			
Shin Kong Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	12,694	5.08			
Huanan Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	12,241	4.90			
Tainan Spinning Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	10,481	4.20			
Yang Ming Marine Transport Corp. and its affiliates	10,159	4.07			
China Airlines Group	9,807	3.93			
Promos Technologies Inc. and its affiliates	9,553	3.83			
Wintek Corporation and its affiliates	9,459	3.79			
Cathay Financial Group	8,418	3.37			
Tatung Company and its affiliates	8,137	3.26			
Fubon Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	7,563	3.03			
Taiwan Cement Corporation and its affiliates	7,291	2.92			

December 31, 2009					
Name	Total amount of credit extensions, endorsements, or other transactions	% of net asset value			
Mega Financial Holding Company and its affiliates	7,068	2.83			
Powerchip Semiconductor Corp. and its affiliates	6,819	2.73			
E United Group	6,111	2.45			
First Financial Holding Co.,Ltd. and its affiliates	5,695	2.28			
Chinatrust Financial Holding Company Group	5,408	2.17			
Lealea Group	5,404	2.16			
Yuen Foong Yu Group	5,297	2.12			
Taishin Financial Holding and its affiliates	5,122	2.05			
Core Pacific Group and its affiliates	4,181	1.67			
Tang Eng Iron Works Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	4,071	1.63			
Chailease Group and its affiliates	4,020	1.61			
Ruentex Group and it affiliates	3,944	1.58			
The MiTAC-SYNNEX Group	3,866	1.55			
E.SUN Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	3,570	1.43			
Advanced Semiconductor Engineering Group and its affiliates	3,519	1.41			
Taiwan Cogeneration Corporation and its affiliates	3,507	1.40			
Chunghwa Telecom Co., Ltd. and its affiliates	3,410	1.37			
Walsin Lihwa Corp. and its affiliates	3,133	1.25			
Inventec Corporation and its affiliates	3,098	1.24			
China Development Financial Holding Corporation and its affiliates	3,045	1.22			
Total	1,560,408				

Note 1: Taiwan High Speed Rail Corporation is included.

- 2. This form discloses total amounts which reach the lower of 5% of net worth or \$3 billion with respect to credit extensions, endorsements, or other transactions undertaken by a financial holding Company and its subsidiaries for the same individual, the same related individual, or the same affiliated enterprises.
- 3. Credit extensions mean loans, discounts, overdrafts, acceptances, guarantees, and other business items designated by the central competent authority-in-charge.
- 4. Endorsements mean endorsements and guarantees of bills corporations.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 5. Other transactions mean the following transactions with the same individual, the same related individual, or the same affiliated enterprises:
 - (1) Invest or purchase securities whose issuers are these related parties.
 - (2) Purchase these related parties' real estate or other assets.
 - (3) Sell securities, real estate, or other assets to these related parties.
 - (4) Sign contracts to give money or supply labor.
 - (5) Act as an agent or broker of the financial holding company or its subsidiaries, or supply services on a commission or expenses basis.
 - (6) Conducting the above transactions with third parties that are stakeholders in these related parties, or transactions in which these related parties participate with third parties.
 - (7) The amounts of negotiable certificates issued by a bank subsidiary are not included in the calculation.
 - (8) The amounts of financial institutions' repurchase agreements are not included in the calculation.
- 6) The disclosures according to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No 28:
 - 1. Loan quality, concentration of credit risk, and policies on allowance for bad debts arising from loans and advances to customers

(a) Loan quality

			December 31, 2010				
			Amount of	Total amount of	Allowance for bad		
Type / Item		overdue loans	loans	Ratio	debt	Coverage ratio	
Enterprise Secured		3,774,613	473,494,947	0.80 %	3,424,698	90.73 %	
	Non-secured		3,045,462	1,006,570,258	0.30 %	4,515,246	148.26 %
	House mortgage		3,701,637	388,523,166	0.95 %	2,012,207	54.36 %
	Cash card		-	-	-	-	-
Consumer	Micro credit		177,289	11,175,663	1.59 %	214,308	120.88 %
finance	Others	Secured	629,450	65,048,818	0.97 %	353,492	56.16 %
		Non-secured	1,608,788	146,287,809	1.10 %	1,022,031	63.53 %
Total		12,937,239	2,091,100,661	0.62 %	11,541,982	89.22 %	
			Overdue	Account		Allowance bad	
			receivables	receivable	Ratio	debt	Cover ratio
Credit card business		3,198	1,050,171	0.30 %	7,644	239.02 %	
Factoring receivables – non-recourse		-	7,008,990	- %	21,027	-	

		•	December 31, 2009				
			Amount of	Total amount of		Allowance for bad	
Type / Item		overdue loans	loans	Ratio	debt	Coverage ratio	
Enterprise	Secured		7,939,804	396,848,583	2.00 %	3,416,979	43.04 %
	Non-secured		3,894,704	1,058,732,903	0.37 %	5,160,216	132.49 %
	House mortgage		5,405,299	387,386,494	1.40 %	2,222,364	41.11 %
	Cash card		-	-	-	-	-
Consumer	Micro credit		318,275	14,571,752	2.18 %	320,349	100.65 %
finance	Others	Secured	890,546	61,991,947	1.44 %	382,449	42.95 %
		Non-secured	2,683,875	139,215,979	1.93 %	1,351,233	50.35 %
Total	Fotal .		21,132,503	2,058,747,658	1.03 %	12,853,590	60.82 %
			Overdue	Account		Allowance bad	
			receivables	receivable	Ratio	debt	Cover ratio
Credit card business		5,730	1,134,820	0.50 %	10,635	185.60 %	
Factoring receivables — non-recourse		-	1,139,497	- %	3,418	- %	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- Note 1: For loan business: Overdue loans represent the amounts of reported overdue loans pursuant to the "Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/Non-accrual Loans" issued by the FSC. For credit card business: Overdue receivables are regulated by the Banking Bureau letter dated July 6, 2005 (Ref. No. 0944000378).
- Note 2: For loan business: NPL Ratio = NPL/Total Loans. For credit card business: Delinquency Ratio = Overdue receivables/Accounts receivable.
- Note 3: For loan business: Coverage Ratio = LLR/NPL. For credit card business: Coverage Ratio = Allowance for credit losses/Overdue receivables.
- Note 4: Household mortgage means the purpose of financing is to purchase, build, or fix up a dwelling, and the dwelling owned by the borrower, spouse, or children fully secures the loan.
- Note 5: Micro credit is regulated by the Banking Bureau letter dated December 19, 2005 (Ref. No. 09440010950)
- Note 6: Others in consumer finance refer to secured or non-secured loans excluding mortgage, cash card, micro credit, and credit card.
- Note 7: Account receivables—factoring with no recourse: As required by the Banking Bureau letter dated July 19, 2005 (Ref. No. 094000494), provision for bad debt is recognized once no compensation is received from the factoring or insurance company.
- Note 8: Account receivable of credit card business in including overdue receivable, account receivable and other receivable.
- (b) The amounts of excluded NPL and excluded overdue receivables

(Expressed in thousand of New Taiwan Dollars)

	December	r 31, 2010	December 31, 2009		
	Excluded NPL	Excluded overdue receivables	Excluded NPL	Excluded overdue receivables	
As a result of debt consultation and loans agreement	6,996	-	8,495	-	
As a result of debt solvency and restart plan	143,774	15,586	136,769	2,104	
Total	150,770	15,586	145,264	2,104	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(c) Concentration of credit extensions

Unit: Million, %

_	December 31, 20	010	
Rank (Note 1)	Group Name (Note 2)	Credit Extensions Balance (Note 3)	% of Net Asset Value
1	A Company – transportation and storage	71,971	27.66%
2	B Company – basic metal manufacturing	37,610	12.24%
3	C Company — plastic products manufacturing	31,847	16.77%
4	D Company — optoelectronic materials and components manufacturing	26,552	10.21%
5	E Company – transportation and storage	16,491	6.34%
6	F Company — optoelectronic materials and components manufacturing	19,483	7.49%
7	G Company – real estate	9,232	3.55%
8	H Company — computer and peripheral equipment manufacturing	12,659	4.87%
9	I Company — semiconductors manufacturing	8,865	3.41%
10	J Company – transportation and storage	8,721	3.35%

	December 31, 2009					
Rank	Group Name	Credit extensions balance	% of net asset value			
1	A Company – transportation and storage	42,358	16.97%			
2	B Company – plastic products manufacturing	40,356	16.17%			
3	C Company — optoelectronic materials and components manufacturing	29,453	11.80%			
4	D Company – transportation and storage	22,344	8.95%			
5	E Company – basic metal manufacturing	19,981	8.00%			
6	F Company – optoelectronic materials and components manufacturing	18,684	7.48%			
7	G Company—retail trade	13,932	5.58%			
8	H Company – financial intermediation	10,821	4.33%			
9	I Company—textiles mills	10,508	4.21%			
10	J Company—textiles mills	9,774	3.92%			

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- Note 1: Top ten borrowers (excluding government or state-owned utilities) according to total credit extensions. Arrange according to the total amount of credit extensions, please list the name of top ten corporations, not belong to government or public ones. If the creditor belongs to a group corporation, show the subtotaled amount of the group corporation, and disclose by using "Code" plus "Industry category"; if the creditor is a group corporation, disclose the category that expose most. The rule of disclosing industry category should follow Directorate-General of Budget, Accounting and Statistics' standard.
- Note 2: Groups are regulated in the Supplementary Provisions to the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation Criteria for Review of Securities Listings, Article 6.
- Note 3: Total credit extensions comprise loans (including import bills negotiated, export bills negotiated, overdrafts, short-term loans, short-term secured loans, receivables from pecuniary finance, medium-term loans, medium-term secured loans, long-term loans, long-term secured loans, and overdue receivables), exchange bills negotiated, factoring receivable without recourse, acceptances receivable, and guarantees issued.
- 2. Information on concentration of credit risk of assets, liabilities, and off-balance-sheet items: Please see note 34.
- 3. The average amount of assets and liabilities, as well as the current rate, is disclosed as follows: Subsidiary—BOT

	December 31, 2010		December 31, 2009	
		Average interest		Average interest
	Average	rate (%)	Average	rate (%)
Interest-earnings assets:				
Call loans and placement with banks	\$ 107,209,206	0.71	158,243,672	1.25
Placement with Central Bank	514,699,202	0.69	1,125,584,864	0.72
Financial assets	797,347,272	0.98	163,700,926	2.44
Negotiation, discounts and total loans	2,048,534,841	1.59	1,980,430,190	1.68
Interest-bearing liabilities:				
Deposit of Central Bank	13,854,500	-	10,502,497	-
Deposits and call loans from banks	156,353,505	0.49	185,364,481	0.51
Demand deposit	241,623,875	0.09	217,120,068	0.10
Demand savings	620,031,773	0.62	608,085,352	0.64
Time savings	1,541,974,187	1.58	1,506,283,864	1.84
Time deposits	622,873,001	0.83	618,302,478	1.25
Government deposits	213,161,202	0.26	219,369,234	0.34

Note: Average is calculated by daily average of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities from January to current month.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

4. Ratios of interest-rate-sensitive assets to liabilities and of interest-rate-sensitive spread to net equity

Balance sheet interest rate sensitivity – for NTD

Subsidiary - BOT

December 31, 2010

Unit: Thousand NTD, %

		1~90 days	91~180 days	181 days to one year	Total
Interest-rate-sensitive assets	\$	1,640,441,260	1,176,812,684	159,064,535	2,976,318,479
Interest-rate-sensitive liabilities		225,920,966	2,521,028,612	227,977,058	2,974,926,636
Interest rate sensitivity gap		1,414,520,294	(1,344,215,928)	(68,912,523)	1,391,843
Net worth	251,335,947				
Ratio of interest-rate-sensitive assets to liab	100.05				
Ratio of interest rate sensitivity gap to net v	worth				0.55

December 31, 2009

		1~90 days	91~180 days	181 days to one year	Total
Interest-rate-sensitive assets	\$	1,649,857,006	1,177,829,812	113,479,353	2,941,166,171
Interest-rate-sensitive liabilities		363,226,669	2,384,891,335	223,120,808	2,971,238,812
Interest rate sensitivity gap		1,286,630,337	(1,207,061,523)	(109,641,455)	(30,072,641)
Net worth					242,387,244
Ratio of interest-rate-sensitive assets to liability	98.99				
Ratio of interest rate sensitivity gap to net wor	th				(12.41)

- Note 1: The above amounts include only New Taiwan Dollar amounts held by the Bank subsidiary's onshore branches (i.e., excluding foreign currency).
- Note 2: Interest-rate-sensitive assets and liabilities refer to the revenues or costs of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities which are affected by interest rate changes.
- Note 3: Interest rate sensitivity gap = Interest-rate-sensitive assets Interest-rate-sensitive liabilities.
- Note 4: Ratio of interest-rate-sensitive assets to liabilities = Interest-rate-sensitive assets/Interest-rate-sensitive liabilities (only interest-rate-sensitive assets and liabilities within one year, in New Taiwan Dollars).
- Note 5: Ratio of interest rate sensitivity gap to net value = Interest rate sensitivity gap / net value.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Balance sheet interest rate sensitivity – for USD

Subsidiary - BOT

December 31, 2010

Unit: Thousand USD, %

		1~90 days	91~180 days	181 days to one year	Over one year	Total
Interest-rate-sensitive assets	\$	16,141,921	4,868,370	1,424,550	988,609	23,423,450
Interest-rate-sensitive liabilities		17,457,697	4,214,828	1,290,154	140,827	23,103,506
Interest rate sensitivity gap		(1,315,776)	653,542	134,396	847,782	319,944
Net worth						14,686
Ratio of interest-rate-sensitive assets to liabilities						101.38
Ratio of interest rate sen	sitiv	ity gap to net wort	h			2,178.56

December 31, 2009

	1~90 days	91~180 days	181 days to one year	Over one year	Total
Interest-rate-sensitive assets	\$ 13,795,679	2,977,295	2,019,735	623,257	19,415,966
Interest-rate-sensitive liabilities	14,548,326	3,274,131	1,566,794	64,430	19,453,681
Interest rate sensitivity gap	(752,647)	(296,836)	452,941	558,827	(37,715)
Net worth	(35,154)				
Ratio of interest-rate-sen	99.81				
Ratio of interest rate sens	sitivity gap to net wo	rth			107.29

- Note 1: The above amounts include only U.S. Dollar amounts held by the onshore branches, OBU, and offshore branches of the Bank and exclude contingent assets and contingent liabilities.
- Note 2: Interest-rate-sensitive assets and liabilities refer to the revenues or costs of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities which are affected by interest rate changes.
- Note 3: Interest rate sensitivity gap = Interest-rate-sensitive assets Interest-rate-sensitive liabilities.
- Note 4: Ratio of interest-rate-sensitive assets to liabilities = Interest-rate-sensitive assets/Interest-rate-sensitive liabilities (only interest-rate-sensitive assets and liabilities within 180 days, in U.S. Dollars).
- Note 5: Ratio of interest rate sensitivity gap to net value = interest rate sensitivity gap / net value.

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TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

5. Profitability

(a) The Company

Unit: %

I	tem	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Return on total assets	Before income tax	2.80	3.61
	After income tax	2.81	3.62
Return on net worth	Before income tax	2.89	3.68
	After income tax	2.91	3.69
Profit margin	•	98.91	99.14

(b) The company and subsidiaries

Unit: %

I	tem	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Return on total assets	Before income tax	0.19	0.22
	After income tax	0.18	0.22
Return on net worth	Before income tax	3.09	3.65
	After income tax	2.91	3.69
Profit margin		8.49	8.19

(c) Subsidiary-BOT

Unit: %

It	em	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Return on total assets	Before income tax	0.20	0.23
	After income tax	0.18	0.22
Return on net worth	Before income tax	3.18	3.70
	After income tax	2.88	3.52
Profit margin		27.76	27.18

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TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(d) Subsidiary-BTLI

Unit: %

I	tem	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Return on total assets	Before income tax	0.02	0.00
	After income tax	0.12	0.24
Return on net worth	Before income tax	0.69	0.08
	After income tax	3.59	15.62
Profit margin		0.69	1.23

(e) Subsidiary-BTS

Unit: %

Item		December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009	
Return on total assets	Before income tax	3.54	4.18	
	After income tax	2.84	3.57	
Return on net worth	Before income tax	4.62	6.02	
	After income tax	3.71	5.14	
Profit margin		22.09	28.00	

- Note 1: Return on total assets = Income before (after) income tax/Average total assets.
- Note 2: Return on net worth = Income before (after) income tax/Average net worth.
- Note 3: Profit margin = Income after income tax/Total operating revenues.
- Note 4: Income before (after) income tax is the income in the first months accumulated to the current quarter.

6. Major foreign currency position, net

Subsidiary-BOT

(expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

D	ecember 31, 201	10	December 31, 2009				
Currency	Amount in functional currency	Amount in New Taiwan Dollars	Currency	Amount in functional currency	Amount in New Taiwan Dollars		
USD	394,267	11,630,877	USD	3,017,016	1,049,922		
JPY	3,016,498	1,092,576	JPY	30,912	994,625		
GBP	18,756	854,355	GBP	18,407	952,301		
CNY	153,948	687,594	CNY	113,771	536,191		
SGD	15,763	360,528	SGD	15,099	346,128		

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1: The major foreign currencies are the top five amounts after all functional currencies are converted to New Taiwan Dollars.

Note 2: The major foreign currency net position is the absolute value of each foreign currency net position.

7. Duration analysis of assets and liabilities

Term Structure Analysis of NTD-denominated Assets and Liabilities

Subsidiary-BOT

December 31, 2010

Unit: Thousand NTD

		Amount for each remaining period to maturity				
	Total	Day 1 to day 30	Day 31 to day 90	Day 91 to day 180	Day 181 to 1 year	Over 1 year
Main capital inflow on maturity	\$ 3,759,621,399	889,994,289	578,316,017	348,684,135	231,059,106	1,711,567,852
Main capital outflow on maturity	4,290,523,630	544,127,505	495,347,238	543,412,244	1,019,809,738	1,687,826,905
Interval gap	(530,902,231)	345,866,784	82,968,779	(194,728,109)	(788,750,632)	23,740,947

December 31, 2009

		Amount for each remaining period to maturity					
	Total	Day 1 to day 30	Day 31 to day 90	Day 91 to day 180	Day 181 to 1 year	Over 1 year	
Main capital inflow on maturity	\$ 3,708,126,774	740,472,473	486,333,797	282,170,650	273,016,215	1,926,133,639	
Main capital outflow on maturity	4,283,223,732	503,243,869	494,657,653	493,963,038	1,112,494,845	1,678,864,327	
Interval gap	(575,096,958)	237,228,604	(8,323,856)	(211,792,388)	(839,478,630)	247,269,312	

Note: The table includes only assets and liabilities denominated in NTD held in head office and domestic and overseas branches; assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are excluded.

Term Structure Analysis of USD-denominated Assets and Liabilities

 $Subsidiary\!-\!BOT$

December 31, 2010

Unit: Thousand USD

			Amount for each remaining period to maturity				
	Total	Day 1 to day 30	Day 31 to day 90	Day 91 to day 180	Day 181 to 1 year	Over 1 year	
Main capital inflow on maturity	\$ 20,312,625	7,119,199	5,938,070	4,382,325	1,350,149	1,522,882	
Main capital outflow on maturity	19,907,610	11,254,352	4,469,203	2,302,642	1,271,577	609,836	
Interval gap	405,015	(4,135,153)	1,468,867	2,079,683	78,572	913,046	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2009

		Amount for each remaining period to maturity				
	Total	Day 1 to day 30	Day 31 to day 90	Day 91 to day 181	Day 181 to 1 year	Over 1 year
Main capital inflow on maturity	\$ 16,390,375	6,302,312	4,369,693	2,635,455	1,962,368	1,120,547
Main capital outflow on maturity	16,351,558	10,122,855	2,506,197	1,776,354	1,553,742	392,410
Interval gap	38,817	(3,820,543)	1,863,496	859,101	408,626	728,137

Note 1: The above amounts are book values of the assets and liabilities of the onshore branches and offshore banking unit of the subsidiary BOT in U.S. dollars, without off-balance-sheet amounts (for example, the issuance of negotiable certificates of deposits, bonds or stocks).

Note 2: If the overseas assets are at least 10% of the total assets, there should be additional disclosures.

- 8. The trade information about stakeholders who are borrowers, guarantors or collateral providers
 - (a) Name and relationship of the related party: Please see note 36. The credit part shows the stakeholders in accordance with "The Banking Act of the Republic of China", Article 33-1.
 - (b) Significant transactions with related party:

a) Loans: Please see note 36

b) Guarantee payment: none.

c) Transactions involving derivative financial instruments: none.

d) Transactions involving selling non-performing loans: none.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

7) Financial information classified by business type

For the year ended December 31, 2010

Unit: thousand NTD

Businesses	Banking	Insurance	Securities	0.1	iit. tiiousaiiu NTL
Items	business	business	business	Other business	Total
Net interest income	20,361,186	5,975,687	96,904	(676)	26,433,101
Net non-interest income	18,246,403	42,373,608	444,754	(3,443)	61,061,322
Net revenues	38,607,589	48,349,295	541,658	(4,119)	87,494,423
Bad debt expense	376,029	(1,429)	(65)	-	374,535
Provision for insurance reserves	14,138,445	46,610,579	-	-	60,749,024
Operating expense	17,285,334	766,841	326,429	109,262	18,487,866
Net income before cumulative effect of changes in accounting principle and income tax	6,807,781	973,304	215,294	(113,381)	7,882,998
Income tax expense	741,838	(263,147)	29,506	(49,319)	458,878
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principle	-	-	-	-	-
Net income	6,065,943	1,236,451	185,788	(64,062)	7,424,120

For the year ended December 31, 2009

Unit: thousand NTD

Businesses Items	Banking business	Insurance business	Securities business	Other business	Total
Net interest income	16,899,746	4,706,298	70,281	-	21,676,325
Net non-interest income	46,572,241	38,526,145	503,654	(2,054)	85,599,986
Net revenues	63,471,987	43,232,443	573,935	(2,054)	107,276,311
Net revenues	4,434,016	(1,272)	(1,367)	-	4,431,377
Provision for insurance reserves	34,251,029	42,091,452	-	-	76,342,481
Operating expense	17,012,243	399,018	325,916	79,898	17,817,075
Net income before cumulative effect of changes in accounting principle and income tax	7,774,699	743,245	249,386	(81,952)	8,685,378
Income tax expense	421,927	(521,012)	27,353	(24,053)	(95,785)
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principle	-	-	-	-	-
Net income	7,352,772	1,264,257	222,033	(57,899)	8,781,163

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TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 8) The balance sheets and statements of income of government employees insurance department of BOT
 - 1. Balance sheets

	Government employees insurance department			
	December 31, 2010		December 31, 2009	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	16,895,308	10,874,978	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		64,574,377	70,554,036	
Receivables, net		19,293,627	15,440,900	
Held-to-maturity financial assets, net		53,631,156	36,974,557	
Fixed assets		7,493	9,123	
Intangible assets		1,254	2,111	
Other assets, net		20,126,389	26,550,512	
Total assets	\$	174,529,604	160,406,217	
Payables		31,978	47,046	
Other liabilities		174,497,626	160,359,171	
Total liabilities		174,529,604	160,406,217	
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$	174,529,604	160,406,217	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Statements of income

	Government employees insurance department		
	2010	2009	
Net interest income	\$ 1,060,828	1,069,982	
Non-interest income, net			
Service fee expenses	128,967	5,266	
Gain (loss) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	7,014,054	21,345,926	
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(4,207,957)	172,682	
Other non-interest income	 (3,864,742)	(22,462,168)	
Net revenue	 131,150	131,688	
Bad debt expense	 -	730	
Operating expense			
Personnel expense	115,149	113,963	
Depreciation and amortization expense	3,454	3,424	
Other business and administrative expense	 12,547	13,571	
	131,150	130,958	
Net income	\$ -	<u>-</u>	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

9) Financial Statement of Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD.

Balance Sheet

December 31, 2010 and 2009 (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009	Percentage change (%)
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 37,114	1,406,943	(97)
Receivables, net	429,193	135	317,821
Investments under equity method, net	265,594,540	251,166,051	6
Fixed assets, net	7,854	7,757	1
Intangible assets	45	59	(24)
Other assets, net	5,793,134	3,078,567	88
Total Assets	<u>\$ 271,861,880</u>	255,659,512	6
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity			
Other loans	5,600,000	2,000,000	180
Payables	418,005	17,803	2,248
Accrued pension liabilities	45,206	41,396	9
Other liabilities	5,620,978	3,955,198	42
Total liabilities	11,684,189	6,014,397	94
Stockholders' equity			
Common stock	90,000,000	90,000,000	-
Additional paid-in capital	111,516,202	111,494,739	-
Retained earnings:			
Legal reserve	1,610,266	732,150	120
Special reserve	4,653,557	2,928,599	59
Unappropriated earnings	9,729,697	8,851,786	10
	15,993,520	12,512,535	28
Equity adjustments:			
Unrealized increments on revaluation	15,116,171	16,639,974	(9)
Cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment	(465,473)	(128,524)	262
Unrealized gain on financial instruments	28,019,454		46
Net loss not recognized as pension cost	(2,183)		-
	42,667,969	35,637,841	20
Total stockholders' equity	260,177,691	249,645,115	4
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	<u>\$ 271,861,880</u>		6

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD.

Statement of Income

For the years December 31, 2010 and 2009 (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2010	2009	Percentage change (%)
Revenues:			
Income from equity investments under equity method	7,530,624	8,860,946	(15)
Other gains	3,083	4,086	(25)
	7,533,707	8,865,032	(15)
Expenses:			
Operating expenses	131,247	99,960	31
Other expenses and losses	27,659	7,962	247
	158,906	107,922	47
Income before income tax	7,374,801	8,757,110	(16)
Income tax benefits	(49,319)	(24,053)	(105)
Net income	<u>\$ 7,424,120</u>	8,781,163	(15)
	Before After income tax tax	Before income tax	After income tax
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.82 0.82	2 0.97	0.98

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD.

Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

For the years December 31, 2010 and 2009 (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Balance as of January 1, 2009

Net income for the year December 31, 2009

Appropriation of retained earnings:

Legal reserve

Special reserve

Cash dividends for government

Additional paid-in capital from investee company

Change in unrealized increments on revaluation

Change in unrealized gain (loss) on financial instruments

Change in cumulative foreign currency translation adjustments

Balance as of December 31, 2009

Net income for the year December 31, 2010

Appropriation of retained earnings:

Legal reserve

Special reserve

Cash divideds for government

Special reserve reversal

Additional paid-in capital from investee company

Change in unrealized increments on revaluation

Change in unrealized gain (loss) on financial instruments

Change in cumulative foreign currency translation adjustments

Net loss not recognized as pension cost

Balance as of December 31, 2010

Cumulative for

Co	mmon stock	Additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Inappropriated retained earnings		Net loss not recognized as pension cost	Unrealized gain (loss) on financial instruments	Unrealized increments on revaluation	Total
\$	90,000,000	111,495,264	-	-	7,321,499	(155,274)	-	573,492	16,930,538	226,165,519
	-	-	-	-	8,781,163	-	-	-	-	8,781,163
	-	-	732,150	-	(732,150)	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	2,928,599	(2,928,599)	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	(3,590,127)	-	-	-	-	(3,590,127)
	-	(525)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(525)
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(290,564)	(290,564)
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,552,899	-	18,552,899
	-	-	-	-	-	26,750	-	_	-	26,750
	90,000,000	111,494,739	732,150	2,928,599	8,851,786	(128,524)	-	19,126,391	16,639,974	249,645,115
	-	-	-	-	7,424,120	-	-	-	-	7,424,120
	-	-	878,116	-	(878,116)	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	3,512,466	(3,512,466)	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	(3,943,135)	-	-	-	-	(3,943,135)
	-	-	-	(1,787,508)	1,787,508	-	-	-	-	-
	-	21,463	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,463
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,523,803)	(1,523,803)
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,893,063	-	8,893,063
	-	-	-	-	-	(336,949)	-	-	-	(336,949)
	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>		(2,183)		-	(2,183)
\$	90,000,000	111,516,202	1,610,266	4,653,557	9,729,697	(465,473)	(2,183)	28,019,454	15,116,171	260,177,691

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the years December 31, 2010 and 2009 (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2010	2009
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	\$	7,424,120	8,781,163
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization		1,732	1,288
Cash dividends received in excess of gains on equity investments recognized under the			
equity method		(1,711,036)	(4,701,231)
Increase in receivables		(429,058)	(2)
Increase in deferred income tax		(22,389)	(24,053)
Increase in other assets		(2,309)	(2,686)
Increase in payables		400,202	14,896
Increase in accrued pension liabilities		4,676	8,034
Net cash provided by operating activities		5,665,938	4,077,409
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Increase in long-term investments under equity method		(4,000,000)	(2,000,000)
Increase in fixed assets		(1,815)	(3,764)
Increase in refundable deposits		(143)	(2,594)
Increase in intangible assets			(52)
Net cash used in investing activities		(4,001,958)	(2,006,410)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Increase in short-term loans		3,600,000	2,000,000
(Decrease) increase in guarantee deposits received		(82)	97
Prepaid dividends		(6,633,727)	(3,012,708)
Net cash used in financing activities		(3,033,809)	(1,012,611)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(1,369,829)	1,058,388
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,406,943	348,555
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	37,114	1,406,943
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:			
Interest paid	\$	26,858	7,287
Income tax paid	\$	51	69
Financial and investing activities not affecting cash:			
Unrealized increments on revaluation	\$	(1,523,803)	(290,564)
Cumulative foreign currency translation adjustments	\$	(336,949)	26,750
Unrealized loss on financial instruments	\$	8,893,063	18,552,899
Net loss not recognized as pension cost	<u>\$</u>	(2,183)	<u> </u>
Capital reserve	<u>\$</u>	21,463	(525)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

10) Subsidiaries' condensed consolidated balance sheets and statements of income

1. Condensed balance sheets

		ВО	T
	Ι	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	44,476,364	39,011,428
Due from Central Bank and call loans to banks		518,166,823	1,248,000,974
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		99,875,033	92,123,443
Bonds and bills purchased under resell agreements		600,294	368,349
Receivables, net		84,272,586	91,299,622
Discounts and loans, net		2,079,558,679	2,045,894,068
Available-for-sale financial assets, net		837,360,582	142,009,713
Held-to-maturity financial assets, net		54,207,507	37,859,403
Investments under equity method, net		31,330,008	29,815,276
Other financial assets, net		69,201,006	68,496,647
Fixed assets		76,596,999	78,474,877
Intangible assets		969,574	1,107,496
Other assets, net		18,607,244	16,590,347
Total assets	\$	3,915,222,699	3,891,051,643
Due to Central Bank and other banks	\$	207,612,937	204,950,860
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		18,985,604	4,535,308
Bonds and bills sold under repurchase agreements		9,429,373	5,486,934
Payables		38,951,861	58,502,675
Deposits and remittances		3,185,931,012	3,189,671,973
Accrued pension liability		3,389,155	2,695,402
Other financial liabilities		1,048,528	1,511,328
Other liabilities		198,325,665	183,127,172
Total liabilities		3,663,674,135	3,650,481,652
Common stock		70,000,000	45,000,000
Additional paid-in capital		105,581,440	110,062,555
Retained earnings		32,923,858	50,427,139
Others		43,043,266	35,080,297
Total stockholders' equity		251,548,564	240,569,991
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$	3,915,222,699	3,891,051,643

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

		BTLI		
	D	ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009	
Current assets	\$	109,554,809	105,514,859	
Loans		9,839,161	9,237,637	
Funds and investments		161,083,772	117,513,412	
Fixed assets		899,336	913,162	
Intangible assets		225,761	210,152	
Other assets, net		9,412,629	8,033,874	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	291,015,468	241,423,096	
Current liabilities	\$	31,869,071	33,127,380	
Long-term liabilities		307,528	257,522	
Reserve for operations and other liabilities		241,010,090	194,669,790	
Other liabilities		7,010,376	6,001,742	
Total liabilities		280,197,065	234,056,434	
Common stock		11,000,000	7,000,000	
Capital surplus		362,579	360,000	
Accumulated deficit		(89,017)	(415,086)	
Other stockholders' equity		(455,159)	421,748	
Total stockholders' equity		10,818,403	7,366,662	
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	<u>\$</u>	291,015,468	241,423,096	

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TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

		BT	\mathbf{S}
	De	cember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Current assets	\$	3,920,361	2,942,137
Fixed assets		253,323	256,002
Intangible assets		2,784	4,044
Other assets, net		516,336	518,448
Net brokering accounts—debit		-	22,487
Total assets	\$	4,692,804	3,743,118
Current liabilities	\$	1,202,272	303,067
Other liabilities		227,182	210,654
Net brokering accounts—credit		35,777	
Total liabilities		1,465,231	513,721
Common stock		3,000,000	3,000,000
Non-appropriated surplus		147,710	93,602
Unrealized incremental value from revaluation		89,070	89,070
Unrealized gain on financial instrument		(9,207)	46,725
Total stockholders' equity		3,227,573	3,229,397
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$	4,692,804	3,743,118

2. Condensed income statements

		ВОТ		
	2010		2009	
Net interest income	\$ 20,20	59,138	16,803,150	
Non-interest income, net	5,25	56,978	13,284,694	
Net revenue	25,52	26,116	30,087,844	
Credit provisions	3′	76,029	4,434,016	
Operating expenses	17,32	23,324	17,055,496	
Income before tax	7,82	26,763	8,598,338	
Income after tax	7,08	84,925	8,176,411	
EPS—before tax (dollars)		1.12	1.91	
EPS—after tax (dollars)		1.01	1.82	

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TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

	BTLI		
		2010	2009
Operating revenues	\$	87,718,449	61,981,683
Operating costs		86,532,682	61,472,919
Gross Profit		1,185,767	508,764
Operating expenses		805,488	728,821
Operating losses		380,279	(220,057)
Non-operating revenue		48,524	827,167
Non-operating expenses		365,881	604,281
Income before tax		62,922	2,829
Income after tax		326,069	523,841
EPS – before tax (dollars)		0.07	-
EPS – after tax (dollars)		0.36	0.87
		BTS	
		2010	2009
Revenue	\$	632,248	634,485
Expenses		483,112	446,438
Income before tax		149,136	188,047
Income after tax		119,630	160,694
EPS—before tax (dollars)		0.50	0.63
EPS – after tax (dollars)		0.40	0.54

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

11) Government audit adjustments for Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

The Company and its subsidiaries' accounting records as of and for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, has been audited by the MoA. The revised items have been adjusted to the beginning balance of financial statements as of and for the year ended 2010 and 2009. The revised items adjusted by the MoA are as follows:

December 31, 2009

Balance sheet	As audited by auditorsDecemb er 31, 2009		Adjustments —Increase (decrease)	As audited by the MoA, December 31, 2009	
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	72,498,558	(5)	72,498,553	
Receivables, net		95,050,125	(201,678)	94,848,447	
Other assets		18,498,045	243,231	18,741,276	
Liabilities					
Payable		91,773,529	(30,031)	91,743,498	
Stockholders' equity					
Unappropriated retained earnings		8,790,072	61,714	8,851,786	
	As	audited by	A 3	As audited by	
Income statement	De	auditors ecember 31, 2009	Adjustments — Increase (decrease)	the MoA, December 31, 2009	
Income statement Interest income	D €	ecember 31,	-Increase	December 31,	
		ecember 31, 2009	-Increase (decrease)	December 31, 2009	
Interest income Net income on service charges and		ecember 31, 2009 54,199,940	-Increase (decrease) (2,055)	December 31, 2009 54,197,885	
Interest income Net income on service charges and commissions Gains (losses) on available-for-sale		54,199,940 3,216,707	-Increase (decrease) (2,055) 78,701	December 31, 2009 54,197,885 3,295,408	
Interest income Net income on service charges and commissions Gains (losses) on available-for-sale financial assets		54,199,940 3,216,707 5,644,487	-Increase (decrease) (2,055) 78,701 (148,685)	December 31, 2009 54,197,885 3,295,408 5,495,802	
Interest income Net income on service charges and commissions Gains (losses) on available-for-sale financial assets Foreign exchange gains (losses) Other business and administrative		54,199,940 3,216,707 5,644,487 1,564,396	-Increase (decrease) (2,055) 78,701 (148,685)	December 31, 2009 54,197,885 3,295,408 5,495,802 1,564,423	
Interest income Net income on service charges and commissions Gains (losses) on available-for-sale financial assets Foreign exchange gains (losses) Other business and administrative expenses		54,199,940 3,216,707 5,644,487 1,564,396 4,530,883	-Increase (decrease) (2,055) 78,701 (148,685) 27 (284,529)	December 31, 2009 54,197,885 3,295,408 5,495,802 1,564,423 4,246,354	
Interest income Net income on service charges and commissions Gains (losses) on available-for-sale financial assets Foreign exchange gains (losses) Other business and administrative expenses Income before income taxes		54,199,940 3,216,707 5,644,487 1,564,396 4,530,883 8,685,253	-Increase (decrease) (2,055) 78,701 (148,685) 27 (284,529)	December 31, 2009 54,197,885 3,295,408 5,495,802 1,564,423 4,246,354 8,685,378	

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TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

December 31, 2008

Balance sheet	aud	s audited by litorsDecemb er 31, 2008	Adjustments —Increase (decrease)	As audited by the MoA, December 31, 2008
Assets				
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, net	\$	78,655,609	(564)	78,655,045
Receivables, net		105,651,162	321,882	105,973,044
Other assets		18,313,928	(15,356)	18,298,572
Liabilities				
Payable		97,379,549	121,479	97,501,028
Other liabilities		25,416,064	(13,070)	25,402,994
Stockholders' equity				
Unappropriated retained earnings		7,123,945	197,554	7,321,499
Income statement		s audited by auditors ecember 31, 2008	Adjustments — Increase (decrease)	As audited by the MoA, December 31, 2008
Interest income	\$	91,627,406	(3,418)	91,623,988
Interest expense		63,669,076	(893,022)	62,776,054
Net income on service charges and commissions		3,448,857	249	3,449,106
Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(16,583,003)	(984,779)	(17,567,782)
Foreign exchange gains (losses)		2,832,927	996,366	3,829,293
Other net non-interest income (losses)		12,496,089	(1,226,864)	11,269,225
Other business and administrative expenses		5,243,555	(62,303)	5,181,252
Income before income taxes		6,996,786	(557)	6,996,229
Income tax benefits		(127,159)	(198,111)	(325,270)
Net income		7,123,945	197,554	7,321,499

12) Significant effect of foreign currency assets and liabilities is summarized as follows:

1. BOT

	Dec Currency (thousand)	ember 31, 2010 Exchange rate	NT	Dec Currency (thousand)	ember 31, 2009 Exchange rate	NT
Financial assets:						
Monetary						
items						
USD	9,001,651	29.5000	265,548,705	4,768,476	32.1760	153,430,484
HKD	7,666,903	3.7900	29,057,562	6,839,068	4.1490	28,375,293
MYR	2,495	9.5624	23,858	3,270	9.3972	30,729
GBP	497,898	45.5510	22,679,752	380,131	51.7358	19,666,381
AUD	598,990	30.0281	17,986,532	79,591	28.8715	2,297,912
CAD	6,330	29.5118	186,810	14,192	30.5856	434,071
SGD	1,180,280	22.8718	26,995,128	1,151,636	22.9239	26,399,989
CHF	4,738	31.5339	149,408	5,912	31.0789	183,738
JPY	109,938,180	0.3622	39,819,609	89,914,344	0.3480	31,290,192
ZAR	1,160,947	4.4426	5,157,623	665,084	4.3452	2,889,923
SEK	4,296	4.3671	18,761	8,713	4.3425	37,836
NZD	9,652	22.7593	219,673	6,445	23.3437	150,450
THB	156,570	0.9788	153,251	339,752	0.9645	327,691
PHP	16,641	0.6733	11,204	26,990	0.6957	18,777
IDR	2,399,609	0.0033	7,919	3,908,982	0.0034	13,291
EUR	431,135	39.2468	16,920,669	409,502	46.2305	18,931,482
KRW	5,058,219	0.0261	132,020	7,159,676	0.0275	196,891
CNY	163,159	4.4664	728,733	233,330	4.7129	1,099,661
VND	5,095,010	0.0015	7,643	9,858,460	0.0017	16,759
Non-monetary items						
USD	40	29.5000	1,180	6,881	32.1760	221,403
HKD	3,018	3.7900	11,438	6,350	4.1490	26,346
MYR	-	9.5624	-	42	9.3972	395
GBP	96	45.5510	4,373	41	51.7358	2,121
CAD	-	29.5118	-	286	30.5856	8,747
SGD	377	22.8718	8,623	123	22.9239	2,820
CHF	-	31.5339	-	17,652	31.0789	548,605
JPY	26,091	0.3622	9,450	18,272	0.3480	6,359
ZAR	1,773	4.4426	7,877	673	4.3452	2,924
VND	-	0.0015	-	88	0.0017	-

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TAIWAN FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

	December 31, 2010			December 31, 2009			
	Currency	Exchange		Currency	Exchange		
	(thousand)	rate	NT	(thousand)	rate	NT	
Financial liabilities:							
Monetary items							
USD	11,365,118	29.5000	335,270,981	14,316,354	32.1760	460,643,003	
HKD	7,641,054	3.7900	28,959,595	93,423,562	4.1490	387,614,360	
MYR	7	9.5624	67	9	9.3972	85	
GBP	557,311	45.5510	25,386,073	424,727	51.7358	21,973,591	
AUD	644,740	30.0281	19,360,317	688,841	28.8715	19,887,873	
CAD	120,570	29.5118	3,558,238	80,453	30.5856	2,460,703	
SGD	1,123,231	22.8718	25,690,315	10,871,845	22.9239	249,225,092	
CHF	10,486	31.5339	330,664	11,485	31.0789	356,941	
JPY	87,692,863	0.3622	31,762,355	91,715,119	0.3480	31,916,861	
ZAR	6,619,409	4.4426	29,407,386	8,261,207	4.3452	35,896,597	
SEK	22,206	4.3671	96,976	46,782	4.3425	203,151	
NZD	580,654	22.7593	13,215,279	716,558	23.3437	16,727,115	
THB	18	0.9788	18	3	0.9645	3	
EUR	409,932	39.2468	16,088,519	364,506	46.2305	16,851,295	
CNY	9,211	4.4664	41,140	2,894	4.7129	13,639	

2. BTLI

	December 31, 2010			December 31, 2009			
	Currency (thousand)	Exchange rate	NT	Currency (thousand)	Exchange rate	NT	
Financial assets:							
Monetary items							
AUD	163,403	30.0281	4,906,681	29,532	28.8715	852,630	
CAD	25,318	29.5118	747,175	-	-	-	
EUR	68,256	39.2468	2,678,827	89,864	46.2305	4,154,449	
HKD	92,402	3.9700	350,205	508	4.1490	2,107	
JPY	300	0.3622	109	300	0.3480	104	
NZD	2,287	22.7593	52,055	2,075	23.3437	48,437	
USD	2,606,461	29.5000	76,890,586	1,825,044	32.1760	852,595	
Financial liabilities:							
Monetary items							
USD	105,365	29.5000	3,108,280	-	-	-	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(42) Notes to Disclosure Items

- 1) Information on significant transactions:
 - 3. Information regarding long-term equity investment for which the purchase or sale amount for the period exceeded \$300 million or 10% of the Company and its subsidiaries' capital: none.
 - 4. Information on the acquisition of real estate for which the purchase amount exceeded \$300 million or 10% of the Company and its subsidiaries' capital: none.
 - 5. Information on the disposal of real estate for which the sale amount exceeded \$300 million or 10% of the Company and its subsidiaries' capital: none.
 - 6. Information regarding discounted processing fees on transactions with related parties for which the amount exceeded \$5 million: none.
 - 7. Information regarding receivables from related parties for which the amount exceeded \$300 million or 10% of the Company and its subsidiaries' capital: none.
 - 8. Information regarding selling non-performing loans: none.
 - 9. Approved securitization instrument types and related information according to "asset-backed securitization" or "mortgage-backed securitization": none.
 - 10. Other material transaction items which were significant to people who use the information in the financial statements: none.
- 2) Information on long term investments:
 - 1. Information on investees' names, locations, etc.:

					Gain (loss)	Consolidated Information				
Name	Location	Main operations	Percentage of shares	Invested amount	on investment	Number of shares	Pro- forma shares	Number of shares	Percentage of shares	Remarks
Co., Ltd.	No.120, Section 1, Chongchin g South Road, Taipei City	Operation of banks	100.00 %	251,548,564	7,084,925	7,000,000,000	-	7,000,000,000	100.00 %	Note 4
Insurance Co. Ltd.	6th floor, No.69, Section 2, Dunhua South Road, Taipei City	Life insurance	100.00 %	10,818,403	326,069	1,100,000,000	-	1,100,000,000	100.00 %	Note 4
Securities Co. Ltd.	,	Securities	100.00 %	3,227,573	119,630	300,000,000	-	300,000,000	100.00 %	Note 4
J	Sec.1, Chongchin g S. Rd.	Investment according to Financial Holding Company Act	29.36 %	29,458,132	1,785,518	1,943,061,717	-	1,847,288,662	29.36 %	-

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

					Gain (loss)	Consolidated Information				
		Main	Percentage of	Invested	on	Number of	Pro-	Total		Remarks
Name	Location	operations	shares	amount	investment	shares	forma shares	Number of shares	Percentage of shares	
Insurance Co. Ltd.		Life insurance	23.76 %	2,735,694	350,303	176,228,584	-	156,247,788	23.76%	,
Ammonium Sulfate Co., Ltd.	4F., No.53, Tonghua 4th Rd., Kaohsiung	Liquidating	91.86 %	2,449,110	(161,439)	303,131,576	-	303,131,576	91.86%	,
Works Co., Ltd.	No. 4, Yanhai 2nd Rd., Siaogang Distr., Kaohsiung City	Iron industry	21.37 %	1,528,069	8,346	74,802,414	-	74,802,414	21.37 %	-
		Real-estate appraisal	30.00 %	10,249	661	1,500,000	-	1,500,000	30.00 %	-

- Note 1: The investees' shares or pro-forma shares held by the Company's board of directors, supervisor, CEO, vice CEO and affiliates conforming to the Company Act should be included.
- Note 2: (1) Pro-forma shares are the "securities having equity property" or "derivative instrument contracts (have not been converted into stock)" that can be converted into shares of the investee company under Article 74 of the "Company Act" for investment purposes.
 - (2) The above "securities having equity property" means the securities that conform to the regulation in Article 11, Paragraph 1 of the Securities and Exchange Act Enforcement Rules, for example, convertible bonds and stock warrants.
 - (3) The abovementioned "derivative instrument contracts" conformed to the definition of derivative instrument in SFAS No. 34 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", for example, stock options.
- Note 3: The statement can be omitted in the 1st and 3rd quarters.
- Note 4: The above transactions had been eliminated in preparing consolidated financial statements.
 - 2. Lending to other parties: none.
 - 3. Guarantees and endorsements for other parties: none.
 - 4. Information regarding securities held as of December 31, 2010: none.
 - 5. Information regarding securities for which the purchase or sale amount for the period exceeded \$300 million or 10% of the Company and its subsidiaries' capital: none.
 - 6. Information on the acquisition of real estate for which the purchase amount exceeded NT\$300 million or 10% of the Company and its subsidiaries' capital: none.
 - 7. Information on the disposal of real estate for which the sale amount exceeded NT\$300 million or 10% of the Company and its subsidiaries' capital: none.
 - 8. Information regarding discounted processing fees on transactions with related parties for which the amount exceeded \$5 million: none.
 - 9. Information on regarding receivables from related parties for which the amount exceeded NT\$300 million or 10% of the Company and its subsidiaries' capital: none.
 - 10. Information regarding trading in derivative financial instruments: please see note 33.
 - 11. Information regarding selling non-performing loans: none.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 12. The type of and related information on securitized instruments which were authorized to be engaged in according to the "Financial Asset Securitization Act" or the "Real Estate Securitization Act": none.
- 13. Other material transaction items which were significant to people who use the information in the financial statements: none.
- 3) Information on subsidiaries' investment in China: none.
- (43) Segment Information: please refer to note 41.